

REPLY TO: LIMETREE BAY TERMINALS, LLC 1 Estate Hope Christiansted VI 00820-5652

November 26, 2018

## CERTIFIED MAIL RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

Ms. Suilin Chan, Chief Air Programs - Permitting Section U.S. EPA Region 2 290 Broadway New York, NY 10007-1866

SUBJECT: Application for Plantwide Applicability Limit (PAL) Permit for Limetree Bay

Terminals, LLC and Limetree Bay Refining, LLC, St. Croix, U.S. Virgin

Islands

Dear Ms. Chan.

Attached for your review is the referenced permit application. As provided by the federal Prevention of Significant Deterioration ("PSD") regulation at 40 CFR § 52.21(aa), the Administrator of U.S. EPA is allowed to establish PALs for regulated New Source Review ("NSR") pollutants following receipt of a permit application meeting the minimum requirements at 40 CFR § 52.21(aa)(3). The required information and location of this information within this permit application are as follows:

- (i) A list of all emissions units at the stationary source designated as small, significant, or major for each regulated NSR pollutant based on each unit's potential to emit. In addition, the application shall indicate which, if any, applicable requirements, emission limitations, or work practices apply to each unit. This information is provided in the permit application in Sections 2.0 and 3.0, respectively. Supporting information for the unit-by-unit size designations is provided in Appendix B
- (ii) Calculations of the baseline actual emissions ("BAE") with supporting documentation. The BAE are to include emissions associated not only with operation of the emissions unit, but also emissions associated with startup, shutdown, and malfunction. This information is provided in the permit application in Section 4.0 and Appendix C.
- (iii) The calculation procedures that the owner or operator proposes to use to convert the monitoring system data to monthly emissions and annual emissions based on a 12-month rolling total for each month. This information is provided in Section 6.0.

### LIMETREE BAY TERMINALS, LLC

Ms. Suilin Chan U. S. Environmental Protection Agency November 26, 2018 Page 2

Should you require further information during your review of this application, please contact Catherine Elizee of my staff at (340) 692-3073.

Sincerely,

Darius Sweet

CEO

#### **Enclosures**

cc: Umesh Dholakia (EPA Region 2)w/attachments

Kathlyn P. Worrell-George (DPNR) w/o attachments

Verline Marcellin (DPNR) w/o attachments

# Application for Plantwide Applicability Limitation ("PAL") Permit

## **Prepared for:**

Limetree Bay Terminals, LLC Limetree Bay Refining, LLC St. Croix, USVI

#### **Submitted to:**

United States Environmental Protection Agency Region 2 290 Broadway New York, New York 10007-1866

## Prepared by:



RTP Environmental Associates Inc. 304-A West Millbrook Road Raleigh, North Carolina 27609

November 2018

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#### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

On January 4, 2016, Limetree Bay Terminals, LLC ("Limetree Bay Terminals") purchased petroleum refining and terminal assets located in St. Croix, U.S. Virgin Islands ("USVI") from HOVENSA L.L.C. Limetree Bay Terminals has agreements to convey a portion of these assets to Limetree Bay Refining, LLC, an affiliate of Limetree Bay Terminals (collectively, "Limetree Bay Terminals and Refining"). The facility is a major source with respect to the Title V ("Part 70") Operating Permit Program as administered by the USVI Department of Planning and Natural Resources ("DPNR") pursuant to the Virgin Islands Rules & Regulations ("VIR&R"), Title 12 Chapter 09, Section 206-51 et. seq. Plant operations are authorized under Part 70 Air Quality Permit No. STX-TV-003-10, dated July 1, 2010. A timely application for renewal was submitted on December 31, 2014.

The facility is a major stationary source under the Prevention of Significant Deterioration ("PSD") Program as administered by EPA Region II pursuant to 40 CFR 52.21.

With this application, Limetree Bay Terminals and Refining requests that EPA establish plantwide applicability limitations (PALs) and issue a PAL permit to Limetree Bay Terminals and Refining in accordance with 40 CFR 52.21(aa). Pursuant to this request, this permit application contains all information required pursuant to 40 CFR 52.21(aa)(3).

#### 1.1 BACKGROUND AND GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF FACILITY

This section provides some historical background related to the construction and operation of the facility and describes the petroleum refinery and terminal processes. To illustrate the location of the plant and its operations, an area map, site plan, and process flow diagrams are included in Appendix A.

#### 1.1.1 Plant Location

The Limetree Bay Terminals and Refining facility is located on the south side of the island of St. Croix in the U.S. Virgin Islands. The Universal Transverse Mercator ("UTM") coordinates for the center of the facility property are approximately 314404.64 km East and 1958853.31 km North (Zone 20).

#### 1.1.2 Historical Background

The Limetree Bay Terminals and Refining facility ("the source") is a complex, integrated petroleum refinery consisting of refinery process units and various supporting operations including sulfur recovery plants, steam and electric power generation via boilers and gas turbine cogeneration units, wastewater treatment, and a marine terminal. The facility has historically been capable of receiving and processing crude oil from all over the world (over 60 different

Limetree Bay Terminals and Refining, St Croix, USVI

types of crude oil have been processed). The refinery consists of three separate processing complexes as follows: the Side West Refinery ("West-Side"), constructed in the mid and late 1960s; the East Side Refinery ("East Side"), constructed in the early 1970s; and the Deep Conversion Complex, which includes the Fluid Catalytic Cracking Complex and the Delayed Coker Unit Complex.

In 2010, the refinery's crude oil permitted processing rate was 525,000 barrels per calendar day ("BPCD"), including generally smaller equipment on the West Side and generally larger equipment on the East Side. Some of the refinery process units on the West Side were temporarily idled in early 2011, reducing the refinery's crude charge rate to approximately 350,000 BPCD, and all remaining refinery process units at the facility were temporarily idled in early 2012. Terminal operations, local product distribution, and the emissions units that support those operations have continued to operate.

On January 4, 2016, Limetree Bay Terminals, LLC ("Limetree Bay Terminals") purchased assets from HOVENSA L.L.C. ("HOVENSA"), including the refinery process units and utilities that had been temporarily idled in 2011 and 2012. The asset sale to Limetree Bay Terminals was subject to an agreement between the Government of the Virgin Islands ("GVI") and Limetree Bay Terminals for the operation of the assets acquired by Limetree Bay Terminals ("Operating Agreement"), which was executed by the GVI and Limetree Bay Terminals on December 1, 2015. Under the Operating Agreement, Limetree Bay Terminals is contractually obligated to evaluate the potential for resuming operation of the Refinery during a period ending no later than December 2018. Based on the evaluation, Limetree Bay Terminals plans to resume operation. In support of the resumed operations Limetree Bay Terminals, LLC and Limetree Bay Refining, LLC have entered into two separate Operating Agreements with the GVI. On July 2, 2018, the Governor of the USVI announced that an agreement had been reached with Limetree Bay Terminals, LLC and Limetree Bay Refining, LLC for the restart of the refinery. The two agreements were reviewed and ratified by the Virgin Island Senate on July 25, 2018.

The Operating Agreement with Limetree Bay Refining requires the company to continue to evaluate options for restart of the refinery for a three year period. On November 16, 2018, Limetree Bay Refining announced it had reached a definitive agreement with BP's supply and trading arm relating to supply and product offtake from the restarted refinery. Limetree Bay Refining is continuing to study restart of additional operations.

#### 1.1.3 Refinery Process Overview

The refinery operations begin by using atmospheric and vacuum distillation processes to separate the crude oil into various components. Figure A-3 shows the refining processes. Fuel gas produced by the atmospheric and vacuum distillation processes as well as other refinery processes (*i.e.*, desulfurization, cracking, and coking) is routed to one of the facility's fuel gas treatment systems where it is amine treated to remove hydrogen sulfide ("H<sub>2</sub>S") before it is

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placed into the mix drum of one of the refinery's clean fuel gas headers. Light end components, naphtha, kerosene, and No. 2 oil produced by the atmospheric and vacuum distillation processes and other refinery processes (*i.e.*, cracking, and coking) are processed at desulfurization units to reduce their sulfur content. As a byproduct of the desulfurization process, H<sub>2</sub>S is generated. The H<sub>2</sub>S produced by the desulfurizers, as well as any H<sub>2</sub>S released when the amine used to treat fuel gas is regenerated, is routed to a sulfur recovery plant ("SRP") where it is converted to elemental sulfur. The SRPs are composed of Claus units followed by tail gas treating units (*i.e.*, Beavon Unit in West Side Refinery and SCOT type tailgas treater in the East Side Refinery). The Beavon Unit exhausts to the atmosphere and has an incinerator that serves as a backup. The SCOT type tail gas treater is followed by a tail gas incinerator (*i.e.*, thermal oxidizer). The recovered sulfur is pelletized for sale.

Desulfurized naphtha is routed to reforming units, which upgrade the naphtha to higher octane gasoline components. Light reformates are sent to the aromatic recovery units which produce sales-grade pure benzene, toluene, and xylenes. Light straight run ("LSR") pentanes from the crude distillation units are isomerized in the Penex process. Heavy atmospheric gas oil from the atmospheric and vacuum distillation units is blended into No. 6 oil. Desulfurized vacuum gas oil is placed into the No. 6 oil pool. The pitch produced by the vacuum distillation process is routed to the delayed coker unit ("Coker").

A state-of-the-art Fluid Catalytic Cracking unit ("FCCU"), which has a permitted charge rate of 165,000 barrels per day was brought on-line in 1993. The FCCU is used to crack heavy gas oil and residual oils in the presence of a catalyst to yield lighter products. The Coker, which was brought on-line in 2002 is used to crack heavy oils to produce gasoline, heating oil, and petroleum coke.

#### 1.1.4 Terminal Operations

The facility includes a 45- to 60-foot deep harbor and Marine Terminal that is able to accommodate supertankers. The marine loading facilities consist of 11 deep-water docks for the receipt or shipment of crude oil, refined products, intermediates and petroleum coke. The main crude oil docks can handle vessels with up to a 55-foot draft and 300,000 deadweight tons. The marine terminal also charters and operates a fleet of six tug boats to conduct dock operations. Limetree Bay Terminals is in the process of supplementing the marine terminal's existing marine loading facilities with an offshore single point mooring system ("SPM"), but the project is not complete as of the date of this application. All crude oil and most finished products are transported by means of tanker ships. The facility has 140+ storage tanks and an overall storage capacity of over 30 million barrels of both crude and finished products.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY OF PAL REGULATIONS

The federal PAL regulations are contained in 40 CFR 52.21(aa). A PAL is a pollutant-specific, source-wide emission limitation, expressed in tons per year ("TPY"), which provides a voluntary alternative for complying with the PSD permitting program requirements. With a PAL, the owner or operator of a stationary source can make changes to the source without triggering PSD preconstruction permitting requirements as long as emissions do not increase above the limit established by the PAL for a particular pollutant. The pollutants for which PALs are requested are identified in Table 2-1.

#### 1.2.1 PAL Permit Application Requirements

The federal PSD regulation at 40 CFR 52.21(aa)(3) requires the owner or operator of a major stationary source requesting a PAL to provide certain information in a PAL permit application. The required information and location of this information within this permit application are as follows:

- 1. A list of all emissions units at the stationary source designated as small, significant, or major for each regulated NSR pollutant based on their potential to emit. In addition, the owner or operator of the stationary source shall indicate which, if any, Federal or State applicable requirements, emission limitations, or work practices apply to each unit. This information is provided in Sections 2.0 and 3.0, respectively.
- 2. Calculations of the baseline actual emissions ("BAE") with supporting documentation. The BAE are to include emissions associated not only with operation of the emissions unit, but also emissions associated with startup, shutdown, and malfunction. This information is provided in Section 4.0 and Appendix B.
- 3. The calculation procedures that the major stationary source owner or operator proposes to use to convert the monitoring system data to monthly emissions and annual emissions based on a 12-month rolling total for each month as required by 40 CFR 52.21(aa)(13)(i). This information is provided in Section 6.0.

The federal PSD regulation at 40 CFR 52.21(aa)(6) prescribes the procedure for calculating the PAL level. As discussed in more detail in Section 6.0, this procedure has been used by Limetree Bay Terminals and Refining to calculate the PAL levels proposed by this application. At 40 CFR 52.21(aa)(6) it states the following:

- Except as provided in paragraph (aa)(6)(ii) and (iii) of this section, the plan shall *(i)* provide that the actuals PAL level for a major stationary source or a GHG-only source shall be established as the sum of the baseline actual emissions (as defined in paragraph (b)(48) of this section or, for GHGs, paragraph (aa)(2)(xiii) of this section) of the PAL pollutant for each emissions unit at the source; plus an amount equal to the applicable significant level for the PAL pollutant under paragraph (b)(23) of this section or under the Act, whichever is lower. When establishing the actuals PAL level, for a PAL pollutant, only one consecutive 24-month period must be used to determine the baseline actual emissions for all existing emissions units. However, a different consecutive 24-month period may be used for each different PAL pollutant. Emissions associated with units that were permanently shut down after this 24-month period must be subtracted from the PAL level. The reviewing authority shall specify a reduced PAL level(s) (in tons/yr) in the PAL permit to become effective on the future compliance date(s) of any applicable Federal or State regulatory requirement(s) that the reviewing authority is aware of prior to issuance of the PAL permit. For instance, if the source owner or operator will be required to reduce emissions from industrial boilers in half from baseline emissions of 60 ppm  $NO_X$  to a new rule limit of 30 ppm, then the permit shall contain a future effective PAL level that is equal to the current PAL level reduced by half of the original baseline *emissions of such unit(s).*
- (ii) For newly constructed units (which do not include modifications to existing units) on which actual construction began after the 24-month period, in lieu of adding the baseline actual emissions as specified in paragraph (aa)(6)(i) of this section, the emissions must be added to the PAL level in an amount equal to the potential to emit of the units.

#### 1.2.2 General Conditions

The requirements at 40 CFR 52.21(aa)(4), (5), and (7) establish general requirements that must be met to establish a PAL and issue a PAL permit. These requirements are summarized below:

- (i) The PAL permit application shall be processed using a procedure that is consistent with 40 CFR 51.160 and 51.161.
- (ii) This includes the requirement that EPA provide the public with notice of the proposed approval of a PAL permit and at least a 30-day period for public comment. The agency must address all material comments before taking final action on the permit application.
- (iii) Each PAL shall regulate emissions of only one pollutant.<sup>2</sup>
- (iv) Each PAL shall have a PAL effective period of ten (10) years.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The provisions of 40 CFR 52.21 are incorporated by reference into the Virgin Islands State Implementation Plan at 40 CFR §52.2779.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> A PAL permit may regulate multiple pollutants.

- (v) The PAL shall impose an annual emissions limitation that is expressed in tons per year, that is enforceable as a practical matter, and that is applicable to the entire major stationary source.
- (vi) The PAL shall include fugitive emissions, to the extent quantifiable, from all emissions units that emit or have the potential to emit the PAL pollutant at the major stationary source.
- (vii) For each month during the first eleven (11) months from the PAL effective date, the major stationary source owner or operator shall show that the sum of the preceding monthly emissions from the PAL effective date for each emissions unit under the PAL is less than the PAL.
- (viii) For each month during the PAL effective period after the first twelve (12) months of establishing a PAL, the major stationary source owner or operator shall show that the sum of the monthly emissions from each emissions unit under the PAL for the previous twelve (12) consecutive months is less than the PAL.
  - (ix) The owner or operator shall comply with the monitoring, recordkeeping, and reporting and notification requirements at 40 CFR 52.21(aa)(12) (14) for each emissions unit under the PAL through the PAL effective period.
  - (x) The PAL permit shall contain all the requirements of 40 CFR 52.21(aa)(7). In addition to specifying the PAL pollutant and the applicable emission limitation in tons per year, the permit shall include the following:
    - a. The PAL permit effective date and expiration date of the PAL;
    - b. Specification that if a major stationary source owner or operator applies to renew a PAL before the end of the PAL effective period, the PAL shall not expire at the end of effective period, but shall remain in effect until the agency issues a revised PAL permit;
    - c. Requirement that emissions calculations for compliance purposes include emissions from start-ups, shutdowns, and malfunctions;
    - d. Requirement that once the PAL expires, the major stationary source is subject to the requirements at 40 CFR 52.21(aa)(9);
    - e. The calculation procedures the major stationary source shall use to convert the monitoring system data to monthly emissions and annual emissions based on a 12-month rolling total as required by 40 CFR 52.21(aa)(13)(i); and
    - f. Monitoring, recordkeeping, and reporting requirements under 40 CFR 52.21(aa)(12), (13), and (14).

#### 1.2.3 PSD Applicability and Definition of "Major Modification"

Establishment of a PAL changes the applicability criteria and requirements of the PSD program in 40 CFR 52.21. Specifically:

- (i) Pursuant to the definition of "major modification" at 40 CFR 52.21(b)(2)(iv), the conventional definition of the term "major modification" and the usual process for determining whether a project is a major modification do not apply with respect to the pollutants for which PALs are established.
- (ii) Pursuant to 40 CFR 52.21(r)(6), during the PAL effective period, the monitoring, recordkeeping, and reporting requirements applicable under the so-called actual-to-projected-actual applicability test do not apply with respect to the pollutants for which PALs are established.

Instead, during the PAL effective period, the definition of "PAL major modification" at 40 CFR 52.21(aa)(2)(viii) applies with respect to the pollutants for which PALs are established, and PSD review is required with respect to such pollutants only as provided at 40 CFR 52.21(aa)(11).

#### 1.3 APPLICATION ORGANIZATION

The remaining sections of this permit application are organized as follows:

<u>Section 2: PAL Emissions Units</u> – This section provides a list of all emissions units at the Limetree Bay Terminals and Refining facility that emit any of the pollutants for which Limetree Bay Terminals and Refining is requesting that EPA establish a PAL, including each emissions unit's designation as a small, significant, or major emissions unit.

<u>Section 3: Applicable Requirements, Emission Limitations, and Work Practices</u> – For each emissions unit identified in Section 2, this section lists all federal or territorial applicable requirements that restrict actual emissions from that unit, including emission limitations and work practice requirements.

<u>Section 4: Calculation of Baseline Actual Emissions</u> – For each emissions unit identified in Section 2, this section presents calculations of BAE for each pollutant for which Limetree Bay Terminals and Refining is requesting that EPA establish a PAL.

<u>Section 5: Proposed PAL</u> – This section proposes the PAL values for the proposed PAL pollutants that should be included in the PAL permit.

Section 6: Proposed PAL Monitoring, Calculation Procedures, and Recordkeeping – This section describes the calculation procedures which Limetree Bay Terminals and Refining propose to use to convert the monitoring system data to monthly emissions and annual emissions, based on a 12-month rolling total for each month, to demonstrate compliance with the requested PALs.

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#### 2.0 IDENTIFICATION OF PAL EMISSIONS UNITS

In accordance with 40 CFR 52.21(aa)(3), Table 2-2 presents a listing of all emissions units located at Limetree Bay Terminals and Refining that emit or have the potential to emit any of the pollutants for which this application is requesting that EPA establish a PAL. Emissions units which existed during the selected baseline period for a particular pollutant but which have been permanently shut down are listed and are identified as shut down. All emissions units listed in Table 2-2 and not specifically designated as "permanently shut down" are existing emissions units, which have not been permanently shut down. In addition, for each emissions unit (other than permanently shut down emissions units) and for each proposed PAL pollutant, the table also denotes the unit's designation as a small emissions unit, a significant emissions unit, or a major emissions unit.<sup>3</sup> The meaning of these terms is as follows:

<u>Small Emissions Unit</u>: Pursuant to 40 CFR 52.21(aa)(2)(iii), a small emissions unit is one that has the potential to emit the pollutant in an amount less than the significant level for that PAL pollutant.

<u>Significant Emissions Unit</u>: Pursuant to 40 CFR 52.21(aa)(2)(xi), a significant emissions unit is one that has the potential to emit a PAL pollutant in an amount that is equal to or greater than the significant level for that pollutant, but less than the amount that would qualify the unit as a major emissions unit.

Major Emissions Unit: Pursuant to 40 CFR 52.21(aa)(2)(iv), a major emissions unit is one that has the potential to emit 100 TPY or more of the pollutant, unless a lower threshold applies pursuant to part D of the federal Clean Air Act. Pursuant to 40 CFR § 81.356, St. Croix is designated attainment or unclassifiable for all criteria pollutants, so no lower thresholds apply.

For each of the pollutants for which Limetree Bay Terminals and Refining is requesting that EPA establish a PAL, the significant level is established per 40 CFR 52.21(b)(23)(i). These levels, which are used to distinguish between small and significant emissions units, are presented in Table 2-1.<sup>4</sup>

In accordance with 40 CFR 52.21(aa)(3)(i), Table 2-2 lists all emissions units at this source designated as small, significant, or major for each pollutant for which a PAL is requested.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The potential to emit for each emissions unit pollutant combination are provided in Appendix B.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Because the significant level for CO is 100 TPY, there are only two classifications, small and major.

**Table 2-1. Listing of the Applicable Significant Levels** 

Regulated NSR Pollutant	Significant Level (TPY)
Sulfur Dioxide ("SO <sub>2</sub> ")	40
Oxides of Nitrogen ("NO <sub>X</sub> ")	40
Volatile Organic Compounds ("VOC")	40
Carbon Monoxide ("CO")	100
Particulate Matter ("PM")	25
PM with an aerodynamic diameter less than or equal to a nominal 10 micrometers (" $PM_{10}$ ")	15
PM with an aerodynamic diameter less than or equal to a nominal 2.5 micrometers (" $PM_{2.5}$ ")	10
Sulfuric Acid Mist ("H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> ")	7

**Table 2-2 Listing of PAL Emissions Units and PTE Designation** 

B 11.11	Source Identification	II. '4 D	Emissions Unit Designation <sup>1</sup>							
Process Unit	(ID)	Unit Description	SO <sub>2</sub>	NOx	СО	PM	PM <sub>10</sub>	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	voc	
#2 DU	#2 DU Process Unit	Process Fugitives	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small	
#2 DU Fractionator	H-101	Heater	Major	Major	Small	Small	Small	Sig.	Small	
#2 DU Fractionator	H-104	Heater	Major	Major	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	
#2 CDU	#2 CDU Process Unit	Process Fugitives	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small	
#2 CDU	H-401A	Charge Heater	Major	Major	Small	Small	Sig.	Sig.	Small	
#2 CDU	H-401B	Charge Heater	Major	Major	Small	Small	Sig.	Sig.	Small	
#2 CDU	H-401C	Charge Heater	Major	Major	Small	Small	Sig.	Sig.	Small	
#3 CDU/1 VAC	#3 CDU & 1 VAC Process Unit	Process Fugitives	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small	
#3 CDU	H-1401A	Charge Heater	Permanently shut down emissions unit <sup>2</sup>							
#1 VAC	H-1401B	Charge Heater	Permanently shut down emissions unit <sup>2</sup>							
#3 DD	#3 DD	Process Fugitives	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small	
#3 DD	H-1500	Reactor Charge Heater		Per	manently shu	ıt down em	issions unit	2		
#3 DD	H-1501	Fractionator Reboiler Heater		Per	manently shu	ıt down em	issions unit	2		
#3 DD	C-1500A	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Small	Sig.	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	
#3 DD	C-1500B	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Small	Sig.	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	
#3 DD	C-1500C	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Small	Sig.	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	
Penex	Penex Process Unit	Process Fugitives	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small	
Penex	H-200	Charge Heater	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	
Penex	H-201	Fired Reboiler Heater	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	
Penex	H-202	Hot Oil Heater	Small	Major	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	
Penex	C-200A	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Small	Small	Major	Small	Small	Small	Small	

D 17.4	Source Identification	TI '( D	Emissions Unit Designation <sup>1</sup>							
<b>Process Unit</b>	(ID)	Unit Description	SO <sub>2</sub>	NOx	СО	PM	PM <sub>10</sub>	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	VOC	
Penex	C-200B	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Small	Small	Major	Small	Small	Small	Small	
Penex	C-200C	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Small	Small	Major	Small	Small	Small	Small	
#3 Amine	Unit No. 0920	Process Fugitives	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small	
Utility Fractionation	Utility Fractionation Process Unit	Process Fugitives	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small	
Utility Fractionation	H-160	Charge Heater	Small	Major	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	
#2 Platformer	#2 Platformer Process Unit	Process Fugitives	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small	
#2 Platformer	H-600	Unifining Charge Heater	Permanently shut down emissions unit <sup>2</sup>							
#2 Platformer	H-601	Stripper Reboiler Heater	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	
#2 Platformer	H-602	Platforming Charge Heater	Permanently shut down emissions unit <sup>2</sup>							
#2 Platformer	H-603	Platforming No. 1 Interheater		Peri	manently shu	ıt down emi	issions unit <sup>2</sup>	!		
#2 Platformer	H-604	Platforming No. 2 Interheater	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	
#2 Platformer	H-605	Platforming No. 3 Interheater	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	
#2 Platformer	H-606	Depentanizer Reboiler Heater		Peri	manently shu	it down emi	issions unit 2			
#2 DU	#2 DU Process Unit	Process Fugitives	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small	
#2 DU	H-800A	Reactor Charge Heater	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	
#2 DU	H-800B	Reactor Charge Heater	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	
#2 DU	H-801	Stripper Heater	Small	Major	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	
#2 VAC	#2 VAC Process Unit	Process Fugitives	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small	
#2 VAC	H-2101	Charge Heater		Peri	manently shu	it down emi	issions unit 2			
#2 VAC	H-2102	Charge Heater		Peri	manently shu	ıt down emi	issions unit 2	!		
#2 VIS	#2 VIS Process Unit	Process Fugitives	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small	

B #14	Source Identification	Unit Description	Emissions Unit Designation <sup>1</sup>							
<b>Process Unit</b>	(ID)		SO <sub>2</sub>	NOx	СО	PM	PM <sub>10</sub>	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	VOC	
#2 VIS	H-2185	Visbreaking Heater		Perr	nanently shu	it down em	issions unit <sup>2</sup>	2		
#4 DD	#4 DD Process Unit	Process Fugitives	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small	
#4 DD	H-2201A	Reactor Charge Heater	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	
#4 DD	H-2201B	Reactor Charge Heater	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	
#4 DD	H-2202	Stripper Reboiler Heater	Small	Major	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	
#5 DD	#5 DD Process Unit	Process Fugitives	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small	
#5 DD	H-2400	Charge Heater	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	
#5 DD	H-2401	Reboiler Heater		Perr	manently shu	it down emi	issions unit 1			
#5 DD	C-2400A	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	
#5 DD	C-2400B	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	
Naphtha Fractionation	Naphtha Frac. Process Unit	Process Fugitives	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small	
Naphtha Fractionation	H-2501	Reboiler Heater	Small	Major	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	
#2 Platformer	#2 Plat Vent	Plat No. 2 Catalyst Regen Vent	Small	-	Small	-	-	-	Small	
#2 Sulfolane	#2 Sulfolane Process Unit	Process Fugitives	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small	
#2 Sulfolane	H-4502	Benzene Column Reboiler Heater	Small	Major	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	
#2 Sulfolane	H-4503	Toluene Column Reboiler Heater	Small	Major	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	
#2 Sulfolane	H-4504	Xylene Column Reboiler Heater	Small	Major	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	
#2 Sulfolane	H-4505	Raffinate Splitter Reboiler Heater	Small	Major	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	
#5 CDU	#5 CDU Process Unit	Process Fugitives	-	-	-	-	-	-	Sig.	
#5 CDU	H-3101A	Crude Charge Heater	Major	Major	Major	Sig.	Sig.	Sig.	Small	
#5 CDU	H-3101B	Crude Charge Heater	Major	Major	Major	Sig.	Sig.	Sig.	Small	
#6 CDU	#6 CDU Process Unit	Process Fugitives	-	-	-	-	-	-	Sig.	

D 77.1	Source Identification	Unit Description	Emissions Unit Designation <sup>1</sup>							
<b>Process Unit</b>	(ID)		SO <sub>2</sub>	NOx	со	PM	PM <sub>10</sub>	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	VOC	
#6 CDU	H-4101A	Crude Charge Heater	Major	Major	Major	Sig.	Sig.	Sig.	Small	
#6 CDU	H-4101B	Crude Charge Heater	Major	Major	Major	Sig.	Sig.	Sig.	Small	
Disulfide	Disulfide Process Unit	Process Fugitives	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small	
#3 Platformer	#3 Platformer Process Unit	Process Fugitives	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small	
#3 Platformer	H-4401	Charge Heater	Small	Major	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	
#3 Platformer	H-4402	Fired Reboiler Heater	Small	Major	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	
#3 Platformer	H-4451	Charge Heater	Small	Major	Major	Small	Small	Sig.	Small	
#3 Platformer	H-4452	Intermediate Heater	Small	Major	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	
#3 Platformer	H-4453	Intermediate Heater	Small	Major	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	
#3 Platformer	H-4454	Intermediate Heater	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	
#3 Platformer	H-4455	Fired Reboiler Heater	Small	Major	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	
#3 VAC	#3 VAC Process Unit	Process Fugitives	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small	
#3 VAC	H-4201	Prestripper Heater	Major	Major	Small	Sig.	Sig.	Sig.	Small	
#3 VAC	H-4202	Vacuum Heater	Major	Major	Small	Sig.	Sig.	Sig.	Small	
#4 Platformer	#4 Platformer Process Unit	Process Fugitives	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small	
#4 Platformer	H-5401	Charge Heater	Small	Major	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	
#4 Platformer	H-5402	Fired Reboiler Heater	Small	Major	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	
#4 Platformer	H-5451	Charge Heater	Small	Major	Major	Small	Small	Sig.	Small	
#4 Platformer	H-5452	Intermediate Heater	Small	Major	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	
#4 Platformer	H-5453	Intermediate Heater	Small	Major	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	
#4 Platformer	H-5454	Intermediate Heater	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	
#4 Platformer	H-5455	Fired Reboiler Heater	Small	Major	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	
#6 DD	#6 DD Process Unit	Process Fugitives	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small	
#6 DD	H-4601A	Reactor Charge Heater	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	

D 11.1	Source Identification	TI UD I II	Emissions Unit Designation <sup>1</sup>							
Process Unit	( <b>ID</b> )	Unit Description	SO <sub>2</sub>	NOx	co	PM	PM <sub>10</sub>	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	voc	
#6 DD	H-4601B	Reactor Charge Heater	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	
#6 DD	H-4602	Stripper Reboiler Heater	Small	Major	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	
#6 DD	C-4601A	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Small	Major	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	
#6 DD	C-4601B	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Small	Major	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	
#6 DD	C-4601C	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Small	Major	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	
#7 DD	#7 DD Process Unit	Process Fugitives	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small	
#7 DD	H-4301A	Reactor Charge Heater	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	
#7 DD	H-4301B	Reactor Charge Heater	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	
#7 DD	H-4302	Stripper Reboiler Heater	Small	Major	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	
#9 DD	#9 DD Process Unit	Process Fugitives	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small	
#9 DD	H-5301A	Reactor Charge Heater	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	
#9 DD	H-5301B	Reactor Charge Heater	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	
#9 DD	H-5302	Stripper Reboiler Heater	Small	Major	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	
LSG Unit	LSG Unit Process Unit	Process Fugitives	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small	
LSG Unit	H-4901	Charge Heater	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	
Hydrogen Plant		Hydrogen Plant Heater			Unit was	never const	ructed			
#3 Platformer	#3 Plat Vent	Plat No. 3 Catalyst Regen Vent	Small	-	Small	-	-	-	Small	
#4 Platformer	#4 Plat Vent	Plat No. 4 Catalyst Regen Vent	Small	-	Small	-	-	-	Small	
Alkylation Unit and Acid Plant	Unit No. 7200	Process Fugitives	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small	
Dimersol Unit	Unit No. 7300	Process Fugitives	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small	
FCC and Gas Concentration	FCCU Process Unit and Unit No. 7100	Process Fugitives	-	-	-	-	-	-	Sig.	
FCCU	FCCU stack STK-7051	Fluid Catalytic Cracking	Major	Major	Major	Major	Major	Major	Sig.	

D 77.1.	Source Identification	T. 1. D. 1. d.	Emissions Unit Designation <sup>1</sup>								
<b>Process Unit</b>	(ID)	Unit Description	SO <sub>2</sub>	NOx	СО	PM	PM <sub>10</sub>	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	VOC		
Deiso-Hexanizer	Deiso-Hexanizer Process Unit	Process Fugitives	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small		
#3, 4, 5 Amine and T-931	#3, 4, 5 Amine Process Unit	Process Fugitives	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small		
#6 & 7 Amine and SHU	Unit No. 7450 and Unit No. 7600	Process Fugitives	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small		
Merox Unit	Unit No. 7500	Process Fugitives	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small		
1&2 GRU/H <sub>2</sub> CON	1&2 GRU/H <sub>2</sub> CON	Process Fugitives	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small		
1&2 LPG Treater	1&2 LPG Treater	Process Fugitives	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small		
3 LPG Fractionator	3 LPG Fractionator	Process Fugitives	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small		
Light Ends Treater	Light Ends Treater	Process Fugitives	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small		
MTBE	MTBE	Process Fugitives	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small		
TAME	TAME	Process Fugitives	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small		
Selective Hydro	Selective Hydro	Process Fugitives	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small		
1 Beavon / 1&2 SRU	1 Beavon / 1&2 SRU	Process Fugitives	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small		
2 Beavon / 3&4 SRU	2 Beavon / 3&4 SRU	Process Fugitives	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small		
SRU	SRU	Process Fugitives	-	-	-	-	-	-	_ 4		
3 SWS	3 SWS	Process Fugitives	-	-	-	-	-	-	_ 4		
4 SWS	4 SWS	Process Fugitives	-	-	-	-	-	-	_ 4		
5 SWS	5 SWS	Process Fugitives	-	-	-	-	-	-	_ 4		
6 SWS	6 SWS	Process Fugitives	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small		
East Fuel Gas System	East Fuel Gas System	Process Fugitives	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small		
West Fuel Gas System	West Fuel Gas System	Process Fugitives	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small		
Terminal	Terminal (Offsites/ Rundowns/xfers)	Process Fugitives	-	-	-	-	-	-	Major		
Sulfuric Acid Plant	STK-7801 (H-7801, H-7802, & R-7801)	Heater Stack (Process Air Heater, Converter Heater & Startup Heater)	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small		

D 77.1	Source Identification	TI II D	Emissions Unit Designation <sup>1</sup>								
Process Unit	(ID)	Unit Description	SO <sub>2</sub>	NOx	co	PM	PM <sub>10</sub>	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	VOC		
Sulfuric Acid Plant	STK-7802	Process Stack	Major	Sig.	-	-	-	-	-		
West Sulfur Recovery	Unit Nos. 1030 & 1040, H-1061, T-1061, H-1032, H-1042 & Beavon CT #1	West Sulfur Recovery Plant	Major	Small	Major	Major	Small	Small	Small		
East Sulfur Recovery	Unit Nos. 4740 & 4750, H-4761, T-4761, H-4745 & Beavon CT #2	East Sulfur Recovery Plant	Major	Small	Major	Major	Small	Small	Sig.		
West Refinery Process Drains	Oily Water Collection System	Process Drain Fugitives	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small		
East Refinery Process Drains	Oily Water Collection System	Process Drain Fugitives	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small		
FCC Complex / Delayed Coker Unit	Oily Water Collection System	Process Drain Fugitives	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small		
Terminal	Oily Water Collection System	Process Drain Fugitives	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small		
Advanced	#1 API (Unit No. 1660)	Oil/Water Separator									
Wastewater Treatment Plant	#1 WEMCO	Induced Air Floatation Unit									
(AWWTP)	#1 Lagoon <sup>3</sup>	Aerated Lagoon									
	#2 API (Unit No. 1661)	Oil/Water Separator									
	#2 WEMCO	Induced air floatation unit									
	#2 Lagoon <sup>3</sup>	Aerated lagoon									
	West Benzene Stripper (STK-3510)	Air Stripper	-	-	-	-	-	-	Major		
	#3 API (Unit No. 1662)	Oil/Water Separator									
	#3 WEMCO	Induced air floatation unit									
	#3 Lagoon <sup>3</sup>	Aerated lagoon									
	East Benzene Stripper (STK-3530)	Air Stripper									
	Advanced Wastewater Advanced Wastewater Treatment Treatment Plant										

D 77.1	Source Identification	TI II D	Emissions Unit Designation <sup>1</sup>									
<b>Process Unit</b>	(ID)	Unit Description	SO <sub>2</sub>	NOx	со	PM	PM <sub>10</sub>	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	VOC			
West Sulfur Storage Area	Materials Handling	Materials Handling	-	-	-	Small	Small	Small	-			
East Sulfur Storage Area	Materials Handling	Materials Handling	-	-	-	Small	Small	Small	-			
Sulfur Storage, Handling & Shipping	Materials Handling	Materials Handling	-	-	-	Small	Small	Small	-			
Catalyst Handling	Materials Handling	Materials Handling	-	-	-	Small	Small	Small	-			
Road Dust	Road Dust	Road Dust	-	-	-	Small	Small	Small	-			
Painting	Painting	Painting	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small			
Firefighter Training	Firefighter Training	Firefighter Training	-	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small			
West-side Refinery	#2 Flare (H-1105)	H-1105 - Gas burner	Major									
Flare System	#3 Flare (H-1104)	H-1104 – Gas burner		Major	Major	Small	Sig.	Sig.	Major			
East-side Refinery	#5 Flare (H-3351)	H-3351 - Gas burner	Major Ma									
Flare System	#6 Flare (H-3352)	H-3352 - Gas burner		Major	Major	Sig.	Major	Major	Major			
	#7 Flare (H-3301)	N-3301 - Gas burner										
FCC/Coker Refinery Flare System	FCC Flare (L.P. Flare - STK 7941)	Gas burner, steam assisted		Maior	М.	М.	G 11	a.	G.	M :		
•	Ground Flare (H.P. Flare - STK 7942)	Gas burner	Major	Major	Major	Small	Sig.	Sig.	Major			
Tank 7921 Flare System	LPG Flare (STK 7921)	Gas burner, steam assisted	Major	Small	Major	Small	Small	Small	Major			
Delayed Coker Unit	Delayed Coker Unit Process Unit	Process Fugitives	-	-	-	-	-	-	Sig.			
Delayed Coker Unit	H-8501A	Coker process heater 1	Small	Sig.	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small			
Delayed Coker Unit	H-8501B	Coker process heater 2	Small	Sig.	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small			
Delayed Coker Unit	TK-8501 (Hot pitch tank)	Fixed roof storage tank (pitch)	-	-	-	-	-	-	Sig.			
Coker Complex	Coke handling, storage, & loading system	Transportation and breaking of solid coke between drums and dock	-	-	-	Small	Small	Small	-			

D 17.14	Source Identification	T. '. D. '. '.			Emissions	Unit Desig	nation <sup>1</sup>		
<b>Process Unit</b>	(ID)	Unit Description	SO <sub>2</sub>	NOx	CO	PM	PM <sub>10</sub>	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	voc
Coker Complex	Tank TK-8511 and Residuals Recycling System	Tank TK-8511 and recycling system	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Coker Complex	Delayed Coker Steam Vent	Delayed Coker Steam Vent	Small	-	Small	Small	Small	Sig.	Sig.
Utilities (Powerhouse and Boilers)	Utilities (Powerhouse and Boilers)	Process Fugitives	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Utility II	#1 Boiler (B-1151)	Boiler; Produces Steam		Peri	nanently shu	it down emi	ssions unit 2		
Utility II	#3 Boiler (B-1153)	Boiler; Produces Steam		Per	manently shu	it down emi	ssions unit 2	!	
Utility II	#4 Boiler (B-1154)	Boiler; Produces Steam		Pen	nanently shu	ıt down emi	issions unit 2		
Utility II	#5 Boiler (B-1155)	Boiler; Produces Steam	Major	Major	Major	Sig.	Sig.	Sig.	Small
Utility III	#6 Boiler (B-3301)	Boiler; Produces Steam	Major	Major	Small	Sig.	Sig.	Sig.	Small
Utility III	#7 Boiler (B-3302)	Boiler; Produces Steam	Major	Major	Small	Sig.	Sig.	Sig.	Small
Utility III	#8 Boiler (B-3303)	Boiler; Produces Steam	Major	Major	Major	Sig.	Sig.	Sig.	Small
Utility III	#9 Boiler (B-3304)	Boiler; Produces Steam	Major	Major	Major	Sig.	Sig.	Sig.	Small
Utility III	#10 Boiler (B-3701)	Boiler; Produces Steam	Small	Sig.	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small
Powerhouse 1	GT No. 1 (G-1101E)	Turbine; Produces Electricity		Peri	nanently shu	it down emi	ssions unit 2		
Powerhouse 1	GT No. 2 (G-1101F)	Turbine; Produces Electricity		Peri	nanently shu	it down emi	ssions unit 2		
Powerhouse 1	GT No. 3 (G-1101G)	Turbine; Produces Electricity		Pen	nanently shu	ıt down emi	issions unit 2	!	
Powerhouse 2	GT No. 4 (G-3404)	Turbine; Produces Electricity	Major	Major	Major	Small	Small	Sig.	Small
Powerhouse 2	GT No. 5 (G-3405)	Turbine; Produces Electricity	Major	Major	Major	Small	Small	Sig.	Small
Powerhouse 2	GT No. 6 (G-3406)	Turbine; Produces Electricity	Permanently shut down emissions unit <sup>2</sup>						
Powerhouse 2	GT No. 7 (G-3407)	Turbine; Produces Electricity	Major	Major	Major	Small	Small	Sig.	Small

	Source Identification				Emissions	Unit Desig	nation <sup>1</sup>		
<b>Process Unit</b>	( <b>ID</b> )	Unit Description	SO <sub>2</sub>	NOx	СО	PM	PM <sub>10</sub>	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	VOC
Powerhouse 2	GT No. 8 (G-3408)	Turbine; Produces Electricity	Major	Major	Major	Small	Sig.	Sig.	Small
Powerhouse 2	GT No. 9 (G-3409)	Turbine; Produces Electricity	Sig.	Major	Small	Small	Sig.	Sig.	Small
Powerhouse 2	GT No. 10 (G-3410)	Turbine; Produces Electricity	Sig.	Major	Small	Small	Small	Sig.	Small
GT No. 13 and Duct Burner	GT No. 13 (G-3413 & H-3413)	Turbine; Produces Electricity/Duct Burner; Produces Steam	Small	Major	Major	Sig.	Major	Major	Small
Tank	TK-01PR	Internal Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Sig.
Tank	TK-02PR	Internal Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Sig.
Tank	TK-03PR	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Tank	TK-04PR	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Tank	TK-05PR	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Tank	TK-06PR	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Tank	TK-07PR	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Tank	TK-0702	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Tank	TK-1061	Open Roof Tank			Water Tar	nk - No Em	issions		
Tank	TK-1062	Open Roof Tank			Water Tar	nk - No Em	issions		
Tank	TK-1063	Open Roof Tank			Water Tar	nk - No Em	issions		
Tank	TK-1064	Open Roof Tank			Water Tar	nk - No Em	issions		
Tank	TK-1065	Open Roof Tank			Water Tar	nk - No Em	issions		
Tank	TK-1066	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Tank	TK-1071	External Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Tank	TK-1118	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small

	Source Identification				Emissions	<b>Unit Desig</b>	nation <sup>1</sup>		
Process Unit	( <b>ID</b> )	Unit Description	SO <sub>2</sub>	NOx	СО	PM	PM <sub>10</sub>	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	VOC
Tank	TK-1151	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Tank	TK-1156	Internal Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Tank	TK-1157	Internal Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Tank	TK-1201	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Tank	TK-1202	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Tank	TK-1203	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Tank	TK-1204	Horizontal Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Tank	TK-1205	Horizontal Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Tank	TK-1206	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Tank	TK-1207	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Tank	TK-1208	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Tank	TK-1236	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Tank	TK-1301	Horizontal Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Tank	TK-1302	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Tank	TK-1304	Horizontal Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Tank	TK-1305	Horizontal Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Tank	TK-1401	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Tank	TK-1600	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Tank	TK-1621	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Tank	TK-1622	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Tank	TK-1626	Horizontal Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Tank	TK-1627	Horizontal Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Tank	TK-1628	Horizontal Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Tank	TK-1629	Horizontal Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small

	Source Identification	THE LA			Emissions	Unit Desig	nation <sup>1</sup>		
Process Unit	(ID)	Unit Description	SO <sub>2</sub>	NOx	СО	PM	PM <sub>10</sub>	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	VOC
Tank	TK-1630	Horizontal Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Tank	TK-1631	Horizontal Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Tank	TK-1632	Horizontal Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Tank	TK-1633	Horizontal Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Tank	TK-1653	Horizontal Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Tank	TK-1663	External Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Tank	TK-2653	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Tank	TK-2654	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Tank	TK-3201	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Tank	TK-3202	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Tank	TK-3203	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Tank	TK-3204	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Tank	TK-3205	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Tank	TK-3208	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Tank	TK-3209	Horizontal Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Tank	TK-3301	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Tank	TK-3302	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Tank	TK-3303	Open Roof Tank			Water Tai	nk - No Em	issions		
Tank	TK-3304	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Tank	TK-3305	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Tank	TK-3306	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Tank	TK-3384	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Tank	TK-3385	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Tank	TK-3386	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small

D 77.1	Source Identification	TI UD			Emissions	Unit Desig	nation <sup>1</sup>		
<b>Process Unit</b>	( <b>ID</b> )	Unit Description	SO <sub>2</sub>	NOx	СО	PM	PM <sub>10</sub>	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	VOC
Tank	TK-4501	Internal Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Tank	TK-4502	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Tank	TK-4503	Internal Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Tank	TK-4761	Open Roof Tank		•	Water Tar	nk - No Em	issions	•	
Tank	TK-4762	Open Roof Tank			Water Tar	nk - No Em	issions		
Tank	TK-4763	Open Roof Tank			Water Tar	nk - No Em	issions		
Tank	TK-4764	Open Roof Tank	Water Tank - No Emissions						
Tank	TK-4765	Open Roof Tank	Water Tank - No Emissions						
Tank	TK-6801	External Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Major
Tank	TK-6802	External Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Major
Tank	TK-6803	External Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Major
Tank	TK-6804	External Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Major
Tank	TK-6805	External Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Major
Tank	TK-6806	External Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Major
Tank	TK-6807	External Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Major
Tank	TK-6808	External Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Major
Tank	TK-6809	External Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Major
Tank	TK-6810	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Tank	TK-6811	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small

	Source Identification		Emissions Unit Designation <sup>1</sup>								
<b>Process Unit</b>	(ID)	Unit Description	SO <sub>2</sub>	NOx	СО	PM	PM <sub>10</sub>	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	VOC		
Tank	TK-6812	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small		
Tank	TK-6813	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small		
Tank	TK-6814	External Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Major		
Tank	TK-6815	External Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Major		
Tank	TK-6816	External Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Major		
Tank	TK-6817	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Sig.		
Tank	TK-6818	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Sig.		
Tank	TK-6819	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Sig.		
Tank	TK-6820	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small		
Tank	TK-6821	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small		
Tank	TK-6822	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small		
Tank	TK-6823	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small		
Tank	TK-6824	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small		
Tank	TK-6825	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Major		
Tank	TK-6831	Internal Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small		
Tank	TK-6832	Internal Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small		
Tank	TK-6833	External Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small		
Tank	TK-6834	External Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small		
Tank	TK-6835	External Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small		
Tank	TK-6836	External Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small		
Tank	TK-6837	External Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small		

D 11.11	Source Identification	H. 'A D. 'A'			Emissions	Unit Desig	nation <sup>1</sup>		
<b>Process Unit</b>	( <b>ID</b> )	Unit Description	SO <sub>2</sub>	NOx	СО	PM	PM <sub>10</sub>	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	VOC
Tank	TK-6838	External Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Sig.
Tank	TK-6839	External Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Sig.
Tank	TK-6840	External Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Sig.
Tank	TK-6841	Internal Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Sig.
Tank	TK-6842	External Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Tank	TK-6843	Internal Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Tank	TK-6851	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Tank	TK-6852	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Tank	TK-6853	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Tank	TK-6854	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Tank	TK-6856	Open Roof Tank			Water Tar	ık - No Em	issions		
Tank	TK-6857	Open Roof Tank			Water Tar	nk - No Em	issions		
Tank	TK-6858	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Sig.
Tank	TK-6859	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Tank	TK-6860	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Tank	TK-6871	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Tank	TK-6872	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Tank	TK-6873	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Tank	TK-6874	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Tank	TK-6875	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Tank	TK-6876	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Tank	TK-6877	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small

D 77.1/	Source Identification	T. 1. D. 1. d.	Emissions Unit Designation <sup>1</sup>								
<b>Process Unit</b>	(ID)	Unit Description	SO <sub>2</sub>	NOx	СО	PM	PM <sub>10</sub>	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	VOC		
Tank	TK-6880	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small		
Tank	TK-6881	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small		
Tank	TK-6883	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small		
Tank	TK-6884	Internal Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small		
Tank	TK-6887	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small		
Tank	TK-6888	Internal Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small		
Tank	TK-7051	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small		
Tank	TK-7201	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small		
Tank	TK-7202	Open Roof Tank			Water Tai	nk - No Emi	issions				
Tank	TK-7206	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small		
Tank	TK-7207	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small		
Tank	TK-7208	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small		
Tank	TK-7209	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small		
Tank	TK-7210	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small		
Tank	TK-7211	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small		
Tank	TK-7301	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small		
Tank	TK-7302	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small		
Tank	TK-7401	External Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Major		
Tank	TK-7402	External Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Major		
Tank	TK-7403	External Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Major		
Tank	TK-7404	External Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Major		
Tank	TK-7405	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Major		
Tank	TK-7406	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Major		

D 77.1	Source Identification		Emissions Unit Designation <sup>1</sup>								
<b>Process Unit</b>	( <b>ID</b> )	Unit Description	SO <sub>2</sub>	NOx	CO	PM	PM <sub>10</sub>	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	VOC		
Tank	TK-7407	External Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Major		
Tank	TK-7408	External Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Major		
Tank	TK-7409	External Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Major		
Tank	TK-7410	External Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Major		
Tank	TK-7411	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Sig.		
Tank	TK-7412	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Sig.		
Tank	TK-7413	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Sig.		
Tank	TK-7414	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Sig.		
Tank	TK-7415	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Sig.		
Tank	TK-7416	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Sig.		
Tank	TK-7417	Internal Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Major		
Tank	TK-7418	Internal Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Major		
Tank	TK-7421	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Sig.		
Tank	TK-7422	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Sig.		
Tank	TK-7423	External Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Major		
Tank	TK-7424	External Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Sig.		
Tank	TK-7425	Internal Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Major		
Tank	TK-7426	Internal Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Major		
Tank	TK-7427	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Sig.		
Tank	TK-7428	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Sig.		
Tank	TK-7429	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Sig.		
Tank	TK-7430	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Sig.		

D 77.1	Source Identification	T. 1. D. 1. 1.	Emissions Unit Designation <sup>1</sup>							
<b>Process Unit</b>	( <b>ID</b> )	Unit Description	SO <sub>2</sub>	NOx	СО	PM	PM <sub>10</sub>	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	VOC	
Tank	TK-7431	Internal Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small	
Tank	TK-7432	Internal Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small	
Tank	TK-7433	Internal Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small	
Tank	TK-7434	Internal Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small	
Tank	TK-7435	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small	
Tank	TK-7436	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small	
Tank	TK-7437	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small	
Tank	TK-7438	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small	
Tank	TK-7439	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small	
Tank	TK-7440	Fixed Roof Tank	_	-	-	-	-	-	Small	
Tank	TK-7441	Internal Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Sig.	
Tank	TK-7443	External Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Major	
Tank	TK-7444	External Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Major	
Tank	TK-7445	External Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Major	
Tank	TK-7446	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Major	
Tank	TK-7447	External Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Major	
Tank	TK-7448	Internal Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Major	
Tank	TK-7449	External Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Major	
Tank	TK-7451	Internal Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Sig.	
Tank	TK-7452	Internal Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Sig.	

D 77.1	Source Identification	T. 1. D. 1. 1.	Emissions Unit Designation <sup>1</sup>							
<b>Process Unit</b>	(ID)	Unit Description	SO <sub>2</sub>	NOx	CO	PM	PM <sub>10</sub>	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	VOC	
Tank	TK-7453	Internal Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Sig.	
Tank	TK-7454	Internal Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small	
Tank	TK-7455	External Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small	
Tank	TK-7456	External Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small	
Tank	TK-7501	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Sig.	
Tank	TK-7502	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Sig.	
Tank	TK-7503	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Sig.	
Tank	TK-7504	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	_	-	-	-	Sig.	
Tank	TK-7505	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	_	-	-	-	Sig.	
Tank	TK-7506	Fixed Roof Tank	_	-	_	-	_	-	Sig.	
Tank	TK-7507	External Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Major	
Tank	TK-7508	External Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Major	
Tank	TK-7509	External Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Major	
Tank	TK-7510	External Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Major	
Tank	TK-7511	External Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Major	
Tank	TK-7512	External Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Major	
Tank	TK-7513	External Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Major	
Tank	TK-7514	External Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Major	
Tank	TK-7515	External Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Major	
Tank	TK-7516	External Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Major	

D 11.1	Source Identification	TI '' D	Emissions Unit Designation <sup>1</sup>							
<b>Process Unit</b>	( <b>ID</b> )	Unit Description	SO <sub>2</sub>	NOx	СО	PM	PM <sub>10</sub>	PM2.5	VOC	
Tank	TK-7517	External Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Major	
Tank	TK-7521	Internal Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small	
Tank	TK-7522	Internal Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small	
Tank	TK-7523	Internal Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small	
Tank	TK-7524	Internal Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small	
Tank	TK-7525	Internal Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small	
Tank	TK-7526	Internal Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small	
Tank	TK-7528	Internal Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small	
Tank	TK-7541	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small	
Tank	TK-7542	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small	
Tank	TK-7571	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small	
Tank	TK-7601	Internal Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Major	
Tank	TK-7602	Internal Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Major	
Tank	TK-7603	Internal Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Major	
Tank	TK-7604	Internal Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Major	
Tank	TK-7605	External Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Major	
Tank	TK-7931	Open Roof Tank		·	Water Tar	nk - No Emi	ssions			
Tank	TK-7932	Open Roof Tank			Water Tar	ık - No Emi	ssions			
Tank	TK-7933	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small	
Tank	TK-7934	Fixed Roof Tank	_	_	-	-	-	-	Small	

Process Unit	Source Identification (ID)	Unit Description	Emissions Unit Designation <sup>1</sup>						
			SO <sub>2</sub>	NOx	СО	PM	PM <sub>10</sub>	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	VOC
Tank	TK-7943	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Tank	TK-7951	Open Roof Tank	Water Tank - No Emissions						
Tank	TK-7955	Open Roof Tank	Water Tank - No Emissions						
Tank	TK-7956	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Tank	TK-7966	Fixed Roof Tank (with Carbon Canisters)	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Tank	TK-7971	Open Roof Tank	Water Tank - No Emissions						
Tank	TK-7973	External Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Tank	TK-7974	Internal Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Tank	TK-S-7974	External Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Tank	TK-7975	External Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Tank	TK-S-7975	External Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Tank	TK-7976	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small
Tank	TK-7977	Open Roof Tank	Water Tank - No Emissions						
Tank	TK-7978A	Open Roof Tank	Water Tank - No Emissions						
Tank	TK-7978B	Open Roof Tank	Water Tank - No Emissions						
Tank	TK-7979A	Open Roof Tank	Water Tank - No Emissions						
Tank	TK-7979B	Open Roof Tank	Water Tank - No Emissions						
Tank	TK-7981	Open Roof Tank	Water Tank - No Emissions						
Tank	TK-7982	Open Roof Tank	Water Tank - No Emissions						

D 77.1.	Source Identification	II.''A Daniel' ad'an	Emissions Unit Designation <sup>1</sup>							
<b>Process Unit</b>	(ID)	Unit Description	SO <sub>2</sub>	NOx	СО	PM	PM <sub>10</sub>	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	VOC	
Tank	TK-7983	Open Roof Tank			Water Tar	ık - No Emi	issions			
Tank	TK-7984	Open Roof Tank	Water Tank - No Emissions							
Tank	TK-7986	Fixed Roof Tank	-			-	-	-	Small	
Tank	TK-7987	Open Roof Tank			Water Tar	ık - No Emi	issions	'		
Tank	TK-7988	Open Roof Tank			Water Tar	ık - No Emi	issions			
Tank	TK-8001	Internal Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small	
Tank	TK-8002	Internal Floating Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small	
Tank	TK-8501	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Sig.	
Tank	TK-8502	Open Roof Tank	Water Tank - No Emissions							
Tank	TK-8503	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small	
Tank	TK-8505	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small	
Tank	TK-8508	Horizontal Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small	
Tank	TK-8511	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small	
Tank	TK-8701	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small	
Tank	UTT1	Fixed Roof Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small	
Tank	TK-D290 (frmly D1301)	Horizontal Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small	
Tank	TKD-1609	Horizontal Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small	
Tank	TKD-1610	Horizontal Tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small	
Seawater and Desalination Water Pumps	PD-1602	Reciprocating engine driver for seawater intake pump	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	
Seawater and Desalination Water Pumps	PD-1603	Reciprocating engine driver for seawater intake pump	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	

D 11.14	Source Identification	TI ''D	Emissions Unit Designation <sup>1</sup>							
Process Unit	(ID)	Unit Description	SO <sub>2</sub>	NOx	СО	PM	PM <sub>10</sub>	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	VOC	
Seawater and	PD-1604	Reciprocating engine								
Desalination Water		driver for seawater intake	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	
Pumps		pump								
Seawater and	PD-1605	Reciprocating engine								
Desalination Water		driver for seawater intake	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	
Pumps		pump								
Seawater and	PD-1620	Reciprocating engine								
Desalination Water		driver for seawater intake	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	
Pumps		pump								
Marine Loading	Unit No. 1600	Ship loading and unloading	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	Small	Major	
Truck loading rack	Unit No. 1651	Dispense liquid and							Small	
		gaseous fuel to tank trucks	-	-	-	-	-	-	Siliali	
Fuel pumps	Gasoline Service Station	Dispense gasoline and	_		_	_	_	_	Small	
		diesel				_		_	Siliali	
East fuel gas system	Unit No. 1902	East fuel gas system	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small	
West fuel gas system	Unit No. 3303	West fuel gas system	-	-	-	-	-	-	Small	
Vapor Enhanced	VER 1	Extracts liquids & air from								
Recovery System		groundwater wells to		Peri	nanently shu	ıt down emi	ssions unit 1			
		remediate contaminated			_					
		soils & groundwater								
Vapor Enhanced	VER 2	Extracts liquids & air from								
Recovery System		groundwater wells to	Permanently shut down emissions unit <sup>2</sup>							
		remediate contaminated								
		soils & groundwater								

<sup>(1)</sup> A "-" denotes that a given pollutant is not emitted from that emissions unit.

<sup>(2)</sup> In accordance with 40 CFR 52.21(aa)(6)(i), emissions associated with units that were permanently shut down after the baseline period must be subtracted from the PAL level. As a result, these units are identified here and omitted from the remainder of this application.

<sup>(3)</sup> Lagoons #1, #2 and #3 were removed from Wastewater Treatment in 2008

<sup>(4)</sup> Units are not in VOC service.

## 3.0 IDENTIFICATION OF APPLICABLE REQUIREMENTS

In accordance with 40 CFR 52.21(aa)(3)(i), Table 3-1 presents a listing of applicable requirements, including emission limitations and work practices, for each of the emissions units identified in Table 2-2. Applicable requirements that do not have the effect or possible effect of limiting PAL pollutant emissions (*e.g.*, recordkeeping and reporting requirements), and thus do not factor into the calculation of baseline actual emissions as described in Section 4.0, are not listed in Table 3-1.

Table 3-1. Summary of Emissions Unit Federal/Territory Applicable Requirements, Emission Limits, and Work Practices

Process Unit	Source ID	Unit Description	PAL Pollutant	Applicable Requirement Type	Applicable Requirement	Applicable Requirement Authority <sup>1,2</sup>
#2DU Fractionator	#2 DU Process Unit	Process Fugitives	VOC	Work Practice	Work Practice Requirements	• HOVENSA CD ¶ 101 & 109 • 40 CFR 63 subpart A & CC
#2 DU Fractionator	H-101	Heater	SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	Oil max S content 0.55 wt%     (anytime), 0.5 wt% (365-day), and     0.3 wt% (scenario dependent)	• HOVENSA CD ¶¶ 37 & 38
					• Oil max S content 0.5 wt% or 1.0 wt% (scenario dependent)	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit (III)(C)(c), (d), & (e)
					• H-101 & H-104 max oil 146,511 or 136,327 bbls/yr (scenario dependent)	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit (III)(C)(c), (d), & (e)
					• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 162 ppmv (3-hr)	• HOVENSA CD ¶34
					• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 60 ppmv (365-day)	• HOVENSA CD ¶34
			PM	Emissions Limit	• 0.34 lb/mmBtu	• VIRR 12-09-204-23(b)(4)
#2 DU Fractionator	H-104	Heater	SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	Oil max S content 0.55 wt%     (anytime), 0.5 wt% (365-day), and     0.3 wt% (scenario dependent)	• HOVENSA CD ¶¶ 37 & 38
					• Oil max S content 0.5 wt% or 1.0 wt% (scenario dependent)	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit (III)(C)(c), (d), & (e)
					• H-101 & H-104 max oil 146,511 or 136,327 bbls/yr (scenario dependent)	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit (III)(C)(c), (d), & (e)
					• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 162 ppmv (3-hr)	• HOVENSA CD ¶34
					• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 60 ppmv (365-day)	• HOVENSA CD ¶34
			PM	Emissions Limit	• 0.36 lb/mmBtu	• VIRR 12-09-204-23(b)(4)
#2 CDU	#2 CDU Process Unit	Process Fugitives	VOC	Work Practice	Work Practice Requirements	• HOVENSA CD ¶ 101 & 109 • 40 CFR 63 subpart A & CC

Process Unit	Source ID	Unit Description	PAL Pollutant	Applicable Requirement Type	Applicable Requirement	Applicable Requirement Authority <sup>1,2</sup>
#2 CDU	H-401A	Charge Heater	SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	• Oil max S content 0.55 wt% (anytime), 0.5 wt% (365-day), and 0.3 wt% (scenario dependent)	• HOVENSA CD ¶¶ 37 & 38
					• Oil max S content 0.5 wt% or 1.0 wt% (scenario dependent)	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit (III)(C)(c), (d), & (e)
				• H-401A, B & C max oil 327,186 or 92,637 bbls/yr (scenario dependent)	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit (III)(C)(c), (d), & (e)	
					• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 162 ppmv (3-hr)	• HOVENSA CD ¶34
					• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 60 ppmv (365-day)	• HOVENSA CD ¶34
			PM	Emissions Limit	• 0.33 lb/mmBtu	• VIRR 12-09-204-23(b)(4)
#2 CDU H-401B	Charge Heater	SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	Oil max S content 0.55 wt%     (anytime), 0.5 wt% (365-day), and     0.3 wt% (scenario dependent)	• HOVENSA CD ¶¶ 37 & 38	
					• Oil max S content 0.5 wt% or 1.0 wt% (scenario dependent)	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit (III)(C)(c), (d), & (e)
					H-401A, B & C max oil 327,186 or 92,637 bbls/yr (scenario dependent)	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit (III)(C)(c), (d), & (e)
					• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 162 ppmv (3-hr)	• HOVENSA CD ¶34
					• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 60 ppmv (365-day)	• HOVENSA CD ¶34
			PM	Emissions Limit	• 0.33 lb/mmBtu	• VIRR 12-09-204-23(b)(4)
#2 CDU	H-401C	Charge Heater	SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	Oil max S content 0.55 wt%     (anytime), 0.5 wt% (365-day) and     0.3 wt% (scenario dependent)	• HOVENSA CD ¶37
					• Oil max S content 0.5 wt% or 1.0 wt% (scenario dependent)	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit (III)(C)(c), (d), & (e)
					H-401A, B & C max oil 327,186 or 92,637 bbls/yr (scenario dependent)	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit (III)(C)(c), (d), & (e)
					• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 162 ppmv (3-hr)	• HOVENSA CD ¶34
					• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 60 ppmv (365-day)	• HOVENSA CD ¶34
			PM	Emissions Limit	• 0.33 lb/mmBtu	• VIRR 12-09-204-23(b)(4)

Process Unit	Source ID	Unit Description	PAL Pollutant	Applicable Requirement Type	Applicable Requirement	Applicable Requirement Authority <sup>1,2</sup>
#3 CDU/1 VAC	#3 CDU & 1 VAC Process Unit	Process Fugitives	VOC	Work Practice	Work Practice Requirements	• HOVENSA CD ¶¶ 101 & 109 • 40 CFR 63 subpart A & CC
#3 DD	#3 DD	Process Fugitives	VOC	Work Practice	Work Practice Requirements	• HOVENSA CD ¶¶ 101 & 109 • 40 CFR 63 subpart A & CC
#3 DD	C-1500A	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 162 ppmv (3-hr) • Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 60 ppmv (365-day)	HOVENSA CD ¶34     HOVENSA CD ¶34
#3 DD	C-1500B	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 162 ppmv (3-hr) • Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 60 ppmv (365-day)	HOVENSA CD ¶34     HOVENSA CD ¶34
#3 DD	C-1500C	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 162 ppmv (3-hr) • Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 60 ppmv (365-day)	• HOVENSA CD ¶34 • HOVENSA CD ¶34
Penex	Penex Process Unit	Process Fugitives	VOC	Work Practice	Work Practice Requirements	• HOVENSA CD ¶ 101 & 109 • 40 CFR 63 subpart A & CC
Penex	H-200	Charge Heater	SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	<ul> <li>Fuel gas H<sub>2</sub>S 162 ppmv (3-hr)</li> <li>Fuel gas H<sub>2</sub>S 60 ppmv (365-day)</li> </ul>	• HOVENSA CD ¶34 • HOVENSA CD ¶34
Penex	H-201	Fired Reboiler Heater	SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	<ul> <li>Fuel gas H<sub>2</sub>S 162 ppmv (3-hr)</li> <li>Fuel gas H<sub>2</sub>S 60 ppmv (365-day)</li> </ul>	• HOVENSA CD ¶34 • HOVENSA CD ¶34
Penex	H-202	Hot Oil Heater	SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	<ul> <li>Fuel gas H<sub>2</sub>S 162 ppmv (3-hr)</li> <li>Fuel gas H<sub>2</sub>S 60 ppmv (365-day)</li> </ul>	• HOVENSA CD ¶34 • HOVENSA CD ¶34
Penex	C-200A	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 162 ppmv (3-hr) • Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 60 ppmv (365-day)	• HOVENSA CD ¶34 • HOVENSA CD ¶34
		NOx	Emissions Limit	• 0.86 lbs/mmBtu	• STX-557A-E-02(IX)(D), June 4, 2002	
			СО	Emissions Limit	• 7.06 lbs/mmBtu	• STX-557A-E-02(IX)(E), June 4, 2002

Process Unit	Source ID	Unit Description	PAL Pollutant	Applicable Requirement Type	Applicable Requirement	Applicable Requirement Authority <sup>1,2</sup>
Penex	C-200B	Reciprocating Gas	SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 162 ppmv (3-hr)	• HOVENSA CD ¶34
		Compressor			• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 60 ppmv (365-day)	• HOVENSA CD ¶34
			NOx	Emissions Limit	• 0.86 lbs/mmBtu	• STX-557A-E-02(IX)(D), June 4, 2002
			СО	Emissions Limit	• 7.06 lbs/mmBtu	• STX-557A-E-02(IX)(E), June 4, 2002
Penex	C-200C	Reciprocating Gas	SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 162 ppmv (3-hr)	• HOVENSA CD ¶34
		Compressor			• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 60 ppmv (365-day)	• HOVENSA CD ¶34
			$NO_X$	Emissions Limit	• 0.86 lbs/mmBtu	• STX-557A-E-02(IX)(D), June 4, 2002
			СО	Emissions Limit	• 7.06 lbs/mmBtu	• STX-557A-E-02(IX)(E), June 4, 2002
#3 Amine	Unit No. 0920	Process Fugitives	VOC	Work Practice	Work Practice Requirement	<ul> <li>HOVENSA CD ¶¶ 101 &amp; 109</li> <li>40 CFR 63 subpart A &amp; CC</li> </ul>
Utility Fractionation	Utility Fractionation Process Unit	Process Fugitives	VOC	Work Practice	Work Practice Requirements	<ul><li>HOVENSA CD ¶¶ 101 &amp; 109</li><li>40 CFR 63 subpart A &amp; CC</li></ul>
Utility Fractionation	H-160	Charge Heater	SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 162 ppmv (3-hr) • Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 60 ppmv (365-day)	<ul><li>HOVENSA CD ¶34</li><li>HOVENSA CD ¶34</li></ul>
#2 Platformer	#2 Platformer Process Unit	Process Fugitives	VOC	Work Practice	Work Practice Requirements	<ul> <li>HOVENSA CD ¶¶ 101 &amp; 109</li> <li>40 CFR 63 subpart A &amp; CC</li> </ul>
#2 Platformer	H-601	Stripper Reboiler Heater	SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 162 ppmv (3-hr) • Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 60 ppmv (365-day)	• HOVENSA CD ¶34 • HOVENSA CD ¶34
#2 Platformer	H-604	Platforming No. 2 Interheater	SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 162 ppmv (3-hr) • Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 60 ppmv (365-day)	• HOVENSA CD ¶34 • HOVENSA CD ¶34

Process Unit	Source ID	Unit Description	PAL Pollutant	Applicable Requirement Type	Applicable Requirement	Applicable Requirement Authority <sup>1,2</sup>
#2 Platformer	H-605	Platforming No. 3 Interheater	SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 162 ppmv (3-hr) • Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 60 ppmv (365-day)	HOVENSA CD ¶34     HOVENSA CD ¶34
#2 DU	#2 DU Process Unit	Process Fugitives	VOC	Work Practice	Work Practice Requirements	HOVENSA CD ¶ 101 & 109     40 CFR 63 subpart A & CC
#2 DU	H-800A	Reactor Charge Heater	$SO_2$	Emissions Limit	<ul> <li>Fuel gas H<sub>2</sub>S 162 ppmv (3-hr)</li> <li>Fuel gas H<sub>2</sub>S 60 ppmv (365-day)</li> </ul>	• HOVENSA CD ¶34 • HOVENSA CD ¶34
#2 DU	H-800B	Reactor Charge Heater	SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	<ul> <li>Fuel gas H<sub>2</sub>S 162 ppmv (3-hr)</li> <li>Fuel gas H<sub>2</sub>S 60 ppmv (365-day)</li> </ul>	• HOVENSA CD ¶34 • HOVENSA CD ¶34
#2 DU	H-801	Stripper Heater	SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	<ul> <li>Fuel gas H<sub>2</sub>S 162 ppmv (3-hr)</li> <li>Fuel gas H<sub>2</sub>S 60 ppmv (365-day)</li> </ul>	• HOVENSA CD ¶34 • HOVENSA CD ¶34
#2 VAC	#2 VAC Process Unit	Process Fugitives	VOC	Work Practice	Work Practice Requirements	<ul> <li>◆ HOVENSA CD ¶ 101 &amp; 109</li> <li>◆ 40 CFR 63 subpart A &amp; CC</li> </ul>
#2 VIS	#2 VIS Process Unit	Process Fugitives	VOC	Work Practice	Work Practice Requirements	<ul> <li>◆ HOVENSA CD ¶ 101 &amp; 109</li> <li>◆ 40 CFR 63 subpart A &amp; CC</li> </ul>
#4 DD	#4 DD Process Unit	Process Fugitives	VOC	Work Practice	Work Practice Requirements	• HOVENSA CD ¶ 101 & 109 • 40 CFR 63 subpart A & CC
#4 DD	H-2201A	Reactor Charge Heater	SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	<ul> <li>Fuel gas H<sub>2</sub>S 162 ppmv (3-hr)</li> <li>Fuel gas H<sub>2</sub>S 60 ppmv (365-day)</li> </ul>	• HOVENSA CD ¶34 • HOVENSA CD ¶34
#4 DD	H-2201B	Reactor Charge Heater	SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	<ul> <li>Fuel gas H<sub>2</sub>S 162 ppmv (3-hr)</li> <li>Fuel gas H<sub>2</sub>S 60 ppmv (365-day)</li> </ul>	• HOVENSA CD ¶34 • HOVENSA CD ¶34
#4 DD	H-2202	Stripper Reboiler Heater	SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	<ul> <li>Fuel gas H<sub>2</sub>S 162 ppmv (3-hr)</li> <li>Fuel gas H<sub>2</sub>S 60 ppmv (365-day)</li> </ul>	• HOVENSA CD ¶34 • HOVENSA CD ¶34
#5 DD	#5 DD Process Unit	Process Fugitives	VOC	Work Practice	Work Practice Requirements	• HOVENSA CD ¶ 101 & 109 • 40 CFR 63 subpart A & CC

Process Unit	Source ID	Unit Description	PAL Pollutant	Applicable Requirement Type	Applicable Requirement	Applicable Requirement Authority <sup>1,2</sup>
#5 DD	H-2400	Charge Heater	SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 162 ppmv (3-hr) • Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 60 ppmv (365-day)	HOVENSA CD ¶34     HOVENSA CD ¶34
#5 DD C-2400A	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 162 ppmv (3-hr) • Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 60 ppmv (365-day)	• HOVENSA CD ¶34 • HOVENSA CD ¶34	
			$NO_X$	Emissions Limit	• 0.67 lb/mmBtu	• STX-557A-E-02(IX)(B), June 4, 2002
			СО	Emissions Limit	• 2.40 lb/mmBtu	• STX-557A-E-02(IX)(C), June 4, 2002
#5 DD	C-2400B	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	<ul><li>Fuel gas H<sub>2</sub>S 162 ppmv (3-hr)</li><li>Fuel gas H<sub>2</sub>S 60 ppmv (365-day)</li></ul>	<ul><li>HOVENSA CD ¶34</li><li>HOVENSA CD ¶34</li></ul>
			NOx	Emissions Limit	0.67 lb/mmBtu	• STX-557A-E-02(IX)(B), June 4, 2002
			СО	Emissions Limit	2.40 lb/mmBtu	• STX-557A-E-02(IX)(C), June 4, 2002
Naphtha Fractionation	Naphtha Frac. Process Unit	Process Fugitives	VOC	Work Practice	Work Practice Requirements	• HOVENSA CD ¶¶ 101 & 109 • 40 CFR 63 subpart A & CC
Naphtha Fractionation	H-2501	Reboiler Heater	SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 162 ppmv (3-hr) • Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 60 ppmv (365-day)	• HOVENSA CD ¶34 • HOVENSA CD ¶34
#2 Platformer	#2 Plat Vent	Plat No. 2 Catalyst Regen Vent	VOC	Design Requirement	• 98% TOC control	• 40 CFR 63 subpart A and UUU
#2 Sulfolane	#2 Sulfolane Process Unit	Process Fugitives	VOC	Work Practice	Work Practice Requirements	• HOVENSA CD ¶¶ 101 & 109 • 40 CFR 63 subparts A, H, & CC
#2 Sulfolane	H-4502	Benzene Column Reboiler Heater	SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 0.1 gr/dscf (3-hr)	• HOVENSA CD ¶34
#2 Sulfolane	H-4503	Toluene Column Reboiler Heater	SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 0.1 gr/dscf (3-hr)	• HOVENSA CD ¶34

Process Unit	Source ID	Unit Description	PAL Pollutant	Applicable Requirement Type	Applicable Requirement	Applicable Requirement Authority <sup>1,2</sup>
#2 Sulfolane	H-4504	Xylene Column Reboiler Heater	SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 0.1 gr/dscf (3-hr)	• HOVENSA CD ¶34
#2 Sulfolane	H-4505	Raffinate Splitter Reboiler Heater	SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 0.1 gr/dscf (3-hr)	• HOVENSA CD ¶34
#5 CDU	#5 CDU Process Unit	Process Fugitives	VOC	Work Practice	Work Practice Requirements	• HOVENSA CD ¶¶ 101 & 109 • 40 CFR 63 subpart A & CC
#5 CDU	H-3101A	Crude Charge Heater	SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	Oil max S content 0.55 wt%     (anytime), 0.5 wt% (365-day) and     0.3 wt% (scenario dependent)	• HOVENSA CD ¶¶ 37 & 38
				• Oil max S content 0.5 wt% or 1.0 wt% (scenario dependent)	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit (III)(C)(c), (d), & (e)	
				• H-3101A & 3101B max oil 413,910 or 397,485 bbls/yr (scenario dependent)	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit (III)(C)(c), (d) & (e)	
					• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 0.1 gr/dscf (3-hr)	• HOVENSA CD ¶34
			PM	Emissions Limit	• 0.28 lb/mmBtu	• VIRR 12-09-204-23(b)(4)
#5 CDU	H-3101B	Crude Charge Heater	SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	Oil max S content 0.55 wt%     (anytime), 0.5 wt% (365-day) and     0.3 wt% (scenario dependent)	• HOVENSA CD ¶¶ 37 & 38
					• Oil max S content 0.5 wt% or 1.0 wt% (scenario dependent)	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit (III)(C)(c), (d), & (e)
					H-3101A & 3101B max oil 413,910 or 397,485 bbls/yr (scenario dependent)	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit (III)(C)(c)(d) & (e)
					• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 0.1 gr/dscf (3-hr)	• HOVENSA CD ¶34
			PM	Emissions Limit	• 0.28 lb/mmBtu	• VIRR 12-09-204-23(b)(4)
#6 CDU	#6 CDU Process Unit	Process Fugitives	VOC	Work Practice	Work Practice Requirements	• HOVENSA CD ¶¶ 101 & 109 • 40 CFR 63 subpart A & CC

Process Unit	Source ID	Unit Description	PAL Pollutant	Applicable Requirement Type	Applicable Requirement	Applicable Requirement Authority <sup>1,2</sup>
#6 CDU	H-4101A	O1A Crude Charge Heater	SO <sub>2</sub> F	Emissions Limit	Oil max S content 0.55 wt% (anytime), 0.5 wt% (365-day) and 0.3 wt% (scenario dependent)	• HOVENSA CD ¶¶ 37 & 38
				• Oil max S content 0.5 wt% or 1.0 wt% (scenario dependent)	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit (III)(C)(c), (d), & (e)	
					• H-3101A & 3101B max oil 413,910 or 397,485 bbls/yr (scenario dependent)	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit (III)(C)(d) & (e)
					• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 0.1 gr/dscf (3-hr)	• HOVENSA CD ¶34
1			PM	Emissions Limit	• 0.28 lb/mmBtu	• VIRR 12-09-204-23(b)(4)
#6 CDU H-4101B	B Crude Charge Heater		Emissions Limit	Oil max S content 0.55 wt%     (anytime), 0.5 wt% (365-day) and     0.3 wt% (scenario dependent)	• HOVENSA CD ¶¶ 37 & 38	
					• Oil max S content 0.5 wt% or 1.0 wt% (scenario dependent)	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit (III)(C)(c), (d), & (e)
					• H-3101A & 3101B max oil 413,910 or 397,485 bbls/yr (scenario dependent)	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit (III)(C)(d) & (e)
					• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 0.1 gr/dscf (3-hr)	• HOVENSA CD ¶34
			PM	Emissions Limit	• 0.28 lb/mmBtu	• VIRR 12-09-204-23(b)(4)
Disulfide	Disulfide Process Unit	Process Fugitives	VOC	Work Practice	Work Practice Requirements	• 40 HOVENSA CD ¶¶ 101 & 109 • 40 CFR 63 subpart A & CC
#3 Platformer	#3 Platformer Process Unit	Process Fugitives	VOC	Work Practice	Work Practice Requirements	
#3 Platformer	H-4401	Charge Heater	SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 0.1 gr/dscf (3-hr)	• HOVENSA CD ¶34
#3 Platformer	H-4402	Fired Reboiler Heater	SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 0.1 gr/dscf (3-hr)	• HOVENSA CD ¶34

Process Unit	Source ID	Unit Description	PAL Pollutant	Applicable Requirement Type	Applicable Requirement	Applicable Requirement Authority <sup>1,2</sup>
#3 Platformer	H-4451	Charge Heater	SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 0.1 gr/dscf (3-hr)	• HOVENSA CD ¶34
#3 Platformer	H-4452	Intermediate Heater	SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 0.1 gr/dscf (3-hr)	• HOVENSA CD ¶34
#3 Platformer	H-4453	Intermediate Heater	SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 0.1 gr/dscf (3-hr)	• HOVENSA CD ¶34
#3 Platformer	H-4454	Intermediate Heater	SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 0.1 gr/dscf (3-hr)	• HOVENSA CD ¶34
#3 Platformer	H-4455	Fired Reboiler Heater	SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 0.1 gr/dscf (3-hr)	• HOVENSA CD ¶34
#3 VAC	#3 VAC Process Unit	Process Fugitives	VOC	Work Practice	Work Practice Requirements	• HOVENSA CD ¶¶ 101 & 109 • 40 CFR 63 subpart A & CC
#3 VAC	H-4201	Prestripper Heater	SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	• Oil max S content 0.55 wt% (anytime), 0.5 wt% (365-day) and 0.3 wt% (scenario dependent)	• HOVENSA CD ¶¶ 37 & 38
					• Oil max S content 0.5 wt% or 1.0 wt% (scenario dependent)	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit (III)(C)(c), (d), & (e)
					• H-4201 & 4202 max oil 418,181 or 339,998 bbls/yr (scenario dependent)	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit (III)(C)(c)(d) & (e)
			PM	Emissions Limit	Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 0.1 gr/dscf (3-hr)      0.30 lb/mmBtu	• HOVENSA CD ¶34 • VIRR 12-09-204-23(b)(4)

Process Unit	Source ID	Unit Description	PAL Pollutant	Applicable Requirement Type	Applicable Requirement	Applicable Requirement Authority <sup>1,2</sup>
#3 VAC	H-4202	Vacuum Heater	SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	• Oil max S content 0.55 wt% (anytime), 0.5 wt% (365-day) and 0.3 wt% (scenario dependent)	• HOVENSA CD ¶¶ 37 & 38
					• Oil max S content 0.5 wt% or 1.0 wt% (scenario dependent)	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit (III)(C)(c), (d), & (e)
					• H-4201 & 4202 max oil 418,181 or 339,998 bbls/yr (scenario dependent)	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit (III)(C)(d) & (e)
					• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 0.1 gr/dscf (3-hr)	• HOVENSA CD ¶34
			PM	Emissions Limit	• 0.30 lb/mmBtu	• VIRR 12-09-204-23(b)(4)
#4 Platformer	#4 Platformer Process Unit	Process Fugitives	VOC	Work Practice	Work Practice Requirements	• HOVENSA CD ¶¶ 101 & 109 • 40 CFR 63 subpart A & CC
#4 Platformer	H-5401	Charge Heater	SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 0.1 gr/dscf (3-hr)	• HOVENSA CD ¶34
#4 Platformer	H-5402	Fired Reboiler Heater	SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 0.1 gr/dscf (3-hr)	• HOVENSA CD ¶34
#4 Platformer	H-5451	Charge Heater	$SO_2$	Emissions Limit	• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 0.1 gr/dscf (3-hr)	• HOVENSA CD ¶34
#4 Platformer	H-5452	Intermediate Heater	SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 0.1 gr/dscf (3-hr)	• HOVENSA CD ¶34
#4 Platformer	H-5453	Intermediate Heater	SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 0.1 gr/dscf (3-hr)	• HOVENSA CD ¶34
#4 Platformer	H-5454	Intermediate Heater	$SO_2$	Emissions Limit	• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 0.1 gr/dscf (3-hr)	• HOVENSA CD ¶34
#4 Platformer	H-5455	Fired Reboiler Heater	SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 0.1 gr/dscf (3-hr)	• HOVENSA CD ¶34
#6 DD	#6 DD Process Unit	Process Fugitives	VOC	Work Practice	Work Practice Requirements	• HOVENSA CD ¶¶ 101 & 109 • 40 CFR 63 subpart A & CC
#6 DD	H-4601A	Reactor Charge Heater	SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 0.1 gr/dscf (3-hr)	• HOVENSA CD ¶34

Process Unit	Source ID	Unit Description	PAL Pollutant	Applicable Requirement Type	Applicable Requirement	Applicable Requirement Authority <sup>1,2</sup>
#6 DD	H-4601B	Reactor Charge Heater	SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 0.1 gr/dscf (3-hr)	• HOVENSA CD ¶34
#6 DD	H-4602	Stripper Reboiler Heater	SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 0.1 gr/dscf (3-hr)	• HOVENSA CD ¶34
#6 DD	C-4601A	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	$SO_2$	Emissions Limit	• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 0.1 gr/dscf (3-hr)	• HOVENSA CD ¶34
#6 DD	C-4601B	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 0.1 gr/dscf (3-hr)	• HOVENSA CD ¶34
#6 DD	C-4601C	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	$SO_2$	Emissions Limit	• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 0.1 gr/dscf (3-hr)	• HOVENSA CD ¶34
#7 DD	#7 DD Process Unit	Process Fugitives	VOC	Work Practice	Work Practice Requirements	HOVENSA CD ¶ 101 & 109     40 CFR 63 subpart A & CC
#7 DD	H-4301A	Reactor Charge Heater	SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 0.1 gr/dscf (3-hr)	• HOVENSA CD ¶34
#7 DD	H-4301B	Reactor Charge Heater	SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 0.1 gr/dscf (3-hr)	• HOVENSA CD ¶34
#7 DD	H-4302	Stripper Reboiler Heater	SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 0.1 gr/dscf (3-hr)	• HOVENSA CD ¶34
#9 DD	#9 DD Process Unit	Process Fugitives	VOC	Work Practice	Work Practice Requirements	<ul> <li>HOVENSA CD ¶¶ 101 &amp; 109</li> <li>40 CFR 63 subpart A &amp; CC</li> </ul>
#9 DD	H-5301A	Reactor Charge Heater	SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 0.1 gr/dscf (3-hr)	• HOVENSA CD ¶34
#9 DD	H-5301B	Reactor Charge Heater	$SO_2$	Emissions Limit	• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 0.1 gr/dscf (3-hr)	• HOVENSA CD ¶34
#9 DD	H-5302	Stripper Reboiler Heater	SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 0.1 gr/dscf (3-hr)	• HOVENSA CD ¶34
LSG Unit	LSG Unit Process Unit	Process Fugitives	VOC	Work Practice	Work Practice Requirements	<ul> <li>40 CFR 60 subpart A &amp; GGG/VV</li> <li>HOVENSA CD ¶¶ 101 &amp; 109</li> <li>40 CFR 63 subpart A &amp; CC</li> </ul>
LSG Unit	H-4901	Charge Heater	All	Operating Requirement	Max heat input 87.3 mmBtu/hr	• LSFP PSD Permit VI.B.1

Process Unit	Source ID	Unit Description	PAL Pollutant	Applicable Requirement Type	Applicable Requirement	Applicable Requirement Authority <sup>1,2</sup>
			SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 0.1 gr/dscf (3-hr)	• LSFP PSD Permit VII.B.1, 40 CFR 60 subpart A & J, and HOVENSA CD ¶34
					• 75 ppmvd H <sub>2</sub> S (24-hr)	• LSFP PSD Permit VII.B.1
					• 2.1 lb/hr (3-hr)	• LSFP PSD Permit VIII.B.2
					• 23.0 lb/hr (24-hr)	• LSFP PSD Permit VIII.B.2
					• 4.2 TPY	• LSFP PSD Permit VIII.B.2
			NOx	Emissions Limit	• 0.007 lb/mmBtu (3-hr)	• LSFP PSD Permit VIII.B.3
					• 0.61 lb/hr (3-hr	• LSFP PSD Permit VIII.B.3
					• 2.4 lb/hr (startup)	• LSFP PSD Permit VIII.B.3
					• 2.7 TPY (365-day)	• LSFP PSD Permit VIII.B.3
			CO	Emissions Limit	• 0.04 lb/mmBtu	• LSFP PSD Permit VIII.B.4
			PM/PM <sub>10</sub>	Emissions Limit	• 0.82 lb/hr	• LSFP PSD Permit VIII.B.1
					• 3.6 TPY	• LSFP PSD Permit VIII.B.1
#3 Platformer	#3 Plat Vent	Plat No. 3 Catalyst Regen Vent	VOC	Design Requirement	98% TOC control	40 CFR 63 subpart A and UUU
#4 Platformer	#4 Plat Vent	Plat No. 4 Catalyst Regen Vent	VOC	Design Requirement	98% TOC control	40 CFR 63 subpart A and UUU
Alkylation Unit	Unit No. 7200	Process Fugitives	VOC	Work Practice	Work Practice Requirements	• 40 CFR 60 subpart A & GGG/VV
						• HOVENSA CD ¶¶ 101 & 109
						• 40 CFR 63 subpart A & CC
Dimersol Unit	Unit No. 7300	Process Fugitives	VOC	Work Practice	Work Practice Requirements	• 40 CFR 60 subpart A & GGG/VV
						• HOVENSA CD ¶¶ 101 & 109
						• 40 CFR 63 subpart A & CC
FCCU & Gas	FCCU & Unit	Process Fugitives	VOC	Work Practice	Work Practice Requirements	• 40 CFR 60 subpart A & GGG/VV
Concentration	No. 7100					• HOVENSA CD ¶¶ 101 & 109
						• 40 CFR 63 subpart A & CC
FCCU	FCCU stack	Fluid Catalytic	All	Emissions Limit	• 58,400,000 bbl/yr (365-day)	• LSFP PSD Permit VI.C.1
	STK-7051	Cracking			• 165,000 bbl/day	• LSFP PSD Permit VI.C.2
					• 115,500 lb coke burn-off/hr	• LSFP PSD Permit VI.C.3

Process Unit	Source ID	Unit Description	PAL Pollutant	Applicable Requirement Type	Applicable Requirement	Applicable Requirement Authority <sup>1,2</sup>
			SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	• 0.6 wt% feedstock sulfur content	• LSFP PSD Permit VII.C.1
					● 16 ppmvd @ 0% O <sub>2</sub> (365-day)	• LSFP PSD Permit VIII.C.3.a
						• LSFP PSD Permit VII.C.3.b
					• 25 ppmvd @ 0% O <sub>2</sub> (7-day)	• LSFP PSD Permit VII.C.3.c
					• 90% SO <sub>2</sub> reduction across scrubber	• LSFP PSD Permit VII.C.3.d
					• 214.9 lb/hr (3-hr)	• LSFP PSD Permit VII.C.3.d
					• 237 TPY (12-mth)	• 40 CFR 60 subpart A & J
					● 50 ppmvd @ 0% O <sub>2</sub> (7-day)	_
			NOx	Emissions Limit	• 20 ppmvd @ 0% O <sub>2</sub> (365-day)	• HOVENSA CD ¶11
					• 40 ppmvd @ 0% O <sub>2</sub> (7-day) excluding startup, shutdown, and malfunction	• HOVENSA CD ¶11
					• 25 ppmvd @ 0% O <sub>2</sub> (365-day)	• LSFP PSD Permit VIII.C.4.a
					● 266 TPY	• LSFP PSD Permit VIII.C.4.b
			CO	Emissions Limit	• 500 ppmvd (hourly)	• 40 CFR 60 subpart A & J
					• 432 ppmvd @ 7% O <sub>2</sub> (hourly)	• LSFP PSD Permit VIII.C.5.a
					• 738.6 lb/hr (hourly)	• LSFP PSD Permit VII.C.5.b
					• 3,235 TPY	• LSFP PSD Permit VII.C.5.b
			PM	Emissions Limit	• 0.5 lb/1000 lb coke burn-off	• LSFP PSD Permit VIII.C.1
					• 57.75 lb/hr	• LSFP PSD Permit VIII.C.1
					• 252.9 TPY	• LSFP PSD Permit VIII.C.1
					• 2.0 lb/ton coke burn-off	• 40 CFR 60 subpart A & J
			PM <sub>10</sub>	Emissions Limit	• 1.0 lb/1000 lb coke burn-off	• LSFP PSD Permit VIII.C.2
					• 115.5 lb/hr	• LSFP PSD Permit VIII.C.2
					• 505.9 TPY	• LSFP PSD Permit VIII.C.2
			VOC	Emissions Limit	• 20 ppmvd @ 7% O <sub>2</sub>	LSFP PSD Permit VIII.C.6.a
					• 12.1 lb/hr	• LSFP PSD Permit VIII.C.6.a
					• 52.7 TPY	• LSFP PSD Permit VIII.C.6.a

Process Unit	Source ID	Unit Description	PAL Pollutant	Applicable Requirement Type	Applicable Requirement	Applicable Requirement Authority <sup>1,2</sup>
Deiso-Hexanizer	Deiso- Hexanizer Process Unit	Process Fugitives	VOC	Work Practice	Work Practice Requirements	HOVENSA CD ¶¶ 101 & 109     40 CFR 63 subpart A & CC
#3, 4, 5 Amine and T-931	#3, 4, 5 Amine Process Unit	Process Fugitives	VOC	Work Practice	Work Practice Requirements	<ul> <li>HOVENSA CD ¶¶ 101 &amp; 109</li> <li>40 CFR 63 subpart A &amp; CC</li> </ul>
#6 & 7 Amine and SHU	Unit Nos. 7450 & 7600	Process Fugitives	VOC	Work Practice	Work Practice Requirements	<ul> <li>HOVENSA CD ¶¶ 101 &amp; 109</li> <li>40 CFR 63 subpart A &amp; CC</li> </ul>
Merox Unit	Unit No. 7500	Process Fugitives	VOC	Work Practice	Work Practice Requirements	<ul> <li>HOVENSA CD ¶¶ 101 &amp; 109</li> <li>40 CFR 63 subpart A &amp; CC</li> </ul>
1&2 GRU/H <sub>2</sub> CON	1&2 GRU/ H <sub>2</sub> CON	Process Fugitives	VOC	Work Practice	Work Practice Requirements	<ul> <li>HOVENSA CD ¶¶ 101 &amp; 109</li> <li>40 CFR 63 subpart A &amp; CC</li> </ul>
1&2 LPG Treater	1&2 LPG Treater	Process Fugitives	VOC	Work Practice	Work Practice Requirements	<ul> <li>HOVENSA CD ¶¶ 101 &amp; 109</li> <li>40 CFR 63 subpart A &amp; CC</li> </ul>
3 LPG Fractionator	3 LPG Fractionator	Process Fugitives	VOC	Work Practice	Work Practice Requirements	<ul> <li>HOVENSA CD ¶¶ 101 &amp; 109</li> <li>40 CFR 63 subpart A &amp; CC</li> </ul>
Light Ends Treater	Light Ends Treater	Process Fugitives	VOC	Work Practice	Work Practice Requirements	<ul> <li>HOVENSA CD ¶¶ 101 &amp; 109</li> <li>40 CFR 63 subpart A &amp; CC</li> </ul>
MTBE	MTBE	Process Fugitives	VOC	Work Practice	Work Practice Requirements	<ul> <li>HOVENSA CD ¶¶ 101 &amp; 109</li> <li>40 CFR 63 subpart A, H &amp; CC</li> </ul>
TAME	TAME	Process Fugitives	VOC	Work Practice	Work Practice Requirements	<ul> <li>HOVENSA CD ¶¶ 101 &amp; 109</li> <li>40 CFR 63 subpart A, H &amp; CC</li> </ul>
Selective Hydrogenation Unit	Selective Hydro	Process Fugitives	VOC	Work Practice	Work Practice Requirements	HOVENSA CD ¶¶ 101 & 109     40 CFR 63 subpart A & CC
1 Beavon / 1&2 SRU	1 Beavon / 1&2 SRU	Process Fugitives	VOC	Work Practice	Work Practice Requirements	<ul> <li>HOVENSA CD ¶¶ 101 &amp; 109</li> <li>40 CFR 63 subpart A &amp; CC</li> </ul>
2 Beavon / 3&4 SRU	2 Beavon / 3&4 SRU	Process Fugitives	VOC	Work Practice	Work Practice Requirements	

Process Unit	Source ID	Unit Description	PAL Pollutant	Applicable Requirement Type	Applicable Requirement	Applicable Requirement Authority <sup>1,2</sup>
SRU	SRU	Process Fugitives	VOC	Work Practice	Work Practice Requirements	● HOVENSA CD ¶¶ 101 & 109
						• 40 CFR 63 subpart A & CC
3 SWS	3 SWS	Process Fugitives	VOC	Work Practice	Work Practice Requirements	• HOVENSA CD ¶¶ 101 & 109
						• 40 CFR 63 subpart A & CC
4 SWS	4 SWS	Process Fugitives	VOC	Work Practice	Work Practice Requirements	● HOVENSA CD ¶¶ 101 & 109
						• 40 CFR 63 subpart A & CC
5 SWS	5 SWS	Process Fugitives	VOC	Work Practice	Work Practice Requirements	• HOVENSA CD ¶¶ 101 & 109
						• 40 CFR 63 subpart A & CC
6 SWS	6 SWS	Process Fugitives	VOC	Work Practice	Work Practice Requirements	• HOVENSA CD ¶¶ 101 & 109
						• 40 CFR 63 subpart A & CC
East Fuel Gas	East Fuel Gas	Process Fugitives	VOC	Work Practice	Work Practice Requirements	• HOVENSA CD ¶¶ 101 & 109
System	System					• 40 CFR 63 subpart A & CC
West Fuel Gas	West Fuel Gas	Process Fugitives	VOC	Work Practice	Work Practice Requirements	● HOVENSA CD ¶¶ 101 & 109
System	System					• 40 CFR 63 subpart A & CC
Terminal	Terminal	Process Fugitives	VOC	Work Practice	Work Practice Requirements	● HOVENSA CD ¶¶ 101 & 109
	(Offsites/ Rundowns/					• 40 CFR 63 subpart A & CC
	xfers)					
Sulfuric Acid	STK-7801	Heater Stack	All	Emissions Limit	Max. heat input 42 mmBtu/hr	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit III.A.
Plant	(H-7801, H-7802, &	(Process Air Heater, Converter	SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 0.1 gr/dscf (3-hr)	• 40 CFR 60 subpart A & J, 2011
	R-7801)	Heater & Startup Heater)				FCCU PSD Permit III.A and HOVENSA CD ¶34
					• 0.79 lb/hr	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit III.A.a
					• 3.2 TPY	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit III.A.a
					● 11 ppmv @ 7% O <sub>2</sub>	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit III.A.a

Process Unit	Source ID	Unit Description	PAL Pollutant	Applicable Requirement Type	Applicable Requirement	Applicable Requirement Authority <sup>1,2</sup>
			NOx	Emissions Limit	• 0.14 lb/mmBtu	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit III.A.c.1
					• 4.6 lb/hr	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit III.A.c.1
					● 18.4 TPY	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit III.A.c.1
					● 96 ppmvd @ 7% O <sub>2</sub>	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit III.A.c.1
			CO	Emissions Limit	• 0.03 lb/mmBtu	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit III.A.d.
					• 1.3 lb/hr	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit III.A.d.
					• 3.9 TPY	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit III.A.d.
					• 32 ppmvd @ 7% O <sub>2</sub>	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit III.A.d.
			$PM_{10}$	Emissions Limit	• 0.1 lb/mmBtu	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit III.A.b.
					• 4.2 lb/hr	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit III.A.b
					• 13.4 TPY	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit III.A.b
			VOC	Emissions Limit	• 0.1 lb/hr	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit III.A.e.
					• 0.32 TPY	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit III.A.e.
					• 5 ppmv @ 7% O <sub>2</sub> (as methane)	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit III.A.e.
Sulfuric Acid Plant	STK-7802	Process Stack	All	Emissions Limit	Max 320 tons acid/day	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit II.A.
Piant			SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	• 4 lb/ton acid produced	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit II.B.a.
					• 45.8 lbs/hr	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit II.B.a.
					• 201 TPY	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit II.B.a.
					• 375 ppmvd @ 7% O <sub>2</sub>	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit II.B.b.
			NOx	Emissions Limit	• 12.2 lb/hr	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit II.C.
					● 200 ppmvd @7% O <sub>2</sub>	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit II.C.
					• 53.4 TPY	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit II.C.
West Sulfur Recovery	Unit Nos. 1030 & 1040,	Sulfur Recovery and Tail Gas	$SO_2$	Emissions Limit	• 30 ton/day combined for H-1032, H-1042 & H-4745	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit IV.D.b
	H-1061, T-1061,	Treatment Units			◆ 250 ppmvd @ 0% O <sub>2</sub> for each H-1032, H-1042 & H-1061	• HOVENSA CD ¶34
	H-1032, H-1042 &		SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 162 ppmv (3-hr)	• HOVENSA CD ¶34
	11 10 12 &				• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 60 ppmv (365-day)	• HOVENSA CD ¶34

Process Unit	Source ID	Unit Description	PAL Pollutant	Applicable Requirement Type	Applicable Requirement	Applicable Requirement Authority <sup>1,2</sup>
	Beavon CT #1		PM	Emissions Limit	• 0.03 gr/dscf	• VIRR 12-09-204-23(c)
			H <sub>2</sub> S (Beavon)	Emissions Limit	• 50 ppm	• VIRR 12-09-204-45
East Sulfur Recovery	Unit Nos. 4740 & 4750,	Sulfur Recovery and Tail Gas	$SO_2$	Emissions Limit	• 30 ton/day combined for H-1032, H-1042 & H-4745	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit (IV)(D)
	H-4761, T-4761,	Treatment Units			• 250 ppmvd @ 0% O <sub>2</sub> for each H-4745 & H-4761	• HOVENSA CD ¶34
	H-4745 & Beavon CT #2		SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 0.1 gr/dscf (3-hr)	• HOVENSA CD ¶34
			PM	Emissions Limit	• 0.03 gr/dscf	• VIRR 12-09-204-23(c)
West Refinery Process Drains	Oily Water Collection System	Process Drain Fugitives	VOC	Design/Work Practice		• 40 CFR 61 subparts A & FF • 40 CFR 63 subparts A & CC
East Refinery Process Drains	Oily Water Collection System	Process Drain Fugitives	VOC	Design/Work Practice		<ul><li>40 CFR 61 subparts A &amp; FF</li><li>40 CFR 63 subparts A &amp; CC</li></ul>
FCC Complex / Delayed Coker Unit/LSF Unit	Oily Water Collection System	Process Drain Fugitives	VOC	Design/Work Practice		<ul> <li>40 CFR 60 Subparts A &amp; QQQ</li> <li>40 CFR 61 subparts A &amp; FF</li> <li>40 CFR 63 subparts A &amp; CC</li> </ul>
Terminal	Oily Water Collection System	Process Drain Fugitives	VOC	Design/Work Practice		<ul> <li>40 CFR 60 Subparts A &amp; QQQ</li> <li>40 CFR 61 subparts A &amp; FF</li> <li>40 CFR 63 subparts A &amp; CC</li> </ul>
Advanced Wastewater Treatment System	#1 API (Unit No. 1660)	Oil/Water Separator	VOC	Design/Work Practice		<ul> <li>40 CFR 60 subpart A &amp; QQQ</li> <li>40 CFR 61 subparts A &amp; FF</li> <li>40 CFR 63 subparts A &amp; CC</li> </ul>
	#1 WEMCO	Induced Air Floatation Unit	VOC	Design/Work Practice		• 40 CFR 61 subpart A & FF • 40 CFR 63 subparts A & CC

Process Unit	Source ID	Unit Description	PAL Pollutant	Applicable Requirement Type	Applicable Requirement	Applicable Requirement Authority <sup>1,2</sup>
	#2 API (Unit No. 1661)	Oil/Water Separator	VOC	Design/Work Practice		<ul> <li>40 CFR 60 subpart A &amp;QQQ</li> <li>40 CFR 61 subparts A &amp; FF</li> <li>40 CFR 63 subparts A &amp; CC</li> </ul>
	#2 WEMCO	Induced air floatation unit	VOC	Design/Work Practice		• 40 CFR 61 subpart A & FF • 40 CFR 63 subparts A & CC
	West Benzene Stripper (STK- 3510)	Air Stripper	VOC	Design/Work Practice		• 40 CFR 61 subpart A & FF • 40 CFR 63 subparts A & CC
	#3 API (Unit No. 1662)	Oil/Water Separator	VOC	Design/Work Practice		<ul><li>40 CFR 61 subpart A &amp; FF</li><li>40 CFR 63 subparts A &amp; CC</li></ul>
	#3 WEMCO	Induced air floatation unit	VOC	Design/Work Practice		<ul><li>40 CFR 61 subpart A &amp; FF</li><li>40 CFR 63 subparts A &amp; CC</li></ul>
	East Benzene Stripper (STK- 3530)	Air Stripper	VOC	Design/Work Practice		<ul><li>40 CFR 61 subpart A &amp; FF</li><li>40 CFR 63 subparts A &amp; CC</li></ul>
West Sulfur Storage Area	Materials Handling	Materials Handling	PM / PM <sub>10</sub> / PM <sub>2.5</sub>	N/A	N/A	N/A
East Sulfur Storage Area	Materials Handling	Materials Handling	PM / PM <sub>10</sub> / PM <sub>2.5</sub>	N/A	N/A	N/A
Sulfur Storage, Handling & Shipping	Materials Handling	Materials Handling	PM / PM <sub>10</sub> / PM <sub>2.5</sub>	N/A	N/A	N/A
Catalyst Handling	Materials Handling	Material Handling	PM / PM <sub>10</sub> / PM <sub>2.5</sub>	N/A	N/A	N/A
Road Dust	Road Dust	Road Dust	PM / PM <sub>10</sub> / PM <sub>2.5</sub>	Design/Work Practice	Paving and general upkeep to minimize emissions	VIRR 12-09-204-25(a)
Painting	Painting	Painting	VOC	N/A	N/A	N/A
Firefighter Training	Firefighter Training	Firefighter Training	CO, NOx, PM / PM <sub>10</sub> / PM <sub>2.5</sub> , VOC	N/A	N/A	N/A

Process Unit	Source ID	Unit Description	PAL Pollutant	Applicable Requirement Type	Applicable Requirement	Applicable Requirement Authority <sup>1,2</sup>
West-side Refinery Flare System	#2 Flare (H- 1105) & #3 Flare (H-1104)	Gas burner, steam assisted	SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 162 ppmv (3-hr)	• HOVENSA CD ¶34
East-side Refinery Flare System	#5 Flare (H-3351), #6 Flare (H-3352), & #7 Flare (H-3301)	Gas burner, steam assisted	SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 162 ppmv (3-hr)	• HOVENSA CD ¶34
Tank 7921 Flare System	LPG Flare (STK 7921)	Gas burner, steam assisted	$SO_2$	Emissions Limit	• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 162 ppmv (3-hr)	• HOVENSA CD ¶34
FCC/Coker Refinery Flare System	FCC Flare (L.P. Flare - STK 7941)	Gas burner, steam assisted	SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 162 ppmv (3-hr)	• HOVENSA CD ¶34
	Ground Flare (H.P. Flare - STK 7942)	Gas burner	SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 162 ppmv (3-hr)	• HOVENSA CD ¶34
Delayed Coker Unit	Delayed Coker Unit Process Unit	Process Fugitives	VOC	Work Practice	Work Practice Requirements	<ul> <li>40 CFR 60 subpart A &amp; GGG/VV</li> <li>HOVENSA CD ¶¶ 101 &amp; 109</li> <li>40 CFR 63 subpart A &amp; CC</li> </ul>
Delayed Coker Unit		Delayed Coking Unit	All	Operating Limit	• 21,170,000 bbl/yr	• [STX-557A-E-02(II)(C), June 4, 2002
	H-8501A	Coker Process Heater 1	$SO_2$	Emissions Limit	• 75 ppmv H <sub>2</sub> S (3-hr)	• STX-557A-E-02(III)(A), June 4, 2002
					• 2.2 lb/hr (365-day)	• STX-557A-E-02(III)(A), June 4, 2002
					• 0.1 gr/dscf H <sub>2</sub> S (3-hr)	• 40 CFR 60 subpart A & J and HOVENSA CD ¶34
			$NO_X$	Emissions Limit	• 0.07 lb/mmBtu	• STX-557A-E-02(III)(B), June 4, 2002
					• 13.7 lb/hr	• STX-557A-E-02(III)(B), June 4, 2002
			СО	Emissions Limit	• 0.03 lb/mmBtu • 5.9 lb/hr	• HOVENSA CD Appendix H • STX-557A-E-02(III)(C), June 4, 2002

Process Unit	Source ID	Unit Description	PAL Pollutant	Applicable Requirement Type	Applicable Requirement	Applicable Requirement Authority <sup>1,2</sup>
			PM/PM <sub>10</sub>	Emissions Limit	• 0.6 lb/hr (365-day)	• STX-557A-E-02(III)(E), June 4, 2002
			VOC	Emissions Limit	• 0.005 lb/mmBtu	HOVENSA CD Appendix H
					• 1.0 lb/hr (365-day)	• STX-557A-E-02(III)(D), June 4, 2002
Delayed Coker Unit	H-8501B	Coker Process Heater 2	SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	• 75 ppmv H <sub>2</sub> S (3-hr)	• STX-557A-E-02(III)(A), June 4, 2002
					• 2.2 lb/hr (365-day)	• STX-557A-E-02(III)(A), June 4, 2002
					• 0.1 gr/dscf H <sub>2</sub> S (3-hr)	• 40 CFR 60 subpart A & J and HOVENSA CD ¶34
			NO <sub>X</sub>	Emissions Limit	• 0.07 lb/mmBtu	• STX-557A-E-02(III)(B), June 4, 2002
					• 13.7 lb/hr	• STX-557A-E-02(III)(B), June 4, 2002
			CO	Emissions Limit	• 0.03 lb/mmBtu	• HOVENSA CD Appendix H
					• 5.9 lb/hr	• STX-557A-E-02(III)(C), June 4, 2002
			PM/PM <sub>10</sub>	Emissions Limit	• 0.6 lb/hr (365-day)	• STX-557A-E-02(III)(E), June 4, 2002
			VOC	Emissions Limit	• 0.005 lb/mmBtu	• HOVENSA CD Appendix H
					• 1.0 lb/hr (365-day)	• STX-557A-E-02(III)(D), June 4, 2002
Delayed Coker Unit	TK-8501 (Hot pitch tank)	Fixed roof storage tank (pitch)	VOC	Emissions Limit	• 7.3 TPY	• STX-557A-E-02(IV)(A), June 4, 2002
				Work Practice	<ul><li> Vapor pressure less than 0.5 psia</li><li> Limit on Vp or Design/Control</li></ul>	• STX-557A-E-02(IV)(B), June 4, 2002
					Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2

Process Unit	Source ID	Unit Description	PAL Pollutant	Applicable Requirement Type	Applicable Requirement	Applicable Requirement Authority <sup>1,2</sup>
Coker Complex	Coke handling, storage, & loading system	Coke Drum Drop Operations	PM	Work Practice & Emissions Limit	<ul> <li>All coke drum drop operations shall maintain a material moisture content of ≥ 4.8% (annual)</li> <li>900 lb/yr</li> </ul>	• STX-557A-E-02(VI)(A), June 4, 2002
						• STX-557A-E-02(VI)(A), June 4, 2002
			PM <sub>10</sub>	Work Practice & Emissions Limit	• All coke drum drop operations shall maintain a material moisture content of ≥ 4.8% (annual)	• STX-557A-E-02(VI)(A), June 4, 2002
					• 300 lb/yr	• STX-557A-E-02(VI)(A), June 4, 2002
		Coke Drop Operations to the Ship	PM	Work Practice & Emissions Limit	• All coke drum drop operations shall maintain a material moisture content of ≥ 4.8% (annual)	• STX-557A-E-02(VI)(C), June 4, 2002
					● 900 lb/yr	• STX-557A-E-02(VI)(C), June 4, 2002
			PM <sub>10</sub>	Work Practice & Emissions Limit	• All coke drum drop operations shall maintain a material moisture content of ≥ 4.8% (annual)	• STX-557A-E-02(VI)(C), June 4, 2002
					• 300 lb/yr	• STX-557A-E-02(VI)(C), June 4, 2002
		Coke Storage Dome Vents	PM	Emissions Limit	• 90 lb/hr	• STX-557A-E-02(VI)(D), June 4, 2002
			PM <sub>10</sub>	Emissions Limit	• 30 lb/hr	• STX-557A-E-02(VI)(D), June 4, 2002
		Coke Crusher	PM	Work Practice & Emissions Limit	• All coke drum drop operations shall maintain a material moisture content of ≥ 4.8% (annual)	• STX-557A-E-02(VI)(E), June 4, 2002
					● 9450 lb/yr	• STX-557A-E-02(VI)(E), June 4, 2002

Process Unit	Source ID	Unit Description	PAL Pollutant	Applicable Requirement Type	Applicable Requirement	Applicable Requirement Authority <sup>1,2</sup>
			PM <sub>10</sub>	Work Practice & Emissions Limit	• All coke drum drop operations shall maintain a material moisture content of ≥ 4.8% (annual)	• STX-557A-E-02(VI)(E), June 4, 2002
					◆ 4500 lb/yr	
						• STX-557A-E-02(VI)(E), June 4, 2002
Coker Complex	Tank TK-8511 and Residuals Recycling	Tank TK-8511 and recycling system	VOC	Design & Work Practice	• Granulated activated carbon (GAC)control to achieve 96% control	• STX-557A-E-02(IV)(F), June 4, 2002
	System				Storage of slurry for injection into Coker.	• STX-557A-E-02(IV)(I), June 4, 2002
					• GAC shall be three canisters in series	• STX-557A-E-02(IV)(G&H), June
					<ul> <li>Daily monitoring of GAC to</li> </ul>	4, 2002
					determine breakthrough between first and second canister	• STX-557A-E-02(IV)(G&H), June 4, 2002
					Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	
					•	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Coker Complex	Delayed Coker Steam Vent	Delayed Coker Steam Vent	All	Work Practice	Prior to venting comply average vessel pressure of 2 psig determined on a rolling 60-event average	• HOVENSA CD ¶132
Utilities (Powerhouse and Boilers)	Utilities (Powerhouse and Boilers)	Process Fugitives	VOC	Work Practice	Work Practice Requirements	• HOVENSA CD ¶¶ 101 & 109 40 CFR 63 subpart A & CC

Process Unit	Source ID	Unit Description	PAL Pollutant	Applicable Requirement Type	Applicable Requirement	Applicable Requirement Authority <sup>1,2</sup>
Utility II	#5 Boiler (B- 1155)	Boiler; Produces Steam	SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	<ul> <li>Oil max S content 0.55 wt%         <ul> <li>(anytime), 0.5 wt% (365-day) and</li> <li>0.3 wt% (scenario dependent)</li> </ul> </li> <li>Oil max S content 0.5 wt% or 1.0 wt% (scenario dependent)</li> <li>249,660 or 194,472 bbl/yr (scenario dependent)</li> <li>B-1151, B-1153, B-1154, &amp; B-1155 max oil 355,437 or 742,739 bbl/yr (scenario dependent)</li> <li>0.80 lb/MMBtu</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>HOVENSA CD ¶¶37 &amp; 38</li> <li>2011 FCCU PSD Permit (III)(C)(c), (d), &amp; (e)</li> <li>2011 FCCU PSD Permit (III)(C)(d) &amp; (e)</li> <li>2011 FCCU PSD Permit (III)(C)(d) &amp; (e)</li> <li>40 CFR 60 subpart A &amp; D</li> <li>40 CFR 60 subparts A &amp; D</li> </ul>
					<ul><li>Fuel gas H<sub>2</sub>S 162 ppmv (3-hr)</li><li>Fuel gas H<sub>2</sub>S 60 ppmv (365-day)</li></ul>	<ul><li>HOVENSA CD ¶34</li><li>HOVENSA CD ¶34</li></ul>
			NOx	Emissions Limit	• 0.30 lb/MMBtu (oil) • 0.20 lb/MMBtu (gas)	<ul><li>40 CFR 60 subpart A &amp; D</li><li>40 CFR 60 subpart A &amp; D</li></ul>
			PM	Emissions Limit	• 0.26 lb/mmBtu • 0.10 lb/MMBtu	<ul><li>VIRR 12-09-204-23(b)(4)</li><li>40 CFR 60 subpart A &amp; D</li></ul>
Utility III	#6 Boiler (B-3301)	Boiler; Produces Steam	SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	• Oil max S content 0.55 wt% (anytime), 0.5 wt% (365-day) and 0.3 wt% (scenario dependent)	• HOVENSA CD ¶¶37 & 38
					• Oil max S content 0.5 wt% or 1.0 wt% (scenario dependent)	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit (III)(C)(c), (d), & (e)
					B-3301, B-3302, B-3303, & B-3304 max oil 494,721 or 1,092,263 bbl/yr (scenario dependent)	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit (III)(C)(d) & (e)
					B-3301 & B-3302 max oil 262,800 or 373,833 bbl/yr (scenario dependent)	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit (III)(C)(d) and (e)
					• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 162 ppmv (3-hr)	• HOVENSA CD ¶34
			PM	Emissions Limit	0.3 lb/mmBtu	• VIRR 12-09-204-23(b)(2) & (4)

Process Unit	Source ID	Unit Description	PAL Pollutant	Applicable Requirement Type	Applicable Requirement	Applicable Requirement Authority <sup>1,2</sup>
Utility III	#7 Boiler (B- 3302)	Boiler; Produces Steam	SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	• Oil max S content 0.55 wt% (anytime), 0.5 wt% (365-day) and 0.3 wt% (scenario dependent)	• HOVENSA CD ¶¶37 & 38
					• Oil max S content 0.5 wt% or 1.0 wt% (scenario dependent)	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit (III)(C)(c), (d), & (e)
					• B-3301, B-3302, B-3303, & B-3304 max oil 494,721 or 1,092,263 bbl/yr (scenario dependent)	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit (III)(C)(d) & (e)
					B-3301 & B-3302 max oil 262,800 or 373,833 bbl/yr (scenario dependent)	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit (III)(C)(d) & (e)
					• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 162 ppmv (3-hr)	• 40 CFR 60 subpart A and J
			PM	Emissions Limit	0.3 lb/mmBtu	• VIRR 12-09-204-23(b)(2) & (4)
Utility III	#8 Boiler (B- 3303)	Boiler; Produces Steam	SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	• Oil max S content 0.55 wt% (anytime), 0.5 wt% (365-day) and 0.3 wt% (scenario dependent)	• HOVENSA CD ¶¶37 & 38
					• Oil max S content 0.5 wt% or 1.0 wt% (scenario dependent)	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit (III)(C)(c), (d), & (e)
					B-3301, B-3302, B-3303, & B-3304 max oil 494,721 or 1,092,263 bbl/yr (scenario dependent)	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit (III)(C)(d) & (e)
					• 0.80 lb/MMBtu	
					• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 162 ppmv (3-hr)	• 40 CFR 60 subpart A & D
			110			• HOVENSA CD ¶34
			NOx	Emissions Limit	• 0.30 lb/MMBtu (oil)	• 40 CFR 60 subpart A & D
					• 0.20 lb/MMBtu (gas)	• 40 CFR 60 subpart A & D
			PM	Emissions Limit	• 0.26 lb/mmBtu	• VIRR 12-09-204-23(b)(2) & (4)
					● 0.10 lb/MMBtu	• 40 CFR 60 subpart A & D

Process Unit	Source ID	Unit Description	PAL Pollutant	Applicable Requirement Type	Applicable Requirement	Applicable Requirement Authority <sup>1,2</sup>
Utility III	#9 Boiler (B- 3304)	Boiler; Produces Steam	SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	• Oil max S content 0.55 wt% (anytime), 0.5 wt% (365-day) and 0.3 wt% (scenario dependent)	• HOVENSA CD ¶¶37 & 38
					• Oil max S content 0.5 wt% or 1.0 wt% (scenario dependent)	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit (III)(C)(c), (d), & (e)
					• B-3301, B-3302, B-3303, & B-3304 max oil 494,721 or 1,092,263 bbl/yr (scenario dependent)	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit (III)(C)(d) & (e)
					• 0.80 lb/MMBtu	
					• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 162 ppmv (3-hr)	• 40 CFR 60 subpart A & D
						◆ HOVENSA CD ¶34
			NOx	Emissions Limit	• 0.30 lb/MMBtu (oil)	• 40 CFR 60 subpart A & D
					• 0.20 lb/MMBtu (gas)	• 40 CFR 60 subpart A & D
			PM	Emissions Limit	• 0.26 lb/mmBtu	• VIRR 12-09-204-23(b)(2) & (4)
					● 0.10 lb/MMBtu	• 40 CFR 60 subpart A & D
Utility III	#10 Boiler (B-3701)	Boiler; Produces Steam	SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	• Oil max S content 0.55 wt% (anytime), 0.5 wt% (365-day) and 0.3 wt% (scenario dependent)	• HOVENSA CD ¶¶ 37 & 38
					• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 75 ppmv (3-hr)	• STX-557-I-00 (II)(E), September 18, 2000
					• 2.6 lb/hr (365-day)	• STX-557-I-00 (II)(E), September 18, 2000
			NOx	Emissions Limit	• 0.07 lb/mmBtu	• STX-557-I-00 (II)(F), September 18, 2000
					• 15.8 lb/hr	• STX-557-I-00 (II)(F), September 18, 2000
					• 0.2 lb/mmBtu (30-day)	• 40 CFR 60 subpart A & Db
			CO	Emissions Limit	• 0.07 lb/mmBtu	HOVENSA CD Appendix H
					• 15.8 lb/hr	• STX-557-I-00 (II)(G), September 18, 2000

Process Unit	Source ID	Unit Description	PAL Pollutant	Applicable Requirement Type	Applicable Requirement	Applicable Requirement Authority <sup>1,2</sup>
			PM/PM <sub>10</sub>	Emissions Limit	• 0.7 lb/hr	• STX-557-I-00 (II)(I), September 18, 2000
			VOC	Emissions Limit	• 0.005 lb/mmBtu • 1.1 lb/hr	HOVENSA CD Appendix H     STX-557-I-00 (II)(H), September 18, 2000
Powerhouse 2	GT No. 4 (G- 3404)	Turbine; Produces Electricity	$SO_2$	Emissions Limit	• Oil max S content 0.2 wt%	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit (III)(D)(c) & (d)
					• G-1101E, G-1101F, G-1101G, G-3404, G-3405, G-3406, G-3407, G-3408, G-3409, G-3410 max oil 1,576,800 or 1,782,770 bbl/yr (scenario dependent)	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit (III)(D)(c) & (d)
					• G-3404, G-3405, G-3406, G-3407, G-3408, G-3409, and G-3410 max oil 1,314,000 or 1,277,208 bb;/yr (scenario dependent)	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit (III)(D)(c) & (d)
					• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 162 ppmv (3-hr)	• HOVENSA CD ¶34
					• Oil max S content 0.8 wt%	• 40 CFR 60 subpart A & GG
			$NO_X$	Emissions Limit	• Gas: 160 ppmvd @ 15% O <sub>2</sub>	• 40 CFR 60 subpart A & GG
					● Oil: 152 ppmvd @ 15% O <sub>2</sub>	• 40 CFR 60 subpart A & GG
			PM	Emissions Limit	• 0.29 lb/mmBtu	• VIRR 12-09-204-23(b)(2) & (4)

Process Unit	Source ID	Unit Description	PAL Pollutant	Applicable Requirement Type	Applicable Requirement	Applicable Requirement Authority <sup>1,2</sup>
Powerhouse 2	GT No. 5 (G-3405)	Turbine; Produces Electricity	SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	• Oil max S content 0.2 wt%	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit (III)(D)(c) & (d)
					• G-1101E, G-1101F, G-1101G, G-3404, G-3405, G-3406, G-3407, G-3408, G-3409, G-3410 max oil 1,576,800 or 1,782,770 bbl/yr (scenario dependent)	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit (III)(D)(c) & (d)
					• G-3404, G-3405, G-3406, G-3407, G-3408, G-3409, and G-3410 max oil 1,314,000 or 1,277,208 bb;/yr (scenario dependent)	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit (III)(D)(c) & (d)
					• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 162 ppmv (3-hr)	• HOVENSA CD ¶34
					• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 60 ppmv (365-day)	• HOVENSA CD ¶34
					• Oil max S content 0.8 wt%	• 40 CFR 60 subpart A & GG
			NOx	Emissions Limit	• Gas: 160 ppmvd @ 15% O <sub>2</sub>	• 40 CFR 60 subpart A & GG
					• Oil: 152 ppmvd @ 15% O <sub>2</sub>	• 40 CFR 60 subpart A & GG
			PM	Emissions Limit	• 0.29 lb/mmBtu	• VIRR 12-09-204-23(b)(2) & (4)

Process Unit	Source ID	Unit Description	PAL Pollutant	Applicable Requirement Type	Applicable Requirement	Applicable Requirement Authority <sup>1,2</sup>
Powerhouse 2	GT No. 7 (G- 3407)	Turbine; Produces Electricity	SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	• Oil max S content 0.2 wt%	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit (III)(D)(c) & (d)
					• Oil max S content 0.1 wt%	• STX-895-AC-PO-18-2 Marine Loading Permit
					• G-1101E, G-1101F, G-1101G, G-3404, G-3405, G-3406, G-3407, G-3408, G-3409, G-3410 max oil 1,576,800 or 1,782,770 bbl/yr (scenario dependent)	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit (III)(D)(c) & (d)
					• G-3404, G-3405, G-3406, G-3407, G-3408, G-3409, and G-3410 max oil 1,314,000 or 1,277,208 bb;/yr (scenario dependent)	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit (III)(D)(c) & (d)
					• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 162 ppmv (3-hr)	• HOVENSA CD ¶34
					• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 60 ppmv (365-day)	• HOVENSA CD ¶34
					• Oil max S content 0.8 wt%	• 40 CFR 60 subpart A & GG
			$NO_X$	Emissions Limit	• Gas: 160 ppmvd @ 15% O <sub>2</sub>	• 40 CFR 60 subpart A & GG
					● Oil: 150 ppmvd @ 15% O <sub>2</sub>	• 40 CFR 60 subpart A & GG
			PM	Emissions Limit	• 0.29 lb/mmBtu	• VIRR 12-09-204-23(b)(2) & (4)

Process Unit	Source ID	Unit Description	PAL Pollutant	Applicable Requirement Type	Applicable Requirement	Applicable Requirement Authority <sup>1,2</sup>
Powerhouse 2	GT No. 8 (G- 3408)	Turbine; Produces Electricity	SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	• Oil max S content 0.2 wt%	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit (III)(D)(c) & (d)
					• Oil max S content 0.1 wt%	• STX-895-AC-PO-18-2 Marine Loading Permit
					• G-1101E, G-1101F, G-1101G, G-3404, G-3405, G-3408, G-3409, G-3400 max oil 1,782,770 bbl/yr	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit (III)(D)(c) & (d)
					• G-3404, G-3405, G-3406, G-3407, G-3408, G-3409, and G-3410 max oil 1,314,000 or 1,277,208 bb;/yr (scenario dependent)	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit (III)(D)(c) & (d)
					• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 162 ppmv (3-hr)	• HOVENSA CD ¶34
					• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 60 ppmv (365-day)	• HOVENSA CD ¶34
					• Oil max S content 0.8 wt%	• 40 CFR 60 subpart A & GG
			NOx	Emissions Limit	• Gas: 166 ppmvd @ 15% O <sub>2</sub>	• 40 CFR 60 subpart A & GG
					• Oil: 165 ppmvd @ 15% O <sub>2</sub>	• 40 CFR 60 subpart A & GG
			PM	Emissions Limit	• 0.27 lb/mmBtu	• VIRR 12-09-204-23(b)(2) & (4)
Powerhouse 2	GT No. 9 (G- 3409)	Turbine; Produces Electricity	All	Operating Limit	• 304 mmBtu/hr (annual)	• STX-557-J-K-05(C)(2), November 22, 2005
			All	Operating Limit	• Load > 50% except during periods of startup and shutdown	• STX-557-J-K-05(B)(2), November 22, 2005
					• Startup is defined as establishing 11 MW	• STX-557-J-K-05(C)(1), November 22, 2005
					Startup and shutdown shall not exceed a duration of 1-hr	• STX-557-J-K-05(C)(1), November 22, 2005

Process Unit	Source ID	Unit Description	PAL Pollutant	Applicable Requirement Type	Applicable Requirement	Applicable Requirement Authority <sup>1,2</sup>
			SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	• Oil max S content 0.2 wt%	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit (III)(D)(c) & (d)
					• Oil max S content 0.1 wt%	• STX-895-AC-PO-18-2 Marine Loading Permit
					• G-1101E, G-1101F, G-1101G, G-3404, G-3405, G-3406, G-3407, G-3408, G-3409, G-3410 max oil 1,576,800 or 1,782,770 bbl/yr (scenario dependent)	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit (III)(D)(c) & (d)
					• G-3404, G-3405, G-3406, G-3407, G-3408, G-3409, and G-3410 max oil 1,314,000 or 1,277,208 bb;/yr (scenario dependent)	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit (III)(D)(c) & (d)
					• Max oil 266,304 mmBtu/yr	• STX-557-J-K-05(A)(2), November 22, 2005
					• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 162 ppmv (3-hr)	• HOVENSA CD ¶34
					• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 60 ppmv (365-day)	• HOVENSA CD ¶34
					• Oil max S content 0.8 wt%	• 40 CFR 60 subpart A & GG
			$NO_X$	Emissions Limit	• Gas: 0.015(14.4/Y +F)	• 40 CFR 60 subpart A & GG
					• Oil: 0.15(14.4/Y) + F	• 40 CFR 60 subpart A & GG
					• 42 ppmvd @ 15% O <sub>2</sub>	• STX-557-J-K-05(B)(1), November 22, 2005
					• 57.0 lb/hr	• STX-557-J-K-05(B)(1), November 22, 2005
					• 150.2 TPY	• STX-557-J-K-05(B)(1), November 22, 2005

Process Unit	Source ID	Unit Description	PAL Pollutant	Applicable Requirement Type	Applicable Requirement	Applicable Requirement Authority <sup>1,2</sup>
			СО	Emissions Limit	• Gas: 206.5 ppmvd @15% O2	• [STX-557-J-K-05(B)(2), November 22, 2005
					• Gas: 94.0 lb/hr (Block hour)	• [STX-557-J-K-05(B)(2), November 22, 2005
					• Oil: 242 ppmvd @15% O <sub>2</sub>	• [STX-557-J-K-05(B)(2), November 22, 2005
					• Oil: 111 lb/hr (Block hour)	• [STX-557-J-K-05(B)(2), November 22, 2005
					• Gas & Oil: 44.1 TPY (365-day)	• [STX-557-J-K-05(B)(2), November 22, 2005
			PM	Emissions Limit	• 0.27 lb/mmBtu	• VIRR 12-09-204-23(b)(2) & (4)
			PM <sub>10</sub>	Emissions Limit	• Gas: 2.5 lb/hr	• STX-557-J-K-05(B)(3), November 22, 2005
					• Oil: 9.5 lb/hr	• STX-557-J-K-05(B)(3), November 22, 2005
Powerhouse 2	GT No. 10 (G- 3410)	Turbine; Produces Electricity	All	Emissions Limit	• 325 mmBtu/hr	• GT-10 PSD Permit (XII)(1)

Process Unit	Source ID	Unit Description	PAL Pollutant	Applicable Requirement Type	Applicable Requirement	Applicable Requirement Authority <sup>1,2</sup>
			SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	• Oil max S content 0.2 wt%	• GT-10 PSD Permit (VII)(1)
					• G-1101E, G-1101F, G-1101G, G-3404, G-3405, G-3406, G-3407, G-3408, G-3409, G-3410 max oil 1,576,800 or 1,782,770 bbl/yr (scenario dependent)	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit (III)(D)(c) & (d)
					• G-3404, G-3405, G-3406, G-3407, G-3408, G-3409, and G-3410 max oil 1,314,000 or 1,277,208 bb;/yr (scenario dependent)	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit (III)(D)(c) & (d)
					• Max oil 266,304 mmBtu/yr	• STX-557-J-K-05(A)(2), November 22, 2005
					• Oil: 876 hr/yr (365-day)	• GT-10 PSD Permit (VII)(2)
					• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 162 ppmv (3-hr)	• HOVENSA CD ¶34
					• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 60 ppmv (365-day)	• HOVENSA CD ¶34
					• Oil max S content 0.8 wt%	• 40 CFR 60 subpart A & GG
			$NO_X$	Emissions Limit	• Gas: 0.015(14.4/Y +F)	• 40 CFR 60 subpart A & GG
					• Oil: 0.15(14.4/Y) + F	• 40 CFR 60 subpart A & GG
					• 42 ppmvd @ 15% O <sub>2</sub>	• GT-10 PSD Permit (VII)(1)
					• 57.0 lb/hr	• GT-10 PSD Permit (VII)(1)
					• 150.2 TPY	• GT-10 PSD Permit (VII)(1)
				Operating Limit	• Load > 50% except during periods of startup and shutdown	• GT-10 PSD Permit (XII)(1)
			CO	Emissions Limit	• Gas: 206.5 ppmvd @15% O <sub>2</sub>	• GT-10 PSD Permit (VIII)(2)
					• Gas: 94.0 lb/hr (Block hour)	• GT-10 PSD Permit (VIII)(2)
					• Oil: 242 ppmvd @15% O <sub>2</sub>	• GT-10 PSD Permit (VIII)(2)
					• Oil: 111 lb/hr (Block hour)	• GT-10 PSD Permit (VIII)(2)
					• 44.1 TPY (365-day)	• GT-10 PSD Permit (VIII)(2)
			PM	Emissions Limit	• 0.10 lb/mmBtu	• VIRR 12-09-204-23(b)(2) & (4)

Process Unit	Source ID	Unit Description	PAL Pollutant	Applicable Requirement Type	Applicable Requirement	Applicable Requirement Authority <sup>1,2</sup>
			PM <sub>10</sub>	Emissions Limit	• Gas: 2.5 lb/hr	• GT-10 PSD Permit V(III)(3) & (X)(7)
					• Oil: 9.5 lb/hr	• GT-10 PSD Permit V(III)(3) & (X)(7)
GT No. 13 and Duct Burner	GT No. 13 (G-3413 & H-3413)	Turbine; Produces Electricity	All	Emissions Limit	• 356 mmBtu/hr	• LSFP PSD Permit VI.A.1
			All	Operating Limit	• Load > 60% except during periods of startup and shutdown	• LSFP PSD Permit VI.A.5.c
					• Startup shall not exceed: 4-hr for cold startups, 2-hr for warm startup and 1.5-hr for hot startup.	• PSD Permit VI.A.5.c
					Shutdown shall not exceed a duration of 1-hr	• LSFP PSD Permit VI.A.5.c
			All	Operating Limit	Max. hours the HRSG can be bypassed shall not exceed 720 hr/yr	• LSFP PSD Permit VI.A.4

Process Unit	Source ID	Unit Description	PAL Pollutant	Applicable Requirement Type	Applicable Requirement	Applicable Requirement Authority <sup>1,2</sup>
			SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	Gas w/DB:	
					• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 162 ppmv (3-hr)	• LSFP PSD Permit VII.A.3 & 40 CFR 60 subpart A and J
					• Fuel gas H <sub>2</sub> S 75 ppmv (24-hr) Gas w/o DB:	• LSFP PSD Permit VII.A.3
					• Oil max S 0.05 wt%	• LSFP PSD Permit VII.A.4
					• Max oil 74,947 bbl (12-mth) <u>Gas w/DB</u> :	• LSFP PSD Permit VII.A.5
					• 0.024 lb/mmBtu (3-hr)	• LSFP PSD Permit VIII.A.4.c&d
					• 15.0 lb/hr (3-hr)	• LSFP PSD Permit VIII.A.4.c&d
					• 0.011 lb/mmBtu (24-hr)	• LSFP PSD Permit VIII.A.4.c&d
					• 6.9 lb/hr (24-hr) Gas w/o DB:	• LSFP PSD Permit VIII.A.4.c&d
					• 0.024 lb/mmBtu (3-hr)	• LSFP PSD Permit VIII.A.4.c&d
					• 8.5 lb/hr (3-hr)	• LSFP PSD Permit VIII.A.4.c&d
					• 0.011 lb/mmBtu (24-hr)	• LSFP PSD Permit VIII.A.4.c&d
					• 3.9 lb/hr (24-hr) Oil w/DB:	• LSFP PSD Permit VIII.A.4.c&d
					• 0.041 lb/mmBtu (3-hr)	• LSFP PSD Permit VIII.A.4.c&d
					• 25.4 lb/hr (3-hr)	• LSFP PSD Permit VIII.A.4.c&d
					• 0.035 lb/mmBtu (24-hr)	• LSFP PSD Permit VIII.A.4.c&d
					• 21.9 lb/hr (24-hr) Oil w/o DB:	• LSFP PSD Permit VIII.A.4.c&d
					• 0.53 lb/mmBtu (3-hr)	• LSFP PSD Permit VIII.A.4.c&d
					• 18.9 lb/hr (3-hr)	• LSFP PSD Permit VIII.A.4.c&d
			NOx	Emissions Limit	• Gas: 13 ppmvd @ 15% O <sub>2</sub> & 0.0497 lb/mmBtu	• LSFP PSD Permit VIII.A.5.a&b
					• Oil: 20 ppmvd @ 15% O <sub>2</sub> & 0.0761 lb/mmBtu	• LSFP PSD Permit VIII.A.5.a&b
					During periods when the HRSG is bypassed 42 ppmvd @ 15% O2 and 0.16 lb/mmBtu	• LSFP PSD Permit VIII.A.5.d

Process Unit	Source ID	Unit Description	PAL Pollutant	Applicable Requirement Type	Applicable Requirement	Applicable Requirement Authority <sup>1,2</sup>
			СО	Emissions Limit	• 196 TPY (365-day)	• LSFP PSD Permit VIII.A.7
			PM	Emissions Limit	• 0.1 lb/mmBtu Gas w/DB:	• VIRR 12-09-204-23(b)(2)
					• 0.033 lb/mmBtu	• LSFP PSD Permit VIII.A.1.a-d
					• 20.5 lb/hr <u>Gas w/o DB</u> :	• LSFP PSD Permit VIII.A.1.a-d
					• 0.0096 lb/mmBtu	• LSFP PSD Permit VIII.A.1.a-d
					• 3.4 lb/hr Oil w/DB:	• LSFP PSD Permit VIII.A.1.a-d
					• 0.053 lb/mmBtu	• LSFP PSD Permit VIII.A.1.a-d
					• 33 lb/hr Oil w/o DB:	• LSFP PSD Permit VIII.A.1.a-d
					• 0.021 lb/mmBtu	• LSFP PSD Permit VIII.A.1.a-d
					● 7.5 lb/hr	• LSFP PSD Permit VIII.A.1.a-d
			$PM_{10}$	Emissions Limit	<u>Gas w/DB</u> :	
					• 0.037 lb/mmBtu	• LSFP PSD Permit VIII.A.2.a-d
					• 22.9 lb/hr <u>Gas w/o DB</u> :	• LSFP PSD Permit VIII.A.2.a-d
					• 0.016 lb/mmBtu	• LSFP PSD Permit VIII.A.2.a-d
					• 5.8 lb/hr Oil w/DB:	• LSFP PSD Permit VIII.A.2.a-d
					• 0.066 lb/mmBtu	• LSFP PSD Permit VIII.A.2.a-d
					• 41.0 lb/hr Oil w/o DB:	• LSFP PSD Permit VIII.A.2.a-d
					• 0.043 lb/mmBtu	• LSFP PSD Permit VIII.A.2.a-d
					• 15.4 lb/hr	• LSFP PSD Permit VIII.A.2.a-d
		Duct Burner Produced Steam	All	Emissions Limit	• 270.1 mmBtu/hr	• LSFP PSD Permit VI.A.3
Tank	TK-01PR	Internal Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1

Process Unit	Source ID	Unit Description	PAL Pollutant	Applicable Requirement Type	Applicable Requirement	Applicable Requirement Authority <sup>1,2</sup>
Tank	TK-02PR	Internal Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-03PR	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-04PR	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-05PR	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-06PR	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-07PR	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-0702	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-1066	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-1071	External Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-1118	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-1151	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-1156	Internal Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-1157	Internal Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-1201	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-1202	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-1203	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2

Process Unit	Source ID	Unit Description	PAL Pollutant	Applicable Requirement Type	Applicable Requirement	Applicable Requirement Authority <sup>1,2</sup>
Tank	TK-1204	Horizontal Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-1205	Horizontal Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-1206	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-1207	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-1208	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-1236	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-1301	Horizontal Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-1302	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-1304	Horizontal Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-1305	Horizontal Tank	VOC	Work Practice	Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-1401	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-1600	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-1621	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-1622	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-1626	Horizontal Tank	VOC	Work Practice	Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-1627	Horizontal Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1

Process Unit	Source ID	Unit Description	PAL Pollutant	Applicable Requirement Type	Applicable Requirement	Applicable Requirement Authority <sup>1,2</sup>
Tank	TK-1628	Horizontal Tank	VOC	Work Practice	Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-1629	Horizontal Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-1630	Horizontal Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-1631	Horizontal Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-1632	Horizontal Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-1633	Horizontal Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-1653	Horizontal Tank	VOC	Work Practice	Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-1663	External Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-2653	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-2654	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-3201	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-3202	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-3203	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-3204	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-3205	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-3208	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2

Process Unit	Source ID	Unit Description	PAL Pollutant	Applicable Requirement Type	Applicable Requirement	Applicable Requirement Authority <sup>1,2</sup>
Tank	TK-3209	Horizontal Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-3301	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-3302	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-3304	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-3305	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-3306	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-3384	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-3385	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-3386	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-4501	Internal Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-4502	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-4503	Internal Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-6801	External Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-6802	External Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-6803	External Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-6804	External Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1

Process Unit	Source ID	Unit Description	PAL Pollutant	Applicable Requirement Type	Applicable Requirement	Applicable Requirement Authority <sup>1,2</sup>
Tank	TK-6805	External Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-6806	External Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-6807	External Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-6808	External Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-6809	External Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-6810	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-6811	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-6812	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-6813	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-6814	External Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-6815	External Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-6816	External Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-6817	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-6818	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-6819	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-6820	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2

Process Unit	Source ID	Unit Description	PAL Pollutant	Applicable Requirement Type	Applicable Requirement	Applicable Requirement Authority <sup>1,2</sup>
Tank	TK-6821	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-6822	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-6823	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-6824	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-6825	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-6831	Internal Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-6832	Internal Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-6833	External Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-6834	External Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-6835	External Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-6836	External Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-6837	External Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-6838	External Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-6839	External Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-6840	External Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-6841	Internal Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1

Process Unit	Source ID	Unit Description	PAL Pollutant	Applicable Requirement Type	Applicable Requirement	Applicable Requirement Authority <sup>1,2</sup>
Tank	TK-6842	External Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-6843	Internal Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-6851	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-6852	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-6853	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-6854	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-6858	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-6859	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-6860	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-6871	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-6872	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-6873	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-6874	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-6875	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-6876	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-6877	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2

Process Unit	Source ID	Unit Description	PAL Pollutant	Applicable Requirement Type	Applicable Requirement	Applicable Requirement Authority <sup>1,2</sup>
Tank	TK-6880	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-6881	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-6883	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-6884	Internal Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-6887	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-6888	Internal Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-7051	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-7201	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-7206	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-7207	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-7208	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-7209	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-7210	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-7211	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-7301	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-7302	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2

Process Unit	Source ID	Unit Description	PAL Pollutant	Applicable Requirement Type	Applicable Requirement	Applicable Requirement Authority <sup>1,2</sup>
Tank	TK-7401	External Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-7402	External Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-7403	External Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-7404	External Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-7405	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-7406	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-7407	External Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-7408	External Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-7409	External Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-7410	External Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-7411	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-7412	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-7413	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-7414	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-7415	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-7416	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2

Process Unit	Source ID	Unit Description	PAL Pollutant	Applicable Requirement Type	Applicable Requirement	Applicable Requirement Authority <sup>1,2</sup>
Tank	TK-7417	Internal Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-7418	Internal Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-7421	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-7422	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-7423	External Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-7424	External Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-7425	Internal Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-7426	Internal Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-7427	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-7428	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-7429	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-7430	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-7431	Internal Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-7432	Internal Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-7433	Internal Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-7434	Internal Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1

Process Unit	Source ID	Unit Description	PAL Pollutant	Applicable Requirement Type	Applicable Requirement	Applicable Requirement Authority <sup>1,2</sup>
Tank	TK-7435	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-7436	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-7437	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-7438	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-7439	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-7440	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-7441	Internal Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-7443	External Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-7444	External Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-7445	External Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-7446	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-7447	External Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-7448	Internal Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-7449	External Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-7451	Internal Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-7452	Internal Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1

Process Unit	Source ID	Unit Description	PAL Pollutant	Applicable Requirement Type	Applicable Requirement	Applicable Requirement Authority <sup>1,2</sup>
Tank	TK-7453	Internal Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-7454	Internal Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-7455	External Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-7456	External Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-7501	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-7502	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-7503	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-7504	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-7505	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-7506	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-7507	External Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-7508	External Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-7509	External Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-7510	External Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-7511	External Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-7512	External Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1

Process Unit	Source ID	Unit Description	PAL Pollutant	Applicable Requirement Type	Applicable Requirement	Applicable Requirement Authority <sup>1,2</sup>
Tank	TK-7513	External Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-7514	External Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-7515	External Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-7516	External Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-7517	External Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-7521	Internal Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-7522	Internal Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-7523	Internal Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-7524	Internal Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-7525	Internal Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-7526	Internal Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-7528	Internal Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-7541	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-7542	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-7571	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-7601	Internal Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1

Process Unit	Source ID	Unit Description	PAL Pollutant	Applicable Requirement Type	Applicable Requirement	Applicable Requirement Authority <sup>1,2</sup>
Tank	TK-7602	Internal Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-7603	Internal Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-7604	Internal Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-7605	External Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-7933	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-7934	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-7943	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-7956	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-7966	Fixed Roof Tank (with Carbon Canisters)	VOC	Work Practice	Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-7973	External Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-7974	Internal Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-S-7974	External Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-7975	External Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-S-7975	External Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-7976	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2

Process Unit	Source ID	Unit Description	PAL Pollutant	Applicable Requirement Type	Applicable Requirement	Applicable Requirement Authority <sup>1,2</sup>
Tank	TK-7986	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-8001	Internal Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-8002	Internal Floating Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-8501	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TK-8503	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-8505	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-8508	Horizontal Tank			•	•
Tank	TK-8511	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-8701	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	UTT1	Fixed Roof Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 2
Tank	TK-D290 (frmly D1301)	Horizontal Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TKD-1609	Horizontal Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Tank	TKD-1610	Horizontal Tank	VOC	Work Practice	• Limit on Vp or Design/Control Requirement	• 40 CFR 63 subpart CC, Group 1
Seawater & Desal Water Pumps	PD-1602	Seawater intake pump Reciprocating engine driver	SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	• Max S content 0.2 wt%	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit (III)(D)(e)
			PM	Emissions Limit	• 0.86 lb/mmBtu	• VIRR 12-09-204-23(b)(4)

Process Unit	Source ID	Unit Description	PAL Pollutant	Applicable Requirement Type	Applicable Requirement	Applicable Requirement Authority <sup>1,2</sup>
Seawater & Desal Water Pumps	PD-1603	Seawater intake pump Reciprocating engine driver	SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	• Max S content 0.2 wt%	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit (III)(D)(e)
			PM	Emissions Limit	• 0.86 lb/mmBtu	• VIRR 12-09-204-23(b)(4)
Seawater & Desal Water Pumps	PD-1604	Seawater intake pump Reciprocating engine driver	SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	• Max S content 0.2 wt%	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit (III)(D)(e)
			PM	Emissions Limit	• 0.86 lb/mmBtu	• VIRR 12-09-204-23(b)(4)
Seawater & Desal Water Pumps	PD-1605	Seawater intake pump Reciprocating engine driver	SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	• Max S content 0.2 wt%	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit (III)(D)(e)
			PM	Emissions Limit	• 0.86 lb/mmBtu	• VIRR 12-09-204-23(b)(4)
Seawater & Desal Water Pumps	PD-1620	Seawater intake pump Reciprocating engine driver	SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	• Max S content 0.2 wt%	• 2011 FCCU PSD Permit (III)(D)(e)
			PM	Emissions Limit	• 0.94 lb/mmBtu	• VIRR 12-09-204-23(b)(4)
Marine Loading	Unit No. 1600	Ship loading and unloading	All	Operating Limit	Marine loading from Terminal Storage operations shall be limited to on a rolling monthly basis to:     127.1 mmbbl/yr crude oils     79.0 mmbbl/yr gasoline/gasoline blendstocks     168.7 mmbbl/yr of other	• STX-895-AC-PO-18-2 Marine Loading Permit III.B.3(a)(i) through (iii)
			VOC	Emissions Limit	commodities • 2000 TPY (12-month)	• STX-895-AC-PO-18-2 Marine Loading Permit III.B.1(a)

Process Unit	Source ID	Unit Description	PAL Pollutant	Applicable Requirement Type	Applicable Requirement	Applicable Requirement Authority 1,2
			NOx	Emissions Limit	• H-1612: 0.02 lb/mmBtu	• STX-895-AC-PO-18-2 Marine Loading Permit III.B.2.(c)i
					• H-1612: 1.5 TPY	• STX-895-AC-PO-18-2 Marine Loading Permit III.C.1
			СО	Emissions Limit	<ul><li>H-1612: 0.02 lb/mmBtu</li><li>H1612: 2.0 TPY</li></ul>	• STX-895-AC-PO-18-2 Marine Loading Permit III.B.2.(c)ii
			SO <sub>2</sub>	Emissions Limit	• H-1612: < 1.0 TPY	• STX-895-AC-PO-18-2 Marine Loading Permit III.C.1
			PM <sub>10</sub>	Emissions Limit	● H-1612: < 1.0 TPY	• STX-895-AC-PO-18-2 Marine Loading Permit III.C.1
			PM <sub>2.5</sub>	Emissions Limit	● H-1612: < 1.0 TPY	• STX-895-AC-PO-18-2 Marine Loading Permit III.C.1
Truck loading rack	Unit No. 1651	Dispense liquid & gaseous fuel to	VOC	Emissions Limit & Design	• 35 mg Total Organic Compounds/L loaded	• STX-557-H-00(III)(C), September 18, 2000
		tank trucks			Submerged fill and vapors directed to vapor recovery unit	• Truck Loading Facility Permit No. 414-96(h), July 25, 1996
					• 10 mg Total Organic Compounds/L loaded	• 40 CFR 63 subparts A and CC

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> References to HOVENSA CD with a paragraph (¶) number cited are to the location within the consent decree (CD) between the United States, HOVENSA, LLC and the U.S.V.I.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The applicable requirement authority references to 2011 FCCU PSD Permit are to what is referred to as the 2009 PSD Permit in the 2010 Title V operating permit. This permit was updated as part of a project at the sulfuric acid plant in 2011.

## 4.0 CALCULATION OF BASELINE ACTUAL EMISSIONS

In accordance with 40 CFR 52.21(aa)(3)(ii), this section of the permit application summarizes the calculations performed by Limetree Bay Terminals and Refining to determine baseline actual emissions ("BAE") and the proposed PAL levels.

## 4.1 BASELINE ACTUAL EMISSIONS

The pertinent parts of the definition of this term, as provided in 40 CFR 52.21(b)(48), are as follows:

"Baseline actual emissions" means the rate of emissions, in tons per year, of a regulated NSR pollutant, as determined in accordance with paragraphs (b)(48)(i) through (iv) of this section:

\*

\*

- ii. For an existing emissions unit (other than an electric utility steam generating unit), baseline actual emissions means the average rate, in tons per year, at which the emissions unit actually emitted the pollutant during any consecutive 24-month period selected by the owner or operator within the 10-year period immediately preceding either the date the owner or operator begins actual construction of the project, or the date a complete permit application is received by the Administrator for a permit required under this section or by the reviewing authority for a permit required by a plan, whichever is earlier, except that the 10-year period shall not include any period earlier than November 15, 1990.
  - (a) The average rate shall include fugitive emissions to the extent quantifiable, and emissions associated with startups, shutdowns, and malfunctions.
  - (b) The average rate shall be adjusted downward to exclude any non-compliant emissions that occurred while the source was operating above an emission limitation that was legally enforceable during the consecutive 24-month period.
  - (c) The average rate shall be adjusted downward to exclude any emissions that would have exceeded an emission limitation with which the major stationary source must currently comply, had such major stationary source been required to comply with such limitations during the consecutive 24-month period. However, if an emission limitation is part of a maximum achievable control technology standard that the Administrator proposed or promulgated under part 63 of this chapter, the baseline actual emissions need only be adjusted if the State has taken credit for such emissions reductions in an attainment demonstration or maintenance plan consistent with the requirements of §51.165(a)(3)(ii)(G) of this chapter.

- (d) For a regulated NSR pollutant, when a project involves multiple emissions units, only one consecutive 24-month period must be used to determine the baseline actual emissions for all the emissions units being changed. A different consecutive 24-month period can be used for each regulated NSR pollutant.
- (e) The average rate shall not be based on any consecutive 24-month period for which there is inadequate information for determining annual emissions, in tons per year, and for adjusting this amount if required by paragraphs (b)(48)(ii)(b) and (c) of this section.
- iii. For a new emissions unit, the baseline actual emissions for purposes of determining the emissions increase that will result from the initial construction and operation of such unit shall equal zero; and thereafter, for all other purposes, shall equal the unit's potential to emit.

iv. For a PAL for a stationary source, the baseline actual emissions shall be calculated for existing electric utility steam generating units in accordance with the procedures contained in paragraph (b)(48)(i) of this section, for other existing emissions units in accordance with the procedures contained in paragraph (b)(48)(ii) of this section, and for a new emissions unit in accordance with the procedures contained in paragraph (b)(48)(iii) of this section.

For purposes of this application, the same consecutive 24-month baseline period was selected as the basis for determining the BAE for each of the proposed PAL pollutants: January 2009 – December 2010.

With two categories of exceptions, the BAE for each of the PAL pollutants, for each of the emissions units identified in Section 2.0, are documented in Appendix B, respectively. The first exception is for permanently shut down emissions units: In accordance with 40 CFR 52.21(aa)(6)(i), the BAE of these units is omitted from (*i.e.*, does not contribute to) the PAL, so those values are not documented in Appendix B. The second exception is for newly constructed units: In accordance with 40 CFR 52.21(aa)(6)(ii), emissions of a PAL pollutant from newly constructed units (*i.e.*, emissions units on which actual construction began after the baseline period for that PAL pollutant) are based on PTE. For these units, the PTE rather than the BAE is documented in Appendix B.

In Appendix B the following specific information is provided for each emissions unit for each PAL pollutant:

Source ID, Source Description, and Unit Status: Source ID and descriptions are as listed in Table 2-2. The Unit Status denotes whether the unit is considered existing, permanently shut down, or newly constructed with respect to the selected baseline period. The units that have been permanently shut down were previously identified in Table 2-2.

<u>BAE (TPY)</u>: For existing units, which have not been permanently shut down and which are not considered to be newly constructed, the BAE value is the emissions unit's average

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annual emissions in TPY for the selected baseline period, including any downward adjustments for non-compliant emissions during the baseline period or for limits with which Limetree Bay Terminals and Refining must currently comply. For units identified as new or newly constructed, the listed value is the emissions unit's PTE in TPY.

<u>BAE Supporting Documentation</u>: A cross-reference to the BAE supporting documentation that is contained in Section 4.3 is provided.

## 4.2 GENERAL BAE CALCULATION AND ADJUSTMENT APPROACH

The unadjusted BAE for the proposed PAL pollutants from the facility for the selected 24-month period (January 2009 – December 2010) were determined using best available emissions determination methods. Except for a limited set of emissions unit/PAL pollutant combinations, the emissions determination methods used to determine the BAE are consistent with the methods used for emissions inventory reporting during the selected baseline period.

Methods used to determine the unadjusted BAE rates fall into one of the following categories:

- Continuous Emissions Monitoring System ("CEMS");
- Emission factors based on measured or stack test data;
- Vendor-supplied emission factors;
- AP-42 emission factors; and,
- Engineering Calculations.

Unadjusted BAE values for each emissions unit and for each proposed PAL pollutant were evaluated to determine if downward adjustments were required pursuant to 40 CFR 52.21(b)(48)(ii). The current applicable requirements, emission limitations and work practices documented in Table 3-1 were used to identify any emission limitations that became effective during or after the baseline period ("newly applicable requirements"). Unadjusted BAE from emissions unit/PAL pollutant combinations subject to newly applicable requirements were evaluated against those requirements and any required downward adjustments to BAE were made in accordance with 40 CFR 52.21(b)(48)(ii)(c) under the definition of BAE. Limetree Bay Terminals and Refining determined that the currently applicable requirements are equal to or more stringent than the requirements that existed during the baseline period. Therefore, downward adjustments made with respect to current applicable requirements are assumed to include any non-compliant emissions during the baseline period.

Additional details and supporting documentation for the BAE calculation and any adjustments are provided in Section 4.3 by PAL emissions unit or PAL emissions unit category. There are no new emissions units on which actual construction began after the selected baseline period.

## 4.3 BAE CALCULATION SUPPORTING DOCUMENTATION

The BAE calculation and adjustment supporting documentation is contained in the following sub-sections, organized by the following categories of PAL emissions units:

- Fluid Catalytic Cracking Unit ("FCCU")
- Heaters, Boilers, Gas Turbines, and Reciprocating Engines
- Sulfur Recovery Plants ("SRP")
- Flares
- Tanks
- Delayed Coker Steam Vent
- Platformer Vents
- Acid Plant
- Process Fugitives
- Wastewater Treatment
- Truck Loading Racks and Fuel Pumps
- Marine Loading
- Material Handling
- Road Traffic
- Painting
- Fire Training

As described in Section 4.2, the unadjusted PAL pollutant BAE rates from each emissions unit were evaluated to identify any non-compliant emissions during the baseline period and emissions in excess of newly applicable limits and to make corresponding downward adjustments as required. The procedure for making such downward adjustments to the unadjusted BAE was as follows:

- 1. Identify newly applicable limits, including the form of the limit (*e.g.*, ppm, MMBtu/hr, lb/MMBtu, lb/hr, or TPY), any exemptions from the limit (*e.g.*, emissions due to startup, shutdown, or malfunction) and averaging time;
- 2. Compare the unadjusted BAE data against any identified newly applicable limit consistent with the form and averaging time of the limit and applicable time period (in the case of limits that became effective during the baseline period);
- 3. Adjust downward any emissions that were in excess of newly applicable limits; and,
- 4. Calculate BAE with all required downward adjustments.

#### 4.3.1 FCCU

This section describes the calculations used to determine the PAL pollutant BAE from the FCCU (STK-7051).

**SO<sub>2</sub>, NO<sub>x</sub>, and CO**: Per requirements in the Title V operating permit ("TVOP"), SO<sub>2</sub>, NO<sub>x</sub>, and CO are monitored by a CEMS. The unadjusted BAE rates for CO, NO<sub>x</sub>, and SO<sub>2</sub> were determined by multiplying the concentration data and the estimated daily average exhaust gas flow rate. The daily average exhaust gas flow rate was determined by using a fresh feed to exhaust gas flow rate correlation derived from available stack test data. Daily and monthly emissions were determined by summing the hourly average emissions. The BAE rate represents the annual average emissions during the selected 24-month baseline period.

As shown in Table 3-1, the FCCU (STK-7051) is subject to the following limits and standards:

<u>SO2</u>: The FCCU (STK-7051) is subject to concentration and mass rate limits. The more stringent limits are the concentration-based limits of 16 ppmvd and 25 ppmvd @ 0% O<sub>2</sub> on a 365 and seven (7) day rolling average basis, respectively. The concentration-based limits and the mass-based emissions limits are the result of a PSD permitting action. The mass-based limits are less stringent than the concentration-based limits because the exhaust gas flow rate used to determine the mass-based limits represents the FCCU's maximum exhaust rate. The less stringent 50 ppmvd @ 0% O<sub>2</sub> (7-day roll) is the subpart J 40 CFR 60.104 SO<sub>2</sub> standards. None of the unadjusted SO<sub>2</sub> emissions during the selected baseline period were determined to be non-compliant or in excess of applicable limits; therefore, no adjustments were performed.

<u>NO<sub>X</sub></u>: The FCCU (STK-7051) is subject to three concentration-based and one mass-based emissions limits. For the same reason as the SO<sub>2</sub> limit the most stringent limits are the concentration-based limits (i.e., 20 ppmvd and 40 ppmvd @ 0% O<sub>2</sub> on a 365 and seven (7) day rolling average basis, respectively. None of the unadjusted NO<sub>X</sub> emissions during the selected baseline period were determined to be non-compliant or in excess of applicable limits; therefore, no adjustments were performed.

CO: The FCCU (STK-7051) is subject to NSPS subpart J 40 CFR 60.103 and NESHAP subpart UUU 40 CFR 63.1565 standards for CO emissions, as well as, concentration and mass-based permit limits. Compliance with permitted concentration-based limits was determined to be compliance with subpart UUU in accordance with 40 CFR 63.1565. For the same reason as the SO<sub>2</sub> limits, the concentration-based limit was determined to be the most stringent. As a result, hourly CO concentration data were evaluated to determine periods where the measured CO concentration exceeded the more stringent concentration-based CO limit. Non-compliant hourly or annual emissions during the baseline period were identified and downwardly adjusted to the applicable limit.

**PM/PM<sub>10</sub>/PM<sub>2.5</sub>**: The TVOP requires that the PM and PM<sub>10</sub> emissions rates be determined through stack testing as a function of the unit's coke burn-off rate. The coke burn-off rate-based PM and PM<sub>10</sub> rates were multiplied by the coke burn-off rate to determine the hourly PM and PM<sub>10</sub> mass emissions rates. These rates were then summed to determine the annual PM and PM<sub>10</sub> emissions rate. To determine a similar coke burn-off rate based PM<sub>2.5</sub> factor, the portion of filterable PM assumed to be PM<sub>2.5</sub> was 80%.<sup>5</sup>

When the stack test-based emissions factors are applied to the measure coke burn-off rate during the baseline period the mass emissions rate from the FCCU (STK-7051) were determined to be compliant with the mass-based emission limits. As a result, no downward adjustments were required to meet the applicable standards. Further, no emissions in excess of the facility's hourly and annual maximum permitted rates for PM/PM<sub>10</sub> pursuant to the current operation permit were identified, therefore, no downward adjustments were made.

**VOC:** The FCCU (STK-7051) is subject to a concentration-based limit but there is no stack testing requirement included in the TVOP or underlying PSD permit. A stack test to determine the VOC concentration was performed in May/June 1998. The results from this stack test were compliant with the concentration-based limit. The 1998 stack test results were used to determine the hourly VOC emissions rate by correcting the measured VOC concentration to the measured oxygen level and applying it the hourly flow rate. Daily and monthly emissions were determined by summing the hourly average emissions. The BAE rate represents the annual average emissions during the selected 24-month baseline period. Because the VOC factor was derived from a stack test that was compliant with the limit no downward adjustments were made.

## 4.3.2 Heaters, Boilers, Gas Turbines, and Reciprocating Engines

This section describes the calculations used to determine the PAL pollutant BAE from the heaters, boilers, gas turbines, and reciprocating engines.

<u>SO2</u>: For the heaters, boilers, gas turbines, and reciprocating engines identified in Table 2-2, the unadjusted SO<sub>2</sub> BAE rates were determined based on a combination of fuel flow rate, fuel sulfur content, and fuel heat content data depending upon the fuel fired. For heaters and reciprocating engines gaseous fuel flow rate is measured at the process unit level. The fuel rate at a given heater or reciprocating engine is then determined by allocating the process unit fuel rate data based on the design heat input of a given heater/engine relative to the overall process unit's design heat input rate (*i.e.*, the sum of the heater/engine design heat inputs for that unit). The fuel flow rate to boilers and gas turbines is measured at the emissions unit level. The sulfur

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Table 5-2, Emission Estimation Protocol for Petroleum Refineries (Version 3, April 2015)

content/SO<sub>2</sub> emissions factor applied to the fuel flow rate/heat input rate for a given heater, boiler, gas turbine or reciprocating engine were determined as follows:

- <u>Fuel Gas</u>: Hydrogen disulfide ("H<sub>2</sub>S") and other reduced sulfur compound (*e.g.*, carbonyl sulfide and carbon disulfide) content data are combined to determine the total sulfur content. The total sulfur content is used as the basis for the emission factor (*i.e.*, lb SO<sub>2</sub>/mmscf) that is applied to the fuel flow rate/heat content data.
- <u>Liquid Propane Gas ("LPG")</u>: The appropriate emissions factor from U.S. EPA AP-42 Table 3.2-2 for reciprocating engines and Table 3.1-2a for gas turbines is applied to the fuel rate data.
- <u>Fuel Oil and Distillate</u>: The appropriate emissions factor from U.S. EPA AP-42 Table 1.3.1 for fuel oil and Tables 3.1-2a and 3.3-1 for distillate firing in gas turbines and reciprocating engines, respectively, is applied to the fuel rate data.

The heaters, boilers, gas turbines, and reciprocating engines are subject to either the NSPS subpart J or Ja standards for H<sub>2</sub>S (as specified in the Consent Decree) at 40 CFR 60.104 and 60.102a, respectively, for fuel gas combustion devices, as well as, hourly and annual maximum SO<sub>2</sub> emissions limits in the current TVOP (see Table 3-1). To satisfy the requirement to downwardly adjust the BAE to exclude any emissions not in compliance with these standards, samples measuring greater than 162 ppm H<sub>2</sub>S were removed from the data used to generate the average H<sub>2</sub>S fuel content during the baseline period. The annual average of the fuel gas subject under the consent decree to subpart Ja was determined to be less than 60 ppm H<sub>2</sub>S. As a result, no further adjustments were required in accordance with the annual SO<sub>2</sub> limit. For those units with fuel use limits, the fuel rate data was checked against the limit to determine any periods requiring a downward adjustment. No further adjustments were required in accordance with any fuel use limit.

As noted in Table 3-1, the heaters and boilers are subject to oil usage and sulfur content requirements. Compliance with these requirements was determined and where required downward adjustments were implemented.

NO<sub>X</sub>, VOC, CO, and PM/PM<sub>10</sub>/PM<sub>2.5</sub>: The unadjusted BAE rates for NO<sub>X</sub>, VOC, CO, and PM/PM<sub>10</sub>/PM<sub>2.5</sub> were determined based on hourly fuel flow rate and fuel heat content and emission factors based on available stack test data, vendor guarantees, or appropriate AP-42 emissions factors. Emissions were determined by applying the appropriate emission factor to the calculated fuel firing rate in MMBtu/hr. The unadjusted BAE pollutant rate for each emissions unit represents the annual average emissions during the selected 24-month baseline period.

NO<sub>X</sub>, VOC, CO, and PM/PM<sub>10</sub>/PM<sub>2.5</sub> emissions from the heaters, boilers, gas turbines, and reciprocating engines were adjusted accordingly for those periods when the units were operating

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in excess of any applicable requirements listed in Table 3-1. Some of the heaters and gas turbines are subject to hourly NO<sub>X</sub>, VOC, CO, and PM/PM<sub>10</sub>/PM<sub>2.5</sub> limits in the current TVOP. No emissions in excess of the hourly permitted rates for NO<sub>X</sub>, CO, PM, PM<sub>10</sub> and PM<sub>2.5</sub> pursuant to the current TVOP were identified for the heaters and boilers, therefore, no downward adjustments were performed. Emissions of CO and NO<sub>X</sub> in excess of hourly limits for Gas Turbines #9 and #10 were identified and were either downwardly adjusted to the applicable limits or set to zero, data permitting.

Boilers 5, 8, and 9 are subject to the applicable subpart D standard for NO<sub>X</sub> at 40 CFR 60.44 and some of the boilers are subject to lb/MMBtu and hourly NO<sub>X</sub> limits in the current TVOP. The NO<sub>X</sub> emissions from Boiler 10 are monitored using a CEMS. No downward adjustments required beyond those associated with becoming subject to the NSPS subpart D NO<sub>X</sub> standard were required on Boilers 5, 8, and 9. For Boiler 10 downward adjustments were made to the unadjusted NO<sub>X</sub> emissions to account for noncompliance with the applicable limits. No emissions in excess of the hourly permitted rates for CO, PM, PM<sub>10</sub> and PM<sub>2.5</sub> pursuant to the current TVOP were identified, therefore, no downward adjustments were performed.

## 4.3.3 Sulfur Recovery Plants ("SRP")

As shown in Table 2-2, emissions from the East and West sulfur recovery plants (SRPs) comprise emissions from the Claus Sulfur Recovery Units, Beavon Units, SRP incinerators (thermal oxidizers), sulfur pits, and Beavon Cooling Towers. The sulfur storage areas are considered separate emission units.

**Beavon Units:** The Beavon units are primarily a source of reduced sulfur compounds. PAL limits are not proposed for reduced sulfur compounds, so the BAE of these compounds was not determined. The emissions rate of other pollutants result from combustion in the Claus Unit thermal combustor and hydrogenation reactor in the Beavon Units. Emissions of these pollutants were determined using concentration and gas flow rate data. There are no applicable emissions limits for these other pollutants, so no downward adjustment was needed.

**SRP Incinerators:** This section describes the calculations used to determine the PAL pollutant BAE from the SRP incinerators.

<u>SO</u><sub>2</sub>: The unadjusted SO<sub>2</sub> emissions from the SRP incinerators were determined based on the fuel rate of the supplemental fuel fired at the incinerator, fuel sulfur content, and heat content of the fuel, and engineering estimates of the rate of total reduced sulfur ("TRS") flow to the incinerators during periods when the Beavon Units were undergoing startup and shutdown or a Beavon unit was bypassed to the incinerator due to an upset or maintenance. Monthly emissions were determined by summing the daily emissions in a

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calendar month. The BAE rate represents the annual average emissions during the selected 24-month baseline period.

The supplemental fuel that is fired into the East and West SRP incinerators are subject to the subpart J and Ja fuel gas standard for sulfur oxides at 40 CFR 60.104(a)(1) and 102a(g)(1)(ii), respectively. SO<sub>2</sub> emissions were downwardly adjusted as described above for heaters and boilers. No downward adjustments were needed to account for the daily mass emission rate limit in the TVOP.

NO<sub>X</sub>, VOC, CO, PM/PM<sub>10</sub>/PM<sub>2.5</sub>: The unadjusted BAE rates for NO<sub>X</sub>, VOC, CO, and PM/PM<sub>10</sub>/PM<sub>2.5</sub> were determined based on monthly fuel usage data during the selected baseline period and US EPA AP-42 emission factors for natural gas combustion. Emissions were determined by applying the appropriate emissions factor to the measured monthly fuel firing rate. The unadjusted BAE pollutant rate for each emissions unit represents the annual average emissions during the selected 24-month baseline period.

None of the unadjusted NO<sub>X</sub>, VOC, CO, and PM/PM<sub>10</sub>/PM<sub>2.5</sub> emissions during the selected baseline period were determined to be non-compliant or in excess of the applicable limits presented in Table 3-1; therefore, no adjustments were made.

**Sulfur Pits:** The unadjusted BAE rates for PM/PM<sub>10</sub>/PM<sub>2.5</sub> were determined based on a measured rate of PM/PM<sub>10</sub>/PM<sub>2.5</sub> exiting each of the sulfur pit vents and the recorded annual utilization of each pit. This rate was downwardly adjusted to account for the capture efficiency of the sulfur pit control (*i.e.*, 98%). This control is being implemented to comply with the currently applicable NSPS subpart Ja standard.

**Beavon Cooling Towers:** The unadjusted BAE rates for PM/PM<sub>10</sub>/PM<sub>2.5</sub> were determined based on each towers circulation rate, concentration of total dissolved solids, drift factor, and application of the Reisman & Frisbie particle size distribution data. There are no applicable PM/PM<sub>10</sub>/PM<sub>2.5</sub> limits in the TVOP, so no downward adjustments are required.

#### **4.3.4** Flares

This section describes the calculations used to determine the PAL pollutant BAE from the Flares.

<u>SO</u><sub>2</sub>: The unadjusted BAE rates were determined based on a combination of fuel flow rate and an estimate of the TRS content. The sulfur content estimate that is used was derived to support development of the work practice requirements for flares in NSPS subpart Ja.<sup>6</sup>

Pursuant to subpart Ja 40 CFR 60.103a(h), no fuel gas that contains H<sub>2</sub>S in excess of 162 ppm determined on a 3-hour rolling average basis can be burned in the flares. Accordingly, for any period where the H<sub>2</sub>S concentration was in excess of this limit, the total sulfur concentration would need to be reduced by the amount of the exceedance. As noted in footnote 6, the TRS content 163 ppmv was used to determine the rate of SO<sub>2</sub> emissions form the flares. Available data indicates that some portion of that amount is due to compounds other than H<sub>2</sub>S. As a result, no downward adjustment was performed. Exceedances resulting from relief valve leaks or other upsets are exempt from the subpart Ja limit. As a result, during periods of upsets, no downward adjustments were required.

CO, NO<sub>X</sub>, PM/PM<sub>10</sub>/PM<sub>2.5</sub>: The unadjusted BAE rates for CO, NO<sub>X</sub>, and PM/PM<sub>10</sub>/PM<sub>2.5</sub>, emissions from the flares presented in Table 2-2, were determined based on AP-42 emissions factors for industrial flares, daily flare header flow rate, and available flare gas composition data, which was used to determine the heat content. Daily emissions were determined by applying the AP-42 emission factors to the calculated heat input. The flares are not subject to any applicable CO, NO<sub>X</sub>, and PM/PM<sub>10</sub>/PM<sub>2.5</sub> emissions limits so no downward adjustments were required.

<u>VOC</u>: The unadjusted BAE rates for VOC emissions from the flares presented in Table 2-2, were determined by using the daily header flow rate, available flare gas composition, and a 98 percent VOC destruction efficiency. The flares are not subject to any applicable VOC emissions limits so no downward adjustments were required.

#### 4.3.5 Tanks

This section describes the calculations used to determine BAE of VOC emissions from the non-pressurized storage tanks listed in Table 2-2. The unadjusted BAE for each tank was determined using the methodology in AP-42, Fifth Edition, Volume I, Chapter 7 dated November 2006, entitled "Organic Liquid Storage Tanks." To accomplish this the 2009/2010 throughput and temperature records were used along with tank specific design and materials critical property data. Where applicable, emissions from tank roof landings during the baseline period were

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> See page 9 of EPA-HQ-OAR-2007-0011-0378, "Impact Estimates for Fuel Gas Combustion Device and Flare Regulatory Options for Amendments to the Petroleum Refinery NSPS," flare gas without contributions from a coker had an average total sulfur content of 163 ppmv and flare gas with contributions from a coker had an average concentration of 464 ppmv. For purposes of this application, a concentration of 163 ppmv was conservatively used to determine the mass-based SO<sub>2</sub> emissions from the flares.

added to the normal emissions from the tanks. Emissions of PM and CO from TK-8501, pitch storage tank, were calculated using information provided in AP-42, Fifth Edition, Volume I, Chapter 11.1.

The currently applicable requirements for tanks that are subject to the NSPS subpart K, Ka or Kb standards include a limit on tank VOC true vapor pressure of 11 psia for floating roof tanks. A downward adjustment was made to the unadjusted VOC BAE to account for this currently applicable requirement.

#### 4.3.6 Platformer Vents

This section describes the calculations used to determine unadjusted SO<sub>2</sub>, CO and VOC BAE rates from the Platformer Vents identified in Table 2-2. As shown, there are Catalyst Regenerator Vents located on #2 Plat, #3 Plat, and #4 Plat. The SO<sub>2</sub> and CO BAE rates were determined based on the given platformer unit's design capacity, annual utilization, and a site-specific emissions factors developed from data collected as part of EPA's information collection request. The VOC BAE rate was determined by using the design capacity, annual utilization, and an emissions factor developed by EPA.<sup>7</sup>

#### 4.3.7 Sulfuric Acid Plant

This section describes the calculations used to determine the PAL pollutant BAE rates from the Sulfuric Acid Plant (SAP). As shown in Table 2-2, the SAP is composed of two emission units, the process heater emissions unit, which includes the SAP process air heater, converter heater, and startup heater and exhausts through one stack (STK-7801) and the SAP process unit, which exhausts through a separate stack (STK-7802).

# The BAE emission rates from the process heater emissions unit were determined as follows:

<u>SO2</u>: The unadjusted hourly BAE rates were determined based on a combination of fuel flow rate, CEMS based H<sub>2</sub>S content of the fuel, and fuel heat content. The process heater emission unit is subject to the NSPS subpart J SO<sub>2</sub> standard at 40 CFR 60.104 (*i.e.*, the 162 ppmv H<sub>2</sub>S standard for fuel gas combustion devices), as well as, hourly and annual mass-based emission limits (see Table 3-1). The hourly and annual mass-based emissions limits are based on operation of the heaters at their maximum heat input rate while firing NSPS subpart J compliant fuel gas. Based on a review of the CEMS based H<sub>2</sub>S emissions and hourly mass-based emissions rate data, periods of noncompliance were identified. As a result, downward adjustments to the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Emissions Estimation Protocol for Petroleum Refineries, Version 3, April 2015, Table 5-6, page 5-19.

unadjusted BAE rates were required. The monthly emissions were determined by summing the hourly emissions in a calendar month excluding emissions from any hour where the limit was exceeded. The BAE rate represents the annual average emissions during the selected 24-month baseline period.

CO, NO<sub>X</sub>, PM/PM<sub>10</sub>/PM<sub>2.5</sub>, and VOC: The unadjusted hourly BAE rates were determined based on a combination of fuel flow rate, stack test-based emissions factors, and fuel heat content. The stack test-based emissions factors were derived from the most recent performance test during which compliance with each of the limits was demonstrated. The process heater emission unit is subject to concentration and mass-based emissions limits for NO<sub>X</sub>, CO, and VOC. Based on a review of the performance test results and hourly mass-based emissions rates derived using the performance test-based emission factors no periods of noncompliance were identified. As a result, no downward adjustments to the unadjusted hourly BAE rates were required. The monthly emissions were determined by summing the hourly emissions in a calendar month. The BAE rate represents the annual average emissions during the selected 24-month baseline period.

## The BAE rates from the SAP process unit emissions unit were determined as follows:

**SO2:** The unadjusted BAE rates were determined based on CEMS based SO2 and exhaust gas flowrate.

As described in Section 4.2, unadjusted SO<sub>2</sub> BAE rates were evaluated to identify: 1) any BAE estimates that are in excess of newly applicable emissions limits (including work practices where appropriate) and; 2) any non-compliant emissions during the baseline period that are included in the unadjusted BAE estimates. As a result, emissions that were noncompliant with the current emissions limits were downwardly adjusted from the unadjusted values.

<u>NOx</u>: The unadjusted NO<sub>X</sub> BAE rates were determined based on an hourly rate derived from a stack test (*i.e.*, performance test) and the hours of operation.

As described in Section 4.2, unadjusted  $NO_X$  BAE rates were evaluated to identify: 1) any BAE estimates that are in excess of newly applicable emissions limits (including work practices where appropriate) and; 2) any non-compliant emissions during the baseline period that are included in the unadjusted BAE estimates. The performance test results were compliant with the permitted  $NO_X$  limits, so no downward adjustments were performed.

#### 4.3.8 Delayed Coker Vent

This section describes the calculations used to determine the PAL pollutant BAE from the Delayed Coker steam vent. The unadjusted BAE of PM/PM<sub>10</sub>/PM<sub>2.5</sub>, VOC, and CO emissions

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from the Coker steam vent are based on the annual number of coke drum cycles and per cycle emissions factors developed based on stack testing performed on this vent. As shown in Table 3-1, the steam vent is subject to a work practice requirement that the coke drum not be vented to the atmosphere until the pressure in the drum has reached a pressure of 2 psig or less. This requirement occurred subsequent to the baseline period of 2009/2010, so the unadjusted emissions have been downwardly adjusted using updated emissions factors that are representative of the emissions per cycle when the drum is vented at a pressure of 2 psig.

## 4.3.9 Process Fugitives

Process fugitives includes fugitive emissions from potentially leaking equipment such as pumps, valves, connectors, pressure relief devices, open-ended lines, sampling connections and compressors as well as emissions from process drains and other wastewater treatment equipment. This section describes the calculations used to determine BAE of VOC emissions from process fugitives presented in Table 2-2. Calculation of BAE from process drains and other wastewater treatment equipment are addressed in Section 4.3.10.

Fugitive VOC emissions addressed in this section were determined using one of two different methodologies depending on whether the equipment components were monitored or unmonitored. Monitored equipment components include all components subject to LDAR requirements. Unmonitored components include components in heavy liquid service or exempt from monitoring requirements under applicable regulations (i.e., connectors in gas/vapor or light liquid, equipment not in VOC service)

#### **Monitored Equipment Components**

The fugitive VOC BAE from monitored equipment components were estimated using correlations found in U.S. EPA's *Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates*. These correlations estimate fugitive emission rates from an equipment component as a function of the measured VOC concentrations in the immediate vicinity of the component using EPA Reference Method 21. During the 2009/2010 baseline period HOVENSA used LeakDAS, an LDAR data management software package, to manage the component monitoring data and to perform the emissions calculations. For monitored components, the LeakDAS software uses the *Modified Trapezoidal* method to estimate the fugitive VOC emissions over time.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> HOVENSA Coker Steam Vent Report, Final, September 8, 2008.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> See *1995 Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates*; U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Emission Standards Division, Office of Air and Radiation, Office of Air Quality Planning and Standards, Research Triangle Park, North Carolina 27711; November 1995; EPA-453/R-95-017.

The unadjusted VOC BAE from the monitored components were estimated using the above methodology based on component monitoring data and component count data from 2009 and 2010. Limetree Bay Terminals and Refining continues to utilize LeakDAS software for determining VOC emissions from these sources and will use it to support the proposed PAL monitoring and compliance tracking calculation procedures described in Section 6.3.4.9.

The unadjusted VOC BAE rates from each process unit's process fugitives and compressors were evaluated to identify: 1) any BAE estimates that are in excess of newly applicable emissions limits (including work practices where appropriate) and; 2) any non-compliant emissions during the baseline period that remain in the BAE estimates after making any necessary adjustments for newly applicable limits. Downward adjustments were made to the BAE as required to account for these situations.

Equipment components at the LBT facility are currently subject to more restrictive LDAR requirements than were applicable during the baseline period. During the baseline period, depending upon which regulation was applicable to a given process unit (*i.e.*, NSPS subpart GGG, NESHAP subpart CC, NESHAP subpart H) the facility utilized the applicable leak definition in accordance with the given process unit's regulatory applicability. Paragraph 109 of the HOVENSA Consent Decree requires a leak definition of 500 ppm VOCs for valves and 2,000 ppm for pumps be used in all of the facility's process units. This leak definition aligns with the definitions in NSPS GGGa. As a result, where applicable, the unadjusted BAE rates were downwardly adjusted to account for the more stringent leak definition. For monitored components, the downward adjustment was based on TCEQ's estimated control efficiencies for a 28M LDAR program and 28VHP. <sup>10, 11</sup>

Deviation reports for 2009 and 2010 were reviewed for possible deviations associated with failure to make timely repair attempts. <sup>12</sup> The result of the review showed that no unjustifiable delay of repair occurred and accordingly, no downward adjustments were necessary.

#### **Unmonitored Equipment Components**

Unadjusted VOC BAE from unmonitored components were estimated using Refinery average emissions factors applicable to each component type (*e.g.*, valves in heavy liquid service). The factors used are those found in TCEQ "Air Permit Technical Guidance for Chemical Sources -

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> See: <a href="https://www.tceq.texas.gov/assets/public/permitting/air/Guidance/NewSourceReview/fugitive-guidance.pdf">https://www.tceq.texas.gov/assets/public/permitting/air/Guidance/NewSourceReview/fugitive-guidance.pdf</a>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Based on the facility's assessment, the work practice requirements of 28VHP are the most effective work practices applicable to subject components. Thus, adjusting BAE VOC emissions from fugitive components downward to 28VHP control levels are equivalent the requirements of NSPS subpart GGGa.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Other reported deviations were determined to be procedural in nature or were not relevant in determining emissions during the baseline period and thus, they did not implicate the need to make downward adjustments to BAE.

Fugitive Guidance" (TCEQ-APDG 6422v2, Revised 06/18), Table II. The TCEQ refinery factors are equal to those published in EPA's *Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates*, *Table 2-2*.

During the baseline period pressure relief devices in heavy liquid streams (*e.g.*, No. 2 oil No. 6 oil, lube oil) were not monitored. All but the heavy liquid components will be monitored under current regulatory requirements. Adjustments were made to the unadjusted BAE to account for these differences. A 97% control efficiency is applied to the Refinery average emission factor for pressure relief valves per TCEQ guidance for control efficiency attributable to implementation of a 28 VHP LDAR program.

#### 4.3.10 Wastewater Treatment

As shown in Table 2-2 wastewater related emissions comprise fugitive emissions from the Oily Water Collection System (*i.e.*, process drains) and Wastewater Treatment System (*i.e.*, API separators, WEMCO units, benzene strippers and Advanced Wastewater Treatment Plant). This section describes the calculations used to determine VOC BAE from these wastewater-related fugitive emissions sources.

## **Oily Water Collection System**

Unadjusted VOC BAE from the oily water system were estimated using refinery average emission factors applicable to process drains. During the 2009/2010 baseline period, the refinery was complying with NESHAP subpart FF, this required visual inspection of the drains to ensure a water seal was maintained. Accordingly, a 95% control was applied to the unadjusted BAE VOC emissions. 14

The unadjusted VOC BAE rates were evaluated to identify: 1) any BAE estimates that were in excess of newly applicable emissions limits (including work practices where appropriate) and; 2) any non-compliant emissions during the baseline period that are included in the unadjusted BAE estimates. As shown in Table 3-1, the oily water system at the FCCU, Coker, and LSF Unit is currently subject to the applicable standards in NSPS subpart QQQ and NESHAP subpart FF. The overall refinery is subject to the requirements of NESHAP subpart FF. Compliance with NSPS subpart QQQ required no downward adjustments to account for current requirements.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> The factors used are those found in TCEQ "Air Permit Technical Guidance for Chemical Sources - Fugitive Guidance" (TCEQ-APDG 6422v2, Revised 06/18), Table II.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> Industrial Wastewater Volatile Organic Compound Emissions – Background Information for BACT/LAER Determinations, EPA-450/3-90-004, January 1990, page 4-22.

## **Wastewater Treatment System**

During the 2009/2010 baseline period, the HOVENSA refinery used AP-42, Chapter 5.1 and EPA's WATER9 model to estimate fugitive VOC BAE from the wastewater treatment plant. Unadjusted VOC BAE from the API separators and the WEMCO units were determined using the factors in AP-42 Table 5.1-3 "Fugitive Emission Factors for Petroleum Refineries" for covered oil/water separators. Unadjusted VOC BAE from the benzene strippers and the advance wastewater treatment plant (*i.e.*, benzene stripper, aeration/degas tanks, clarifiers, and bioslurry) were determined using EPA WATER9. WATER9 uses analytical expressions to estimate air emissions of individual waste constituents in wastewater collection, storage, treatment, and disposal facilities. Outputs from the model include estimated VOC emissions rates at each of the locations identified as an emissions source in the model (*e.g.*, benzene strippers, aeration/degas tanks, clarifiers, and bioslurry tanks).

The unadjusted VOC BAE rates were evaluated to identify: 1) any BAE estimates that are in excess of newly applicable emissions limits (including work practices where appropriate) and; 2) any non-compliant emissions during the baseline period that are included in the unadjusted BAE estimates. In the case of the fugitive sources from the Wastewater Treatment System it was determined that no downward adjustments were needed to address new limits or non-compliant emissions.

## 4.3.11 Truck Loading Racks and Fuel Pumps

The unadjusted VOC BAE rates from the Truck Loading Racks and Fuel Pumps at the intraplant service station were determined using the procedures outlined in Chapter 5.2.2.2 and 5.2.2.3 of EPA's AP-42 regarding "Service Stations" and "Motor Vehicle Refueling" and throughput rates.

As described in Section 4.2, unadjusted VOC BAE rates were evaluated to identify: 1) any BAE estimates that are in excess of newly applicable emissions limits (including work practices where appropriate) and; 2) any non-compliant emissions during the baseline period that are included in the unadjusted BAE estimates. The Truck Loading Racks and Fuel Pumps have not become to any new applicable emission requirements since the baseline period and no periods of non-compliance were identified during the baseline period. <sup>15</sup> As a result, no downward adjustments to the unadjusted BAE rates were required.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> These facilities are currently complying with 40 CFR 63 subpart CC for truck loading racks but this requirement was not in place during the baseline period.

## 4.3.12 Marine Loading

The unadjusted VOC BAE rates from marine loading operations were calculated on a monthly basis using the procedures outlined in Chapter 5.2 of EPA's AP-42 regarding "Transportation and Marketing of Petroleum Liquids." The inputs to these calculations were the monthly loading rates of the various products during the 2009/2010 baseline period, vessel type (*i.e.*, barge, tanker, or ship), and the appropriate AP-42 for the product/vessel type combination.

As described in Section 4.2, unadjusted VOC BAE rates were evaluated to identify: 1) any BAE estimates that are in excess of newly applicable emissions limits (including work practices where appropriate) and; 2) any non-compliant emissions during the baseline period that are included in the unadjusted BAE estimates. Subsequent to the 2009/2010 baseline period, as shown in Table 3-1 the marine loading became subject to a VOC. As a result, the unadjusted VOC BAE rates were downwardly adjusted in accordance with this requirement.

## 4.3.13 Material Handling

This section describes the calculations used to determine BAE PM/PM<sub>10</sub>/PM<sub>2.5</sub> rates from the material handling facilities identified in Table 2-2. As shown, these include BAE emissions from the East, West and Marine Sulfur Storage Areas, catalyst handling, and Coke Handling, Storage, and Loading System.

## Sulfur Handling, Storage and Shipping

The unadjusted BAE rates from the conveyor drops at the sulfur storage areas and shipping operations, and from truck loading operations were determined using the procedures outlined in Chapter 13.2.4 of EPA's AP-42 regarding "Aggregate Handling and Storage Piles" and the sulfur production rate. Stockpile wind erosion emissions were determined using emission factors found in CHEER (Coal Handling Emissions Evaluation Roundtable) Workshop, TNRCC (May 16, 1995) and EPA-450/3-74-037 "Development of Emission Factors for Fugitive Dust Sources" (EPA, June 1974)

## **Catalyst Handling**

The BAE rates from catalyst handling include emissions from hopper loading, reactor loading and reactor dumping and were determined using the procedures outlined in Chapter 13.2.4 of EPA's AP-42 regarding "Aggregate Handling and Storage Piles" and the FCCU catalyst shipping and receiving records.

# Coke Handling. Storage, and Shipping

The BAE rates resulting from the coke handling, storage, and loading system's various emissions points were determined as follows:

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<u>Drop Points</u> emissions were determined using the procedures outlined in Chapter 13.2.4 of EPA's AP-42 regarding "Aggregate Handling and Storage Piles" and maximum throughput rates and hours of annual operation.

<u>Wet Coke Chopper</u> emissions were determined using the emission factors and control efficiencies found in CHEER (Coal Handling Emissions Evaluation Roundtable) Workshop, TNRCC (May 16, 1995) for enclosed primary crushers, maximum throughput rates and hours of annual operation.

<u>Dome Vent and Loading Arm Baghouse Dust Collector</u> emissions were determined using an emissions factor that was developed by collecting and weighing the amount of dust collected over a week's time period and applying the baghouse equipment's collection efficiency. This factor was used along with the maximum flowrate through the dust collector and annual hours of operation to determine the BAE emissions.

Conveyor Exhaust emission were determined using the procedures outlined in Chapter 13.2.4 of EPA's AP-42 regarding "Aggregate Handling and Storage Piles", the individual conveyors length and the annual coke handling rates.

As described in Section 4.2, unadjusted PM/PM<sub>10</sub>/PM<sub>2.5</sub> BAE rates were evaluated to identify: 1) any BAE estimates that are in excess of newly applicable emissions limits (including work practices where appropriate) and; 2) any non-compliant emissions during the baseline period that are included in the unadjusted BAE estimates. The material handling systems have not become subject to any new applicable emission limits since the baseline period and no periods of non-compliance were identified during the baseline period. As a result, no downward adjustments to the unadjusted BAE rates were performed.

#### 4.3.14 Road Traffic

The BAE rates from road traffic were determined using the procedures outlined in Chapter 13.2.1 of EPA's AP-42 regarding "Paved Roads" and data related to the annual vehicle miles travelled and average weight of a vehicle. The BAE rates developed for this application are based on the updated AP-42 factors.

As described in Section 4.2, unadjusted PM/PM<sub>10</sub>/PM<sub>2.5</sub> BAE rates were evaluated to identify: 1) any BAE estimates that are in excess of newly applicable emissions limits (including work practices where appropriate) and; 2) any non-compliant emissions during the baseline period that are included in the unadjusted BAE estimates. Road traffic emissions have not become subject to any new applicable emission limits since the baseline period and there are no applicable emissions limits or design requirements. As a result, no downward adjustments to the unadjusted BAE rates were required.

#### 4.3.15 Painting

The unadjusted BAE rates of VOC from painting were determined based upon an inventory of the paints and thinners used during the baseline period and the VOC content of each. All of the VOC content was assumed to be released to the atmosphere.

As described in Section 4.2, unadjusted BAE rates were evaluated to identify: 1) any BAE estimates that are in excess of newly applicable emissions limits (including work practices where appropriate) and; 2) any non-compliant emissions during the baseline period that are included in the unadjusted BAE estimates. Emissions resulting painting have not become subject to any new applicable emission limits or work practices since the baseline period and there are no applicable emissions limits or work practice requirements. As a result, no downward adjustments to the unadjusted BAE rates were required.

## 4.3.16 Fire Training

The BAE rates from Fire Training were determined using the procedures outlined in Chapter IV. C "Firefighting Training" of the "Calculation Methods for Criteria Air Pollutant Emission Inventories", Brooks Air Force Base, TX, July 1994, and data related to the amount of fuels consumed during the training.

As described in Section 4.2, unadjusted BAE rates were evaluated to identify: 1) any BAE estimates that are in excess of newly applicable emissions limits (including work practices where appropriate) and; 2) any non-compliant emissions during the baseline period that are included in the unadjusted BAE estimates. Emissions resulting from fire training have not become subject to any new applicable emission limits since the baseline period and there are no applicable emissions limits or design requirements. As a result, no downward adjustments to the unadjusted BAE rates were required.

## 5.0 PROPOSED PALS

Table 5-1 contains the proposed Pollutant PALs for the Limetree Bay Terminals and Refining facility. Consistent with 40 CFR 52.21(aa)(6), each proposed PAL is based on the sum of adjusted BAE by emissions unit, as documented in Appendix B, plus the applicable significant level. For each emissions unit on which actual construction began after the 24-month baseline period, the unit's emissions have been added to the PAL level in the amount equal to its PTE.

Table 5-1. Proposed PALs

Pollutant	BAE TPY	Pollutant Significant Level TPY	Proposed PAL TPY
VOC	6,143	40	6,183
$NO_X$	6,577	40	6,617
CO	3,320	100	3,420
PM <sub>2.5</sub>	421	10	431
$PM_{10}$	429	15	444
PM	459	25	484
$SO_2$	1,586	40	1,626

#### 6.0 PROPOSED PAL CALCULATION PROCEDURES

In accordance with paragraph 40 CFR 52.21(aa)3)(iii), the following information must be submitted to the agency as part of a complete PAL permit application:

The calculation procedures that the major stationary source owner or operator proposes to use to convert the monitoring system data to monthly emissions and annual emissions based on a 12-month rolling total for each month. . .

In addition, although there are no requirements pertaining to the permit application in this regard, paragraph (aa)(12)(i) contains requirements that must be met in order for the PAL permit to be valid:

- (a) Each PAL permit must contain enforceable requirements for the monitoring system that accurately determines plantwide emissions of the PAL pollutant in terms of mass per unit of time or CO<sub>2</sub>e per unit of time. Any monitoring system authorized for use in the PAL permit must be based on sound science and meet generally acceptable scientific procedures for data quality and manipulation. Additionally, the information generated by such system must meet minimum legal requirements for admissibility in a judicial proceeding to enforce the PAL permit.
- (b) The PAL monitoring system must employ one or more of the four general monitoring approaches meeting the minimum requirements set forth in paragraphs (aa)(12)(ii)(a) through (d) of this section and must be approved by the Administrator.
- (c) Notwithstanding paragraph (aa)(12)(i)(b) of this section, you may also employ an alternative monitoring approach that meets paragraph (aa)(12)(i)(a) of this section if approved by the Administrator.

Anticipated PAL monitoring and recordkeeping requirements for each PAL pollutant-emitting emissions unit and proposed calculation procedures at the Limetree Bay Terminals and Refining are documented in Table 6-1 with references to supporting details contained in Sections 6.1 through 6.3. The following specific information is provided for each emissions unit/PAL pollutant:

- Process Unit:
- Source Identification (ID);
- Unit Description;
- Proposed Compliance Determination Method (*i.e.*, CEMS, CPMS/PEMS, or Emissions Factor) for each PAL Pollutant; and
- Proposed Calculation Method.

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<u>Process Unit, Source Identification, Unit Description, and PAL Pollutant</u>: This information is provided in Section 2.0.

Proposed Monitoring General Approach: The PAL monitoring system imposed in the PAL permit must use one or more of the following four general monitoring approaches meeting the minimum requirements in 40 CFR 52.21(aa)(12)(ii)(a)-(d): mass balance calculations for activities using coatings or solvents; CEMS; CPMS or PEMS; and emission factors. Anticipated monitoring requirements for all emissions units are presented in Sections 6.1 through 6.3, and these monitoring approaches are the basis for the proposed calculation procedures.

<u>Proposed Monitoring and Calculation Procedures</u>: A cross-reference to the monitoring and calculation approach detailed in Sections 6.1 through 6.3 is provided.

Limetree Bay Terminals and Refining has reviewed the monitoring, calculation, and recordkeeping requirements in Permit No. STX-TV-003-10 and has determined that these requirements generally satisfy the requirements of 40 CFR 52.21. Thus, the proposed PAL monitoring and calculation procedures are consistent with the requirements already being implemented at the Limetree Bay Terminals and Refining facility. Specific requirements related to monitoring in 40 CFR 52.21 are addressed in Sections 6.1 through 6.3. Absence of monitoring data procedures are addressed in Sections 6.4. PAL permit recordkeeping is addressed in Section 6.5.

**Table 6-1. Proposed PAL Monitoring and Calculation Procedures** 

				l Compliance ood for Listed	Demonstration Pollutant <sup>a</sup>	Reference Section for Proposed
Process				CPMS/	Emissions	Monitoring & Calculation
Unit / Activity	Source ID	Unit Description	CEMS	PEMS	Factor	Method
#2 DU	#2 DU Process Unit	Process Fugitives			VOC	6.3.4.9
#2 DU Fractionator	H-101	Heater		SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>b</sup>	SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>c</sup> , NO <sub>X</sub> , CO, PM, & VOC	6.2 & 6.3.4.2
#2 DU Fractionator	H-104	Heater		$\mathrm{SO}_2{}^\mathrm{b}$	SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>c</sup> , NO <sub>X</sub> , CO, PM, & VOC	6.2 & 6.3.4.2
#2 CDU	#2 CDU Process Unit	Process Fugitives			VOC	6.3.4.9
#2 CDU	H-401A	Charge Heater		SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>b</sup>	SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>c</sup> , NO <sub>X</sub> , CO, PM, & VOC	6.2 & 6.3.4.2
#2 CDU	H-401B	Charge Heater		SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>b</sup>	SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>c</sup> , NO <sub>X</sub> , CO, PM, & VOC	6.2 & 6.3.4.2
#2 CDU	H-401C	Charge Heater		SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>b</sup>	SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>c</sup> , NO <sub>X</sub> , CO, PM, & VOC	6.2 & 6.3.4.2
#3 CDU/1 VAC	#3 CDU & 1 VAC Process Unit	Process Fugitives			VOC	6.3.4.9
#3 DD	#3 DD	Process Fugitives			VOC	6.3.4.9
#3 DD	C-1500A	Reciprocating Gas Compressor		SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>b</sup>	SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>c</sup> , NO <sub>X</sub> , CO, PM, & VOC	6.2 & 6.3.4.2
#3 DD	C-1500B	Reciprocating Gas Compressor		$SO_2^b$	SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>c</sup> , NO <sub>X</sub> , CO, PM, & VOC	6.2 & 6.3.4.2
#3 DD	C-1500C	Reciprocating Gas Compressor		$SO_2^b$	SO <sub>2</sub> °, NO <sub>X</sub> , CO, PM, & VOC	6.2 & 6.3.4.2
Penex	Penex Process Unit	Process Fugitives			VOC	6.3.4.9
Penex	H-200	Charge Heater		$SO_2^b$	SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>c</sup> , NO <sub>X</sub> , CO, PM, & VOC	6.2 & 6.3.4.2
Penex	H-201	Fired Reboiler Heater		SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>b</sup>	SO <sub>2</sub> c, NO <sub>X</sub> , CO, PM, & VOC	6.2 & 6.3.4.2
Penex	H-202	Hot Oil Heater		$SO_2^b$	SO <sub>2</sub> °, NO <sub>X</sub> , CO, PM, & VOC	6.2 & 6.3.4.2
Penex	C-200A	Reciprocating Gas Compressor		$SO_2^b$	SO <sub>2</sub> °, NO <sub>X</sub> , CO, PM, & VOC	6.2 & 6.3.4.2
Penex	C-200B	Reciprocating Gas Compressor		$SO_2^b$	SO <sub>2</sub> °, NO <sub>X</sub> , CO, PM, & VOC	6.2 & 6.3.4.2

Process Unit / Activity		Unit Description		d Compliance nod for Listed	Demonstration Pollutant <sup>a</sup>	Reference Section for Proposed
	Source ID		CEMS	CPMS/ PEMS	Emissions Factor	Monitoring & Calculation Method
Penex	C-200C	Reciprocating Gas Compressor		SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>b</sup>	SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>c</sup> , NO <sub>X</sub> , CO, PM, & VOC	6.2 & 6.3.4.2
#3 Amine	Unit No. 0920	Amine Unit			VOC	6.3.4.9
Utility Fractionation	Utility Fractionation Process Unit	Process Fugitives			VOC	6.3.4.9
Utility Fractionation	H-160	Charge Heater		SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>b</sup>	SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>c</sup> , NO <sub>X</sub> , CO, PM, & VOC	6.2 & 6.3.4.2
#2 Platformer	#2 Platformer Process Unit	Process Fugitives			VOC	6.3.4.9
#2 Platformer	H-601	Stripper Reboiler Heater		SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>b</sup>	SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>c</sup> , NO <sub>X</sub> , CO, PM, & VOC	6.2 & 6.3.4.2
#2 Platformer	H-604	Platforming No. 2 Interheater		SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>b</sup>	SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>c</sup> , NO <sub>X</sub> , CO, PM, & VOC	6.2 & 6.3.4.2
#2 Platformer	H-605	Platforming No. 3 Interheater		SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>b</sup>	SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>c</sup> , NO <sub>X</sub> , CO, PM, & VOC	6.2 & 6.3.4.2
#2 DU	#2 DU Process Unit	Process Fugitives			VOC	6.3.4.9
#2 DU	H-800A	Reactor Charge Heater		SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>b</sup>	SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>c</sup> , NO <sub>X</sub> , CO, PM, & VOC	6.2 & 6.3.4.2
#2 DU	H-800B	Reactor Charge Heater		SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>b</sup>	SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>c</sup> , NO <sub>X</sub> , CO, PM, & VOC	6.2 & 6.3.4.2
#2 DU	H-801	Stripper Heater		SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>b</sup>	SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>c</sup> , NO <sub>X</sub> , CO, PM, & VOC	6.2 & 6.3.4.2
#4 DD	#4 DD Process Unit	Process Fugitives			VOC	6.3.4.9
#4 DD	H-2201A	Reactor Charge Heater		SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>b</sup>	SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>c</sup> , NO <sub>X</sub> , CO, PM, & VOC	6.2 & 6.3.4.2
#4 DD	H-2201B	Reactor Charge Heater		SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>b</sup>	SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>c</sup> , NO <sub>X</sub> , CO, PM, & VOC	6.2 & 6.3.4.2
#4 DD	H-2202	Stripper Reboiler Heater		SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>b</sup>	SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>c</sup> , NO <sub>X</sub> , CO, PM, & VOC	6.2 & 6.3.4.2
#5 DD	#5 DD Process Unit	Process Fugitives			VOC	6.3.4.9
#5 DD	H-2400	Charge Heater		SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>b</sup>	SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>c</sup> , NO <sub>x</sub> , CO, PM, & VOC	6.2 & 6.3.4.2
#5 DD	C-2400A	Reciprocating Gas Compressor		SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>b</sup>	SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>c</sup> , NO <sub>X</sub> , CO, PM, & VOC	6.2 & 6.3.4.2
#5 DD	C-2400B	Reciprocating Gas Compressor		SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>b</sup>	SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>c</sup> , NO <sub>X</sub> , CO, PM, & VOC	6.2 & 6.3.4.2

		Unit Description		l Compliance nod for Listed	Demonstration Pollutant <sup>a</sup>	Reference Section for Proposed
Process Unit / Activity	Source ID		CEMS	CPMS/ PEMS	Emissions Factor	Monitoring & Calculation Method
Naphtha Fractionation	Naphtha Frac. Process Unit	Process Fugitives			VOC	6.3.4.9
Naphtha Fractionation	H-2501	Reboiler Heater		SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>b</sup>	SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>c</sup> , NO <sub>X</sub> , CO, PM, & VOC	6.2 & 6.3.4.2
#2 Platformer	#2 Plat Vent	Plat No. 2 Catalyst Regen Vent			SO <sub>2</sub> , CO, & VOC	6.3.4.6
#1 Gas Recovery Unit	Unit No. 2300	Gas Stripper			VOC	6.3.4.9
#2 Sulfolane	#2 Sulfolane Process Unit	Process Fugitive			VOC	6.3.4.9
#2 Sulfolane	H-4502	Benzene Column Reboiler Heater		SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>b</sup>	SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>c</sup> , NO <sub>x</sub> , CO, PM, & VOC	6.2 & 6.3.4.2
#2 Sulfolane	H-4503	Toluene Column Reboiler Heater		SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>b</sup>	SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>c</sup> , NO <sub>X</sub> , CO, PM, & VOC	6.2 & 6.3.4.2
#2 Sulfolane	H-4504	Xylene Column Reboiler Heater		SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>b</sup>	SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>c</sup> , NO <sub>X</sub> , CO, PM, & VOC	6.2 & 6.3.4.2
#2 Sulfolane	H-4505	Raffinate Splitter Reboiler Heater		SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>b</sup>	SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>c</sup> , NO <sub>X</sub> , CO, PM, & VOC	6.2 & 6.3.4.2
#5 CDU	#5 CDU Process Unit	Process Fugitives			VOC	6.3.4.9
#5 CDU	H-3101A	Crude Charge Heater		SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>b</sup>	SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>c</sup> , NO <sub>X</sub> , CO, PM, & VOC	6.2 & 6.3.4.2
#5 CDU	H-3101B	Crude Charge Heater		SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>b</sup>	SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>c</sup> , NO <sub>x</sub> , CO, PM, & VOC	6.2 & 6.3.4.2
#6 CDU	#6 CDU Process Unit	Process Fugitives			VOC	6.3.4.9
#6 CDU	H-4101A	Crude Charge Heater		SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>b</sup>	SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>c</sup> , NO <sub>X</sub> , CO, PM, & VOC	6.2 & 6.3.4.2
#6 CDU	H-4101B	Crude Charge Heater		SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>b</sup>	SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>c</sup> , NO <sub>X</sub> , CO, PM, & VOC	6.2 & 6.3.4.2
Disulfide	Disulfide Process Unit	Process Fugitives			VOC	6.3.4.9
Gas Treatment	Unit No. 3200	Gas Treating			VOC	6.3.4.9
Gas Treatment	Unit No. 4800	Gas Treating			VOC	6.3.4.9
Gas Treatment	Unit No. 5800	Gas Treating			VOC	6.3.4.9
#3 Platformer	#3 Platformer Process Unit	Process Fugitives			VOC	6.3.4.9
#3 Platformer	H-4401	Charge Heater		SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>b</sup>	SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>c</sup> , NO <sub>X</sub> , CO, PM, & VOC	6.2 & 6.3.4.2

				d Compliance	Demonstration Pollutant a	Reference Section for Proposed
Process			CPMS/ Emissions			Monitoring & Calculation
Unit / Activity	Source ID	Unit Description	CEMS	PEMS	Factor	Method
#3 Platformer	H-4402	Fired Reboiler Heater		SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>b</sup>	SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>c</sup> , NO <sub>X</sub> , CO,	6.2 & 6.3.4.2
				,	PM, & VOC	
#3 Platformer	H-4451	Charge Heater		SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>b</sup>	SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>c</sup> , NO <sub>X</sub> , CO, PM, & VOC	6.2 & 6.3.4.2
#3 Platformer	H-4452	Intermediate Heater		SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>b</sup>	SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>c</sup> , NO <sub>x</sub> , CO, PM, & VOC	6.2 & 6.3.4.2
#3 Platformer	H-4453	Intermediate Heater		SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>b</sup>	SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>c</sup> , NO <sub>X</sub> , CO, PM, & VOC	6.2 & 6.3.4.2
#3 Platformer	H-4454	Intermediate Heater		SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>b</sup>	SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>c</sup> , NO <sub>X</sub> , CO, PM, & VOC	6.2 & 6.3.4.2
#3 Platformer	H-4455	Fired Reboiler Heater		SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>b</sup>	SO <sub>2</sub> °, NO <sub>X</sub> , CO, PM, & VOC	6.2 & 6.3.4.2
#3 VAC	#3 VAC Process Unit	Process Fugitives			VOC	6.3.4.9
#3 VAC	H-4201	Prestripper Heater		SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>b</sup>	SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>c</sup> , NO <sub>X</sub> , CO, PM, & VOC	6.2 & 6.3.4.2
#3 VAC	H-4202	Vacuum Heater		SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>b</sup>	SO <sub>2</sub> °, NO <sub>X</sub> , CO, PM, & VOC	6.2 & 6.3.4.2
#4 Platformer	#4 Platformer Process Unit	Process Fugitives			VOC	6.3.4.9
#4 Platformer	H-5401	Charge Heater		SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>b</sup>	SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>c</sup> , NO <sub>X</sub> , CO, PM, & VOC	6.2 & 6.3.4.2
#4 Platformer	H-5402	Fired Reboiler Heater		SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>b</sup>	SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>c</sup> , NO <sub>X</sub> , CO, PM, & VOC	6.2 & 6.3.4.2
#4 Platformer	H-5451	Charge Heater		SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>b</sup>	SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>c</sup> , NO <sub>X</sub> , CO, PM, & VOC	6.2 & 6.3.4.2
#4 Platformer	H-5452	Intermediate Heater		SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>b</sup>	SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>c</sup> , NO <sub>X</sub> , CO, PM, & VOC	6.2 & 6.3.4.2
#4 Platformer	H-5453	Intermediate Heater		SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>b</sup>	SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>c</sup> , NO <sub>X</sub> , CO, PM, & VOC	6.2 & 6.3.4.2
#4 Platformer	H-5454	Intermediate Heater		SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>b</sup>	SO <sub>2</sub> °, NO <sub>X</sub> , CO, PM, & VOC	6.2 & 6.3.4.2
#4 Platformer	H-5455	Fired Reboiler Heater		SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>b</sup>	SO <sub>2</sub> °, NO <sub>X</sub> , CO, PM, & VOC	6.2 & 6.3.4.2
#6 DD	#6 DD Process Unit	Process Fugitives			VOC	6.3.4.9
#6 DD	H-4601A	Reactor Charge Heater		SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>b</sup>	SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>c</sup> , NO <sub>X</sub> , CO, PM, & VOC	6.2 & 6.3.4.2

		Unit Description		d Compliance nod for Listed	Demonstration Pollutant <sup>a</sup>	Reference Section for Proposed Monitoring & Calculation Method
Process Unit / Activity	Source ID		CEMS	CPMS/ PEMS	Emissions Factor	
#6 DD	H-4601B	Reactor Charge Heater		SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>b</sup>	SO <sub>2</sub> c, NO <sub>X</sub> , CO, PM, & VOC	6.2 & 6.3.4.2
#6 DD	H-4602	Stripper Reboiler Heater		SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>b</sup>	SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>c</sup> , NO <sub>X</sub> , CO, PM, & VOC	6.2 & 6.3.4.2
#6 DD	C-4601A	Reciprocating Gas Compressor		SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>b</sup>	SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>c</sup> , NO <sub>X</sub> , CO, PM, & VOC	6.2 & 6.3.4.2
#6 DD	C-4601B	Reciprocating Gas Compressor		SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>b</sup>	SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>c</sup> , NO <sub>X</sub> , CO, PM, & VOC	6.2 & 6.3.4.2
#6 DD	C-4601C	Reciprocating Gas Compressor		SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>b</sup>	SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>c</sup> , NO <sub>X</sub> , CO, PM, & VOC	6.2 & 6.3.4.2
#7 DD	#7 DD Process Unit	Process Fugitives			VOC	6.3.4.9
#7 DD	H-4301A	Reactor Charge Heater		SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>b</sup>	SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>c</sup> , NO <sub>X</sub> , CO, PM, & VOC	6.2 & 6.3.4.2
#7 DD	H-4301B	Reactor Charge Heater		SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>b</sup>	SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>c</sup> , NO <sub>X</sub> , CO, PM, & VOC	6.2 & 6.3.4.2
#7 DD	H-4302	Stripper Reboiler Heater		SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>b</sup>	SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>c</sup> , NO <sub>X</sub> , CO, PM, & VOC	6.2 & 6.3.4.2
#9 DD	#9 DD Process Unit	Process Fugitives			VOC	6.3.4.9
#9 DD	H-5301A	Reactor Charge Heater		SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>b</sup>	SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>c</sup> , NO <sub>x</sub> , CO, PM, & VOC	6.2 & 6.3.4.2
#9 DD	H-5301B	Reactor Charge Heater		SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>b</sup>	SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>c</sup> , NO <sub>X</sub> , CO, PM, & VOC	6.2 & 6.3.4.2
#9 DD	H-5302	Stripper Reboiler Heater		SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>b</sup>	SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>c</sup> , NO <sub>X</sub> , CO, PM, & VOC	6.2 & 6.3.4.2
LSG Unit	LSG Unit Process Unit	Process Fugitives			VOC	6.3.4.9
LSG Unit	H-4901	Charge Heater	NOx	SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>b</sup>	SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>c</sup> PM, CO, & VOC	6.1, 6.2 & 6.3.4.2
#3 Platformer	#3 Plat Vent	Plat No. 3 Catalyst Regen Vent			SO <sub>2</sub> , CO, & VOC	6.3.4.6
#4 Platformer	#4 Plat Vent	Plat No. 4 Catalyst Regen Vent			SO <sub>2</sub> , CO, & VOC	6.3.4.6
Alkylation Unit & Acid Plant	Unit No. 7200	Process Fugitives			VOC	6.3.4.9
Dimersol Unit	Unit No. 7300	Process Fugitives			VOC	6.3.4.9
FCCU and Gas Concentration	FCCU Process Unit and Unit No. 7100	Process Fugitives			VOC	6.3.4.9

				Compliance od for Listed	Demonstration Pollutant <sup>a</sup>	Reference Section for Proposed
Process				CPMS/	Emissions	Monitoring & Calculation
Unit / Activity	Source ID	Unit Description	CEMS	PEMS	Factor	Method
FCCU	FCCU stack STK-7051	Fluid Catalytic Cracking	SO <sub>2</sub> , NO <sub>X</sub> , & CO		PM, VOC, & H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	6.1, 6.2 & 6.3.4.2
Deiso-Hexanizer	Deiso-Hexanizer Process Unit	Process Fugitives			VOC	6.3.4.9
#3, 4, 5 Amine and T-931	#3, 4, 5 Amine Process Unit	Process Fugitives			VOC	6.3.4.9
#6 & 7 Amine and SHU	Unit No. 7450 and Unit No. 7600	Process Fugitives			VOC	6.3.4.9
Merox Unit	Unit No. 7500	Process Fugitives			VOC	6.3.4.9
1&2 GRU/H <sub>2</sub> CON	1&2 GRU/H <sub>2</sub> CON	Process Fugitives			VOC	6.3.4.9
1&2 LPG Treater	1&2 LPG Treater	Process Fugitives			VOC	6.3.4.9
3 LPG Fractionator	3 LPG Fractionator	Process Fugitives			VOC	6.3.4.9
Light Ends Treater	Light Ends Treater	Process Fugitives			VOC	6.3.4.9
MTBE	MTBE	Process Fugitives			VOC	6.3.4.9
TAME	TAME	Process Fugitives			VOC	6.3.4.9
Selective Hydro	Selective Hydro	Process Fugitives			VOC	6.3.4.9
1 Beavon / 1&2 SRU	1 Beavon / 1&2 SRU	Process Fugitives			VOC	6.3.4.9
2 Beavon / 3&4 SRU	2 Beavon / 3&4 SRU	Process Fugitives			VOC	6.3.4.9
SRU	SRU	Process Fugitives			VOC	6.3.4.9
3 SWS	3 SWS	Process Fugitives			VOC	6.3.4.9
4 SWS	4 SWS	Process Fugitives			VOC	6.3.4.9
5 SWS	5 SWS	Process Fugitives			VOC	6.3.4.9
6 SWS	6 SWS	Process Fugitives			VOC	6.3.4.9
East Fuel Gas System	East Fuel Gas System	Process Fugitives			VOC	6.3.4.9
West Fuel Gas System	West Fuel Gas System	Process Fugitives			VOC	6.3.4.9
Terminal	Terminal (Offsites/ Rundowns/xfers)	Process Fugitives			VOC	6.3.4.9
Sulfuric Acid Plant	STK-7801 (H-7801, H-7802, R-7801	Heater Stack		SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>b</sup>	SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>c</sup> , NO <sub>X</sub> , CO, PM, & VOC	6.1, 6.2, & 6.3.4.7
Sulfuric Acid Plant	STK-7802	Process Stack	$SO_2$		SO <sub>2</sub> , NO <sub>X</sub>	6.1 & 6.3.4.7
West Sulfur Recovery	Unit Nos. 1030 & 1040, H-1061, T-1061,	Sulfur Recovery and Tail Gas Treatment Units	SO <sub>2</sub>		NO <sub>X</sub> , CO, PM, & VOC	6.1 & 6.3.4.3

		Unit Description		Compliance od for Listed	Demonstration Pollutant <sup>a</sup>	Reference Section for Proposed
Process Unit / Activity	Source ID		CEMS	CPMS/ PEMS	Emissions Factor	Monitoring & Calculation  Method
·	H-1032, H-1042 & Beavon CT #1	•				
East Sulfur Recovery	Unit Nos. 4740 & 4750, H-4761, T-4761, H-4745 & Beavon CT #2	Sulfur Recovery and Tail Gas Treatment Units	SO <sub>2</sub>		NOx, CO, PM, & VOC	6.1 & 6.3.4.3
West Refinery Process Drains	Oily Water Collection System	Process Drain Fugitives			VOC	6.3.4.10
East Refinery Process Drains	Oily Water Collection System	Process Drain Fugitives			VOC	6.3.4.10
FCC Complex / Delayed Coker Unit	Oily Water Collection System	Process Drain Fugitives			VOC	6.3.4.10
Terminal	Oily Water Collection System	Process Drain Fugitives			VOC	6.3.4.9
Advanced Wastewater Treatment Plant	#1 API (Unit No. 1660)	Oil/Water Separator			VOC	6.3.4.10
	#1 WEMCO	Induced Air Floatation Unit				
	#1 Lagoon	Aerated Lagoon				
	#2 API (Unit No. 1661)	Oil/Water Separator	-			
	#2 WEMCO	Induced air floatation unit				
	#2 Lagoon	Aerated lagoon				
	West Benzene Stripper (STK-3510)	Air Stripper	-			
	#3 API (Unit No. 1662)	Oil/Water Separator	-			
	#3 WEMCO	Induced air floatation unit				
	#3 Lagoon	Aerated lagoon	1			
	East Benzene Stripper (STK-3530)	Air Stripper	1			
	Advance Wastewater Treatment	Advanced Wastewater Treatment Plant				
West Sulfur Storage Area	Materials Handling	Materials Handling			PM	6.3.4.13
East Sulfur Storage Area	Materials Handling	Materials Handling			PM	6.3.4.13

				l Compliance nod for Listed	Demonstration Pollutant <sup>a</sup>	Reference Section for Proposed
Process Unit / Activity	Source ID	Unit Description	CEMS	CPMS/ PEMS	Emissions Factor	Monitoring & Calculation Method
Sulfur Storage, Handling & Shipping	Materials Handling	Materials Handling			PM	6.3.4.13
Catalyst Handling	Materials Handling	Materials Handling			PM	6.3.4.13
Road Dust	Road Dust	Road Dust				6.3.4.14
Painting	Painting	Painting				6.3.4.15
Firefighter Training	Firefighter Training	Firefighter Training				6.3.4.16
West-side Refinery Flare System	#2 Flare (H-1105) #3 Flare (H-1104)	H-1105 - Gas burner H-1104 – Gas Burner	TRS/SO <sub>2</sub>		SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>c</sup> , NO <sub>X</sub> , CO, PM, & VOC	6.1 & 6.3.4.4
East-side Refinery Flare System	#5 Flare (H-3351) #6 Flare (H-3352) #7 Flare (H-3301)	H-3351 - Gas burner H-3352 - Gas burner H-3301 - Gas burner	TRS/SO <sub>2</sub>		SO <sub>2</sub> °, NO <sub>X</sub> , CO, PM, & VOC	6.1 & 6.3.4.4
LPG Flare System	LPG Flare (STK 7921)	Gas burner, steam assisted		SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>b</sup>	SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>c</sup> , NO <sub>X</sub> , CO, PM, & VOC	6.2 & 6.3
FCC/Coker Refinery Flare System	FCC Flare (L.P. Flare - STK 7941) Ground Flare (H.P. Flare - STK 7942)	Gas burner, steam assisted Gas burner	TRS/SO <sub>2</sub>		SO <sub>2</sub> °, NO <sub>X</sub> , CO, PM, & VOC	6.1 & 6.3.4.4
Delayed Coker Unit	Delayed Coker Unit Process Unit	Process Fugitives			VOC	6.3.4.9
Delayed Coker Unit	H-8501A	Coker process heater 1		SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>b</sup>	SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>c</sup> , NO <sub>X</sub> , CO, PM, & VOC	6.2 & 6.3.4.2
Delayed Coker Unit	H-8501B	Coker process heater 2		SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>b</sup>	SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>c</sup> , NO <sub>X</sub> , CO, PM, & VOC	6.2 & 6.3.4.2
Delayed Coker Unit	TK-8501 (Hot Pitch Tank)	Fixed roof storage tank			PM & VOC	6.3.4.5
Coker Complex	Coke handling, storage, & loading system	Transportation & breaking of solid coke between drums and dock			PM	6.3.4.12
Coker Complex	Tank TK-8511 and recycling system	Tank TK-8511 & recycling system			VOC	6.3.4.5
Coker Complex	Delayed Coker Steam Vent	Delayed Coker Steam Vent			PM, VOC, CO, & SO <sub>2</sub>	6.3.4.8
Utilities (Powerhouse and Boilers)	Utilities (Powerhouse and Boilers)	Process Fugitives			VOC	6.3.4.9

					Demonstration	Defenence Section for Droposed
Process			Method for Listed Pollutant <sup>a</sup> CPMS/ Emission			Reference Section for Proposed
	C ID	II:4 D	CEMC			Monitoring & Calculation
Unit / Activity	Source ID	Unit Description	CEMS	PEMS	Factor	Method
Utility II	#5 Boiler (B-1155)	Boiler; Produces Steam		$SO_2^b$	SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>c</sup> , NO <sub>x</sub> , CO,	6.2 & 6.3.4.2
				ac h	PM, & VOC	
Utility III	#6 Boiler (B-3301)	Boiler; Produces Steam		SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>b</sup>	SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>c</sup> , NO <sub>X</sub> , CO, PM, & VOC	6.2 & 6.3.4.2
Utility III	#7 Boiler (B-3302)	Boiler; Produces Steam		SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>b</sup>	SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>c</sup> , NO <sub>X</sub> , CO, PM, & VOC	6.2 & 6.3.4.2
Utility III	#8 Boiler (B-3303)	Boiler; Produces Steam		SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>b</sup>	SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>c</sup> , NO <sub>x</sub> , CO,	6.2 & 6.3.4.2
Culity III	#6 Doller (D-5505)	Boller, I foduces Steam		302	PM, & VOC	0.2 & 0.3.4.2
Utility III	#9 Boiler (B-3304)	Boiler; Produces Steam		SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>b</sup>	SO <sub>2</sub> °, NO <sub>X</sub> , CO,	6.2 & 6.3.4.2
	"> Boner (B 3301)	Boner, Froduces Steam		502	PM, & VOC	0.2 & 0.3.1.2
Utility III	#10 Boiler (B-3701)	Boiler; Produces Steam		SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>b</sup>	SO <sub>2</sub> °, NO <sub>X</sub> , CO,	6.2 & 6.3.4.2
	"10 Boner (B 5 / 01)	Boner, Froduces Steam		302	PM, & VOC	0.2 & 0.5.1.2
Powerhouse 2	GT No. 4 (G-3404)	Turbine; Produces Electricity		$SO_2^b$	SO <sub>2</sub> c, NO <sub>X</sub> , CO,	6.2 & 6.3.4.2
	, ,				PM, & VOC	
Powerhouse 2	GT No. 5 (G-3405)	Turbine; Produces Electricity		$SO_2^b$	SO <sub>2</sub> c, NO <sub>X</sub> , CO,	6.2 & 6.3.4.2
		•			PM, & VOC	
Powerhouse 2	GT No. 7 (G-3407)	Turbine; Produces Electricity		SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>b</sup>	SO <sub>2</sub> c, NO <sub>X</sub> , CO,	6.2 & 6.3.4.2
					PM, & VOC	
Powerhouse 2	GT No. 8 (G-3408)	Turbine; Produces Electricity		$SO_2^b$	SO <sub>2</sub> c, NO <sub>X</sub> , CO,	6.2 & 6.3.4.2
					PM, & VOC	
Powerhouse 2	GT No. 9 (G-3409)	Turbine; Produces Electricity	NO <sub>X</sub> &	SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>b</sup>	SO <sub>2</sub> , <sup>c</sup> PM, &	6.1, 6.2, & 6.3.4.2
			CO		VOC	
Powerhouse 2	GT No. 10 (G-3410)	Turbine; Produces Electricity	NO <sub>x</sub> &	SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>b</sup>	SO <sub>2</sub> , <sup>c</sup> PM, &	6.1, 6.2, & 6.3.4.2
			CO		VOC	
GT No. 13 and Duct	GT No. 13 (G-3413 &	Turbine; Produces Electricity and	NO <sub>X</sub> &	$SO_2^b$	SO <sub>2</sub> , <sup>c</sup> PM, CO,	6.1, 6.2, & 6.3.4.2
Burner	H-3413)	Duct burner	CO		& VOC	
Tank	TK-01PR	Internal Floating Roof Tank			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-02PR	Internal Floating Roof Tank			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-03PR	Fixed Roof Tank			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-04PR	Fixed Roof Tank			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-05PR	Fixed Roof Tank			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-06PR	Fixed Roof Tank			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-07PR	Fixed Roof Tank			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-0702	Fixed Roof Tank			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-1066	Fixed Roof Tank			VOC	6.3.4.5

				Compliance od for Listed	Demonstration Pollutant <sup>a</sup>	Reference Section for Proposed
Process				CPMS/	Emissions	Monitoring & Calculation
Unit / Activity	Source ID	Unit Description	CEMS	PEMS	Factor	Method
Tank	TK-1071	External Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-1118	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-1151	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-1156	Internal Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-1157	Internal Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-1201	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-1202	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-1203	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-1204	Horizontal			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-1205	Horizontal			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-1206	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-1207	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-1208	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-1236	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-1302	Horizontal			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-1302	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-1304	Horizontal			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-1305	Horizontal			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK- 1401	Fixed			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-1600	Fixed			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-1621	Fixed			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-1621	Fixed			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-1626	Horizontal			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-1627	Horizontal			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-1628	Horizontal			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-1629	Horizontal			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-1630	Horizontal			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-1631	Horizontal			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-1632	Horizontal			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-1633	Horizontal			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-1653	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-1663	External Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-2653	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-2654	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-3201	Fixed Roof Tank			VOC	6.3.4.5

				Compliance od for Listed	Demonstration Pollutant <sup>a</sup>	Reference Section for Proposed
Process				CPMS/	Emissions	Monitoring & Calculation
Unit / Activity	Source ID	Unit Description	CEMS	PEMS	Factor	Method
Tank	TK-3202	Fixed Roof Tank			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-3203	Fixed Roof Tank			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-3204	Fixed Roof Tank			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-3205	Fixed Roof Tank			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-3208	Fixed Roof Tank			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-3209	Horizontal Tank			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-3301	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-3302	Geodesic Dome			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-3304	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
	TK-3305	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-3306	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-3384	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-3385	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-3386	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-4501	Internal Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-4502	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-4503	Internal Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-6801	External Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-6802	External Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-6803	External Floating			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-6804	External Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-6805	External Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-6806	External Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-6807	External Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-6808	External Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-6809	External Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-6810	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-6811	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-6812	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-6813	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-6814	External Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-6815	External Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-6816	External Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-6817	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-6818	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5

				Compliance od for Listed	Demonstration Pollutant <sup>a</sup>	Reference Section for Proposed
Process				CPMS/	Emissions	Monitoring & Calculation
Unit / Activity	Source ID	Unit Description	CEMS	PEMS	Factor	Method
Tank	TK-6819	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-6820	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-6821	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-6822	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-6823	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-6824	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-6825	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-6831	Internal Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-6832	Internal Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-6833	External Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-6834	External Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-6835	External Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-6836	External Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-6837	External Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-6838	External Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-6839	External Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-6840	External Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-6841	Internal Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-6842	External Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-6843	Internal Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-6851	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-6852	Internal Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-6853	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-6854	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-6858	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-6859	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-6860	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-6871	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-6872	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-6873	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-6874	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-6875	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-6876	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-6877	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-6880	Fixed Roof				

				Compliance od for Listed	Demonstration Pollutant a	Reference Section for Proposed
Process				CPMS/	Emissions	Monitoring & Calculation
Unit / Activity	Source ID	Unit Description	CEMS	PEMS	Factor	Method
Tank	TK-6881	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-6883	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-6884	Internal Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-6887	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-6888	Internal Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7051	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7201	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7206	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7207	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7208	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7209	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7210	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7211	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7301	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7302	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7401	External Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7402	External Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7403	External Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7404	External Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7405	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7406	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7407	External Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7408	External Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7409	External Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7410	External Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7411	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7412	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7413	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7414	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7415	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7416	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7417	Internal Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7418	Internal Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7421	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7422	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5

				Compliance od for Listed	Demonstration Pollutant a	Reference Section for Proposed
Process			112001	CPMS/	Emissions	Monitoring & Calculation
Unit / Activity	Source ID	Unit Description	CEMS	PEMS	Factor	Method
Tank	TK-7423	External Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7424	External Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7425	Internal Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7426	Internal Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7427	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7428	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7429	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7430	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7431	Internal Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7432	Internal Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7433	Internal Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7434	Internal Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7435	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7436	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7437	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7438	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7439	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7440	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7441	Internal Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7443	External Floating			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7444	External Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7445	External Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7446	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7447	External Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7448	Internal Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7449	External Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7451	Internal Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7452	Internal Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7453	Internal Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7454	Internal Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7455	External Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7456	External Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7501	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7502	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7503	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5

				Compliance od for Listed	Demonstration Pollutant a	Reference Section for Proposed
Process			171001	CPMS/	Emissions	Monitoring & Calculation
Unit / Activity	Source ID	Unit Description	CEMS	PEMS	Factor	Method
Tank	TK-7504	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7505	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7506	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7507	External Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7508	External Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7509	External Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7510	External Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7511	External Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7512	External Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7513	External Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7514	External Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7515	External Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7516	External Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7517	External Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7521	Internal Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7522	Internal Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7523	Internal Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7524	Internal Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7525	Internal Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7526	Internal Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7528	Internal Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7541	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7542	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7571	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7601	Internal Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7602	Internal Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7603	Internal Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7604	Internal Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7605	External Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7933	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7934	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7943	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7956	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7966	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7973	External Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5

	Source ID	Unit Description		Compliance od for Listed	Demonstration Pollutant <sup>a</sup>	Reference Section for Proposed Monitoring & Calculation Method
Process Unit / Activity			CEMS	CPMS/ PEMS	Emissions Factor	
Tank	TK-7974	Internal Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-S-7974	External Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7975	External Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-S-7975	External Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7976	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-7986	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-8001	Internal Floating Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-8002	Internal Floating Roof			VOC, CO, & PM	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-8501	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-8503	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-8505	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-8508	Horizontal			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-8511	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-8701	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	UTT1	Fixed Roof			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TK-D290 (frmly D1301)	Horizontal			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TKD-1609	Horizontal			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TKD-1610	Horizontal			VOC	6.3.4.5
Tank	TKD-1620	UST/Horizontal			VOC	6.3.4.5
Seawater & Desal Water Pumps	PD-1602	Seawater intake pump			SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>c</sup> , NO <sub>X</sub> , CO, PM, & VOC	6.2 & 6.3.4.2
Seawater & Desal Water Pumps	PD-1603	Seawater intake pump			SO <sub>2</sub> c, NO <sub>X</sub> , CO, PM, & VOC	6.2 & 6.3.4.2
Seawater & Desal Water Pumps	PD-1604	Seawater intake pump			SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>c</sup> , NO <sub>X</sub> , CO, PM, & VOC	6.2 & 6.3.4.2
Seawater & Desal Water Pumps	PD-1605	Seawater intake pump			SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>c</sup> , NO <sub>X</sub> , CO, PM, & VOC	6.2 & 6.3.4.2
Seawater & Desal Water Pumps	PD-1620	Seawater intake pump			SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>c</sup> , NO <sub>X</sub> , CO, PM, & VOC	6.2 & 6.3.4.2
Marine Loading	Unit No. 1600	Ship loading & unloading			VOC	6.3.4.12
Truck Loading Rack	Unit No. 1651	Dispense liquid & gaseous fuel to tank trucks			VOC	6.3.4.11
Fuel Pumps	Gasoline Service Station	Dispense gasoline & diesel			VOC	6.3.4.11

			Proposed Compliance Demonstration Method for Listed Pollutant <sup>a</sup>			Reference Section for Proposed
Process Unit / Activity	Source ID	Unit Description	CEMS	CPMS/ PEMS	Emissions Factor	Monitoring & Calculation Method
Piping	Unit No. 1902	East/West fuel gas system			VOC	6.3.4.9
Piping	Unit No. 3303	East/West fuel gas system			VOC	6.3.4.9
Storage Pile & Conveyor	N/A	Sulfur storage & Ship Loading				6.3.4.13
Vehicular Traffic	N/A	Road Traffic			PM	6.3.4.14
Painting	N/A	Paint			VOC	6.3.4.15
Fire Training	N/A	Fire Training Grounds			NOx, CO, PM, & VOC	6.3.4.16
Vapor Enhanced Recovery System	VER 3	Extracts liquids & air from groundwater wells to remediate contaminated soils & groundwater		SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>b</sup>	SO <sub>2</sub> °, NO <sub>X</sub> , CO, PM, & VOC	6.2 & 6.3.4.2
Vapor Enhanced Recovery System	VER 4	Extracts liquids & air from groundwater wells to remediate contaminated soils & groundwater.		SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>b</sup>	SO <sub>2</sub> c, NO <sub>x</sub> , CO, PM, & VOC	6.2 & 6.3.4.2

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> PM represents PM, PM<sub>10</sub>, and PM<sub>2.5</sub>

b Continuous monitoring of fuel gas H<sub>2</sub>S content to determine the amount of SO<sub>2</sub> resulting from the combustion of H<sub>2</sub>S. Where commercial grade propane with a product specification for sulfur content of 30 ppmv, 30 ppmv will be assumed.

c Routine sampling of sulfur content (*i.e.*, sulfur compounds) in fuel gas and/or oil to determine contribution of various sulfur compounds to the total SO<sub>2</sub> emissions.

#### 6.1 CEMS-MONITORED FACILITIES/POLLUTANTS

This section describes the proposed monitoring and PAL compliance calculation procedures for units equipped with CEMS. Emissions units equipped with CEMS include combustion units (*i.e.*, FCCU, heaters, sulfur recovery plant incinerators, gas turbines, and flares) equipped with SO<sub>2</sub>, NO<sub>x</sub>, CO, and/or TRS<sup>16</sup> CEMS as identified in Table 6-1.

## 6.1.1 Monitoring

Consistent with the requirements of 40 CFR 52.21(aa)(12)(iv), CEMS used to monitor PAL pollutant emissions at the facility will be complying with the applicable performance specifications in 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix B and, will sample, analyze, and record data at least every 15 minutes while the unit is in operation. Additionally, CEMS used to monitor PAL pollutant emissions will meet the requirements of STX-TV-003-10, as applicable. Limetree Bay Terminals and Refining will monitor operating data (*e.g.*, fuel usage, fuel heat content, exhaust gas flow, etc.) required to determine compliance with the limit for each PAL pollutant. Operating data will be monitored and recorded on at least a monthly basis.

#### 6.1.2 Calculation Procedures

For CEMS-monitored PAL pollutants, pound-per-hour ("lb/hr") emission rates will be calculated from more frequent measurements made by the CEMS in conjunction with operating data (*e.g.*, fuel usage, fuel heat content, exhaust gas flow, etc.). Hourly emissions data will be summed to monthly totals, from which the 12-month rolling total tons/year emissions will be calculated.

# 6.2 CONTINUOUS PARAMETER AND PARAMETRIC EMISSIONS MONITORED FACILITIES/POLLUTANTS

This section describes the proposed monitoring and PAL compliance calculation procedures for units equipped with CPMS/PEMS. Emissions units equipped with CPMS/PEMS include combustion units (*i.e.*, Heaters, boilers, sulfur recovery plant incinerators, gas turbines, and reciprocating engines) which combust refinery fuel gas that is monitored to determine the H<sub>2</sub>S content of the fuel such that the contribution of H<sub>2</sub>S to the total SO<sub>2</sub> emissions can be determined as identified in Table 6-1.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> TRS monitors will be used as surrogate for SO<sub>2</sub> monitors.

## 6.2.1 Monitoring

Consistent with the requirements of 40 CFR 52.21(aa)(12)(v), a CPMS or PEMS used to monitor PAL pollutant emissions ate the facility will be based on the current site-specific data demonstrating a correlation between the monitored parameter(s) and the PAL pollutant emissions across the range of operation of the emissions unit and will be sampled, analyzed, and recorded at least every 15 minutes. If a less frequent interval is used it will require Administrator approval. The corresponding operating data will be monitored (*e.g.*, fuel usage, fuel heat content, exhaust gas flow, etc.) to determine compliance with the limit for each PAL pollutant. Operating data will be monitored and recorded on at least a monthly basis.

#### 6.2.2 Calculation Procedures

For CPMS/PEMS-monitored PAL pollutants, lb/hr emission rates will be calculated from more frequent measurements made by the CPMS or PEMS in conjunction with corresponding operating data (*e.g.*, fuel usage, fuel heat content, exhaust gas flow, etc.). Hourly emissions data will be summed to monthly totals, from which the 12-month rolling total tons/year emissions will be calculated.

## 6.3 EMISSION FACTOR EMISSIONS UNITS/POLLUTANTS

## 6.3.1 Monitoring

Where an emission factor approach is proposed to monitor PAL pollutant emissions, Limetree Bay Terminals and Refining will use the best available emission factor based on stack test data, vendor information, design/engineering calculations, or Department-approved references (*e.g.*, EPA AP-42) in conjunction with operating data (*e.g.*, fuel usage, heater fired duty). Operating data will be monitored and recorded on at least a monthly basis. Additional PAL requirements related to emission factor calculations are discussed in Section 6.3.3.

#### 6.3.2 Calculation Procedures

For emission factor-monitored PAL emission units/pollutants, monthly emission rates will be calculated by applying the applicable emission factor to the appropriate operating data. The emissions data will be summed to compute the monthly totals (tons/month). The 12-month rolling total emissions in TPY will be calculated monthly as the sum of the monthly emissions for the current month and the previous 11 consecutive months. For this and all other proposed calculation procedures, for each month during the first 11 months from the PAL effective date, Limetree Bay Terminals and Refining will calculate the sum of the preceding monthly emissions from the PAL effective date for each emissions unit under the PAL.

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#### 6.3.3 Additional Requirements for Emission Factor Monitoring

In accordance with 40 CFR 52.21(aa)(12)(vi), an owner or operator using emission factors to monitor PAL pollutant emissions shall meet the following requirements:

- (a) All emission factors shall be adjusted, if appropriate, to account for the degree of uncertainty or limitations in the factors' development;
- (b) The emissions unit shall operate within the designated range of use for the emission factor, if applicable; and
- (c) If technically practicable, the owner or operator of a significant emissions unit that relies on an emission factor to calculate PAL pollutant emissions shall conduct validation testing to determine a site-specific emission factor within 6 months of PAL permit issuance, unless the Administrator determines that testing is not required.

#### 6.3.3.1 Emission Factor Adjustment

The emission factors proposed for PAL monitoring are based on best available data, including stack test data, vendor supplied data, Department-accepted literature references, and/or engineering calculations approved under prior NSR permit actions. All emission factors are based on sound science and meet generally acceptable scientific procedures for data quality and manipulation.

Based on the foregoing, Limetree Bay Terminals and Refining does not believe that any adjustments to emission factors proposed to monitor PAL pollutants are appropriate.

#### 6.3.3.2 Emissions Unit Operation within Designated Range

None of the proposed PAL monitoring emission factors were determined to have a specific designated range of emissions unit operation. All of the PAL emissions units proposed to be monitored using an emission factor approach will operate within the valid range of the emission factor.

#### 6.3.3.3 Validation Testing

Emission factors are based on either site-specific source tests, vendor data, or a reliable literature basis. Limetree Bay Terminals and Refining does not believe that any validation testing, beyond currently required periodic testing, should be required for the emissions units proposed to be monitored using an emission factor approach; Limetree Bay Terminals and Refining requests that the PAL permit not include any validation testing requirements beyond what is currently required.

## 6.3.4 Emissions Factor Monitoring/Calculation Procedure by Unit Category

This section describes the proposed monitoring and PAL compliance calculation procedures for a subset of emission units/pollutants for which an emissions factor approach is proposed for PAL pollutant monitoring.<sup>17</sup> As identified in Table 6-1, an emission factor approach is proposed for the following emissions units for the indicated PAL pollutants:

- FCCU WGS PM/PM<sub>10</sub>/PM<sub>2.5</sub> and VOC
- Heaters, Boilers, Gas Turbines, and Reciprocating Engines SO<sub>2</sub>, NO<sub>X</sub>, CO, PM/PM<sub>10</sub>/PM<sub>2.5</sub>, and VOC
- Sulfur Recovery Plants NO<sub>X</sub>, CO, PM/PM<sub>10</sub>/PM<sub>2.5</sub>, and VOC
- Flares SO<sub>2</sub>, NO<sub>X</sub>, CO, PM/PM<sub>10</sub>/PM<sub>2.5</sub>, and VOC
- Tanks VOC
- Delayed Coker Steam Vent CO, PM/PM<sub>10</sub>/PM<sub>2.5</sub>, and VOC
- Platformer Vents SO<sub>2</sub>, CO, and VOC
- Sulfuric Acid Plant SO<sub>2</sub>, NO<sub>X</sub>, CO, PM/PM<sub>10</sub>/PM<sub>2.5</sub>, and VOC
- Process Fugitives VOC
- Wastewater Treatment VOC
- Loading Rack VOC
- Marine Loading VOC
- Material Handling PM/PM<sub>10</sub>/PM<sub>2.5</sub>
- Road Traffic PM/PM<sub>10</sub>/PM<sub>2.5</sub>
- Painting VOC
- Fire Training NO<sub>X</sub>, PM, and VOC

#### 6.3.4.1 FCCU

This section describes the proposed monitoring and PAL compliance calculation procedures for FCCU PM/PM<sub>10</sub>/PM<sub>2.5</sub> and VOC emissions as identified in Table 6-1.

<u>Monitoring</u>: Feed rate to the FCCU, updates to the emissions testing used to determine flow and emission factors, and other variable parameters needed to calculate emissions per the procedure described below will be monitored on a monthly or more frequent basis.

<u>Calculation Procedure</u>: The PM/PM<sub>10</sub>/PM<sub>2.5</sub> and VOC emissions from the FCCU will be calculated based on the most recent stack test based correlation of FCCU feed rate to exhaust gas

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> Note that as identified in Table 6-1, other proposed monitoring approaches also employ an emission factor general approach but those approaches are sufficiently unique to warrant a separate description.

volume and most current stack test based concentration for particulate matter (*e.g.*, PM/PM<sub>10</sub>/PM<sub>2.5</sub>) and VOC emissions from the FCCU. The 12-month rolling total VOC emissions in tons/year will be calculated monthly as the sum of the monthly emissions for the previous 12 consecutive months.

## 6.3.4.2 Heaters, Boilers, Gas Turbines, and Reciprocating Engines

This section describes the proposed monitoring and PAL compliance calculation procedures for heater, boiler, gas turbine, and reciprocating engine SO<sub>2</sub>, NO<sub>X</sub>, CO, PM/PM<sub>10</sub>/PM<sub>2.5</sub>, and VOC emissions as identified in Table 6-1.

<u>Monitoring</u>: Fuel flow rate and fuel heat content will be monitored to determine the heat input rate to the heaters, boilers, gas turbines, and reciprocating engines. On a unit-by-unit basis the heat input-based emission factors used to calculate emissions per the procedures described below will be monitored on a monthly or more frequent basis.

<u>Calculation Procedure</u>: The SO<sub>2</sub>, NO<sub>x</sub>, CO, PM/PM<sub>10</sub>/PM<sub>2.5</sub>, and VOC emissions from the heaters, boilers, gas turbines, and reciprocating engines will be calculated monthly based on the heat input rate and the applicable unit/pollutant emissions factor. Fuel flow rate and heat content data will be used to determine a given unit's heat input rate. The emissions factors used will be based on the best, most current data available (*i.e.*, stack test data, vendor supplied data, or AP-42) and be the most representative of a given unit's operation. The 12-month rolling total in tons/year will be calculated monthly as the sum of the monthly emissions for the previous 12 consecutive months.

## 6.3.4.3 Sulfur Recovery Plants

This section describes the proposed monitoring and PAL compliance calculation procedures for the Sulfur Recovery Plant NO<sub>X</sub>, CO, PM/PM<sub>10</sub>/PM<sub>2.5</sub>, and VOC emissions as identified in Table 6-1. As noted in Section 4.3.3, the SRPs are composed of Claus Sulfur Recovery units, Beavon Units, SRP incinerators (thermal oxidizers), sulfur pits, and Beavon Cooling Towers. The Beavon Units are primarily a source of reduced sulfur compounds and small amounts of combustion related pollutants. The SRP incinerators are used to convert reduced sulfur compounds to SO<sub>2</sub>. As a result, these units are a source of SO<sub>2</sub> and other combustion related pollutants, NO<sub>X</sub>, CO, PM/PM<sub>10</sub>/PM<sub>2.5</sub>, and VOC. The Beavon Cooling towers are a source of PM/PM<sub>10</sub>/PM<sub>2.5</sub>.

<u>Monitoring</u>: To determine emissions for the Beavon Units and SRP incinerators, fuel flow rate, fuel heat content, and other variable parameters necessary to calculate emissions per the procedures described below will be monitored on a monthly or more frequent basis. To determine emission from the Beavon Cooling towers, the cooling water circulation, total

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dissolved solids ("TDS") content of the cooling water, and other variable parameters necessary to calculate emissions per the procedures described below will be monitored on a monthly or more frequent basis.

<u>Calculation Procedure</u>: The NO<sub>X</sub>, CO, PM/PM<sub>10</sub>/PM<sub>2.5</sub>, and VOC emissions from the Beavon Units and SRP incinerators will be calculated monthly based on the heat input rate and the applicable unit/pollutant emissions factor. Fuel flow rate and heat content data will be used to determine a given SRP incinerator's heat input rate. The emissions factors used will be based on the best, most current data available (*i.e.*, stack test data, vendor supplied data, or AP-42). The additional emissions due to accidental releases will be added to the emissions factor estimates. The 12-month rolling total in tons/year will be calculated monthly as the sum of the monthly emissions for the previous 12 consecutive months.

The PM/PM<sub>10</sub>/PM<sub>2.5</sub> emission rates from cooling towers will be calculated monthly based on cooling water flow (recirculation) rates, the design drift loss factor, and TDS content of the water. The 12-month rolling total emissions in TPY will be calculated monthly as the sum of the monthly emissions for the previous 12 consecutive months.

#### 6.3.4.4 Flares

This section describes the proposed monitoring and PAL compliance calculation procedures for the flare NO<sub>X</sub>, CO, PM/PM<sub>10</sub>/PM<sub>2.5</sub>, and VOC emissions as identified in Table 6-1.

<u>Monitoring</u>: Flare gas flowrate and heat content and speciation of the gases flared that are needed to calculate emissions per the procedures described below will be monitored on a monthly or more frequent basis.

<u>Calculation Procedure</u>: The flare flowrate and flare gas heat content will be used to determine the heat input to the flare. The heat input will then be used to determine on a monthly basis the NO<sub>X</sub>, CO, PM/PM<sub>10</sub>/PM<sub>2.5</sub>, and VOC emissions using the methodology in AP-42, Fifth Edition, Volume I, Chapter 13.5 dated February 2018 or later.

#### 6.3.4.5 Tanks

This section describes the proposed monitoring and PAL compliance calculation procedures for storage tanks in VOC service as identified in Table 6-1.

<u>Monitoring</u>: Storage tank stocks, throughput rates and other variable parameters necessary to calculate emissions per the procedures described below will be monitored on a monthly or more frequent basis.

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<u>Calculation Procedure</u>: The VOC emissions from tanks will be calculated monthly. Tank working and standing losses as well as roof landing and filling losses will be calculated monthly using the methodology in AP-42, Fifth Edition, Volume I, Chapter 7 dated November 2011 or later, "Organic Liquid Storage Tanks." The CO and PM emissions from tanks will be calculated monthly using the procedures in AP-42, Fifth Edition, Volume I, Chapter 11.1. The 12-month rolling total VOC, CO, and PM emissions in tons/year will be calculated monthly as the sum of the monthly emissions for the previous 12 consecutive months.

#### 6.3.4.6 Platformer Vents

This section describes the proposed monitoring and PAL compliance calculation procedures for Platformer catalyst regenerator vent.

<u>Monitoring</u>: The utilization of each platformer will be monitored on a monthly or more frequent basis.

<u>Calculation Procedure</u>: The SO<sub>2</sub>, CO and VOC emissions from each platformer catalyst regenerator vent (*i.e.*, #2 Plat, #3 Plat, and #4) will be determined based on each unit's design capacity, utilization during the monitored period, and the emissions factors that were used to determine the BAE rates. The SO<sub>2</sub> and CO factors were developed using data collected in response to EPA's information collection request. The VOC BAE rate was determined using an EPA developed emissions factor.<sup>18</sup>

#### 6.3.4.7 Sulfuric Acid Plants

This section describes the proposed monitoring and PAL compliance calculation procedures for sulfuric acid plant which includes the acid plant heaters and process unit stack.

<u>Monitoring</u>: For each of the acid plant heaters the fuel flow rate and fuel heat content will be monitored to determine the heat input rate to the heaters. On a unit-by-unit basis the heat input-based emission factors used to calculate emissions per the procedures described below will be monitored on a monthly or more frequent basis. For the acid plant process vent its hours of operation will be monitored on a monthly or more frequent basis.

<u>Calculation Procedure</u>: The SO<sub>2</sub>, NO<sub>X</sub>, CO, PM/PM<sub>10</sub>/PM<sub>2.5</sub>, and VOC emissions from the heater's stack will be calculated monthly based on the heat input rate and the applicable unit/pollutant emissions factor. Fuel flow rate and heat content data will be used to determine a given unit's heat input rate. The emissions factors used will be based on the best, most current

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> Emissions Estimation Protocol for Petroleum Refineries, Version 3, April 2015, Table 5-6, page 5-19.

data available (*i.e.*, stack test data, vendor supplied data, or AP-42) and be the most representative of a given unit's operation. The 12-month rolling total in tons/year will be calculated monthly as the sum of the monthly emissions for the previous 12 consecutive months. The NOx emissions from the sulfuric acid plant process vent will be determined by applying the monthly hours of operation to the stack-test based emissions rate for that vent.

## 6.3.4.8 Delayed Coker Steam Vent

This section describes the proposed monitoring and PAL compliance calculation procedures for delayed coker steam vent CO, PM, and VOC emissions as identified in Table 6-1

<u>Monitoring</u>: The number of coke drum cycles and pressure in the drum will be monitored on a monthly or more frequent basis.

<u>Calculation Procedure</u>: The CO, PM, and VOC emissions from the coker steam vent will be calculated monthly using stack test-based emission factors derived from testing of the steam vent emissions. The 12-month rolling total PM and VOC emissions in tons/year will be calculated monthly as the sum of the monthly emissions for the previous 12 consecutive months.

#### 6.3.4.9 Process Fugitives

This section describes the proposed monitoring and PAL compliance calculation procedures for equipment leak fugitive VOC emissions as identified in Table 6-1

<u>Monitoring</u>: The equipment components within each process unit at the facility will be monitored in accordance with the requirements at 40 CFR 60.592.

<u>Calculation Procedure</u>: Fugitive VOC emissions from equipment leak fugitives and compressor seals will be calculated monthly using one of two different methodologies depending on whether the equipment components are monitored or unmonitored.

Fugitive VOC from monitored equipment components will be estimated using the appropriate correlations (e.g., the Petroleum Industry Leak Rate/Screening Value Correlations) found in U.S. EPA's Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates and the Modified Trapezoidal method to estimate emissions over time. Fugitive VOC from monitored equipment will be managed using LeakDAS software or equivalent.

Fugitive VOC emissions from unmonitored components will be estimated using the Refinery Average Emission Factors applicable to each component type (*e.g.*, valves in heavy liquid service) as found in EPA's *Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates*, Table 2-2.

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Also, where appropriate, the VOC content of the material in a given process area will be used in the emissions estimate to reflect the fact that not all of the material emitted is VOC (*e.g.*, ethane is not a VOC). The 12-month rolling total emissions in tons/year will be calculated monthly as the sum of the monthly emissions for the previous 12 consecutive months.

#### 6.3.4.10 Wastewater Treatment

This section describes the proposed monitoring and PAL compliance calculation procedures for VOC emissions from the various components that comprise the wastewater treatment plant as presented in Table 6-1.

Monitoring: For wastewater facilities in VOC service (*i.e.*, Oily Water Collection System and Advance Wastewater Treatment System) (see Table 6-1), monitoring data related to the process drains and junction boxes within the oily water collection system (i.e. monthly and quarterly visual inspections of water traps, carbon canisters, pressure relief valves and gas-tight covers, as applicable) and the variable parameter input data for the advance wastewater treatment system that is required by EPA's WATER9 model (*i.e.*, stream flows and compositions) will be monitored on a monthly or more frequent basis.

<u>Calculation Procedure</u>: The rate of VOC emissions from the oily water collection system will be determined using the TCEQ Guidance for uncontrolled process drains emissions factor and a 95% control factor, which will be based upon the monitoring data that is collected during the visual inspections.

EPA's WATER9 will be used to estimate fugitive VOC emissions from the facility's advance wastewater treatment plant. The emissions model contains elements that account for the static <sup>19</sup> physical and operational characteristics of the various fugitive VOC emissions sources at the facility. Variable (*i.e.*, non-static) elements such as stream flows and compositions will be input into the static emissions model to determine the monthly fugitive VOC emissions from the relevant facilities. The 12-month rolling total emissions in tons/year from the wastewater facilities will be calculated monthly as the sum of the monthly emissions for the previous 12 consecutive months.

## 6.3.4.11 Loading Rack

This section describes the proposed monitoring and PAL compliance calculation procedures for truck loading rack and fuel pump VOC emissions as identified in Table 6-1.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> The term static refers to the portions of the model that represent the physical configuration of the system. Physical changes to the wastewater system will require revisions to the static model.

<u>Monitoring</u>: Material specific throughputs will be monitored on a monthly or more frequent basis.

<u>Calculation Procedure</u>: The VOC emissions from truck loading and fuel pump operations will be calculated monthly using the procedures outlined in Chapter 5.2 of EPA's AP-42 regarding "Transportation and Marketing of Petroleum Liquids." Variable parameter inputs include records of material throughput and associated parameter values will be used. The 12-month rolling total emissions in tons/year will be calculated monthly as the sum of the monthly emissions for the previous 12 consecutive months.

## 6.3.4.12 Marine Loading

This section describes the proposed monitoring and PAL compliance calculation procedures for marine loading VOC emissions as identified in Table 6-1.

<u>Monitoring</u>: Material throughput and conditions will be monitored on a monthly or more frequent basis.

<u>Calculation Procedure</u>: The VOC emissions from marine loading operations will be calculated monthly using the procedures outlined in Chapter 5.2 of EPA's AP-42 regarding "Transportation and Marketing of Petroleum Liquids." Variable parameter inputs including records of material throughput and associated typical parameter values and chemical property data (*e.g.*, temperature, vapor pressure, molecular weight) will be used. The 12-month rolling total emissions in tons/year will be calculated monthly as the sum of the monthly emissions for the previous 12 consecutive months.

#### 6.3.4.13 Material Handling

This section describes the proposed monitoring and PAL compliance calculation procedures for east, and west, and dry dock sulfur storage areas, catalyst handling, and coke handling PM/PM<sub>10</sub>/PM<sub>2.5</sub> emissions as identified in Table 6-1

<u>Monitoring</u>: Coke, sulfur, catalyst and other solids handling production quantities/throughputs, rates, moisture content, and pile areas (as needed) as well as the wind speed will be monitored on a monthly or more frequent basis.

<u>Calculation Procedure</u>: The PM/PM<sub>10</sub>/PM<sub>2.5</sub> emissions from the sulfur storage areas, catalyst handling, and coke handling operations will be calculated monthly using the procedures outlined in AP-42, Fifth Edition, Volume I, Chapter 13, dated November 2006 or later, related to "Aggregate Handling and Storage Piles." Emission factors and control factors from CHEER (Coal Handling Emissions Evaluation Roundtable) Workshop, TNRCC (May 16, 1995) and

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other appropriate guidance will be applied where appropriate. The 12-month rolling total emissions in tons/year will be calculated monthly as the sum of the monthly emissions for the previous 12 consecutive months.

#### 6.3.4.14 Road Traffic

This section describes the proposed monitoring and PAL compliance calculation procedures for road traffic PM/PM<sub>10</sub>/PM<sub>2.5</sub> emissions as identified in Table 6-1

<u>Monitoring</u>: The vehicle operating data (*i.e.*, number of vehicles in service and typical mileage) within the source will be monitored on a monthly or more frequent basis. Days with more than 0.01 inches of rain will be monitored and recorded.

<u>Calculation Procedure</u>: The PM/PM<sub>10</sub>/PM<sub>2.5</sub> emissions from the vehicular traffic will be calculated monthly using the procedures outlined in AP-42, Fifth Edition, Volume I, Chapter 13, dated January 2011 or later, related to "Paved Roads." The 12-month rolling total emissions in tons/year will be calculated monthly as the sum of the monthly emissions for the previous 12 consecutive months.

#### 6.3.4.15 Painting

This section describes the proposed monitoring and PAL compliance calculation procedures for painting related VOC emissions as identified in Table 6-1.

<u>Monitoring</u>: Painting related operating data (*i.e.*, container size, number of containers, paint or thinner type, ingredients) will be monitored on a monthly or more frequent basis. Because the determination of painting VOC emission is a mass-based calculation, the monitoring will be performed pursuant to the requirements at 40 CFR 52.21(aa)(12)(iv) as follows:

- Provide a demonstrated means of validating the published content of the PAL pollutant that is contained in or created by all materials used in or at the emissions unit;
- Assume that the emissions unit emits all of the PAL pollutant that is contained in or created by any raw material or fuel used in or at the emissions unit, if it cannot otherwise be accounted for in the process; and
- Where the vendor of a material or fuel, which is used in or at the emissions unit, publishes a range of pollutant content from such material, the owner or operator must use the highest value of the range to calculate the PAL pollutant emissions unless the Administrator determines there is site-specific data or a site-specific monitoring program to support another content within the range.

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<u>Calculation Procedure</u>: The VOC emissions from painting performed at the source will be calculated monthly by summing the VOC amounts contained within the paints and thinners that are consumed. The 12-month rolling total emissions in tons/year will be calculated monthly as the sum of the monthly emissions for the previous 12 consecutive months.

## 6.3.4.16 Fire Training

This section describes the proposed monitoring and PAL compliance calculation procedures for fire training related emissions as identified in Table 6-1.

<u>Monitoring</u>: The amount of fuel (*i.e.*, gasoline, diesel, and propane) combusted and FireFOAM used will be monitored on a monthly or more frequent basis.

<u>Calculation Procedure</u>: The SO<sub>2</sub>, NO<sub>X</sub>, CO, PM, and VOC emissions from fire training will be calculated by using the emission factors published in "Calculation Methods for Criteria Air Pollutant Emission Inventories", Brooks Air Force Base, TX, July 1994 The VOC attributable to the quantity of FireFOAM used will be added to the amount of VOC resulting from fuel combustion. The 12-month rolling total emissions in tons/year will be calculated monthly as the sum of the monthly emissions for the previous 12 consecutive months.

#### 6.4 Absence of Monitoring Data Procedures

The PAL requirements at 40 CFR 52.21(aa)(12)(vii) contain the following provision regarding periods with no monitoring data:

A source owner or operator must record and report maximum potential emissions without considering enforceable emission limitations or operational restrictions for an emissions unit during any period of time that there is no monitoring data, unless another method for determining emissions during such periods is specified in the PAL permit.

Limetree Bay Terminals and Refining requests that the following condition be incorporated into the PAL permit for the facility:

By [180 days after permit issuance], the permit holder shall develop and maintain a written plan which includes substitution procedures for periods of missing and or inaccurate data used to demonstrate compliance with the proposed PALs, including periods where measuring devices such as flow meters fail calibrations and data is not recorded in the plant data historian. The permit holder shall implement the plan at all times.

## 6.5 PAL PERMIT RECORDKEEPING

Upon issuance of the requested PAL permit, Limetree Bay Terminals and Refining will meet all of the applicable PAL recordkeeping and reporting requirements at 40 CFR 52.21(aa)(13) and (14).

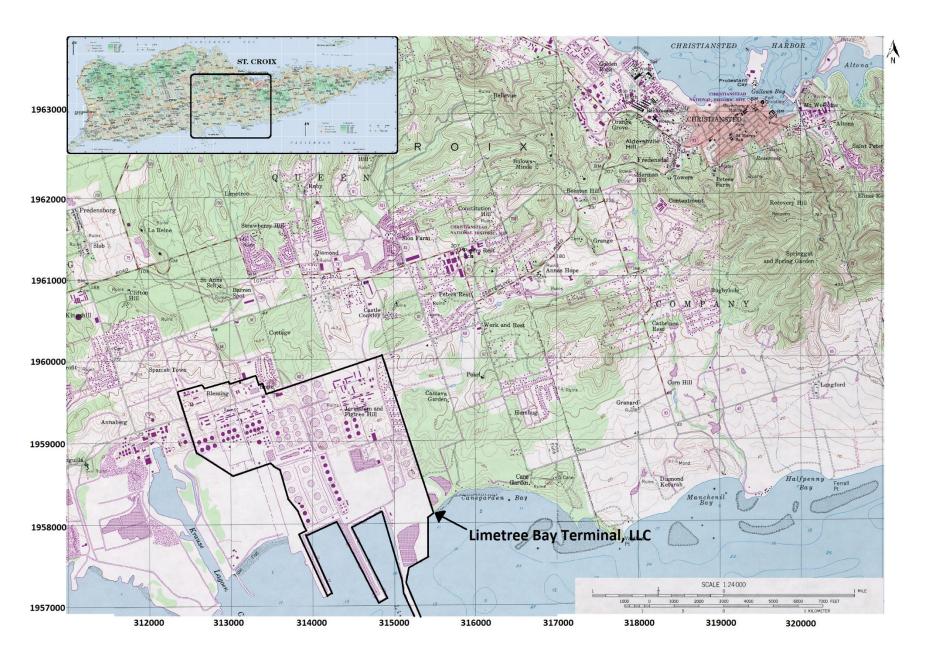
## Appendix A – Figures

Figure A-1 Area Map

Figure A-2 Site Plan

Figure A-3 Process Flow

Figure A-1: AREA MAP



Source: Universal Transverse Mercatur (UTM) Zone 20, Puerto Rican Projection, U.S.G.S.

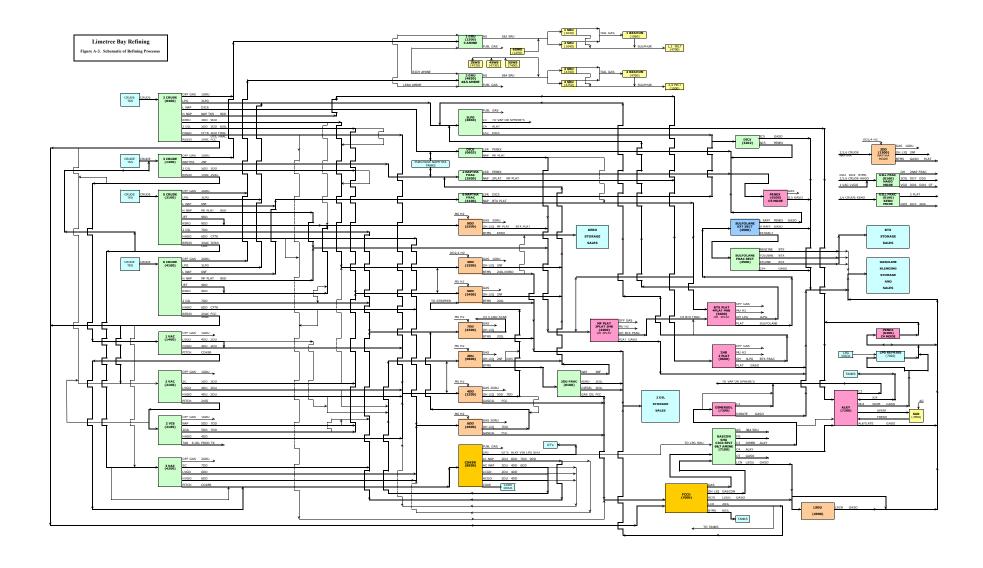


Figure A-3. Process Flow Diagram

# Appendix B Potential to Emit Calculations

# Limetree Bay Terminals and Refining APPENDIX B - PAL APPLICATION

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Tab	Support	Process Unit	Source Identification (ID)	Unit Description	SO2	NOx	со	PM	PM10	PM2.5	voc	H2SO4
<u>B-1</u>		FCC Complex	FCCU STK-7051	FCCU stack	237	213	3,235	252.9	505.9	505.9	52.7	
<u>B-2</u>		#2 DU Fractionator	H-101	Heater	137.4	229.5	52.6	14.1	14.3	10.3	3.4	6.1
<u>B-2</u>		#2 DU Fractionator	H-104	Heater	102.1	170.5	39.1	10.5	10.6	7.6	2.6	4.6
<u>B-2</u>		#2 CDU	H-401A	Charge Heater	177.7	275.2	61.5	18.2	17.9	12.7	4.0	7.9
<u>B-2</u>		#2 CDU	H-401B	Charge Heater	177.7	275.2	61.5	18.2	17.9	12.7	4.0	7.9
<u>B-2</u>		#2 CDU	H-401C	Charge Heater	177.7	275.2	61.5	18.2	17.9	12.7	4.0	7.9
<u>B-2</u>		Penex	H-200	Charge Heater	1.2	16.0	13.4	0.3	1.2	1.2	0.9	0.1
<u>B-2</u>		Penex	H-201	Fired Reboiler Heater	1.2	16.1	13.5	0.3	1.2	1.2	0.9	0.1
<u>B-2</u>		Penex	H-202	Hot Oil Heater	4.0	146.2	43.9	1.0	4.0	4.0	2.9	0.2
<u>B-2</u>		Utility Fractionation	H-160	Charge Heater	4.4	162.7	48.8	1.1	4.4	4.4	3.2	0.2
<u>B-2</u>		#2 Platformer	H-601	Stripper Reboiler Heater	1.2	15.2	12.8	0.3	1.2	1.2	0.8	0.1
<u>B-2</u>		#2 Platformer	H-604	Platforming No. 2 Interheater	1.2	15.9	13.4	0.3	1.2	1.2	0.9	0.1
<u>B-2</u>		#2 Platformer	H-605	Platforming No. 3 Interheater	0.5	6.6	5.6	0.1	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.0
<u>B-2</u>		#2 DU	H-800A	Reactor Charge Heater	1.4	18.4	15.4	0.3	1.4	1.4	1.0	0.1
<u>B-2</u>		#2 DU	H-800B	Reactor Charge Heater	1.4	18.4	15.4	0.3	1.4	1.4	1.0	0.1
<u>B-2</u>		#2 DU	H-801	Stripper Heater	3.3	120.8	36.3	0.8	3.3	3.3	2.4	0.2
<u>B-2</u>		#4 DD	H-2201A	Reactor Charge Heater	2.0	26.3	22.1	0.5	2.0	2.0	1.4	0.1
<u>B-2</u>		#4 DD	H-2201B	Reactor Charge Heater	2.0	26.3	22.1	0.5	2.0	2.0	1.4	0.1
<u>B-2</u>		#4 DD	H-2202	Stripper Reboiler Heater	3.9	143.4	43.0	1.0	3.9	3.9	2.8	0.2
<u>B-2</u>		#5 DD	H-2400	Charge Heater	1.1	14.2	11.9	0.3	1.1	1.1	0.8	0.1
<u>B-3</u>		#5 DD	C-2400A	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	0.02	19.4	69.4	0.3	0.6	0.6	0.9	0.0008
<u>B-3</u>		#5 DD	C-2400B	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	0.02	19.4	69.4	0.3	0.6	0.6	0.9	0.0008
<u>B-2</u>		Naphtha Fractionation	H-2501	Reboiler Heater	6.7	244.1	73.2	1.7	6.6	6.6	4.8	0.3
<u>B-2</u>		#2 Sulfolane	H-4502	Benzene Column Reboiler Heater	13.1	178.5	53.6	1.2	4.8	4.8	3.5	0.6
<u>B-2</u>		#2 Sulfolane	H-4503	Toluene Column Reboiler Heater	12.4	169.3	50.8	1.1	4.6	4.6	3.3	0.6
<u>B-2</u>		#2 Sulfolane	H-4504	Xylene Column Reboiler Heater	11.1	151.6	45.5	1.0	4.1	4.1	3.0	0.5
<u>B-2</u>		#2 Sulfolane	H-4505	Raffinate Splitter Reboiler Heater	9.6	131.1	39.3	0.9	3.6	3.6	2.6	0.5
<u>B-2</u>		#5 CDU	H-3101A	Crude Charge Heater	352.2	590.9	137.3	34.9	35.9	26.0	9.0	15.8
<u>B-2</u>		#5 CDU	H-3101B	Crude Charge Heater	352.2	590.9	137.3	34.9	35.9	26.0	9.0	15.8
<u>B-2</u>		#6 CDU	H-4101A	Crude Charge Heater	352.2	590.9	137.3	34.9	35.9	26.0	9.0	15.8
<u>B-2</u>		#6 CDU	H-4101B	Crude Charge Heater	352.2	590.9	137.3	34.9	35.9	26.0	9.0	15.8
<u>B-2</u>		#3 Platformer	H-4401	Charge Heater	11.8	161.2	48.4	1.1	4.4	4.4	3.2	0.6
<u>B-2</u>		#3 Platformer	H-4402	Fired Reboiler Heater	11.3	153.5	46.1	1.0	4.2	4.2	3.0	0.6
<u>B-2</u>		#3 Platformer	H-4451	Charge Heater	33.6	457.9	137.4	3.1	12.4	12.4	9.0	1.7
<u>B-2</u>		#3 Platformer	H-4452	Intermediate Heater	21.9	298.1	89.4	2.0	8.1	8.1	5.9	1.1
<u>B-2</u>		#3 Platformer	H-4453	Intermediate Heater	21.9	298.1	89.4	2.0	8.1	8.1	5.9	1.1
<u>B-2</u>		#3 Platformer	H-4454	Intermediate Heater	6.8	33.2	27.8	0.6	2.5	2.5	1.8	0.3
<u>B-2</u>		#3 Platformer	H-4455	Fired Reboiler Heater	12.2	166.3	49.9	1.1	4.5	4.5	3.3	0.6
<u>B-2</u>		#3 VAC	H-4201	Prestripper Heater	349.5	440.7	91.2	34.7	32.3	22.2	6.0	15.6
<u>B-2</u>		#3 VAC	H-4202	Vacuum Heater	338.1	426.5	88.2	33.6	31.3	21.5	5.8	15.1
<u>B-2</u>		#4 Platformer	H-5401	Charge Heater	11.8	161.2	48.4	1.1	4.4	4.4	3.2	0.6
<u>B-2</u>		#4 Platformer	H-5402	Fired Reboiler Heater	11.3	153.5	46.1	1.0	4.2	4.2	3.0	0.6
B-2		#4 Platformer	H-5451	Charge Heater	33.6	457.9	137.4	3.1	12.4	12.4	9.0	1.7
B-2		#4 Platformer	H-5452	Intermediate Heater	21.9	298.1	89.4	2.0	8.1	8.1	5.9	1.1
B-2		#4 Platformer	H-5453	Intermediate Heater	21.9	298.1	89.4	2.0	8.1	8.1	5.9	1.1
B-2		#4 Platformer	H-5454	Intermediate Heater	6.8	33.2	27.8	0.6	2.5	2.5	1.8	0.3

Tab	Support	Process Unit	Source Identification (ID)	Unit Description	SO2	NOx	со	PM	PM10	PM2.5	voc	H2SO4
B-2		#4 Platformer	H-5455	Fired Reboiler Heater	12.2	166.3	49.9	1.1	4.5	4.5	3.3	0.6
B-2		#6 DD	H-4601A	Reactor Charge Heater	5.4	26.3	22.1	0.5	2.0	2.0	1.4	0.3
<u>B-2</u>		#6 DD	H-4601B	Reactor Charge Heater	5.4	26.3	22.1	0.5	2.0	2.0	1.4	0.3
<u>B-2</u>		#6 DD	H-4602	Stripper Reboiler Heater	10.5	143.4	43.0	1.0	3.9	3.9	2.8	0.5
<u>B-3</u>		#6 DD	C-4601A	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	0.06	428.9	58.6	0.0	1.0	1.0	12.4	0.0030
<u>B-3</u>		#6 DD	C-4601B	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	0.06	428.9	58.6	0.0	1.0	1.0	12.4	0.0030
<u>B-3</u>		#6 DD	C-4601C	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	0.06	428.9	58.6	0.0	1.0	1.0	12.4	0.0030
<u>B-2</u>		#7 DD	H-4301A	Reactor Charge Heater	5.9	28.7	24.1	0.5	2.2	2.2	1.6	0.3
<u>B-2</u>		#7 DD	H-4301B	Reactor Charge Heater	5.9	28.7	24.1	0.5	2.2	2.2	1.6	0.3
<u>B-2</u>		#7 DD	H-4302	Stripper Reboiler Heater	10.8	146.8	44.0	1.0	4.0	4.0	2.9	0.5
<u>B-2</u>		#9 DD	H-5301A	Reactor Charge Heater	5.9	28.7	24.1	0.5	2.2	2.2	1.6	0.3
<u>B-2</u>		#9 DD	H-5301B	Reactor Charge Heater	5.9	28.7	24.1	0.5	2.2	2.2	1.6	0.3
<u>B-2</u>		#9 DD	H-5302	Stripper Reboiler Heater	10.8	146.8	44.0	1.0	4.0	4.0	2.9	0.5
<u>B-2</u>	<u>B-7</u>	#1 Beavon	H-1061 (and T-1061)	West SRP Tail Gas Incinerator	-	4.3	291.6	0.1	0.3	0.3	36.0	-
<u>B-2</u>		#1 SRU Incinerator	H-1032	Tail Gas Incinerator	37.4	3.1	2.6	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	5.7
<u>B-2</u>		#2 SRU Incinerator	H-1042	Tail Gas Incinerator	78.7	6.5	5.5	0.1	0.5	0.5	0.4	12.0
<u>B-2</u>	<u>B-7</u>	#2 Beavon	H-4761 (and T-4761)	East Tail Gas Incinerator	-	4.3	388.8	0.1	0.3	0.3	48.1	-
<u>B-2</u>		#3 SRU & #4 SRU Incinerator	H-4745	Tail Gas Incinerator	285.3	23.6	19.8	0.4	1.8	1.8	1.3	43.7
<u>B-2</u>		LSG Unit	H-4901	Charge Heater	4.2	2.7	15.3	3.6	3.6	3.0	4.2	0.2
<u>B-2</u>		Sulfuric Acid Plant	STK-7801	Heater Stack								1
		Sulfuric Acid Plant	H-7801	SAP - Process Air Heater	3.2	18.4	3.9	13.4	13.4	1.4	0.3	0.2
<u>B-2</u>		Sulfuric Acid Plant	H-7802	SAP Converter Heater			5.5	20	20		0.5	0.2
		Sulfuric Acid Plant	R-7801	SAP Startup Heater								
<u>B-2</u>	<u>B-15</u>	Delayed Coker Unit	H-8501A	Coker process heater 1	10.1	60.1	25.8	6.6	2.6	2.6	4.4	0.5
<u>B-2</u>	<u>B-15</u>	Delayed Coker	H-8501B	Coker process heater	10.1	60.1	25.8	6.6	2.6	2.6	4.4	0.5
<u>B-3</u>		#3 DD	C-1500A	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	0.01	52.8	0.7	0.1	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.0004
<u>B-3</u>		#3 DD	C-1500B	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	0.01	52.8	0.7	0.1	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.0004
<u>B-3</u>		#3 DD	C-1500C	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	0.01	52.8	0.7	0.1	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.0004
<u>B-3</u>		Penex	C-200A	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	0.02	33.1	272.1	0.4	0.7	0.7	1.1	0.0011
<u>B-3</u>		Penex	C-200B	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	0.02	33.1	272.1	0.4	0.7	0.7	1.1	0.0011
<u>B-3</u>		Penex	C-200C	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	0.02	33.1	272.1	0.4	0.7	0.7	1.1	0.0011
<u>B-4</u>		Utility II	#5 Boiler (B-1155)	Boiler; Produces Steam	431.9	548.7	194.5	42.8	45.9	34.0	12.7	19.4
<u>B-4</u>		Utility III	#6 Boiler (B-3301)	Boiler; Produces Steam	303.4	428.7	92.5	30.8	29.5	20.7	6.1	13.5
<u>B-4</u>		Utility III	#7 Boiler (B-3302)	Boiler; Produces Steam	303.4	428.7	92.5	30.8	29.5	20.7	6.1	13.5
<u>B-4</u>		Utility III	#8 Boiler (B-3303)	Boiler; Produces Steam	590.9	559.7	184.6	60.1	57.9	40.6	12.1	26.3
<u>B-4</u>		Utility III	#9 Boiler (B-3304)	Boiler; Produces Steam	590.9	559.7	184.6	60.1	57.9	40.6	12.1	26.3
<u>B-4</u>		Utility III	#10 Boiler (B-3701)	Boiler; Produces Steam	9.2	69.0	69.0	3.1	3.1	3.1	4.8	0.5
B-5		Powerhouse 2	GT No. 4 (G-3404)	Turbine; Produces Electricity	191.3	818.8	113.9	4.8	14.0	14.0	2.9	8.8
B-5		Powerhouse 2	GT No. 5 (G-3405)	Turbine; Produces Electricity	191.3	818.8	113.9	4.8	14.0	14.0	2.9	8.8
<u>B-5</u>		Powerhouse 2	GT No. 7 (G-3407)	Turbine; Produces Electricity	100.6	817.4	113.9	4.8	14.0	14.0	2.9	8.8
B-5		Powerhouse 2	GT No. 8 (G-3408)	Turbine; Produces Electricity	125.1	1,091.1	141.6	6.0	17.4	17.4	3.6	10.9
B-5		Powerhouse 2	GT No. 9 (G-3409)	Turbine; Produces Electricity	89.3	150.2	44.1	4.4	28.7	28.7	2.8	8.2
<u>B-5</u>		Powerhouse 2	GT No. 10 (G-3410)	Turbine; Produces Electricity	54.6	150.2	44.1	3.0	14.0	14.0	3.0	7.0
<u>B-5</u>		GT No. 13 and	GT No. 13 (G-3413)	Turbine; Produces Electricity	39.4	165.3	196.0	97.3	111.2	111.2	10.1	72.0
		GT No. 13 Duct Burner	H-3413	Duct Burner								1

Tab	Support Tab	Process Unit	Source Identification (ID)	Unit Description	SO2	NOx	со	PM	PM10	PM2.5	voc	H2SO4
<u>B-6</u>		Seawater and Desalination Water Pumps	PD-1602	Seawater intake pump	13.9	2.1	0.5	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	2.1
<u>B-6</u>		Seawater and Desalination Water Pumps	PD-1603	Seawater intake pump	13.9	2.1	0.5	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	2.1
<u>B-6</u>		Seawater and Desalination Water Pumps	PD-1604	Seawater intake pump	13.9	2.1	0.5	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	2.1
<u>B-6</u>		Seawater and Desalination Water Pumps	PD-1605	Seawater intake pump	13.9	2.1	0.5	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	2.1
<u>B-6</u>		Seawater and Desalination Water Pumps	PD-1620	Seawater intake pump	9.3	1.4	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	1.4
B-8		#1 SRU	Unit No. 1030	Sulfur Recovery Units - Sulfur Pits				0.00	0.00	0.00		
B-8		#2 SRU	Unit No. 1040	Sulfur Recovery Units - Sulfur Pits				0.02	0.02	0.02		
B-8		#3 SRU	Unit No. 4740	Sulfur Recovery Units - Sulfur Pits				0.01	0.01	0.01		
B-8		#4 SRU	Unit No. 4750	Sulfur Recovery Units - Sulfur Pits				0.02	0.02	0.02		
<u>B-9</u>		#1 Beavon	Beavon CT #1	Beavon CT #1				187.5	0.4			
B-9		#2 Beavon	Beavon CT #2	Beavon CT #2				191.8	0.4			
B-10		West-side Refinery Flare System	#2 Flare (H-1105)	H-1105 - Gas burner	2,230	643	2.685	18	70	70	7,652	
<u>B-10</u>		west-side Keillery Flare System	#3 Flare (H-1104)	H-1104 – Gas burner	2,230	043	2,063	10	70	70	7,032	
			#5 Flare (H-3351)	H-3351 - Gas burner								
B-10		East-side Refinery Flare System	#6 Flare (H-3352)	H-3352 - Gas burner	4,252	1,328	5,585	36	146	146	19,695	
			#7 Flare (H-3301)	N-3301 - Gas burner								
P 10		FCC/Coker Refinery Flare	FCC Flare (L.P. Flare - STK 7941)	Gas burner, steam assisted	1,481	427	1.794	12	47	47	7,323	
<u>B-10</u>	1 '	System Gro	Ground Flare (H.P. Flare - STK 7942)	Gas burner	1,401	427	1,794	12	4/	4/	1,323	
B-10		Tank 7921 Flare System	LPG Flare (STK 7921)	Gas burner, steam assisted	132.7	38.2	160.4	1.0	4.2	4.2	341.6	

Tab	Support	Process Unit	Source Identification (ID)	Unit Description	SO2	NOx	со	PM	PM10	PM2.5	voc	H2SO4
B-11		Tank	TK-01PR	INT							66.4	
B-11		Tank	TK-02PR	INT							66.4	
B-11		Tank	TK-03PR	CR							3.2	
B-11		Tank	TK-04PR	CR							1.5	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-05PR	CR							1.5	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-06PR	CR							1.5	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-07PR	DR							1.8	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-0702	CR							2.9	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-1061	OPEN							-	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-1062	OPEN							-	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-1063	OPEN							-	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-1064	OPEN							-	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-1065	OPEN							-	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-1066	FLAT							0.001	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-1071	EXT							12.7	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-1118	CR							0.02	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-1151	CR							1.4	
B-11		Tank	TK-1156	INT							0.7	
B-11		Tank	TK-1157	INT							0.7	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-1201	CR							0.04	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-1202	CR							0.04	
B-11		Tank	TK-1203	CR							0.04	
B-11		Tank	TK-1204	HFR							0.01	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-1205	HFR							0.01	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-1206	FLAT							0.1	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-1207	FLAT							0.1	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-1208	FR							0.1	
B-11		Tank	TK-1236	FR							0.1	
B-11		Tank	TK-1301	HFR							0.1	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-1302	DR							0.3	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-1304	HFR							0.01	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-1305	HFR							0.01	
B-11		Tank	TK-1401	FR							0.01	
B-11		Tank	TK-1600	CR							0.02	
<u>B-11</u>		<del>Tank</del>	TK 1621	FR							0.6	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank-	TK-1622	FR							0.6	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-1626	HFR							0.1	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-1627	HFR							0.1	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-1628	HFR							0.1	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-1629	HFR							0.1	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-1630	HFR							0.1	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-1631	HFR							0.1	
B-11		Tank	TK-1632	HFR							0.05	
B-11		Tank	TK-1633	HFR							0.05	
B-11		Tank	TK-1653	HFR							0.1	
B-11		Tank	TK-1663	EXT							13.0	

Tab	Support	Process Unit	Source Identification (ID)	Unit Description	SO2	NOx	со	PM	PM10	PM2.5	voc	H2SO4
B-11		Tank	TK-2653	CR							0.1	
B-11		Tank	TK-2654	CR							0.1	
B-11		Tank	TK-3201	FR							0.02	
B-11		Tank	TK-3202	DR							0.3	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-3203	CR							0.1	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-3204	FR							0.005	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-3205	FR							0.01	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-3208	CR							0.1	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-3209	HFR							0.1	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-3301	CR							3.7	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-3302	DR							7.8	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-3303	OPEN							-	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-3304	CR							3.3	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-3305	CR							2.9	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-3306	CR							0.8	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-3384	DR							0.1	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-3385	DR							0.1	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-3386	DR							0.3	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-4501	INT							18.7	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-4502	CR							0.6	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-4503	INT							1.8	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-4761	OPEN							-	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-4762	OPEN							-	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-4763	OPEN							-	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-4764	OPEN							-	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-4765	OPEN							-	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-6801	EXT							101.1	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-6802	EXT							101.1	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-6803	EXT							101.1	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-6804	EXT							114.5	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-6805	EXT							109.5	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-6806	EXT							114.5	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-6807	EXT							105.3	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-6808	EXT							101.1	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-6809	EXT							114.6	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-6810	CR							0.3	
<u>B-11</u>	_	Tank	TK-6811	CR							38.9	
B-11		Tank	TK-6812	CR					-		38.9	
B-11		Tank	TK-6813	CR					-		38.9	
B-11		Tank	TK-6814	EXT					-		114.6	
B-11		Tank	TK-6815	EXT							114.6	
B-11		Tank	TK-6816	EXT							102.9	
B-11		Tank	TK-6817	CR							45.3	
B-11		Tank	TK-6818	CR							45.3	
B-11	+	Tank	TK-6819	CR					1		45.3	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-6820	CR							0.4	Ì

Tab	Support Tab	Process Unit	Source Identification (ID)	Unit Description	SO2	NOx	со	PM	PM10	PM2.5	voc	H2SO4
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-6821	CR							7.6	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-6822	CR							13.3	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-6823	CR							13.3	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-6824	CR							18.2	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-6825	CR							135.9	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-6831	INT							20.3	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-6832	INT							18.0	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-6833	EXT							32.1	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-6834	EXT							32.1	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-6835	EXT							29.2	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-6836	EXT							38.8	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-6837	EXT							35.0	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-6838	EXT							73.0	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-6839	EXT							72.3	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-6840	EXT							65.6	
B-11		Tank	TK-6841	INT							86.1	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-6842	EXT							32.1	
B-11		Tank	TK-6843	INT							30.5	
B-11		Tank	TK-6851	CR							1.4	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-6852	CR							1.5	
B-11		Tank	TK-6853	CR							1.4	
B-11		Tank	TK-6854	CR							1.4	
B-11		Tank	TK-6856	OPEN							-	
B-11		Tank	TK-6857	OPEN							-	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-6858	CR							40.1	
B-11		Tank	TK-6859	CR							0.7	
B-11		Tank	TK-6860	CR							0.7	
B-11		Tank	TK-6871	CR							0.8	
B-11		Tank	TK-6872	CR							0.8	
B-11		Tank	TK-6873	CR							1.4	
B-11		Tank	TK-6874	CR							1.6	
B-11		Tank	TK-6875	CR							1.4	
B-11		Tank	TK-6876	CR							1.6	
B-11		Tank	TK-6877	CR							3.7	
B-11		Tank	TK-6880	CR							0.6	
B-11		Tank	TK-6881	CR							3.7	
B-11		Tank	TK-6883	CR							0.7	
B-11		Tank	TK-6884	INT							7.0	
B-11		Tank	TK-6887	CR							0.7	
B-11		Tank	TK-6888	INT							37.8	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-7051	CR							0.01	
B-11		Tank	TK-7201	CR							0.02	
B-11		Tank	TK-7202	OPEN							-	
B-11		Tank	TK-7206	DR				Ì			0.9	
B-11		Tank	TK-7207	DR							0.9	
B-11	T .	Tank	TK-7208	DR				İ	İ		0.9	

Tab	Support Tab	Process Unit	Source Identification (ID)	Unit Description	SO2	NOx	со	PM	PM10	PM2.5	voc	H2SO4
B-11		Tank	TK-7209	DR							0.9	
B-11		Tank	TK-7210	DR							0.9	
B-11		Tank	TK-7211	DR							0.9	
B-11		Tank	TK-7301	CR							0.03	
B-11		Tank	TK-7302	CR							0.01	
B-11		Tank	TK-7401	EXT							216.7	
B-11		Tank	TK-7402	EXT							216.7	
B-11		Tank	TK-7403	EXT							216.7	
B-11		Tank	TK-7404	EXT							226.1	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-7405	CR							161.0	
B-11		Tank	TK-7406	CR							152.8	
B-11		Tank	TK-7407	EXT							226.1	
B-11		Tank	TK-7408	EXT							201.0	
B-11		Tank	TK-7409	EXT							239.3	
B-11		Tank	TK-7410	EXT							226.1	
B-11		Tank	TK-7411	CR							98.5	
B-11		Tank	TK-7412	CR							98.5	
B-11		Tank	TK-7413	CR							45.3	
B-11		Tank	TK-7414	CR							40.1	
B-11		Tank	TK-7415	CR							74.1	
B-11		Tank	TK-7416	CR							45.3	
B-11		Tank	TK-7417	INT							236.0	
B-11		Tank	TK-7418	INT							236.0	
B-11		Tank	TK-7421	CR							40.1	
B-11		Tank	TK-7422	CR							40.1	
B-11		Tank	TK-7423	EXT							108.4	
B-11		Tank	TK-7424	EXT							100.0	
B-11		Tank	TK-7425	INT							222.3	
B-11		Tank	TK-7426	INT							222.3	
B-11		Tank	TK-7427	CR							98.5	
B-11		Tank	TK-7428	CR							87.2	
B-11		Tank	TK-7429	CR							98.5	
B-11		Tank	TK-7430	CR							98.5	
B-11		Tank	TK-7431	INT							12.0	
B-11		Tank	TK-7432	INT							25.1	
B-11		Tank	TK-7433	INT							8.4	
B-11		Tank	TK-7434	INT							8.4	
B-11		Tank	TK-7435	CR							1.2	
B-11		Tank	TK-7436	CR							1.2	
B-11		Tank	TK-7437	CR							1.2	
B-11		Tank	TK-7438	CR							1.2	
B-11		Tank	TK-7439	CR							7.6	
B-11		Tank	TK-7440	CR							7.6	
B-11		Tank	TK-7441	INT							65.5	
B-11		Tank	TK-7443	EXT							168.2	
B-11	1	Tank	TK-7444	EXT							109.6	

Tab	Support	Process Unit	Source Identification (ID)	Unit Description	SO2	NOx	со	PM	PM10	PM2.5	voc	H2SO4
B-11		Tank	TK-7445	EXT							109.6	
B-11		Tank	TK-7446	CR							118.0	
B-11		Tank	TK-7447	EXT							101.6	
B-11		Tank	TK-7448	INT							134.6	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-7449	EXT							109.6	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-7451	INT							42.5	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-7452	INT							42.5	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-7453	INT							42.5	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-7454	INT							30.5	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-7455	EXT							32.1	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-7456	EXT							32.1	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-7501	CR							45.3	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-7502	CR							45.3	
B-11		Tank	TK-7503	CR							45.3	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-7504	CR							45.3	
B-11		Tank	TK-7505	CR							98.5	
B-11		Tank	TK-7506	CR							76.3	
B-11		Tank	TK-7507	EXT							106.1	
B-11		Tank	TK-7508	EXT							101.1	
B-11		Tank	TK-7509	EXT							109.6	
B-11		Tank	TK-7510	EXT							204.1	
B-11		Tank	TK-7511	EXT							231.5	
B-11		Tank	TK-7512	EXT							229.4	
B-11		Tank	TK-7513	EXT							224.0	
B-11		Tank	TK-7514	EXT							231.5	
B-11		Tank	TK-7515	EXT							206.0	
B-11		Tank	TK-7516	EXT							226.1	
B-11		Tank	TK-7517	EXT							214.6	
B-11		Tank	TK-7521	INT							13.0	
B-11		Tank	TK-7522	INT							13.0	
B-11		Tank	TK-7523	INT							13.0	
B-11		Tank	TK-7524	INT							9.2	
B-11		Tank	TK-7525	INT							9.2	
B-11		Tank	TK-7526	INT							9.2	
B-11		Tank	TK-7528	INT							37.1	
B-11		Tank	TK-7541	CR							0.05	
B-11		Tank	TK-7542	CR							0.01	
B-11		Tank	TK-7571	CR					Ì		0.03	
B-11		Tank	TK-7601	INT					Ì		138.4	
B-11		Tank	TK-7602	INT							120.6	
B-11		Tank	TK-7603	INT							138.4	
B-11		Tank	TK-7604	INT							148.9	
B-11		Tank	TK-7605	EXT							166.1	
B-11		Tank	TK-7931	OPEN							-	
B-11		Tank	TK-7932	OPEN							-	
B-11		Tank	TK-7933	CR					<u> </u>		0.9	

Tab	Support Tab	Process Unit	Source Identification (ID)	Unit Description	SO2	NOx	со	РМ	PM10	PM2.5	voc	H2SO4
B-11		Tank	TK-7934	CR							1.1	
B-11		Tank	TK-7943	CR							0.03	
B-11		Tank	TK-7951	OPEN							-	
B-11		Tank	TK-7955	OPEN							-	
B-11		Tank	TK-7956	CR							0.3	
B-11		Tank	TK-7966	CR (with Carbon Canisters)							2.2	
B-11		Tank	TK-7971	OPEN							-	
B-11		Tank	TK-7973	EXT							34.8	
B-11		Tank	TK-7974	INT							0.9	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-S-7974	EXT							6.8	
B-11		Tank	TK-7975	EXT							14.6	
B-11		Tank	TK-S-7975	EXT							5.4	
B-11		Tank	TK-7976	FLAT							0.01	
B-11		Tank	TK-7977	OPEN							-	
B-11		Tank	TK-7978A	OPEN							-	
B-11		Tank	TK-7978B	OPEN							-	
B-11		Tank	TK-7979A	OPEN							-	
B-11		Tank	TK-7979B	OPEN							-	
B-11		Tank	TK-7981	OPEN							-	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-7982	OPEN							-	
B-11		Tank	TK-7983	OPEN							-	
B-11		Tank	TK-7984	OPEN							-	
<u>B-11</u>		Tank	TK-7986	FLAT (SUMP?)							0.01	
B-11		Tank	TK-7987	OPEN							-	
B-11		Tank	TK-7988	OPEN							-	
B-11		Tank	TK-8001	INT							0.6	
B-11		Tank	TK-8002	INT							0.6	
B-11		Tank	TK-8501	DR			0.078	0.077	0.078	0.078	0.8	
B-11		Tank	TK-8502	OPEN							-	
B-11		Tank	TK-8503	DR							0.1	
B-11		Tank	TK-8505	FLAT							0.002	
B-11		Tank	TK-8508	HFR							0.1	
B-11		Tank	TK-8511	CR							0.1	
B-11		Tank	TK-8701	CR							0.8	
B-11		Tank	UTT1	CR							1.5	
B-11		Tank	TK-D290 (frmly D1301)	HFR							0.1	
B-11		Tank	TKD-1609	HFR							0.1	
B-11		Tank	TKD-1610	HFR							0.1	

Tab	Support Tab	Process Unit	Source Identification (ID)	Unit Description	SO2	NOx	со	PM	PM10	PM2.5	voc	H2SO4
B-12		#2 Platformer	#2 Plat Vent	Plat No. 2 Catalyst Regen Vent	0.3		2.2				1.1	
B-12		#3 Platformer	#3 Plat Vent	Plat No. 3 Catalyst Regen Vent	0.6		3.9				2.0	
B-12		#4 Platformer	#4 Plat Vent	Plat No. 4 Catalyst Regen Vent	0.6		3.9				2.0	
B-13		Sulfuric Acid Plant	STK-7802	SAP - Process Stack	201	53.4						8.8
<u>B-14</u>		Coker Steam Vent	Coker Steam Vent	Delayed Coker Steam Vent	1.3		0.9	14.8	14.8	14.8	62.4	
<u>B-16a</u>	<u>B-16b</u>	Area 1	2 CDU	Process Fugitives							22.5	
<u>B-16a</u>	<u>B-16b</u>	Area 1	3 CDU / 1 VAC	Process Fugitives							22.4	
<u>B-16a</u>	<u>B-16b</u>	Area 3	5 CDU	Process Fugitives							40.1	
<u>B-16a</u>	<u>B-16b</u>	Area 3	6 CDU	Process Fugitives							44.7	
<u>B-16a</u>	<u>B-16b</u>	Area 2	2 VAC	Process Fugitives							13.4	
<u>B-16a</u>	<u>B-16b</u>	Area 4	3 VAC	Process Fugitives							23.3	
<u>B-16a</u>	<u>B-16b</u>	Area 1	1 VIS (2 DU FRAC)	Process Fugitives							19.0	
<u>B-16a</u>	<u>B-16b</u>	Area 2	2 VIS	Process Fugitives							11.4	
<u>B-16a</u>	<u>B-16b</u>	Area 2	2 DD	Process Fugitives							32.3	
<u>B-16a</u>	<u>B-16b</u>	Area 1	3 DD	Process Fugitives							14.5	
<u>B-16a</u>	<u>B-16b</u>	Area 2	4 DD	Process Fugitives							26.1	
<u>B-16a</u>	<u>B-16b</u>	Area 2	5 DD	Process Fugitives							10.1	
<u>B-16a</u>	<u>B-16b</u>	Area 4	6 DD	Process Fugitives							26.7	
<u>B-16a</u>	<u>B-16b</u>	Area 4	7 DD	Process Fugitives							28.8	
<u>B-16a</u>	<u>B-16b</u>	Area 4	9 DD	Process Fugitives							15.5	
<u>B-16a</u>	<u>B-16b</u>	Area 1	UT. FRAC.	Process Fugitives							3.2	
<u>B-16a</u>	<u>B-16b</u>	Area 1	PENEX	Process Fugitives							22.6	
<u>B-16a</u>	<u>B-16b</u>	Area 2	2 PLAT/2 HYDROBON	Process Fugitives							17.8	
<u>B-16a</u>	<u>B-16b</u>	Area 4	3 PLAT / 3 HYDROBON	Process Fugitives							26.5	
<u>B-16a</u>	<u>B-16b</u>	Area 4	4 PLAT / 4 HYDROBON	Process Fugitives							27.8	
<u>B-16a</u>	<u>B-16b</u>	Area 4	LSG	Process Fugitives							23.6	
<u>B-16a</u>	<u>B-16b</u>	Area 3	2 SULFOLANE	Process Fugitives							35.6	
<u>B-16a</u>	<u>B-16b</u>	Area 3	DISULFIDE	Process Fugitives							0.3	
<u>B-16a</u>	<u>B-16b</u>	Area 2	NAP FRAC.	Process Fugitives							5.8	
<u>B-16a</u>	<u>B-16b</u>	Area 3	DEISO-HEXANIZER	Process Fugitives							3.6	
<u>B-16a</u>	<u>B-16b</u>	Area 1 / Area 3	AMINE (3,4,5 & T-931)	Process Fugitives							7.6	
<u>B-16a</u>	<u>B-16b</u>	Area 3 / FCC Complex	MEROX	Process Fugitives							6.6	
<u>B-16a</u>	<u>B-16b</u>	Area 2 / Area 3	1&2 GRU/H2 CON	Process Fugitives							17.8	
<u>B-16a</u>	<u>B-16b</u>	Area 3	1&2 LPG TREATER	Process Fugitives							2.0	
<u>B-16a</u>	<u>B-16b</u>	Area 3	3 LPG FRAC	Process Fugitives							2.0	
B-16a	<u>B-16b</u>	FCC Complex	FCC & GASCON	Process Fugitives							61.8	
B-16a	B-16b	FCC Complex	DIMERSOL	Process Fugitives							20.2	
B-16a	<u>B-16b</u>	Area 3	6 AMINE & SHU	Process Fugitives							-	
B-16a	<u>B-16b</u>	FCC Complex	ALKY & ACID PLANT	Process Fugitives							33.4	
B-16a	<u>B-16b</u>	FCC Complex	LIGHT ENDS TREAT	Process Fugitives							15.5	
B-16a	<u>B-16b</u>	FCC Complex	MTBE	Process Fugitives							12.2	
B-16a	<u>B-16b</u>	FCC Complex	TAME	Process Fugitives							15.3	
B-16a	<u>B-16b</u>	SELECTIVE HYDRO	SELECTIVE HYDRO	Process Fugitives							13.8	
<u>B-16a</u>	<u>B-16b</u>	West Sulfur Complex	1 BEAVON / 1&2 SRU	Process Fugitives							3.0	
<u>B-16a</u>	<u>B-16b</u>	East Sulfur Complex	2 BEAVON / 3&4 SRU	Process Fugitives							2.9	ı

Tab	Support Tab	Process Unit	Source Identification (ID)	Unit Description	SO2	NOx	со	PM	PM10	PM2.5	voc	H2SO4
<u>B-16a</u>	<u>B-16b</u>	East & West Sulfur Complex	SRU	Process Fugitives							-	
<u>B-16a</u>	<u>B-16b</u>	East Sulfur Complex	3 SWS	Process Fugitives							-	
<u>B-16a</u>	<u>B-16b</u>	East Sulfur Complex	4 SWS	Process Fugitives							-	
<u>B-16a</u>	<u>B-16b</u>	East Sulfur Complex	5 SWS	Process Fugitives							-	
B-16a	B-16b	6 SWS	6 SWS	Process Fugitives							1.1	
B-16a	B-16b	Coker Complex	DELAYED COKER	Process Fugitives							66.8	
<u>B-16a</u>	<u>B-16b</u>	Utility II & III	Utilities (Powerhouse and Boilers)	Process Fugitives							17.4	
B-16a	B-16b	-	EAST FUEL GAS SYSTEM	Process Fugitives							19.3	
B-16a	B-16b	-	WEST FUEL GAS SYSTEM	Process Fugitives							19.1	
<u>B-16a</u>	<u>B-16b</u>	Terminal	TERMINAL (OFFSITES/RUNDOWNS/XFE RS)	Process Fugitives							240.9	
<u>B-17</u>		Oily Water Collection System	West Refiniery Oily Water	Process Drains and Junction Boxes Fugitives							15.9	
<u>B-17</u>		Oily Water Collection System	East Refinery Oily Water	Process Drains and Junction Boxes Fugitives							28.3	
<u>B-17</u>		Oily Water Collection System	FCC/DCU Oily Water	Process Drains and Junction Boxes Fugitives							15.6	
<u>B-17</u>		Oily Water Collection System	Terminal Oily Water	Process Drains and Junction Boxes Fugitives							4.1	
<u>B-18</u>			#1 API (Unit No. 1660)	Oil/Water Separator								
B-18			#1 WEMCO	Induced Air Floatation Unit								
B-18			#2 API (Unit No. 1661)	Oil/Water Separator								
<u>B-18</u>			#2 WEMCO	Induced Air Floatation Unit								
<u>B-18</u>		Advanced Wastewater	West Benzene Stripper (STK-3510)	Air Stripper							1,007	
B-18		Treatment System (AWWTP)	#3 API (Unit No. 1662)	Oil/Water Separator	1							
B-18		# E 33	#3 WEMCO	Induced Air Floatation Unit	1							
<u>B-18</u>			East Benzene Stripper (STK-3530)	Air Stripper								
D 10			Advanced Waste Water	Advanced Waste Water								
<u>B-18</u>			Tretament	Treatment Plant								
<u>B-19</u>		Local Sales Rack	Unit No. 1651	Dispense liquid and gaseous fuel to tank trucks							6.3	
B-19		Fuel pumps	Service Station	Dispense gasoline and diesel							24.3	

Tab	Support Tab	Process Unit	Source Identification (ID)	Unit Description	SO2	NOx	со	PM	PM10	PM2.5	voc	H2SO4
<u>B-20a</u>	B-20b	Marine Loading (Docks 1 thru 9 and Dry Cargo Dock)	Unit No. 1600	Ship loading and unloading	0.1	1.5	2.0	0.2	0.2	0.2	2,000	0.01
B-21		East Sulfur Storage Area	East Sulfur H&S	Sulfur Handling				1.7	1.0	0.4		
B-21		West Sulfur Storage Area	West Sulfur H&S	Sulfur Handling				1.5	0.8	0.3		
<u>B-21</u>		Storage pile and conveyor	Sulfur Storage, Handling & Shipping	Sulfur Storage				5.8	3.1	1.0		
<u>B-22</u>		Coker Complex	Coke handling, storage, and loading system	Transportation and breaking of solid coke between drums and dock				4.4	3.1	2.3		
B-23		FCC Catalyst Handling	FCC Catalyst Handling	FCC Catalyst Handling				0.05	0.02	0.004		
<u>B-24</u>		Road Dust	Road Dust	Road dust				20.1	4.0	1.0		
B-25		Painting	Painting	Painting							15	
B-26		Firefighter Training	Firefighter Training	Firefighter Training	-	0.1	8.9	2.0	2.0	2.0	5.1	

# B-1 Fluid Catalytic Cracking Unit (STK-7051) Potential to Emit

Table 1. FCCU STK-7051 Annual Potential to Emit

Table 1. FCCO 31K-7031 Allilual FO	Circiai to Linit		
Max. annual throughput to the FCCU	3.2.16.3	58,400,000	bpy
Max. daily throughput to the FCCU	3.2.16.4	165,000	bpd
Max. coke burn-off rate	3.2.16.5	115,500	lb/hr
SO2	3.2.16.10(a)	16	ppmvd @ 0%O2
	3.2.16.10(d)	237	ppmvd @ 0%O2
NOx	3.2.16.14	25	ppmvd @ 0%O2
	3.2.16.15	266	tpy
	Consent Decree ¶11	20	ppmvd @ 0%O2 (365-day)
	Consent Decree ¶11	40	ppmvd @ 0%O2 (7-day)
		213	tpy (per CD ppmvd)
СО	3.2.16.16	432	ppmvd @ 7%O2
	3.2.16.17	3,235	tpy
PM	3.2.16.7	0.5	lb/10^3 lbs coke burn-off
	3.2.16.7	252.9	tpy
PM10	3.2.16.9	1.0	lb/10^3 lbs coke burn-off
	3.2.16.9	505.9	tpy
VOC	3.2.16.18	20.0	ppmvd @ 7%O2
	3.2.16.18	52.7	tpy

<sup>(1)</sup> Per STX-TV-003-10 #3.2.16.23 the FCCU is exempt from CO and VOC limits during startup of the FCCU (starts with the introduction of feed to the reactor and concludes when a stable regenertor combustion temperature of 1280 F is achieved)

			Def	ault Emissior	n Factors								
Fuel	Qualifier	Units	NOx	со	voc	PM	PM10	PM2.5	SO2	SO3	H2S	TRS	Lead
No. 6 Oil	Units > 100 MMBtu/hr and Low Sulfur	lb/MMBtu	0.48	0.03	0.002	0.04	0.03	0.02	0.3	0.01			1.01E-05
NO. 6 OII	Units > 100 MMBtu/hr and High Sulfur	lb/MMBtu	0.46	0.03	0.002	0.05	0.04	0.03	0.5	0.02			1.016-05
	Units > 100 MMBtu/hr	lb/MMBtu	0.27										
Fuel Con	Units < 100 MMBtu/hr	lb/MMBtu	0.10	0.08	0.01	0.002	0.01	0.01					4.05.07
Fuel Gas	Units any size subject to NSPS J	lb/MMBtu		0.08	0.01	0.002	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.001			4.9E-07
	Units any size subject to NSPS Ja	lb/MMBtu							0.01	0.0003			
Propane	-	lb/MMBtu			0.01			0.01					
Butane	-	lb/MMBtu			0.01			0.01					

Note

Table 1. Heaters Annual Potential to Emit

							Operating	Scenario					Annual	Potential to I	Emit				
					Max. Desig	gn Capacity	Reduced Fuel	Normal	NOx	со	voc	PM	PM10	PM2.5	SO2	H2SO4	H2S	TRS	Lead
Process Unit	Source Identification (ID)	Source Description	Appendix C to CD SO2 Applicability	Fuels	MMBtu/hr (LHV)	MMBtu/hr (HHV)	MMBtu/hr (HHV)	MMBtu/hr (HHV)	tpy	tpy	tpy	tpy	tpy	tpy	tpy	tpy	tpy	tpy	tpy
					(1)	(2)	(3)	(3)	(4), (5)	(4), (5)	(4), (5)	(4), (5)	(4), (5)	(4), (5)	(4), (5)	(4), (5)	(4), (5)	(4), (5)	(4), (5)
#2 DU Fractionator	H-101	Heater	NSPS Ja	Fuel Gas, Slurry, 6 oil	133.7	145.9	58.7	54.6	229.5	52.6	3.4	14.1	14.3	10.3	137.4	6.1			2.8E-03
#2 DO Fractionator	H-104	Heater	NSPS Ja	Fuel Gas, Slurry, 6 oil	99.3	108.4	43.6	40.6	170.5	39.1	2.6	10.5	10.6	7.6	102.1	4.6			2.1E-03
Utility Fractionation	H-160	Charge Heater	NSPS Ja	Fuel Gas	124.0	135.3			162.7	48.8	3.2	1.1	4.4	4.4	4.4	0.2			2.9E-04
	H-200	Charge Heater	NSPS Ja	Fuel Gas	34.1	37.2			16.0	13.4	0.9	0.3	1.2	1.2	1.2	0.06			8.0E-05
Penex	H-201	Fired Reboiler Heater	NSPS Ja	Fuel Gas	34.3	37.4			16.1	13.5	0.9	0.3	1.2	1.2	1.2	0.06			8.0E-05
	H-202	Hot Oil Heater	NSPS Ja	Fuel Gas	111.4	121.6			146.2	43.9	2.9	1.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	0.2			2.6E-04
	H-401A	Charge Heater	NSPS Ja	Fuel Gas, Slurry, 6 oil	156.2	170.5	76.2	21.6	275.2	61.5	4.0	18.2	17.9	12.7	177.7	7.9			3.6E-03
#2 CDU	H-401B	Charge Heater	NSPS Ja	Fuel Gas, Slurry, 6 oil	156.2	170.5	76.2	21.6	275.2	61.5	4.0	18.2	17.9	12.7	177.7	7.9			3.6E-03
	H-401C	Charge Heater	NSPS Ja	Fuel Gas, Slurry, 6 oil	156.2	170.5	76.2	21.6	275.2	61.5	4.0	18.2	17.9	12.7	177.7	7.9			3.6E-03
	H-601	Stripper Reboiler Heater	NSPS Ja	Fuel Gas	32.5	35.5			15.2	12.8	0.8	0.3	1.2	1.2	1.2	0.06			7.6E-05
#2 Platformer	H-604	Platforming No. 2 Interheater	NSPS Ja	Fuel Gas	34.0	37.1			15.9	13.4	0.9	0.3	1.2	1.2	1.2	0.06			8.0E-05
	H-605	Platforming No. 3 Interheater	NSPS Ja	Fuel Gas	14.1	15.4			6.6	5.6	0.4	0.1	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.02			3.3E-05
	H-800A	Reactor Charge Heater	NSPS Ja	Fuel Gas	39.2	42.8			18.4	15.4	1.0	0.3	1.4	1.4	1.4	0.1			9.2E-05
#2 DU	H-800B	Reactor Charge Heater	NSPS Ja	Fuel Gas	39.2	42.8			18.4	15.4	1.0	0.3	1.4	1.4	1.4	0.1			9.2E-05
	H-801	Stripper Heater	NSPS Ja	Fuel Gas	92.1	100.5			120.8	36.3	2.4	0.8	3.3	3.3	3.3	0.2			2.2E-04
	H-2201A	Reactor Charge Heater	NSPS Ja	Fuel Gas	56.2	61.3			26.3	22.1	1.4	0.5	2.0	2.0	2.0	0.1			1.3E-04
#4 DD	H-2201B	Reactor Charge Heater	NSPS Ja	Fuel Gas	56.2	61.3			26.3	22.1	1.4	0.5	2.0	2.0	2.0	0.1			1.3E-04
	H-2202	Stripper Reboiler Heater	NSPS Ja	Fuel Gas	109.3	119.3			143.4	43.0	2.8	1.0	3.9	3.9	3.9	0.2			2.6E-04
#5 DD	H-2400	Charge Heater	NSPS Ja	Fuel Gas	30.3	33.1			14.2	11.9	0.8	0.3	1.1	1.1	1.1	0.05			7.1E-05
Naphtha Fractionation	H-2501	Reboiler Heater	NSPS Ja	Fuel Gas	186.0	203.0			244.1	73.2	4.8	1.7	6.6	6.6	6.7	0.3			4.4E-04
	H-3101A	Crude Charge Heater	NSPS J	Fuel Gas, Slurry, 6 oil	348.8	380.7	144.5	138.8	590.9	137.3	9.0	34.9	35.9	26.0	352.2	15.8			6.9E-03
#5 CDU	H-3101B	Crude Charge Heater	NSPS J	Fuel Gas, Slurry, 6 oil	348.8	380.7	144.5	138.8	590.9	137.3	9.0	34.9	35.9	26.0	352.2	15.8			6.9E-03
	H-4101A	Crude Charge Heater	NSPS J	Fuel Gas, Slurry, 6 oil	348.8	380.7	144.5	138.8	590.9	137.3	9.0	34.9	35.9	26.0	352.2	15.8			6.9E-03
#6 CDU	H-4101B	Crude Charge Heater	NSPS J	Fuel Gas, Slurry, 6 oil	348.8	380.7	144.5	138.8	590.9	137.3	9.0	34.9	35.9	26.0	352.2	15.8			6.9E-03
#2.V4.C	H-4201	Prestripper Heater	NSPS J	Fuel Gas, Slurry, 6 oil	231.6	252.8	120.7	148.4	440.7	91.2	6.0	34.7	32.3	22.2	349.5	15.6			6.8E-03
#3 VAC	H-4202	Vacuum Heater		Fuel Gas, Slurry, 6 oil	224.1	244.6	116.8	143.6	426.5	88.2	5.8	33.6	31.3	21.5	338.1	15.1			6.5E-03
	H-4301A	Reactor Charge Heater	NSPS J	Fuel Gas	61.2	66.8			28.7	24.1	1.6	0.5	2.2	2.2	5.9	0.3			1.4E-04
#7 DD	H-4301B	Reactor Charge Heater	NSPS J	Fuel Gas	61.2	66.8			28.7	24.1	1.6	0.5	2.2	2.2	5.9	0.3			1.4E-04
	H-4302	Stripper Reboiler Heater	NSPS J	Fuel Gas	111.9	122.1			146.8	44.0	2.9	1.0	4.0	4.0	10.8	0.5			2.6E-04

<sup>\*</sup>Refer to "Def. Emission Factors" tab

Table 1. Heaters Annual Potential to Emit

							Operatin	g Scenario					Annual	Potential to	Emit				
					Max. D	esign Capacity	Reduced Fuel	Normal	NOx	со	voc	PM	PM10	PM2.5	SO2	H2SO4	H2S	TRS	Lead
Process Unit	Source Identification (ID)	Source Description	Appendix C to CD SO2 Applicability		Fuels MMBtu/h (LHV)	MMBtu/hr (HHV)	MMBtu/hr (HHV)	MMBtu/hr (HHV)	tpy	tpy	tpy	tpy	tpy	tpy	tpy	tpy	tpy	tpy	tpy
					(1)	(2)	(3)	(3)	(4), (5)	(4), (5)	(4), (5)	(4), (5)	(4), (5)	(4), (5)	(4), (5)	(4), (5)	(4), (5)	(4), (5)	(4), (5)
	H-4401	Charge Heater	NSPS J	Fuel Gas	122	9 134.1			161.2	48.4	3.2	1.1	4.4	4.4	11.8	0.6			2.9E-04
	H-4402	Fired Reboiler Heater	NSPS J	Fuel Gas	117	0 127.7			153.5	46.1	3.0	1.0	4.2	4.2	11.3	0.6			2.7E-04
	H-4451	Charge Heater	NSPS J	Fuel Gas	348	9 380.8			457.9	137.4	9.0	3.1	12.4	12.4	33.6	1.7			8.2E-04
#3 Platformer	H-4452	Intermediate Heater	NSPS J	Fuel Gas	227	1 247.9			298.1	89.4	5.9	2.0	8.1	8.1	21.9	1.1			5.3E-04
	H-4453	Intermediate Heater	NSPS J	Fuel Gas	227	1 247.9			298.1	89.4	5.9	2.0	8.1	8.1	21.9	1.1			5.3E-04
	H-4454	Intermediate Heater	NSPS J	Fuel Gas	70	7 77.2			33.2	27.8	1.8	0.6	2.5	2.5	6.8	0.3			1.7E-04
	H-4455	Fired Reboiler Heater	NSPS J	Fuel Gas	126	7 138.3			166.3	49.9	3.3	1.1	4.5	4.5	12.2	0.6			3.0E-04
	H-4502	Benzene Column Reboiler Heater	NSPS J	Fuel Gas	136	1 148.5			178.5	53.6	3.5	1.2	4.8	4.8	13.1	0.6			3.2E-04
#2 Sulfolane	H-4503	Toluene Column Reboiler Heater	NSPS J	Fuel Gas	129	0 140.8			169.3	50.8	3.3	1.1	4.6	4.6	12.4	0.6			3.0E-04
#2 Sullolane	H-4504	Xylene Column Reboiler Heater	NSPS J	Fuel Gas	115	5 126.1			151.6	45.5	3.0	1.0	4.1	4.1	11.1	0.5			2.7E-04
	H-4505	Raffinate Splitter Reboiler Heater	NSPS J	Fuel Gas	99	9 109.0			131.1	39.3	2.6	0.9	3.6	3.6	9.6	0.5			2.3E-04
	H-4601A	Reactor Charge Heater	NSPS J	Fuel Gas	56	2 61.3			26.3	22.1	1.4	0.5	2.0	2.0	5.4	0.3			1.3E-04
#6 DD	H-4601B	Reactor Charge Heater	NSPS J	Fuel Gas	56	2 61.3			26.3	22.1	1.4	0.5	2.0	2.0	5.4	0.3			1.3E-04
	H-4602	Stripper Reboiler Heater	NSPS J	Fuel Gas	109	3 119.3			143.4	43.0	2.8	1.0	3.9	3.9	10.5	0.5			2.6E-04
	H-5301A	Reactor Charge Heater	NSPS J	Fuel Gas	61	2 66.8			28.7	24.1	1.6	0.5	2.2	2.2	5.9	0.3			1.4E-04
#9 DD	H-5301B	Reactor Charge Heater	NSPS J	Fuel Gas	61	2 66.8			28.7	24.1	1.6	0.5	2.2	2.2	5.9	0.3			1.4E-04
	H-5302	Stripper Reboiler Heater	NSPS J	Fuel Gas	111	9 122.1			146.8	44.0	2.9	1.0	4.0	4.0	10.8	0.5			2.6E-04
	H-5401	Charge Heater	NSPS J	Fuel Gas	122	9 134.1			161.2	48.4	3.2	1.1	4.4	4.4	11.8	0.6			2.9E-04
	H-5402	Fired Reboiler Heater	NSPS J	Fuel Gas	117	0 127.7			153.5	46.1	3.0	1.0	4.2	4.2	11.3	0.6			2.7E-04
	H-5451	Charge Heater	NSPS J	Fuel Gas	348	9 380.8			457.9	137.4	9.0	3.1	12.4	12.4	33.6	1.7			8.2E-04
#4 Platformer	H-5452	Intermediate Heater	NSPS J	Fuel Gas	227	1 247.9			298.1	89.4	5.9	2.0	8.1	8.1	21.9	1.1			5.3E-04
	H-5453	Intermediate Heater	NSPS J	Fuel Gas	227	1 247.9			298.1	89.4	5.9	2.0	8.1	8.1	21.9	1.1			5.3E-04
	H-5454	Intermediate Heater	NSPS J	Fuel Gas	70	7 77.2			33.2	27.8	1.8	0.6	2.5	2.5	6.8	0.3			1.7E-04
	H-5455	Fired Reboiler Heater	NSPS J	Fuel Gas	126	7 138.3			166.3	49.9	3.3	1.1	4.5	4.5	12.2	0.6			3.0E-04
#1 Beavon	H-1061 (and T-1061)	Sulfur Recovery Units, Tail gas treatment	NSPS Ja	Fuel Gas	9	2 10			4.3	292	36	0.1	0.3	0.3			2.9	36.0	2.1E-05
#1 SRU	H-1032	Tail Gas Incinerator	NSPS Ja	Fuel Gas	6	6 7.2			3.1	2.6	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2	37.4	5.7			1.5E-05
#2 SRU	H-1042	Tail Gas Incinerator	NSPS Ja	Fuel Gas	13	9 15.2			6.5	5.5	0.4	0.1	0.5	0.5	78.7	12.0			3.3E-05
#2 Beavon	H-4761 (and T-4761)	Sulfur Recovery Units, Tail gas treatment	NSPS J	Fuel Gas	9	2 10			4.3	389	48	0.1	0.3	0.3			3.9	48.1	2.1E-05
#3 & #4 SRU	H-4745	East Tail Gas Incinerator	NSPS J	Fuel Gas	50	4 55			23.6	19.8	1.3	0.4	1.8	1.8	285.3	43.7			1.2E-04

**Table 1. Heaters Annual Potential to Emit** 

Process Unit Ide							Operating	Scenario					Annual	Potential to I	Emit				
					Max. Desig	gn Capacity	Reduced Fuel	Normal	NOx	со	voc	РМ	PM10	PM2.5	SO2	H2SO4	H2S	TRS	Lead
Process Unit Ide	Source dentification (ID)	Source Description	Appendix C to CD SO2 Applicability	Fuels	MMBtu/hr (LHV)	MMBtu/hr (HHV)	MMBtu/hr (HHV)	MMBtu/hr (HHV)	tpy	tpy	tpy	tpy	tpy	tpy	tpy	tpy	tpy	tpy	tpy
					(1)	(2)	(3)	(3)	(4), (5)	(4), (5)	(4), (5)	(4), (5)	(4), (5)	(4), (5)	(4), (5)	(4), (5)	(4), (5)	(4), (5)	(4), (5)
LSG Unit H-490	1901	Charge Heater	NSPS J	Fuel Gas, LPG		87.3			2.7	15.3	4.2	3.6	3.6	3.0	4.2	0.21			1.9E-04
H-780	7801	Process Heater	NSPS J	Fuel Gas, Propane															
Sulfuric Acid Plant H-780	7802	Converter Heater	NSPS J	Fuel Gas, Propane		42			18.4	3.9	0.32	13.4	13.4	1.4	3.2	0.16			9.0E-05
R-780	7801	Startup Heater (Decomposition Furnace)	NSPS J	Fuel Gas, Propane		72			10.4	5.5	0.52	15.4	15.4	1.4	3.2	0.10			3.02 03
Delayed Coker Unit (DCU)	3501A	Coker process heater	NSPS J	Fuel Gas, Propane		270			60.1	25.8	4.4	6.6	2.6	2.6	10.1	0.5			6.1E-04
H-85	3501B	Coker process heater	NSPS J	Fuel Gas, Propane		270			60.1	25.8	4.4	6.6	2.6	2.6	10.1	0.5			6.1E-04

(1) Max. Design Capacity (LHV) based on 1994 PTO values updated to 1995 values. Normal East Flaring Scenario.

(2) Max. Design Capacity (HHV) = Max. Design Capacity (LHV) \* HHV/LHV Ratio

Fuel Gas HHV/LHV = 1.091 Fuel Oil HHV/LHV = 1.055

(3) Fuel Oil Firing limited by permit (blue font is a calculated number not a permit limit):

		STX-TV-003-10	Redu	ced-Fuel Op. Scenario		No	ormal Op. Scenar	io
Process Unit	Heaters	Condition	Fuel Oil (bbl/day)	Fuel Oil (bbl/yr)	Fuel Oil (MMBtu/hr)	Fuel Oil (bbl/day)	Fuel Oil (bbl/yr)	Fuel Oil (MMBtu/hr)
#2 DU Fractionator	H-101 & H-104	§3.2.2.1.2	446	146,511	102.3	415	136,327	95.2
#2 CDU	H-401A, B, C	§3.2.2.1.3	996	327,186	228.5	282	92,637	64.7
#5 CDU	H-3101A, B	§3.2.2.1.8	1,260	413,910	289.1	1,210	397,485	277.6
#6 CDU	H-4101A, B	§3.2.2.1.9	1,260	413,910	289.1	1,210	397,485	277.6
#3 VAC	H-4201, H-4202	§3.2.2.1.11	1,035	339,998	237.5	1,273	418,181	292.1

(a) Barrel-Of-Oil-Equivalent (BOE) per 26 U.S.C. Title 26, Subtitle A, Chapter 1, Subpchapter A, Part IV, Subpart D, §45K(d)(5):

MMBtu/BOE =

MMBtu/BOE (Fuel Oil) = 6.1

(b) Fuel Oil (bbl/yr) = Fuel Oil (bbl/day) \* 365 days/yr \* 0.9 [per PSD permit]

(c) Fuel Oil (MMBtu/hr) = Fuel Oil (bbl/yr) \* MMBtu/BOE (HHV) \* 1 yr/8,760 hr

Example: Fuel Oil H-101 & H-104 = 146,511 bbl/yr \* 6.1 MMBtu/bbl \* 1 yr/8,760 hr = 102.3 MMBtu/hr

Ratioed to each heater designed capacity

Example: Max. Fuel Oil H-101 (Reduced-Fuel Op. Scenario) = 133.7 MMBtu/hr \* 1.055 \* 102.3 MMBtu/hr / ((133.7 + 99.3) MMBtu/hr \* 1.055) = 58.7 MMBtu/hr

Example: Max. Fuel Oil H-101 (Normal Op. Scenario) = 133.7 MMBtu/hr \* 1.055 \* 95.2 MMBtu/hr / ((133.7 + 99.3) MMBtu/hr \* 1.055) = 54.6 MMBtu/hr

(4) Annual Potential to Emit (PTE) for all heaters except the LSG unit heater, the Sulfuric Acid Plant (SAP) heaters and the DCU heaters calculated using default emission factors.

Annual PTE for LSG unit heater (H-4901), Sulfuric Acid Plant heaters (H-7801, H-7802 and R-7801) and the DCU heaters (H-8501A and B) based on permit limits except:

- For LSG heater (H-4901) for VOC, PM2.5 and Lead calculated using default emission factors
- For SAP heaters (H-7801, H-7802 and R-7801) for PM2.5 and Lead calculated using default emission factors
- For DCU heaters (H-8501A and B) for Lead calculated using default emission factors
- For DCU heaters (H-8501A and B) for H2SO4 calculated using actual test data:

0.0030 lb/MMBtu per 95% Confidence Level (CL) of August 14-30, 2007 stack test runs by Air-Tech Environmental, LLC. H2SO4 is assumed equivalent to 95% CL of the test results for inorganic condensibles.

Annual PTE for #1 Beavon and #2 Beavon SRU tail gas treatment include contribution of the heaters H-1061 and H-4761 respectively, as well as the emissions from the Beavon stacks T-1061 and T-4761 as calculated in B-7 Beavon Stacks

Annual PTE for the DCU heaters includes contributon from decoking activities. Refer to B-15 Coker Heaters Decoking

(5) PTE (tpy) = Max. Design Capacity (MMBtu/hr) \* Emission Factor (lb/MMBtu) \* 8760 hr/yr \* 1 ton/2,000 lb

- For fuel gas/oil firing units calculated as maximum PTE firing fuel gas 8760 hr/yr or a combination of fuel gas and oil with the fuel distribution in Reduced and Normal operating scenarios as permitted.

Example: NOx PTE H-101 = Max{

H-101 NOx firing fuel gas = 145.9 MMBtu/hr \* 0.27 lb/MMBtu \* 8,760 hr/yr \* 1 ton/2,000 lb = 175.4 tpy,

H-101 NOx firing fuel gas and No. 6 oil in Reduced Fuel Operating Scenario = [(145.9 - 58.7) MMBtu/hr \* 0.27 lb/MMBtu + 58.7 MMBtu/hr \* 0.48 lb/MMBtu] \* 8,760 hr/yr \* 1 ton/2,000 lb = 229.5 tpy,

H-101 NOx firing fuel gas and No. 6 oil in Normal Fuel Operating Scenario = [(145.9 - 54.6) MMBtu/hr \* 0.27 lb/MMBtu + 54.6 MMBtu/hr \* 0.48 lb/MMBtu] \* 8,760 hr/yr \* 1 ton/2,000 lb = 225.8 tpy,

} = 229.5 tpy

# **B-3 Compressors Annual Potential to Emit**

				Default Em	ission Factor	s*				
Fuel	Qualifier	Units	NOx	со	voc	PM	PM10	PM2.5	SO2	SO3
	4SRB, 90 - 105% Load	lb/MMBtu	2.21	3.72	2.96E-02	9.50E-03	1.94F-02	1.94F-02	5.88E-04	2.36E-05
LPG	4SRB, < 90% Load	lb/MMBtu	2.27	3.51	2.90E-02	9.506-05	1.946-02	1.94E-02	3.00E-U4	2.30E-03
LPG	4SLB, 90 - 105% Load	lb/MMBtu	4.08	0.32	1.18E-01	7.71E-05	9.99E-03	9.99E-03	5.88E-04	2.36E-05
	4SLB, < 90% Load	lb/MMBtu	0.85	0.56	1.10E-U1	7.71E-US	J.JJE-U3	J.JJE-U3	J.00E-U4	2.30E-U3

# Notes:

Table 1. Compressors Annual Potential to Emit

												Annual Pote	ntial to Emit			
B	Source	Source	Rated BHP	Appendix C to CD - SO2			Max. Desig	n Capacity	NOx	со	voc	PM	PM10	PM2.5	SO2	H2SO4
Process Unit	Identification (ID)	Description		Applicability	Fuels	Engine	MMBtu/hr (LHV)	MMBtu/hr (HHV)	tpy	tpy	tpy	tpy	tpy	tpy	tpy	tpy
			(1)	(2)				(3)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)
	C-200A	RICE	880	NSPS Ja	LPG	4SRB	8.1	8.8	33.1	272.1	1.1	0.4	0.7	0.7	0.02	0.001
Penex	C-200B	RICE	880	NSPS Ja	LPG	4SRB	8.1	8.8	33.1	272.1	1.1	0.4	0.7	0.7	0.02	0.001
	C-200C	RICE	880	NSPS Ja	LPG	4SRB	8.1	8.8	33.1	272.1	1.1	0.4	0.7	0.7	0.02	0.001
	C-1500A	RICE	330	NSPS Ja	LPG	4SRB	3.0	3.3	52.8	0.7	0.4	0.1	0.3	0.3	0.01	0.0004
#3 DD	C-1500B	RICE	330	NSPS Ja	LPG	4SRB	3.0	3.3	52.8	0.7	0.4	0.1	0.3	0.3	0.01	0.0004
	C-1500C	RICE	330	NSPS Ja	LPG	4SRB	3.0	3.3	52.8	0.7	0.4	0.1	0.3	0.3	0.01	0.0004
#5 DD	C-2400A	RICE	660	NSPS Ja	LPG	4SRB	6.1	6.6	19.4	69.4	0.9	0.3	0.6	0.6	0.02	0.001
#3 00	C-2400B	RICE	660	NSPS Ja	LPG	4SRB	6.1	6.6	19.4	69.4	0.9	0.3	0.6	0.6	0.02	0.001
	C-4601A	RICE	2,400	NSPS J	LPG	4SLB	22.1	24.0	428.9	58.6	12.4	0.0	1.0	1.0	0.1	0.003
#6 DD	C-4601B	RICE	2,400	NSPS J	LPG	4SLB	22.1	24.0	428.9	58.6	12.4	0.0	1.0	1.0	0.1	0.003
	C-4601C	RICE	2,400	NSPS J	LPG	4SLB	22.1	24.0	428.9	58.6	12.4	0.0	1.0	1.0	0.1	0.003

# Notes:

(3) MMBtu/hr (HHV) = Brake HP \* Avg. Brake-Specific Fuel Consumption (Btu/hp-hr) \* 1 MMBtu/10^6 Btu / Efficiency Factor (%)

Avg. Brake-Specific Fuel Consumption = 7,000 Btu/hp-hr [AP-42, Ch. 3.3]

Efficiency Factor = 70

MMBtu/hr (LHV) = Max. Design Capacity (LHV) / Ratio HHV/LHV

LPG HHV/LHV = 1.086

(4) Annual Potential to Emit (PTE) for Penex and #5 DD compressors calculated using permit limits (NOx and CO) and default emission factors (for all other pollutants).

Annual PTE for #3 DD compressors calculated using stack test data (Nox and CO) and default emission factors (for all other pollutants)

Annual PTE for # 6 DD calculated using defualt emission factors

PTE (tpy) = Max. Design Capacity (MMBtu/hr) \* Emission Factor (lb/MMBtu) \* 8,760 hr/yr \* 1 ton/2,000 lb

Example: NOx PTE C-200A = 8.80MMBtu/hr \* 0.86 lb/MMBtu \* 8,760 hr/yr \* 1 ton/2,000 lb = 33.1 tpy

<sup>\*</sup>Refer to "Def. Emission Factors" tab

<sup>(1)</sup> Brake horsepower per equipment specifications

<sup>(2)</sup> NSPS J and Ja sulfur limit for fuel gas combustion is higher than AP-42 default emission factors for LPG

			Default Em	ission Factors	5*						
Fuel	Qualifier	Units	NOx	со	voc	PM	PM10	PM2.5	SO2	SO3	Lead
No. COIL	Low Sulfur	lb/MMBtu	0.40	0.02	0.002	0.04	0.03	0.02	0.3	0.01	1.015.05
No. 6 Oil	High Sulfur	lb/MMBtu	0.48	0.03	0.002	0.05	0.04	0.03	0.5	0.02	1.01E-05
	Units > 100 MMBtu/hr	lb/MMBtu									
Fuel Gas	NSPS J	lb/MMBtu	0.27	0.08	0.01	0.002	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.001	4.9E-07
	NSPS Ja	lb/MMBtu							0.01	0.0003	
Propane	-	lb/MMBtu			0.01			0.01			
Gaseous Fuels	NSPS D	lb/MMBtu	0.20			0.10					
Liquid Fuels	NSPS D	lb/MMBtu	0.30			0.10			0.80		

Notes:

\*Refer to "Def. Emission Factors" tab

**Table 1. Boilers Annual Potential to Emit** 

								Operating	g Scenario				Annual	Potential to	Emit			
	Cauras		Consent Decree	Appendix C to CD		Max. Desi	gn Capacity	Reduced Fuel	Normal	NOx	со	voc	PM	PM10	PM2.5	SO2	H2SO4	Lead
Process Unit	Source Identification (ID)	Source Description	¶135 (Boiler 10 per permit)	SO2 Applicability (Boiler 10 per permit)	Fuels	MMBtu/hr (LHV)	MMBtu/hr (HHV)	MMBtu/hr (HHV)	MMBtu/hr (HHV)	tpy	tpy	tpy	tpy	tpy	tpy	tpy	tpy	tpy
						(1)	(2)	(3)	(3)	(5), (6)	(5), (6)	(5), (6)	(5), (6)	(5), (6)	(5), (6)	(5), (6)	(5), (6)	(5), (6)
Utility II	#5 Boiler (B-1155)	#5 Boiler (B-1155)	NSP D	NSPS J	Fuel Gas, 6 oil	494.0	539.2	174.4	137.9	548.7	194.5	12.7	42.8	45.9	34.0	431.9	19.4	0.01
Utility III	#6 Boiler (B-3301)	#6 Boiler (B-3301)		NSPS Ja	Fuel Gas, 6 oil	235.0	256.5	91.8	130.5	428.7	92.5	6.1	30.8	29.5	20.7	303.4	13.5	0.01
Utility III	#7 Boiler (B-3302)	#7 Boiler (B-3302)		NSPS Ja	Fuel Gas, 6 oil	235.0	256.5	91.8	130.5	428.7	92.5	6.1	30.8	29.5	20.7	303.4	13.5	0.01
Utility III	#8 Boiler (B-3303)	#8 Boiler (B-3303)	NSP D	NSPS Ja	Fuel Gas, 6 oil	469.0	511.9	115.1	254.1	559.7	184.6	12.1	60.1	57.9	40.6	590.9	26.3	0.01
Utility III	#9 Boiler (B-3304)	#9 Boiler (B-3304)	NSP D	NSPS Ja	Fuel Gas, 6 oil	469.0	511.9	115.1	254.1	559.7	184.6	12.1	60.1	57.9	40.6	590.9	26.3	0.01
Utility III	#10 Boiler (B-3701)	#10 Boiler (B-3701)	NSPS Db	NSPS J	Fuel Gas, Propane	206.1	225.0			69.0	69.0	4.82	3.1	3.1	3.1	9.2	0.45	4.8E-04

# Notes:

(1) Max. Design Capacity (LHV) based on 1994 PTO values updated to 1995 values. Normal East Flaring Scenario.

(2) Max. Design Capacity (HHV) = Max. Design Capacity (LHV) \* HHV/LHV Ratio

Fuel Gas HHV/LHV = 1.091 Fuel Oil HHV/LHV = 1.055

(4) Fuel Oil Firing limited by permit (blue font is a calculated number not a permit limit):

		STX-TV-003-10	Re	duced-Fuel Op. Scena	rio	N	Iormal Op. Scenar	io
Process Unit	Boilers	Condition	Fuel Oil (bbl/day)	Fuel Oil (bbl/yr)	Fuel Oil (MMBtu/hr)	Fuel Oil (bbl/day)	Fuel Oil (bbl/yr)	Fuel Oil (MMBtu/hr)
Utility II	B-1155	§3.2.1.2.2	760	249,660	174.4	592	197,472	137.9
Utility III	B-3301, B-3302, B-3303, B-3304	§3.2.1.3.1	1,506	494,721	345.5	3,325	1,092,263	762.9
Utility III	B-3301, B-3302	§3.2.1.3.2	800	262,800	183.5	1,138	373,833	261.1

(a) Barrel-Of-Oil-Equivalent (BOE) per 26 U.S.C. Title 26, Subtitle A, Chapter 1, Subpchapter A, Part IV, Subpart D, §45K(d)(5):

MMBtu/BOE = 5.8

MMBtu/BOE (Fuel Oil) = 6.1

(b) Fuel Oil (bbl/yr) = Fuel Oil (bbl/day) \* 365 days/yr \* 0.9 [per PSD permit]

(c) Fuel Oil (MMBtu/hr) = Fuel Oil (bbl/yr) \* MMBtu/BOE (HHV) \* 1 yr/8,760 hr

Example: Fuel Oil B-3301, B-3302 = 262,800 bbl/yr \*  $6.1 \, \text{MMBtu/bbl} * 1 \, \text{yr/8,760} \, \text{hr} = 183.5 \, \text{MMBtu/hr}$ 

Ratioed to each boiler designed capacity

Example: Max. Fuel Oil B-3301 (Reduced-Fuel Op. Scenario) = 235.0 MMBtu/hr \* 1.055 \* 183.5 MMBtu/hr / ((235.0 + 235.0) MMBtu/hr \* 1.055) = 91.8 MMBtu/hr

Example: Max. Fuel Oil B-3302 (Reduced-Fuel Op. Scenario) = 235.0 MMBtu/hr \* 1.055 \* 183.5 MMBtu/hr / ((235.0 + 235.0) MMBtu/hr \* 1.055) = 91.8 MMBtu/hr

(5) Annual Potential to Emit (PTE) for all boilers except Boiler #10 (B-3701) calculated using default emission factors.

Annual PTE for Boiler #10 (B-3701) based on permit limits except lead (AP-42)

(6) PTE (tpy) = Max. Design Capacity (MMBtu/hr) \* Emission Factor (lb/MMBtu) \* 8760 hr/yr \* 1 ton/2,000 lb

PTE calculated as maximum emissions firing fuel gas 8760 hr/yr or a combination of fuel gas and oil with the fuel distribution in Reduced and Normal operating scenarios as permitted.

Example: NOx PTE #6 Boiler (B-3301) = Max{

#6 Boiler NOx firing fuel gas = 256.5 MMBtu/hr \* 0.27 lb/MMBtu \* 8,760 hr/yr \* 1 ton/2,000 lb = 308.4 tpy,

#6 Boiler NOx firing fuel gas and No. 6 oil in Reduced Fuel Operating Scenario = [(256.5 - 91.8) MMBtu/hr \* 0.27 lb/MMBtu + 91.8 MMBtu/hr \* 0.48 lb/MMBtu] \* 8,760 hr/yr \* 1 ton/2,000 lb = 393.0 tpy

#6 Boiler NOx firing fuel gas and No. 6 oil in Reduced Fuel Operating Scenario = [(256.5 - 130.5) MMBtu/hr \* 0.27 lb/MMBtu + 130.5 MMBtu/hr \* 0.48 lb/MMBtu] \* 8,760 hr/yr \* 1 ton/2,000 lb = 428.7 tpy

 $} = 428.7 \text{ tpy}$ 

Default Emission Factors*											
Fuel	Qualifier	Units	NOx	со	voc	PM	PM10	PM2.5	SO2	H2SO4	Lead
	Uncontrolled, ≥ 80% load	lb/MMBtu		0.08							
Fuel Gas / LPG	Steam Injection, ≥ 80% load	lb/MMBtu		0.03	0.0021	0.002	0.007	0.007		4.7E-03	
	NSPS J	lb/MMBtu							0.02		
	Uncontrolled, ≥ 80% load	lb/MMBtu		0.003							
Distillate Oil	Steam Injection, ≥ 80% load	lb/MMBtu		0.1	4.1E-04	0.004	0.012	0.012		7.2E-03	1.4E-05
Distillate Oil	Sulfur = 0.2 wt%, ≥ 80% load	lb/MMBtu			4.16-04	0.004	0.012	0.012	0.20	7.2E-U3	1.4E-05
	Sulfur = 0.1 wt%, ≥ 80% load	lb/MMBtu							0.10		

\*Refer to "Def. Emission Factors" tab

Table 1 Turbines Annual Potential to Emit

							Operating	g Scenario	Annual Potential to Emit								
	Source		Appendix C to	Appendix C to	Max. Des	gn Capacity	Reduced Fuel	Normal	NOx	со	voc	PM	PM10	PM2.5	SO2	H2SO4	Lead
Process Unit	Identification (ID)	Source Description	CD - SO2 Applicability	Fuels	MMBtu/hr (LHV)	MMBtu/hr (HHV) (as Fuel Gas)	MMBtu/hr (HHV)	MMBtu/hr (HHV)	tpy	tpy	tpy	tpy	tpy	tpy	tpy	tpy	tpy
					(1)	(2)	(3), (4)	(3), (4)									
Power House 2	GT No. 4 (G-3404)	Gas Turbine GT-4	NSPS J	Fuel Gas, Propane, Distillate Oil	290.4	317.0	205.0	199.3	818.8	113.9	2.9	4.8	14.0	14.0	191.3	8.8	0.01
Power House 2	GT No. 5 (G-3405)	Gas Turbine GT-5	NSPS J	Fuel Gas, Propane, Distillate Oil	290.4	317.0	205.0	199.3	818.8	113.9	2.9	4.8	14.0	14.0	191.3	8.8	0.01
Power House 2	GT No. 7 (G-3407)	Gas Turbine GT-7	NSPS J	Propane, Distillate Oil	290.4	317.0	205.0	199.3	817.4	113.9	2.9	4.8	14.0	14.0	100.6	8.8	0.01
Power House 2	GT No. 8 (G-3408)	Gas Turbine GT-8	NSPS J	Propane, Distillate Oil	361.2	394.2	255.0	247.8	1,091.1	141.6	3.6	6.0	17.4	17.4	125.1	10.9	0.02
Power House 2	GT No. 9 (G-3409)	Gas Turbine GT-9	NSPS J	Propane, Butane, Distillate Fuel oil	361.2	304.0	17	6.3	150.2	44.1	2.8	4.4	28.7	28.7	89.3	8.2	0.01
Power House 2	GT No. 10 (G-3410)	Gas Turbine GT-10	NSPS J	Propane, Butane, Distillate Fuel oil		325.0	32	2.5	150.2	44.1	3.0	3.0	14.0	14.0	54.6	7.0	2.0E-03
Power House 2	GT No. 13 (G-3413)	Gas Turbine GT-13 and Duct Burner		Fuel Gas, LPG, Distillate Oil		356.0	40	9.6	165.3	196.0	10.1	97.3	111.2	111.2	39.4	72.0	0.003
rower nouse 2	H-3413	Gas Turbine GT-13 HRSG Duct Burner		Fuel Gas, LPG		270.1	45	J.0	165.3	196.0	10.1	97.3	111.2	111.2	39.4	/2.0	0.003

(1) Max. Design Capacity (LHV) based on 1994 PTO values updated to 1995 values. Normal East Flaring Scenario. GT-9 (G-3409) and GT-10 (G-3410) maximum heat capacity per STX-TV-003-10 §§ 3.1.4.2.8 and 3.2.4.1.21

(2) Max. Design Capacity (HHV) = Max. Design Capacity (LHV) \* HHV/LHV Ratio

Fuel Gas HHV/LHV = 1.091 Fuel Oil HHV/LHV = 1.055

(4) Fuel Oil Firing limited by permit:

	STX-TV-003-10		Redu	iced-Fuel Op. Scena	ario	Normal Op. Scenario				
Process Unit	Turbines	Condition	Distillate Oil (bbl/day)	Distillate Oil (bbl/yr)	Distillate Oil (MMBtu/hr)	Distillate Oil (bbl/day)	Distillate Oil (bbl/yr)	Distillate Oil (MMBtu/hr)		
Power House 2	G-3404, G-3405, G- 3406, G-3407, G-3408, G-3409, G-3410	§3.2.4.1.4	4,000	1,314,000	870.0	3,888	1,277,208	846		

(a) Barrel-Of-Oil-Equivalent (BOE) per 26 U.S.C. Title 26, Subtitle A, Chapter 1, Subpchapter A, Part IV, Subpart D, §45K(d)(5):

MMBtu/BOE =

(b) Fuel Oil (bbl/yr) = Fuel Oil (bbl/day) \* 365 days/yr \* 0.9 [per PSD permit]

(5) NOx emissions GT-4, GT-5, GT-6, GT-7 and GT-8 must meet 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart GG NOx emission standard per Consent Decree Paragraph 136 and STX-TV-003-10 §3.2.4.1.7

Parameter	Units	GT-4 (G-3404)		GT-5 (G-3405)		GT-7 (G3	407)	GT-8 (G-3408)		
Parameter	Offics	Natural Gas	Distillate Oil	Natural Gas	Distillate Oil	Natural Gas	Distillate Oil	Natural Gas	Distillate Oil	
Design Heat Rate (LHV)	Btu/kWh	12,810	13,481	12,810	13,481	12,810	14,732	12,300	12,390	
Design Heat Rate (LHV)	kJ/Wh	13.5	14.2	13.5	14.2	13.5	15.5	13.0	13.1	
NOx	vol% @ 15%O2	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	
NOx	ppmvd @ 15%O2	160	152	160	152	160	150	166	165	
NOx	lb/MMBtu	0.59	0.59	0.59	0.59	0.59	0.58	0.61	0.64	

(a) Design heat rate per GE performance curves at peak load (GT-4 natural gas 3/23/197 and distillate 8/16/1991, GT-5 assumed equal to GT-4, GT-7 natural gas 3/23/1987 and distillate 11/10/1992, GT-8 natural gas 2/17/1989 and distillate 2/17/1989

(b) NOx emission standard in vol% per §60.332 (a)(2):

NOx (vol%) = 0.015 · 14.4 / Y + F

STD = allowable ISO corrected [if required as given in §60.335(b)(1)] NOx emission concentration (vol% @ 15% O2 on a dry basis)

Y = manufacturer's rated heat rate at manufacturer's rated load (kilojoules per watt hour) or, actual measured heat rate based on lower heating value of fuel as measured at actual peak load for the facility. The value of Y shall not exceed 14.4 kilojoules per watt hour

F = NOx emission allowance for fuel-bound nitrogen as defined in §60.332(a)(4). F = 0 if no fuel-bound nitrogen data is available.

(c) NOx (lb/MMBtu) = NOx (vol%) / 100 / Std. Molar Volume (scf/lbmole) \* MW NO2 (lb/lbmole) \* Fd (dscf/MMBtu) \* 20.9/(20.9-02%)

Unit Conversion Factor = 1,055 J/Btu

Standard Molar Volume = 385.3 scf/lbmole [Universal Gas Law]

Factor Fd, Gases = 8,710 Factor Fd, Oil = 9,190 dscf/MMBtu [Table 19-2, Method 19, 40 CFR 60, Gas] dscf/MMBtu [Table 19-2, Method 19, 40 CFR 60, Oil]

# Limetree Bay Terminals and Refining B-6 Seawater Intake Pumps Annual Potential to Emit

Default Emission Factors*								
Fuel Units NOx CO VOC PM PM10 PM2.5 SO2 SO3								
Distillate Oil   Ib/hp-hr   0.031   0.0067   0.0025   0.0022   0.0022   0.0022   0.20   0.03								

Notes:

Table 1. Seawater Intake Pumps Annual Potential to Emit

							Annual Potential to Emit						
Process Unit	Source Identification (ID)	Unit Description	Brake HP	Annual Operating	Fuels	NOx	со	voc	РМ	PM10	PM2.5	SO2	H2SO4
				Hours		tpy	tpy	tpy	tpy	tpy	tpy	tpy	tpy
			(1)			(2), (4)	(2), (4)	(2), (4)	(2), (4)	(2), (4)	(2), (4)	(2), (3), (4)	(2), (4)
	PD-1602	Seawater intake pump	277	500	Distillate Oil	2.1	0.5	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	13.9	2.1
	PD-1603	Seawater intake pump	277	500	Distillate Oil	2.1	0.5	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	13.9	2.1
Seawater Intake	PD-1604	Seawater intake pump	277	500	Distillate Oil	2.1	0.5	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	13.9	2.1
	PD-1605	Seawater intake pump	277	500	Distillate Oil	2.1	0.5	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	13.9	2.1
	PD-1620	Desalination pump	185	500	Distillate Oil	1.4	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	9.3	1.4

## Notes:

- (1) Brake horsepower per equipment specifications
- (2) Emission factors per AP-42, Chapter 3.3 , Table 3.3-1 Emission factors for Uncontrolled Diesel Industrial Engines.

SO2 emission factor based on mass balance as detailed in note (3) below

Assumed 10% SO2 oxidizes to SO3 and 100% of SO3 formed oxidizes to H2SO4

(3) SO2 emissions per maximum authorized sulfur content (blue font is a calculated number not a permit limit):

Process Unit	Pumps	STX-TV-003-10 Condition	Fuel	Sulfur (wt%)	SO2 (lb/MMBtu)
	PD-1602, PD-1603,				
Seawater Intake	PD-1604, PD-1605 and	3.2.15.1	Distillate Oil	0.2	0.20
	PD-1620				

(a) Distillate OII SO2 (lb/Ibmole) / Fuel Density (lb/gal) \* MW SO2 (lb/Ibmole) / MW S (lb/Ibmole) / Fuel Heat Input (MMBtu/gal)

Distillate Oil Heat Input = 0.140 MMBtu/gal [AP-42, Ch. 1.3]

Distillate Oil Density = 7.05 lb/gal [No. 2 Oil Density per AP-42, Ch. 1.3, Table 1.3-12]

(4) PTE (tpy) = Brake HP \* Emission Factor (lb/HP-hr) \* Annual Hours of Operation (hr/yr) \* 1 ton/2,000 lb

Example: NOx PTE PD-1602 = 277.00HP/hr \* 0.03 lb/hp-hr \* 500 hr/yr \* 1 ton/2,000 lb = 2.1 tpy

<sup>\*</sup>Refer to "Def. Emission Factors" tab

# Limetree Bay Terminals and Refining B-7 Beavon Units Stacks Annual Potential to Emit

<u>Description</u>: The West and East side Sulfur Recovery Plants (SRPs) consist of two Claus Trains (1 & 2 and 3 & 4 respectively) and a single Beavon Stretford Tail Gas Unit (#1 and #2 respectively), that serves as the control device for the Claus trains. During maintenance, startup, shutdown and malfunction of the Beavon units, the tail gas is combusted in an incinerator (H-1042 and H-4745 respectively). Both East and West SRPs are subject to the requirements of subpart Ja of 40 CFR 60 per Consent Decree ¶42 requirements.

Table 1 - Beavon Units Potential to Emit

Parameter	Haita	#1 Beavon Stack (T-1061)				#:	2 Beavon St	tack (T-476	1)
Parameter	Units	со	H2S	TRS <sup>(6)</sup>	VOC <sup>(7)</sup>	со	H2S	TRS <sup>(6)</sup>	VOC <sup>(7)</sup>
Tail Gas Maximum Gas Rate <sup>(1)</sup>	MMscfd (wet)			-			3	0	
Tail Gas Water Content	%			-			2	0	
Tail Gas Maximum Gas Rate <sup>(2)</sup>	MMscfd (dry)	18				2	4		
Standard Molar Volume <sup>(2)</sup>	scf/lbmole		3	85			38	35	
Tail Gas Concentration <sup>(3)</sup>	ppmvd	1,221	10	66.0		1,221	10	66.0	
Molecular Weight	lb/lbmole	28	34.1	64.1		28	34.1	64.1	
Hourly Emission <sup>(4)</sup>	lb/hr	66.6	0.7	8.2		88.8	0.9	11.0	
Annual Emission <sup>(5)</sup>	tpy	292	2.9	36.0	36.0	389	3.9	48.1	48.1

# Notes:

- (1) Based on peak monthly tail gas from August 2003
- (2) Universal Gas Law (68 °F, 1 atm)
- (3) Tail Gas Concentration:

	CO	H2S	TRS
Max of Beavon 1&2 of data averaged from 2004 to 2009 (GC data in ppm dry)	1,221		
Title V STX-TV-003-10, Section 3.2.7.1 (1997 PSD Permit IV.G.)		50	
NSPS Subparts Ja §60.102a(f)(1)(ii) and (iii) (ppmvd)		10	300
Consent Decree Appendix H, Final TRS limit (ppmvd 30 day rolling average)			66
Consent Decree Appendix H, Final TRS limit (ppmvd 12 hr rolling average)			162

(4) Hourly Emission (lb/hr) = Tail Gas Max. Gas Rate (MMscf/day) \* 1,000,000 scf/MMscf \* 1 day/ 24 hr \* Tail Gas Pollutant Conc (ppmvd)/1,000,000 / Standard Molar Volume (scf/lbmole) \* MWpollutant (lb/lbmole)

Example: #1 Beavon Hourly CO Emission = 18 MMscf/day \* 1,000,000 scf/MMscf \* 1 day/24 hr \* 1,221 ppmvd/1,000,000 / 385 scf/lbmole \* 28 lb/lbmole = 66.6 lb/hr

(5) Annual Emission (tpy) = Hourly Emission (lb/hr) \* 8760 hr/yr \* 1 ton/2,000 lb

Example: #1 Beavon Annual CO Emission = 66.6 lb/hr \* 8760 hr/yr \* 1 ton/2,000 lb = 292 tpy

- (6) Total Reduced Sulfur (TRS) compounds means hydrogen sulfide (H2S), carbonyl sulfide (COS) and carbon disulfide (CS2) [40 CFR §60.101 and §60.101a]
- (7) Conservatively assumed TRS = VOC

# Limetree Bay Terminals and Refining B-8 Sulfur Pits Annual Potential to Emit

Table 1 - Sulfur Pits Venting

Parameter	Units	West Sulfur Pit	East Sulfur Pits		
1 2		SRUs 1 & 2	SRU 3	SRU 4	
Maximum elemental sulfur <sup>(1)</sup>	lbmole/hr	0.0056	0.0035	0.0041	
Maximum H2S <sup>(2)</sup>	lbmole/hr	0.209	0.142	0.142	
PM or PM10 or PM2.5 <sup>(3)</sup>	lb/hr	0.2	0.1	0.1	
H2S or TRS <sup>(3)</sup>	lb/hr	7.1	4.8	4.8	
Max. Venting Hours per Year <sup>(4)</sup>	hr/yr	240	240	240	
PM or PM10 or PM2.5 <sup>(5)</sup>	tpy	0.02	0.01	0.02	
H2S or TRS	tpy	0.85	0.58	0.58	

- (1) Based on liquid-vapor equilibrium, HOVENSA, November 2009
- (2) Site data
- (3) Hourly Emissions (lb/hr) = Molar Emission Rate (lbmole/hr) \* Molecular Weight Sulfur (lb/lbmole) Example: West Sulfur PM Emissions = 0.0056 lbmole/hr \* 32.1 lb/lbmole = 0.2 lb/hr
- (4) NSPS Ja allowance for maintenance [§60.102a(f)(3)]
- (5) Annual Emissions (tpy) = Hourly Emissions (lb/hr) \* Max. Venting (hr/yr) \* 1 ton/2,000 lb Example West Sulfur Pit PM Emissions = 0.2 lb/hr \* 240 hr/yr \* 1 ton/2,000 lb = 0.02 tpy

# Limetree Bay Terminals and Refining B-9 Beavons Cooling Towers Annual Potential to Emit

<u>Description</u>: total dissolved solids (TDS) in the water through the Beavon Cooling Towers (CTs) becomes airborne particulates.

Table 1 - Beavon Cooling Towers Particulates Potential to Emit

Parameter	Units	#1 Beavon	#2 Beavon
Flow <sup>(1)</sup>	gpm	9,000	9,000
Drift <sup>(2)</sup>	% of total circulating flow	0.005	0.005
TDS <sup>(3)</sup>	g/L	190.0	194.4
TDS <sup>(4)</sup>	ppmw	190,015	194,354
Estimated PM Emissions	tpy	187.5	191.8
Estimated PM10 Emissions	tpy	0.38	0.39

# Notes:

- (1) Cooling Towers designed flowrate
- (2) Assumed percent drift of total circulating flow
- (3) Average Total Dissolved Solids (TDS) data from WinBLISS/LIMS lab data system from 2006

		#1 Beavon	#2 Beavon
		SRU TDS	SRU TDS
	_	g/L	g/L
1/1/06	6/30/06	237.3	166.4
7/1/06	10/17/06	142.8	222.3

- (4) TDS (ppmw) =  $\overline{TDS (g/L) * 1,000 \text{ mg/g}}$
- (5) PM emissions per AP-42, Chapter 13.4

Estimated PM Emissions (tpy) = Flowrate (gal/min) \* 60 min/hr \* 8760 hr/yr \* Drift (%) \* 3.785 L/gal \* TDS (g/L) \* 1 lb/453.59 g \* 1 ton/2,000 lb Example: #1 Beavon CT PM Emissions = 9,000 gal/min \* 60 min/hr \* 8760 hr/yr \* 0.005/100 \* 3.785 L/gal \* 190.0 g/L \* 1 lb/453.59 g \* 1 ton/2,000 lb = 187.5 tpy

(6) PM10 (tpy) = PM (tpy) \* Wt% PM10 (refer to Tables 2 and 3 for wt% PM10 calculations)

Example: #1 Beavon CT PM10 Emissions = 187.5 tpy \* 0.204/100 = 0.38 tpy

Table 2 - #1 Beavon Cooling Tower PM10 Emissions<sup>(1)</sup>

EPRI Droplet Diameter (μm)	Droplet Volume (µm3)	Droplet, Mass (μg)	Particle Mass (Solids) (μg)	Solid Particle Volume (µm3)	Solid Particle Diameter (µm)	EPRI % Mass Smaller	Wt% PMx in PM Emissions	PMx Solid Particle Diameter (μm)
10	524	5.2E-04	9.9E-05	45	4.4	-		
20	4,189	4.2E-03	8.0E-04	362	8.8	0.196		
30	14,137	1.4E-02	2.7E-03	1,221	13.3	0.226	0.204	10.0
40	33,510	3.4E-02	6.4E-03	2,894	17.7	0.514		
50	65,450	6.5E-02	1.2E-02	5,653	22.1	1.806		
60	113,097	1.1E-01	2.1E-02	9,768	26.5	5.702		
70	179,594	1.8E-01	3.4E-02	15,512	30.9	21.348	18.013	30.0
90	381,704	3.8E-01	7.3E-02	32,968	39.8	49.812		
110	696,910	7.0E-01	1.3E-01	60,192	48.6	70.509		
130	1,150,347	1.2E+00	2.2E-01	99,356	57.5	82.023		
150	1,767,146	1.8E+00	3.4E-01	152,629	66.3	88.012		
180	3,053,628	3.1E+00	5.8E-01	263,743	79.6	91.032		
210	4,849,048	4.8E+00	9.2E-01	418,815	92.8	92.468	92.162	90.0
240	7,238,229	7.2E+00	1.4E+00	625,170	106.1	94.091		
270	10,305,995	1.0E+01	2.0E+00	890,134	119.3	94.689		
300	14,137,167	1.4E+01	2.7E+00	1,221,035	132.6	96.288		
350	22,449,298	2.2E+01	4.3E+00	1,938,958	154.7	97.011		
400	33,510,322	3.4E+01	6.4E+00	2,894,304	176.8	98.340		
450	47,712,938	4.8E+01	9.1E+00	4,120,991	198.9	99.071		
500	65,449,847	6.5E+01	1.2E+01	5,652,938	221.0	99.071		
600	113,097,336	1.1E+02	2.1E+01	9,768,276	265.2	100.0		

<sup>(1)</sup> Estimated PMx Emissions calculated based on droplet size distribution using the mehtod described in "Calculating Realistic PM10 Emissions from Cooling Towers" by Joel Reisman and Gordo Frisbie.

# Limetree Bay Terminals and Refining B-9 Beavons Cooling Towers Annual Potential to Emit

Table 3 - #2 Beavon Cooling Tower PM10 Emissions<sup>(1)</sup>

EPRI Droplet Diameter (μm)	Droplet Volume (µm3)	Droplet, Mass (μg)	Particle Mass (Solids) (μg)	Solid Particle Volume (µm3)	Solid Particle Diameter (µm)	EPRI % Mass Smaller	Wt% PMx in PM Emissions	PMx Solid Particle Diameter (μm)
10	524	5.2E-04	1.0E-04	46	4.5	-		
20	4,189	4.2E-03	8.1E-04	370	8.9	0.196		
30	14,137	1.4E-02	2.7E-03	1,249	13.4	0.226	0.203	10.0
40	33,510	3.4E-02	6.5E-03	2,960	17.8	0.514		
50	65,450	6.5E-02	1.3E-02	5,782	22.3	1.806		
60	113,097	1.1E-01	2.2E-02	9,991	26.7	5.702		
70	179,594	1.8E-01	3.5E-02	15,866	31.2	21.348	17.216	30.0
90	381,704	3.8E-01	7.4E-02	33,721	40.1	49.812		
110	696,910	7.0E-01	1.4E-01	61,567	49.0	70.509		
130	1,150,347	1.2E+00	2.2E-01	101,625	57.9	82.023		
150	1,767,146	1.8E+00	3.4E-01	156,114	66.8	88.012		
180	3,053,628	3.1E+00	5.9E-01	269,766	80.2	91.032		
210	4,849,048	4.8E+00	9.4E-01	428,378	93.5	92.468	92.089	90.0
240	7,238,229	7.2E+00	1.4E+00	639,444	106.9	94.091		
270	10,305,995	1.0E+01	2.0E+00	910,459	120.3	94.689		
300	14,137,167	1.4E+01	2.7E+00	1,248,915	133.6	96.288		
350	22,449,298	2.2E+01	4.4E+00	1,983,231	155.9	97.011		
400	33,510,322	3.4E+01	6.5E+00	2,960,391	178.1	98.340		
450	47,712,938	4.8E+01	9.3E+00	4,215,088	200.4	99.071		
500	65,449,847	6.5E+01	1.3E+01	5,782,013	222.7	99.071		
600	113,097,336	1.1E+02	2.2E+01	9,991,319	267.2	100.0		

<sup>(1)</sup> Estimated PMx Emissions calculated based on droplet size distribution using the mehtod described in "Calculating Realistic PM10 Emissions from Cooling Towers" by Joel Reisman and Gordo Frisbie.

Table 1. Flare Systems Annual Potential to Emit

	Emission	Factor <sup>(1),(2)</sup>	Potential to Emit (tpy) <sup>(3),(4)</sup>								
Air Pollutant	lb/MMBtu (LHV)	lb/MMBtu (HHV)	West Side Refinery Flare System	East Side Refinery Flare System	FCC/Coker Refinery Flare System	Tank 7921 Flare System					
NOx		0.068	643	1,328	427	38.2					
со	0.31		2,685	5,585	1,794	160.4					
PM		0.0019	18	36	12	1.0					
PM10		0.0075	70	146	47	4.2					
PM2.5		0.0075	70	146	47	4.2					
VOC (NME)	0.66		7,652	19,695	7,323	341.6					
SO2		0.236	2,230	4,252	1,481	132.7					

### Notes:

(1) NOx, CO and VOC emission factors per AP-42, Chapter 13.5, Tables 13.5-1 and 13.5-2. PM, PM10 and PM2.5 for non-smoking flares conservatively surrogated to boilers particulates emissions per AP-42, Chapter 1.4, Table 1.4-2. SO2 emission factor per NSPS Ja requirement.

 $(2) SO2 \ Emissions \ (lb/MMBtu) = SO2 \ ppmv/10^6 * 1/Std \ Volume \ (scf/lbmole) * MW_{SO2} \ (lb/lbmole) * Fd \ (dscf/MMBtu) * 20.9/(20.9 - O2\%) \\ (2) SO2 \ Emissions \ (lb/MMBtu) = SO2 \ ppmv/10^6 * 1/Std \ Volume \ (scf/lbmole) * MW_{SO2} \ (lb/lbmole) * Fd \ (dscf/MMBtu) * 20.9/(20.9 - O2\%) \\ (3) SO2 \ Emissions \ (lb/mMBtu) = SO2 \ ppmv/10^6 * 1/Std \ Volume \ (scf/lbmole) * MW_{SO2} \ (lb/lbmole) * Fd \ (dscf/MMBtu) * 20.9/(20.9 - O2\%) \\ (3) SO2 \ Emissions \ (lb/mMBtu) = SO2 \ ppmv/10^6 * 1/Std \ Volume \ (scf/lbmole) * MW_{SO2} \ (lb/lbmole) * Fd \ (dscf/lbmole) * O2.9/(20.9 - O2.9\%) \\ (4) SO3 \ Emissions \ (lb/mMBtu) = SO3 \ ppmv/10^6 * 1/Std \ Volume \ (scf/lbmole) * O2.9/(20.9 - O2.9\%) \\ (4) SO3 \ Emissions \ (lb/mMBtu) = SO3 \ ppmv/10^6 * 1/Std \ Volume \ (scf/lbmole) * O2.9/(20.9 - O2.9\%) \\ (4) SO3 \ Emissions \ (lb/mMBtu) = SO3 \ ppmv/10^6 * 1/Std \ Volume \ (scf/lbmole) * O2.9/(20.9 - O2.9\%) \\ (4) SO3 \ Emissions \ (lb/mMBtu) = SO3 \ ppmv/10^6 * 1/Std \ Volume \ (scf/lbmole) * O3.9/(20.9 - O2.9\%) \\ (4) SO3 \ Emissions \ (lb/mMBtu) = SO3 \ ppmv/10^6 * 1/Std \ Volume \ (scf/lbmole) * O3.9/(20.9 - O2.9\%) \\ (4) SO3 \ Emissions \ (lb/mMBtu) = SO3 \ ppmv/10^6 * 1/Std \ Volume \ (scf/lbmole) * O3.9/(20.9 - O2.9\%) \\ (4) SO3 \ Emissions \ (lb/mMBtu) = SO3 \ ppmv/10^6 * 1/Std \ Volume \ (scf/lbmole) * O3.9/(20.9 - O2.9\%) \\ (4) SO3 \ Emissions \ (lb/mMBtu) = SO3 \ ppmv/10^6 * 1/Std \ Volume \ (lb/mBtu) = SO3 \ ppmv/10^6 * 1/Std \ Volume \ (lb/mBtu) = SO3 \ ppmv/10^6 * 1/Std \ Volume \ (lb/mBtu) = SO3 \ ppmv/10^6 * 1/Std \ Volume \ (lb/mBtu) = SO3 \ ppmv/10^6 * 1/Std \ Volume \ (lb/mBtu) = SO3 \ ppmv/10^6 * 1/Std \ Volume \ (lb/mBtu) = SO3 \ ppmv/10^6 * 1/Std \ Volume \ (lb/mBtu) = SO3 \ ppmv/10^6 * 1/Std \ Volume \ (lb/mBtu) = SO3 \ ppmv/10^6 * 1/Std \ Volume \ (lb/mBtu) = SO3 \ ppmv/10^6 * 1/Std \ Volume \ (lb/mBtu) = SO3 \ ppmv/10^6 * 1/Std \ Volume \ (lb/mBtu) = SO3 \ ppmv/10^6 * 1/Std \ Volume \ (lb/mBtu) = SO3 \ ppmv/10^6 * 1/Std \ Volume \ (lb/mBtu) = SO3 \ ppmv/10^6 * 1/Std \ Volume \ (lb/mBtu) =$ 

Example: SO2 = 163 / 10^6 \* 1 / 385.3 scf/lbmole \* 64 lb/lbmole \* 8,710 dscf/MMBtu \* 20.9 / (20.9 - 0) = 0.236

Standard Molar Volume = 385.3 scf/lbmole

Factor Fd for fuel gas = 8,710.0 dscf/MMBtu Table 19-2, Method 19, 40 CFR 60

(2) NOx, CO, PM, PM10, PM2.5, SO2 PTE (tpy) = (Pilot/Assist Gas Heat Release + Vent Gas Heat Release) (MMBtu/yr) \* Emission Factor (lb/MMBtu) \* 1 ton/2,000 lb

Refer to Table 3 for detail calculation of Heat Release

Example: Est Side Refinery Flare System NOx = (18,896,410 + 2,390) MMBtu/yr \* 0.068 lb/MMBtu \* 1 ton/2,000 lb = 643 tpy

Example: Est Side Refinery Flare System CO = (17,323,377 + 2,190) MMBtu/yr \* 0.31 lb/MMBtu \* 1 ton/2,000 lb = 2,685 tpy

(3) VOC Emissions (tpy) = (Pilot/Assist Gas Heat Release + Vent Gas Heat Release) (MMBtu/yr) \* Emission Factor (lb/MMBtu) \* 1 ton/2,000 lb + Uncombusted VOC PTE (tpy)

 $Refer\ to\ Table\ 2\ for\ detail\ calculation\ of\ Uncombusted\ VOC\ and\ Table\ 3\ for\ detail\ calculation\ of\ Heat\ Release$ 

 $Example: Est Side \ Refinery \ Flare \ System \ VOC = (17,323,377 + 2,190) \ MMBtu/yr * 0.66 \ lb/MMBtu * 1 ton/2,000 \ lb + 1,935 \ tpy = 7,652 \ tpy = 1,000 \ lb + 1,000$ 

Table 2. Flare Systems Uncombusted VOC Potential to Emit

		Molecular Weight	Flare	Uncombusted VOC Potential to Emit (tpy)							
Composition	Formula	(lb/lbmole)	DRE (%)	West Side	East Side Refinery	FCC/Coker					
		(is/isinoic)	DILE (70)	Refinery Flare	Flare System	Refinery Flare					
Methane	CH4	16.0	99	267	173	200					
Ethane	C2H6	30.1	99	344	137	183					
Ethylene	C2H4	28.1	99	115	87	148					
Propane	C3H8	44.1	99	328	943	832					
Propylene	C3H6	42.1	99	111	168	197					
iso-Butane	C4H10	58.1	98	227	917	1,358					
n-Butane	C4H10	58.1	98	261	1,133	278					
1-Butene	C4H8	56.1	98	22	125	45					
Isobutylene	C4H8	56.1	98	-	16	-					
Trans-2-Butene	C4H8	56.1	98	33	161	45					
Cis-2-Butene	C4H8	56.1	98	33	120	34					
iso-Pentane	C5H12	72.1	98	127	1,634	101					
n-Pentane	C5H12	72.1	98	85	1,299	29					
C6+	C6H14	86.2	98	708	1,288	585					
			VOC (NME)	1,935	7,805	3,503					

# Notes:

Example: West Side Refinery Flare System - Propane = 12,504 MMscf/yr \* 10^6 scf/MMscf / 385.3 scf/lbmole \* 4.6/100 \* 44.1 lb/lbmole \* 1 ton/2,000 lb \* (1 - 99/100) = 328 tpy

<sup>(1)</sup> Uncombusted VOC (tpy) = Vent Gas Volumetric Flow (MMscf/yr) \* 10^6 scf/MMscf / Std. Molar Volume (scf/lbmole) \* Chemical (lbmole%) \* MW (lb/lbmole) \* 1 ton/2,000 lb \* (1 - DRE)

Refer to Table 2 for detail calculation of Volumetric Flow and Table 4 for Normalized Max. Composition

Table 3. Flare Systems Potential Heat Release and Volumetric Flow

	Units	West Side Refinery Flare System	East Side Refinery Flare System	FCC/Coker Refinery Flare System	Reference
Refinery Side		West	East	East	
Flares		#2, #3	#5, #6, #7	LP, HP	
Process Units		All Units	All Units	FCCU/DCU	
2011 Processing Rate (Mont	hly Max)				
Crude 2	KBPD	34.1			2011 annualized maximum monthly processing rate
Crude 3	KBPD	4.0			
Crude 5	KBPD		158.6		
Crude 6	KBPD		168.1		
Sulfolane	KBPD		37.6		
FCCU	KBPD			130.5	
Coker	KBPD			58.9	
2011 Max Flare Data					
Gas Flared	MMSCF/YR	3,115	11,261	6,904	2011 anualized maximum daily flaring
Heat Content, LHV	BTU/SCF	1,385.4	2,808.2	1,504.3	2011 maximum heat content per sampling
Heat Content, HHV	BTU/SCF	1,511.2	3,044.5	1,630.9	
Heat Input from Flare, LHV	MMBTU/YR	4,315,815	31,622,173	10,385,870	   Heat Input (MMBtu/yr) = Gas Flared (MMscf/yr) *
Heat Input from Flare, HHV	MMBTU/YR	4,707,708	34,283,066	11,259,803	Heat
Flaring Rate/barrel, LHV	MMBTU/BBL	0.3	0.2	0.2	Flaring Rate = Heat Input (MMBtu/yr) / Σ(Process
Flaring Rate/barrel, HHV	MMBTU/BBL	0.3	0.3	0.2	Rate) (Kbbl/day) * 1 Kbbl/1,000 bbl * 1 yr/365 day
Flaring Rate/barrel	MSCF/BBL	0.2	0.1	0.1	Flaring Rate = Gas Flared (MMscf/yr) / ∑(Process Rate (Kbbl/day) * 1 yr/365 day
CAP Processing Rates		·			
Crude 2	KBPD	114.0			Maximum CAP Processing Rates
Crude 3	KBPD	39.0			
Crude 5	KBPD		180.0		
Crude 6	KBPD		195.0		
Sulfolane	KBPD		40.0		
FCCU	KBPD			149.0	
Coker	KBPD			62.0	
CAP Flaring Rates	1.0.0	!		02.0	!
Heat Release, LHV	MMBtu/yr	17,323,377	36,029,213	11,572,562	Heat Release = Flaring Rate (MMBtu/bbl) * \( \subseteq (CAP
Heat Release, HHV	MMBtu/yr	18,896,410	39,060,943	12,546,352	Process Rate) (Kbbl/day) * 1,000 bbl/Kbbl * 365day/yı
Volumetric Flow	MMscf/yr	12,504	12,830	7,693	Volumetric Flow = Flaring Rate (Mscf/bbl) * ∑(CAP Process Rate) (Kbbl/day) * 365day/yr
Pilot/Assist Flaring Rates					
Heat Release, LHV	MMBtu/yr	2,190	2,190	2,190	Based on 250,000 Btu/hr
Heat Release, HHV	MMBtu/yr	2,390	2,390	2,390	Fuel Gas - Heat Ratio (HHV/LHV) = 1.091
Volumetric Flow	MMscf/yr	1.79	1.79	1.79	Fuel Gas - Heat Input (HHV) = 1,333 Btu/scf

Table 4. Flare Systems VOC Speciation

		2011 Ma	ax. Composition (Ibn	nole%)	Normalized Max. Composition (lbmole%)						
Composition	Formula	West Side Refinery	East Side Refinery	FCC/Coker	West Side	East Side Refinery	FCC/Coker				
		Flare System	Flare System	Refinery Flare	Refinery Flare	Flare System	Refinery Flare				
Hydrogen	H2	41.3	80.6	10.4	24.9	22.5	10.4				
Nitrogen	N2	68.3	59.9	22.1	41.2	16.7	22.1				
Hydrogen Sulfide	H2S	1.8	16.4	-	1.1	4.6	-				
Carbon Dioxide	CO2	0.5	1.3	0.5	0.3	0.4	0.5				
Methane	CH4	17.0	23.3	12.5	10.2	6.5	12.5				
Ethane	C2H6	11.7	9.8	6.1	7.1	2.7	6.1				
Ethylene	C2H4	4.2	6.7	5.3	2.5	1.9	5.3				
Propane	C3H8	7.6	46.1	18.9	4.6	12.9	18.9				
Propylene	C3H6	2.7	8.6	4.7	1.6	2.4	4.7				
iso-Butane	C4H10	2.0	17.0	11.7	1.2	4.7	11.7				
n-Butane	C4H10	2.3	21.0	2.4	1.4	5.9	2.4				
1-Butene	C4H8	0.2	2.4	0.4	0.1	0.7	0.4				
Isobutylene	C4H8	-	0.3	-	-	0.1	-				
Trans-2-Butene	C4H8	0.3	3.1	0.4	0.2	0.9	0.4				
Cis-2-Butene	C4H8	0.3	2.3	0.3	0.2	0.6	0.3				
iso-Pentane	C5H12	0.9	24.4	0.7	0.5	6.8	0.7				
n-Pentane	C5H12	0.6	19.4	0.2	0.4	5.4	0.2				
C6+	C6H14	4.2	16.1	3.4	2.5	4.5	3.4				
		165.9	358.7	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0				

Table 5. Refrigerated LPG Tank to Flare Release

Refrigerated LPG Tank		
Tank ID	TK-7921	
Location	Area 5	
Tank Type	Refrigerated Fi	xed RoofVents to Flare
Material Stored	LPG	
Tank Diameter	154	ft
Tank Height	75.8	ft
Tank Volume	11,000	10^3 gal
Propane HHV	91.5	MMBtu/10 <sup>3</sup> gal (AP-42, Chapter 1.5)
Butane HHV	102.0	MMBtu/10 <sup>3</sup> gal (AP-42, Chapter 1.5)
Maximum Release	1,032,821	MMBtu/yr (LHV)
Maximum Release	1,122,000	MMBtu/yr (HHV)

Pilot/Assist Flaring Rates			
Heat Release, LHV	MMBtu/yr	2,190	Based on 250,000 Btu/hr
Heat Release, HHV	MMBtu/yr	2,390	Fuel Gas - Heat Ratio (HHV/LHV) = 1.091
Volumetric Flow	MMscf/yr	1.79	Fuel Gas - Heat Input (HHV) = 1,333 Btu/scf

# **B-11 Tanks Annual Potential to Emit**

<u>Description</u>: The facility is designed to store multiple petroleum products, chemicals, wastewater and water in 271 tanks, including external floating roof tanks (EXT), internal floating roof tanks (INT), fixed roof tanks (CR and DR) and open tanks.

Tank VOC emissions has been estimated according to AP-42, Chapter 7 Liquid Storage Tanks equations. For purposes of potential to emit the following assumptions were made:

- (a) All floating roof tanks were modeled as in Gasoline (RVP 13) service, except TK-6816, TK-6838, TK-6839 and TK-7447, which were modeled at the service established by the MARPOL Project since it resulted in a higher PTE.
- (b) All fixed roof tanks were modeled as in Light Cycle Oil service, except TK-6825, TK-7405, TK-7406, TK-7415, TK-7446, which were modeled in service established by the MARPOL Project since it resulted in a higher PTE.
- (c) TK-8501 stores pitch. VOC, CO and PM/PM10/PM2.5 emissions were estimated using AP-42 Chapter 7 equations and Chapter 11.1

- (d) All floating roof tank emissions estimates where limited to a maximum true vapor pressure of 11.1 psia (None routed to a control device per §60.112a)
- (e) No emissions were estimated for open roof tanks, since these tanks are used for water and/or wastewater with no VOC content storage. Emissions from tanks associated with the WWTP are determine as part of the Wastewater Treatment Plant's emissions.
- (f) The tank volume was conservatively used instead of the tank working volume.
- (g) A total of 3 turnovers per week (156 turnovers per year) was assumed for each tank.
- (h) A total of 10 roof landings per year per tank were used as the basis for landings.
- (i) Roof landings were conservatively assumed to be full heel with 3 days in standing idle per event per tank.

Table 1. Tanks Annual Potential to Emit

			VERTIC	AL FIXED ROOF	TANKS	HORIZO	NTAL FIXED ROC	OF TANKS		FLC	ATING ROOF TA	NKS			5		
			Standing Storage Loss	Working Loss	VOC Annual	Standing Storage Loss	Working Loss	VOC Annual	Rim Seal Loss	Withdrawal Loss	Deck Fitting Loss	Deck Seam Loss	VOC Annual	Standing Idle Losses	Filling Losses	VOC Annual	VOC PTE
			LS	LW	Emissions	LS	LW	Emissions	LR	LWD	LF	LD	Emissions	LSL	LFL	Emissions	
Toul ID	T	DTF \$4.4	lb/yr	lb/yr	ton/yr	lb/yr	lb/yr	ton/yr	lb/yr	lb/yr	lb/yr	lb/yr	ton/yr	lb/yr	lb/yr	ton/yr	ton/yr
Tank ID	Tank Type	PTE Material Stored												AP-42, Ch. 7.1	40.42		
			AP-42,	AP-42,	AP-42,	AP-42,	AP-42,	AP-42,	AP-42,	AP-42,	AP-42,	AP-42,	AP-42,	Eq. 2-13 or 2-	AP-42, Ch. 7.1,	AP-42,	
			Ch. 7.1,	Ch. 7.1	Ch. 7.1	Ch. 7.1,	Ch. 7.1	Ch. 7.1	Ch. 7.1	Ch. 7.1,	Ch. 7.1,	Ch. 7.1,	Ch. 7.1	16, 2-19	Eg. 2-26 or 2-	Ch. 7.1	
			Eq. 1-2	Eq. 1-29	Eq. 1-1	Eq. 1-2	Eq. 1-29	Eq. 1-1	Eq. 2-2	Eq. 2-4	Eq. 2-5	Eq. 2-9	Eq. 2-1	Eq. 2-23 or 2-	27	Eq. 2-10	
			(1)	(2)	(2)	(1)	(2)	(2)	(1)	(=)	(5)	(=)	(0)	20	(1.5)	()	(1.2)
			(1)	(2)	(3)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
TK01PR	INT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	21,685.56	1,053.67	20,801.03	8,503.67	26.0	39,322	41,509	40.4	66.4
TK02PR	INT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	21,685.56	1,053.67	20,801.03	8,503.67	26.0	39,322	41,509	40.4	66.4
TK03PR	CR	Light Cycle Oil	619.8	5,785.0	3.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.2
TK04PR	CR	Light Cycle Oil	391.5	2,573.5	1.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.5
TK05PR	CR	Light Cycle Oil	391.5	2,573.5	1.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.5
TK06PR	CR	Light Cycle Oil	391.5	2,573.5	1.5		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.5
TK07PR	DR	Light Cycle Oil	511.4	3,088.2	1.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.8
TK0702	CR	Light Cycle Oil	553.7	5,249.2	2.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.9
TK1061	OPEN	CHEMICALS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TK1062	OPEN	CHEMICALS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TK1063	OPEN	CHEMICALS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TK1064	OPEN	CHEMICALS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TK1065	OPEN	CHEMICALS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TK1066	FLAT	Light Cycle Oil	0.1	1.1	0.001	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.001
TK1071	EXT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,132.42	359.52	2,882.18	-	3.2	14,388	4,632	9.5	12.7
TK1118	CR	Light Cycle Oil	5.3	30.6	0.02	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.0
TK1151	CR	Light Cycle Oil	373.7	2,457.9	1.4	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.4
TK1156	INT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	803.51	29.04	-	-	0.4	314	259	0.3	0.7
TK1157	INT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	- 100	-	-	-	-	-	803.51	29.04	-	-	0.4	314	259	0.3	0.7
TK1201	CR	Light Cycle Oil	10.3	68.1	0.04	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.04
TK1202	CR	Light Cycle Oil	10.9	72.3	0.04	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.04
TK1203	CR	Light Cycle Oil	10.9	72.3	0.04	- 12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.04
TK1204	HFR	Light Cycle Oil	-	-	-	4.3	25.4 25.4	0.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.01
TK1205 TK1206	HFR FLAT	Light Cycle Oil	16.9	113.0			25.4	- 0.0	-				-	-		-	0.01
	FLAT	Light Cycle Oil	16.9	113.0	0.1	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
TK1207 TK1208	FR	Light Cycle Oil	21.0	140.7	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.1
TK1208	FR	Light Cycle Oil Light Cycle Oil	13.7	131.2	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.1
TK1301	HFR	Light Cycle Oil	- 13.7	131.2	- 0.1	11.6	109.4	0.1			-		-				0.1
	DR	<del> </del>	88.7	519.3	0.3		109.4	- 0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.1
TK1302 TK1304	HFR	Light Cycle Oil Light Cycle Oil	88.7	519.3	0.3	2.4	23.0	0.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.3
TK1304	HFR		-		-	2.4	23.0	0.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.01
17702	וורת	Light Cycle Oil	-			2.4	23.0	0.0	_	-		- 1		_	-	-	0.01

# **B-11 Tanks Annual Potential to Emit**

<u>Description</u>: The facility is designed to store multiple petroleum products, chemicals, wastewater and water in 271 tanks, including external floating roof tanks (EXT), internal floating roof tanks (INT), fixed roof tanks (CR and DR) and open tanks.

Tank VOC emissions has been estimated according to AP-42, Chapter 7 Liquid Storage Tanks equations. For purposes of potential to emit the following assumptions were made:

- (a) All floating roof tanks were modeled as in Gasoline (RVP 13) service, except TK-6816, TK-6838, TK-6839 and TK-7447, which were modeled at the service established by the MARPOL Project since it resulted in a higher PTE.
- (b) All fixed roof tanks were modeled as in Light Cycle Oil service, except TK-6825, TK-7405, TK-7406, TK-7415, TK-7446, which were modeled in service established by the MARPOL Project since it resulted in a higher PTE.
- (c) TK-8501 stores pitch. VOC, CO and PM/PM10/PM2.5 emissions were estimated using AP-42 Chapter 7 equations and Chapter 11.1

- (d) All floating roof tank emissions estimates where limited to a maximum true vapor pressure of 11.1 psia (None routed to a control device per §60.112a)
- (e) No emissions were estimated for open roof tanks, since these tanks are used for water and/or wastewater with no VOC content storage. Emissions from tanks associated with the WWTP are determine as part of the Wastewater Treatment Plant's emissions.
- (f) The tank volume was conservatively used instead of the tank working volume.
- (g) A total of 3 turnovers per week (156 turnovers per year) was assumed for each tank.
- (h) A total of 10 roof landings per year per tank were used as the basis for landings.
- (i) Roof landings were conservatively assumed to be full heel with 3 days in standing idle per event per tank.

Table 1. Tanks Annual Potential to Emit

			VERTICAL FIXED ROOF TANKS			HORIZONTAL FIXED ROOF TANKS				FLC	DATING ROOF TA	INKS					
			Standing Storage Loss LS	Working Loss LW	VOC Annual Emissions	Standing Storage Loss LS	Working Loss LW	VOC Annual Emissions	Rim Seal Loss	Withdrawal Loss LWD	Deck Fitting Loss LF	Deck Seam Loss LD	VOC Annual Emissions	Standing Idle Losses LSL	Filling Losses LFL	VOC Annual Emissions	VOC PTE
			lb/yr	lb/yr	ton/yr	lb/yr	lb/yr	ton/yr	lb/yr	lb/yr	lb/yr	lb/yr	ton/yr	lb/yr	lb/yr	ton/yr	ton/yr
Tank ID	Tank Type	PTE Material Stored	AP-42, Ch. 7.1,	AP-42, Ch. 7.1	AP-42, Ch. 7.1	AP-42,	AP-42, Ch. 7.1	AP-42, Ch. 7.1	AP-42, Ch. 7.1	AP-42, Ch. 7.1,	AP-42, Ch. 7.1,	AP-42, Ch. 7.1,	AP-42, Ch. 7.1	AP-42, Ch. 7.1 Eq. 2-13 or 2-	AP-42, Ch. 7.1,	AP-42, Ch. 7.1	
			Eq. 1-2	Eq. 1-29	Eq. 1-1	Ch. 7.1, Eq. 1-2	Eq. 1-29	Eq. 1-1	Eq. 2-2	Eq. 2-4	Eq. 2-5	Eq. 2-9	Eq. 2-1	16, 2-19 Eq. 2-23 or 2- 20	Eq. 2-26 or 2- 27	Eq. 2-10	
			(1)	(2)	(3)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
TK1401	FR	Light Cycle Oil	2.1	19.4	0.01	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.01
TK1600	CR	Light Cycle Oil	3.2	29.5	0.02	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.02
TK1621	FR	Light Cycle Oil	117.1	1,123.7	0.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.6
TK1622	FR	Light Cycle Oil	117.1	1,123.7	0.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.6
TK1626	HFR	Light Cycle Oil	-	-	-	24.2	122.9	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.1
TK1627	HFR	Light Cycle Oil	-	-	-	24.2	122.9	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.1
TK1628	HFR	Light Cycle Oil	-	-	-	24.2	122.9	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.1
TK1629	HFR	Light Cycle Oil	-	-	-	24.2	122.9	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.1
TK1630	HFR	Light Cycle Oil	-	-	-	21.3	108.4	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.1
TK1631	HFR	Light Cycle Oil	-	-	-	18.1	92.2	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.1
TK1632	HFR	Light Cycle Oil	-	-	-	16.4	83.1	0.0		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.05
TK1633	HFR	Light Cycle Oil	-	-	-	16.4	83.1	0.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.05
TK1653	HFR	Light Cycle Oil	-	-	-	18.8	110.0	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.1
TK1663	EXT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,523.97	373.40	-	-	1.9	16,187	5,862	11.0	13.0
TK2653	CR	Light Cycle Oil	15.1	99.7	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.1
TK2654	CR	Light Cycle Oil	22.7	152.9	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.1
TK3201	FR	Light Cycle Oil	5.1	33.2	0.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.0
TK3202	DR	Light Cycle Oil	76.4	469.0	0.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.3
TK3203	CR	Light Cycle Oil	11.8	109.4	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.1
TK3204	FR	Light Cycle Oil	1.3	8.3	0.005	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.005
TK3205	FR	Light Cycle Oil	1.4	13.1	0.007	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.01
TK3208	CR	Light Cycle Oil	35.3	230.5	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.1
TK3209	HFR	Light Cycle Oil	-	-	-	11.3	106.3	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.1
TK3301	CR	Light Cycle Oil	1,213.6	6,246.2	3.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.7
TK3302	DR	Light Cycle Oil	2,435.1	13,209.4	7.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7.8
TK3303	OPEN	WATER	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TK3304	CR	Light Cycle Oil	870.3	5,742.5	3.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.3
TK3305	CR	Light Cycle Oil	553.7	5,249.2	2.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.9
TK3306	CR	Light Cycle Oil	262.0	1,328.4	0.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.8
TK3384	DR	Light Cycle Oil	20.5	119.6	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.1
TK3385	DR	Light Cycle Oil	20.5	119.6	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.1
TK3386	DR	Light Cycle Oil	100.9	581.4	0.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.3

# **B-11 Tanks Annual Potential to Emit**

<u>Description</u>: The facility is designed to store multiple petroleum products, chemicals, wastewater and water in 271 tanks, including external floating roof tanks (EXT), internal floating roof tanks (INT), fixed roof tanks (CR and DR) and open tanks.

Tank VOC emissions has been estimated according to AP-42, Chapter 7 Liquid Storage Tanks equations. For purposes of potential to emit the following assumptions were made:

- (a) All floating roof tanks were modeled as in Gasoline (RVP 13) service, except TK-6816, TK-6838, TK-6839 and TK-7447, which were modeled at the service established by the MARPOL Project since it resulted in a higher PTE.
- (b) All fixed roof tanks were modeled as in Light Cycle Oil service, except TK-6825, TK-7405, TK-7406, TK-7415, TK-7446, which were modeled in service established by the MARPOL Project since it resulted in a higher PTE.
- (c) TK-8501 stores pitch. VOC, CO and PM/PM10/PM2.5 emissions were estimated using AP-42 Chapter 7 equations and Chapter 11.1

- (d) All floating roof tank emissions estimates where limited to a maximum true vapor pressure of 11.1 psia (None routed to a control device per §60.112a)
- (e) No emissions were estimated for open roof tanks, since these tanks are used for water and/or wastewater with no VOC content storage. Emissions from tanks associated with the WWTP are determine as part of the Wastewater Treatment Plant's emissions.
- (f) The tank volume was conservatively used instead of the tank working volume.
- (g) A total of 3 turnovers per week (156 turnovers per year) was assumed for each tank.
- (h) A total of 10 roof landings per year per tank were used as the basis for landings.
- (i) Roof landings were conservatively assumed to be full heel with 3 days in standing idle per event per tank.

Table 1. Tanks Annual Potential to Emit

		VERTICAL FIXED ROOF TANKS				HORIZONTAL FIXED ROOF TANKS				FLC	ATING ROOF TA	NKS					
			Standing Storage Loss LS	Working Loss LW	VOC Annual Emissions	Standing Storage Loss LS	Working Loss LW	VOC Annual Emissions	Rim Seal Loss	Withdrawal Loss LWD	Deck Fitting Loss LF	Deck Seam Loss LD	VOC Annual Emissions	Standing Idle Losses LSL	Filling Losses LFL	VOC Annual Emissions	VOC PTE
			lb/yr	lb/yr	ton/yr	lb/yr	lb/yr	ton/yr	lb/yr	lb/yr	lb/yr	lb/yr	ton/yr	lb/yr	lb/yr	ton/yr	ton/yr
Tank ID	Tank Type	PTE Material Stored							.,					AP-42, Ch. 7.1	AP-42,		ton/yr
			AP-42,	AP-42,	AP-42,	AP-42,	AP-42,	AP-42,	AP-42,	AP-42,	AP-42,	AP-42,	AP-42,	Eq. 2-13 or 2-	Ch. 7.1,	AP-42,	
			Ch. 7.1,	Ch. 7.1	Ch. 7.1	Ch. 7.1,	Ch. 7.1	Ch. 7.1	Ch. 7.1	Ch. 7.1,	Ch. 7.1,	Ch. 7.1,	Ch. 7.1	16, 2-19	Eq. 2-26 or 2-	Ch. 7.1	
			Eq. 1-2	Eq. 1-29	Eq. 1-1	Eq. 1-2	Eq. 1-29	Eq. 1-1	Eq. 2-2	Eq. 2-4	Eq. 2-5	Eq. 2-9	Eq. 2-1	Eq. 2-23 or 2- 20	27	Eq. 2-10	
			(1)	(2)	(3)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
TK4501	INT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,039.10	506.09	7,543.18	1,966.60	10.0	6,856	10,422	8.6	18.7
TK4502	CR	Light Cycle Oil	146.1	957.1	0.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.6
TK4503	INT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,566.21	101.63	-	-	0.8	762	1,158	1.0	1.8
TK4761	OPEN	CHEMICALS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TK4762	OPEN	CHEMICALS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TK4763	OPEN	CHEMICALS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TK4764	OPEN	CHEMICALS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TK4765	OPEN	CHEMICALS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TK6801	EXT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	15,113.92	1,868.11	7,010.76	-	12.0	69,424	108,748	89.1	101.1
TK6802	EXT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	15,113.92	1,868.11	7,010.76	-	12.0	69,424	108,748	89.1	101.1
TK6803	EXT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	15,113.92	1,868.11	7,010.76	-	12.0	69,424	108,748	89.1	101.1
TK6804	EXT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	16,323.87	1,601.24	7,572.01	-	12.7	69,603	133,907	101.8	114.5
TK6805	EXT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	16,323.87	1,601.24	7,572.01	-	12.7	69,603	123,862	96.7	109.5
TK6806	EXT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	16,323.87	1,601.24	7,572.01	-	12.7	69,603	133,907	101.8	114.5
TK6807	EXT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	15,113.92	1,868.11	7,010.76	-	12.0	69,603	116,910	93.3	105.3
TK6808	EXT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	15,113.92	1,868.11	7,010.76	-	12.0	69,424	108,748	89.1	101.1
TK6809	EXT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	16,323.87	1,868.11	7,572.01	-	12.9	69,603	133,907	101.8	114.6
TK6810	CR	Light Cycle Oil	71.2	466.4	0.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.3
TK6811	CR	Light Cycle Oil	13,231.0	64,629.0	38.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	38.9
TK6812	CR	Light Cycle Oil	13,231.0	64,629.0	38.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	38.9
TK6813	CR	Light Cycle Oil	13,231.0	64,629.0	38.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	38.9
TK6814	EXT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	16,323.87	1,868.11	7,572.01	-	12.9	69,603	133,907	101.8	114.6
TK6815	EXT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	16,323.87	1,868.11	7,572.01	-	12.9	69,603	133,907	101.8	114.6
TK6816	EXT	HN	-	-	-	-	-	-	17,627.15	1,894.65	8,176.55	-	13.8	69,424	108,748	89.1	102.9
TK6817	CR	Light Cycle Oil	15,157.0	75,400.5	45.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	45.3
TK6818	CR	Light Cycle Oil	15,157.0	75,400.5	45.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	45.3
TK6819	CR	Light Cycle Oil	15,157.0	75,400.5	45.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	45.3
TK6820	CR	Light Cycle Oil	96.6	625.3	0.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.4
TK6821	CR	Light Cycle Oil	2,027.0	13,209.4	7.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7.6
TK6822	CR	Light Cycle Oil	3,565.7	22,970.2	13.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13.3
TK6823	CR	Light Cycle Oil	3,565.7	22,970.2	13.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13.3
TK6824	CR	Light Cycle Oil	3,587.4	32,807.2	18.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18.2

# **B-11 Tanks Annual Potential to Emit**

<u>Description</u>: The facility is designed to store multiple petroleum products, chemicals, wastewater and water in 271 tanks, including external floating roof tanks (EXT), internal floating roof tanks (INT), fixed roof tanks (CR and DR) and open tanks.

Tank VOC emissions has been estimated according to AP-42, Chapter 7 Liquid Storage Tanks equations. For purposes of potential to emit the following assumptions were made:

- (a) All floating roof tanks were modeled as in Gasoline (RVP 13) service, except TK-6816, TK-6838, TK-6839 and TK-7447, which were modeled at the service established by the MARPOL Project since it resulted in a higher PTE.
- (b) All fixed roof tanks were modeled as in Light Cycle Oil service, except TK-6825, TK-7405, TK-7406, TK-7415, TK-7446, which were modeled in service established by the MARPOL Project since it resulted in a higher PTE.
- (c) TK-8501 stores pitch. VOC, CO and PM/PM10/PM2.5 emissions were estimated using AP-42 Chapter 7 equations and Chapter 11.1

- (d) All floating roof tank emissions estimates where limited to a maximum true vapor pressure of 11.1 psia (None routed to a control device per §60.112a)
- (e) No emissions were estimated for open roof tanks, since these tanks are used for water and/or wastewater with no VOC content storage. Emissions from tanks associated with the WWTP are determine as part of the Wastewater Treatment Plant's emissions.
- (f) The tank volume was conservatively used instead of the tank working volume.
- (g) A total of 3 turnovers per week (156 turnovers per year) was assumed for each tank.
- (h) A total of 10 roof landings per year per tank were used as the basis for landings.
- (i) Roof landings were conservatively assumed to be full heel with 3 days in standing idle per event per tank.

Table 1. Tanks Annual Potential to Emit

			VERTICAL FIXED ROOF TANKS			HORIZONTAL FIXED ROOF TANKS			FLOATING ROOF TANKS						ROOF LANDINGS			
			Standing Storage Loss LS	Working Loss LW	VOC Annual Emissions	Standing Storage Loss LS	Working Loss LW	VOC Annual Emissions	Rim Seal Loss	Withdrawal Loss LWD	Deck Fitting Loss LF	Deck Seam Loss LD	VOC Annual Emissions	Standing Idle Losses LSL	Filling Losses LFL	VOC Annual Emissions	VOC PTE	
			lb/yr	lb/yr	ton/yr	lb/yr	lb/yr	ton/yr	lb/yr	lb/yr	lb/yr	lb/yr	ton/yr	lb/yr	lb/yr	ton/yr	ton/yr	
Tank ID	Tank Type	PTE Material Stored	,	,	,,	,,.	, ,:		, ,	,	,	,	10.17	AP-42, Ch. 7.1	.,	,		
			AP-42,	AP-42,	AP-42,	AP-42,	AP-42,	AP-42,	AP-42,	AP-42,	AP-42,	AP-42,	AP-42,	Eq. 2-13 or 2-	AP-42,	AP-42,		
			Ch. 7.1,	Ch. 7.1	Ch. 7.1	Ch. 7.1,	Ch. 7.1	Ch. 7.1	Ch. 7.1	Ch. 7.1,	Ch. 7.1,	Ch. 7.1,	Ch. 7.1	16, 2-19	Ch. 7.1,	Ch. 7.1		
			Eq. 1-2	Eq. 1-29	Eq. 1-1	Eq. 1-2	Eq. 1-29	Eq. 1-1	Eq. 2-2	Eq. 2-4	Eq. 2-5	Eq. 2-9	Eq. 2-1	Eq. 2-23 or 2-	Eq. 2-26 or 2-	Eq. 2-10		
			,	,		i i		,		,		,		20	27	·		
			(1)	(2)	(3)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	
TK6825	CR	HCN	16,652.5	255,169.3	135.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	135.9	
TK6831	INT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,666.74	514.39	7,579.73	-	9.9	10,161	10,726	10.4	20.3	
TK6832	INT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,801.98	514.39	6,744.53	-	9.0	7,087	10,772	8.9	18.0	
TK6833	EXT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,696.75	754.99	4,392.87	-	6.4	32,818	18,630	25.7	32.1	
TK6834	EXT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,696.75	754.99	4,392.87	-	6.4	32,818	18,630	25.7	32.1	
TK6835	EXT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,126.25	754.99	4,067.27	-	6.0	32,733	13,742	23.2	29.2	
TK6836	EXT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,696.75	754.99	14,468.91	-	11.5	32,818	21,932	27.4	38.8	
TK6837	EXT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,126.25	754.99	15,612.27	-	11.7	32,733	13,742	23.2	35.0	
TK6838	EXT	Isomerate (Blended with reformate)	-	-	-	-	-	-	13,849.11	1,429.28	18,406.74	-	16.8	53,956	58,437	56.2	73.0	
TK6839	EXT	Isomerate (Blended with reformate)	-	-	-	-	-	-	13,849.11	1,429.28	6,609.66	-	10.9	54,096	68,629	61.4	72.3	
TK6840	EXT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,746.57	1,451.90	5,606.20	-	9.4	53,956	58,437	56.2	65.6	
TK6841	INT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	25,097.74	1,539.02	25,373.04	12,300.83	32.2	42,852	65,135	54.0	86.1	
TK6842	EXT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,696.75	754.99	4,392.87	-	6.4	32,818	18,630	25.7	32.1	
TK6843	INT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,696.75	754.99	6,103.43	-	7.3	22,613	23,870	23.2	30.5	
TK6851	CR	Light Cycle Oil	356.4	2,344.9	1.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.4	
TK6852	CR	Light Cycle Oil	382.6	2,519.3	1.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.5	
TK6853	CR	Light Cycle Oil	356.4	2,344.9	1.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.4	
TK6854	CR	Light Cycle Oil	356.4	2,344.9	1.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.4	
TK6856	OPEN	WATER	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
TK6857	OPEN	WATER	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
TK6858	CR	Light Cycle Oil	10,876.7	69,320.7	40.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	40.1	
TK6859	CR	Light Cycle Oil	193.1	1,277.4	0.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.7	
TK6860	CR	Light Cycle Oil	193.1	1,277.4	0.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.7	
TK6871	CR	Light Cycle Oil	262.7	1,337.1	0.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.8	
TK6872	CR	Light Cycle Oil	262.7	1,337.1	0.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.8	
TK6873	CR	Light Cycle Oil	373.7	2,457.9	1.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.4	
TK6874	CR	Light Cycle Oil	521.5	2,673.4	1.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.6	
TK6875	CR	Light Cycle Oil	373.7	2,457.9	1.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.4	
TK6876	CR	Light Cycle Oil	521.5	2,673.4	1.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.6	
TK6877	CR	Light Cycle Oil	1,213.6	6,246.2	3.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.7	
TK6880	CR	Light Cycle Oil	122.8	1,167.7	0.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.6	

#### **B-11 Tanks Annual Potential to Emit**

<u>Description</u>: The facility is designed to store multiple petroleum products, chemicals, wastewater and water in 271 tanks, including external floating roof tanks (EXT), internal floating roof tanks (INT), fixed roof tanks (CR and DR) and open tanks.

Tank VOC emissions has been estimated according to AP-42, Chapter 7 Liquid Storage Tanks equations. For purposes of potential to emit the following assumptions were made:

- (a) All floating roof tanks were modeled as in Gasoline (RVP 13) service, except TK-6816, TK-6838, TK-6839 and TK-7447, which were modeled at the service established by the MARPOL Project since it resulted in a higher PTE.
- (b) All fixed roof tanks were modeled as in Light Cycle Oil service, except TK-6825, TK-7405, TK-7406, TK-7415, TK-7446, which were modeled in service established by the MARPOL Project since it resulted in a higher PTE.
- (c) TK-8501 stores pitch. VOC, CO and PM/PM10/PM2.5 emissions were estimated using AP-42 Chapter 7 equations and Chapter 11.1

- (d) All floating roof tank emissions estimates where limited to a maximum true vapor pressure of 11.1 psia (None routed to a control device per §60.112a)
- (e) No emissions were estimated for open roof tanks, since these tanks are used for water and/or wastewater with no VOC content storage. Emissions from tanks associated with the WWTP are determine as part of the Wastewater Treatment Plant's emissions.
- (f) The tank volume was conservatively used instead of the tank working volume.
- (g) A total of 3 turnovers per week (156 turnovers per year) was assumed for each tank.
- (h) A total of 10 roof landings per year per tank were used as the basis for landings.
- (i) Roof landings were conservatively assumed to be full heel with 3 days in standing idle per event per tank.

Table 1. Tanks Annual Potential to Emit

					TANKS	HORIZO	NTAL FIXED ROO	OF TANKS		FLC	ATING ROOF TA	NKS			ROOF LANDINGS	3	
			Standing Storage Loss LS	Working Loss LW	VOC Annual Emissions	Standing Storage Loss LS	Working Loss LW	VOC Annual Emissions	Rim Seal Loss	Withdrawal Loss LWD	Deck Fitting Loss LF	Deck Seam Loss LD	VOC Annual Emissions	Standing Idle Losses LSL	Filling Losses LFL	VOC Annual Emissions	VOC PTE
			lb/yr	lb/yr	ton/yr	lb/yr	lb/yr	ton/yr	lb/yr	lb/yr	lb/yr	lb/yr	ton/yr	lb/yr	lb/yr	ton/yr	ton/yr
Tank ID	Tank Type	PTE Material Stored	AP-42, Ch. 7.1, Eq. 1-2	AP-42, Ch. 7.1 Eq. 1-29	AP-42, Ch. 7.1 Eq. 1-1	AP-42, Ch. 7.1, Eq. 1-2	AP-42, Ch. 7.1 Eq. 1-29	AP-42, Ch. 7.1 Eq. 1-1	AP-42, Ch. 7.1 Eq. 2-2	AP-42, Ch. 7.1, Eq. 2-4	AP-42, Ch. 7.1, Eq. 2-5	AP-42, Ch. 7.1, Eq. 2-9	AP-42, Ch. 7.1 Eq. 2-1	AP-42, Ch. 7.1 Eq. 2-13 or 2- 16, 2-19 Eq. 2-23 or 2- 20	AP-42, Ch. 7.1, Eq. 2-26 or 2- 27	AP-42, Ch. 7.1 Eq. 2-10	cony
			(1)	(2)	(3)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
			( )	( )	(-)	( )	, ,	(=)		(=)	(-)		(-)	(-)	( = )		
TK6881	CR	Light Cycle Oil	1,213.6	6,246.2	3.7	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	-	3.7
TK6883	CR	Light Cycle Oil	188.2	1,229.3	0.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.7
TK6884	INT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,590.19	138.28	6,080.24	-	5.4	1,573	1,660	1.6	7.0
TK6887	CR	Light Cycle Oil	188.2	1,229.3	0.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.7
TK6888	INT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	66,133.72	138.28	6,080.24	-	36.2	1,573	1,660	1.6	37.8
TK7051	CR	Light Cycle Oil	2.7	25.3	0.01	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.01
TK7201	CR	Light Cycle Oil	5.0	38.1	0.02	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.02
TK7202	OPEN	WATER	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TK7206	DR	Light Cycle Oil	281.9	1,595.2	0.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.9
TK7207	DR	Light Cycle Oil	281.9	1,595.2	0.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.9
TK7208	DR	Light Cycle Oil	281.9	1,595.2	0.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.9
TK7209	DR	Light Cycle Oil	281.9	1,595.2	0.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.9
TK7210	DR	Light Cycle Oil	281.9	1,595.2	0.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.9
TK7211	DR	Light Cycle Oil	281.9	1,595.2	0.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.9
TK7301	CR	Light Cycle Oil	6.7	62.5	0.03	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.03
TK7302	CR	Light Cycle Oil	2.1	19.7	0.01	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.01
TK7401	EXT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	24,020.62	2,748.93	11,164.81	-	19.0	102,421	293,000	197.7	216.7
TK7402	EXT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	24,020.62	2,748.93	11,164.81	-	19.0	102,421	293,000	197.7	216.7
TK7403	EXT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	24,020.62	2,748.93	11,164.81	-	19.0	102,421	293,000	197.7	216.7
TK7404	EXT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	24,020.62	2,748.93	11,164.81	-	19.0	102,421	311,774	207.1	226.1
TK7405	CR	Fuel oil	32,384.4	289,562.1	161.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	161.0
TK7406	CR	Fuel oil	15,993.7	289,562.1	152.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	152.8
TK7407	EXT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	24,020.62	2,748.93	11,164.81	-	19.0	102,421	311,774	207.1	226.1
TK7408	EXT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	22,240.17	2,748.93	10,337.26	-	17.7	102,157	264,526	183.3	201.0
TK7409	EXT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	24,020.62	2,748.93	37,606.80	-	32.2	102,421	311,774	207.1	239.3
TK7410	EXT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	24,020.62	2,748.93	11,164.81	-	19.0	102,421	311,774	207.1	226.1
TK7411	CR	Light Cycle Oil	33,799.3	163,266.1	98.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	98.5
TK7412	CR	Light Cycle Oil	33,799.3	163,266.1	98.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	98.5
TK7413	CR	Light Cycle Oil	15,157.0	75,400.5	45.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	45.3
TK7414	CR	Light Cycle Oil	10,876.7	69,320.7	40.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	40.1
TK7415	CR	Fuel oil	14,546.2	133,727.2	74.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	74.1
TK7416	CR	Light Cycle Oil	15,157.0	75,400.5	45.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	45.3

#### **B-11 Tanks Annual Potential to Emit**

<u>Description</u>: The facility is designed to store multiple petroleum products, chemicals, wastewater and water in 271 tanks, including external floating roof tanks (EXT), internal floating roof tanks (INT), fixed roof tanks (CR and DR) and open tanks.

Tank VOC emissions has been estimated according to AP-42, Chapter 7 Liquid Storage Tanks equations. For purposes of potential to emit the following assumptions were made:

- (a) All floating roof tanks were modeled as in Gasoline (RVP 13) service, except TK-6816, TK-6838, TK-6839 and TK-7447, which were modeled at the service established by the MARPOL Project since it resulted in a higher PTE.
- (b) All fixed roof tanks were modeled as in Light Cycle Oil service, except TK-6825, TK-7405, TK-7406, TK-7415, TK-7446, which were modeled in service established by the MARPOL Project since it resulted in a higher PTE.
- (c) TK-8501 stores pitch. VOC, CO and PM/PM10/PM2.5 emissions were estimated using AP-42 Chapter 7 equations and Chapter 11.1

- (d) All floating roof tank emissions estimates where limited to a maximum true vapor pressure of 11.1 psia (None routed to a control device per §60.112a)
- (e) No emissions were estimated for open roof tanks, since these tanks are used for water and/or wastewater with no VOC content storage. Emissions from tanks associated with the WWTP are determine as part of the Wastewater Treatment Plant's emissions.
- (f) The tank volume was conservatively used instead of the tank working volume.
- (g) A total of 3 turnovers per week (156 turnovers per year) was assumed for each tank.
- (h) A total of 10 roof landings per year per tank were used as the basis for landings.
- (i) Roof landings were conservatively assumed to be full heel with 3 days in standing idle per event per tank.

Table 1. Tanks Annual Potential to Emit

		VERTICA	AL FIXED ROOF	TANKS	HORIZO	NTAL FIXED ROC	OF TANKS		FLC	ATING ROOF TA	NKS			ROOF LANDING	s		
			Standing Storage Loss LS	Working Loss LW	VOC Annual Emissions	Standing Storage Loss LS	Working Loss LW	VOC Annual Emissions	Rim Seal Loss	Withdrawal Loss LWD	Deck Fitting Loss LF	Deck Seam Loss LD	VOC Annual Emissions	Standing Idle Losses LSL	Filling Losses LFL	VOC Annual Emissions	VOC PTE
			lb/yr	lb/yr	ton/yr	lb/yr	lb/yr	ton/yr	lb/yr	lb/yr	lb/yr	lb/yr	ton/yr	lb/yr	lb/yr	ton/yr	ton/yr
Tank ID	Tank Type	PTE Material Stored	AP-42,	AP-42,	AP-42,	AP-42,	AP-42,	AP-42,	AP-42,	AP-42,	AP-42,	AP-42,	AP-42,	AP-42, Ch. 7.1 Eq. 2-13 or 2-	AP-42, Ch. 7.1,	AP-42,	,
			Ch. 7.1, Eq. 1-2	Ch. 7.1 Eq. 1-29	Ch. 7.1 Eq. 1-1	Ch. 7.1, Eq. 1-2	Ch. 7.1 Eq. 1-29	Ch. 7.1 Eq. 1-1	Ch. 7.1 Eq. 2-2	Ch. 7.1, Eq. 2-4	Ch. 7.1, Eq. 2-5	Ch. 7.1, Eq. 2-9	Ch. 7.1 Eq. 2-1	16, 2-19 Eq. 2-23 or 2- 20	Eq. 2-26 or 2- 27	Ch. 7.1 Eq. 2-10	
			(1)	(2)	(3)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
TK7417	INT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	162,315.67	2,081.06	49,204.98	21,996.01	117.8	129,563	106,813	118.2	236.0
TK7418	INT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	162,315.67	2,081.06	49,204.98	21,996.01	117.8	129,563	106,813	118.2	236.0
TK7421	CR	Light Cycle Oil	10,876.7	69,320.7	40.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	40.1
TK7422	CR	Light Cycle Oil	10,876.7	69,320.7	40.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	40.1
TK7423	EXT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	16,323.87	1,868.11	5,153.41	-	11.7	69,603	123,862	96.7	108.4
TK7424	EXT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	15,113.92	1,868.11	4,771.43	-	10.9	69,424	108,748	89.1	100.0
TK7425	INT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	162,315.67	2,081.06	49,204.98	21,996.01	117.8	101,715	107,372	104.5	222.3
TK7426	INT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	162,315.67	2,081.06	49,204.98	21,996.01	117.8	101,715	107,372	104.5	222.3
TK7427	CR	Light Cycle Oil	33,799.3	163,266.1	98.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	98.5
TK7428	CR	Light Cycle Oil	24,257.5	150,101.5	87.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	87.2
TK7429	CR	Light Cycle Oil	33,799.3	163,266.1	98.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	98.5
TK7430	CR	Light Cycle Oil	33,799.3	163,266.1	98.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	98.5
TK7431	INT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,194.68	304.21	6,598.08	1,009.41	7.6	3,521	5,353	4.4	12.0
TK7432	INT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	33,483.09	304.21	6,598.08	1,009.41	20.7	3,521	5,353	4.4	25.1
TK7433	INT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	304.21	6,598.08	1,009.41	4.0	3,521	5,353	4.4	8.4
TK7434	INT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	304.21	6,598.08	1,009.41	4.0	3,521	5,353	4.4	8.4
TK7435	CR	Light Cycle Oil	237.7	2,246.7	1.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.2
TK7436	CR	Light Cycle Oil	237.7	2,246.7	1.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.2
TK7437	CR	Light Cycle Oil	237.7	2,246.7	1.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.2
TK7438	CR	Light Cycle Oil	237.7	2,246.7	1.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.2
TK7439	CR	Light Cycle Oil	2,027.0	13,209.4	7.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7.6
TK7440	CR	Light Cycle Oil	2,027.0	13,209.4	7.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7.6
TK7441	INT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	70,859.56	804.77	15,109.79	4,527.62	45.7	15,771	23,973	19.9	65.5
TK7443	EXT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	133,591.08	1,868.11	7,572.01	-	71.5	69,603	123,862	96.7	168.2
TK7444	EXT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	16,323.87	1,868.11	7,572.01	-	12.9	69,603	123,862	96.7	109.6
TK7445	EXT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	16,323.87	1,868.11	7,572.01	-	12.9	69,603	123,862	96.7	109.6
TK7446	CR	SR Diesel	14,266.7	221,724.0	118.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	118.0
TK7447	EXT	Light Naphtha (LN and DNG Purchases blended with Platformate)	-	-	-	-	-	-	15,816.79	1,827.88	7,336.79	-	12.5	69,424	108,748	89.1	101.6
TK7448	INT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	16,323.87	2,081.06	41,663.21	-	30.0	101,715	107,372	104.5	134.6
TK7449	EXT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	_	16,323.87	1,868.11	7,572.01	-	12.9	69,603	123,862	96.7	109.6
TK7451	INT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	_	-		_	_	_	16,444.88	804.77	16,319.41	4,890.93	19.2	22,613	23,870	23.2	42.5

#### **B-11 Tanks Annual Potential to Emit**

<u>Description</u>: The facility is designed to store multiple petroleum products, chemicals, wastewater and water in 271 tanks, including external floating roof tanks (EXT), internal floating roof tanks (INT), fixed roof tanks (CR and DR) and open tanks.

Tank VOC emissions has been estimated according to AP-42, Chapter 7 Liquid Storage Tanks equations. For purposes of potential to emit the following assumptions were made:

- (a) All floating roof tanks were modeled as in Gasoline (RVP 13) service, except TK-6816, TK-6838, TK-6839 and TK-7447, which were modeled at the service established by the MARPOL Project since it resulted in a higher PTE.
- (b) All fixed roof tanks were modeled as in Light Cycle Oil service, except TK-6825, TK-7405, TK-7406, TK-7415, TK-7446, which were modeled in service established by the MARPOL Project since it resulted in a higher PTE.
- (c) TK-8501 stores pitch. VOC, CO and PM/PM10/PM2.5 emissions were estimated using AP-42 Chapter 7 equations and Chapter 11.1

- (d) All floating roof tank emissions estimates where limited to a maximum true vapor pressure of 11.1 psia (None routed to a control device per §60.112a)
- (e) No emissions were estimated for open roof tanks, since these tanks are used for water and/or wastewater with no VOC content storage. Emissions from tanks associated with the WWTP are determine as part of the Wastewater Treatment Plant's emissions.
- (f) The tank volume was conservatively used instead of the tank working volume.
- (g) A total of 3 turnovers per week (156 turnovers per year) was assumed for each tank.
- (h) A total of 10 roof landings per year per tank were used as the basis for landings.
- (i) Roof landings were conservatively assumed to be full heel with 3 days in standing idle per event per tank.

Table 1. Tanks Annual Potential to Emit

					TANKS	HORIZO	NTAL FIXED ROC	OF TANKS		FLC	ATING ROOF TA	NKS			ROOF LANDING	S	
			Standing Storage Loss LS	Working Loss LW	VOC Annual Emissions	Standing Storage Loss LS	Working Loss LW	VOC Annual Emissions	Rim Seal Loss	Withdrawal Loss LWD	Deck Fitting Loss LF	Deck Seam Loss LD	VOC Annual Emissions	Standing Idle Losses LSL	Filling Losses LFL	VOC Annual Emissions	VOC PTE
			lb/yr	lb/yr	ton/yr	lb/yr	lb/yr	ton/yr	lb/yr	lb/yr	lb/yr	lb/yr	ton/yr	lb/yr	lb/yr	ton/yr	ton/yr
Tank ID	Tank Type	PTE Material Stored	AP-42,	AP-42,	AP-42,	AP-42,	AP-42,	AP-42,	AP-42,	AP-42,	AP-42,	AP-42,	AP-42,	AP-42, Ch. 7.1 Eq. 2-13 or 2-	AP-42, Ch. 7.1,	AP-42,	15.17
			Ch. 7.1, Eq. 1-2	Ch. 7.1 Eq. 1-29	Ch. 7.1 Eq. 1-1	Ch. 7.1, Eq. 1-2	Ch. 7.1 Eq. 1-29	Ch. 7.1 Eq. 1-1	Ch. 7.1 Eq. 2-2	Ch. 7.1, Eq. 2-4	Ch. 7.1, Eq. 2-5	Ch. 7.1, Eq. 2-9	Ch. 7.1 Eq. 2-1	16, 2-19 Eq. 2-23 or 2- 20	Eq. 2-26 or 2- 27	Ch. 7.1 Eq. 2-10	
			(1)	(2)	(3)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
TK7452	INT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	16,444.88	804.77	16,319.41	4,890.93	19.2	22,613	23,870	23.2	42.5
TK7453	INT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	16,444.88	804.77	16,319.41	4,890.93	19.2	22,613	23,870	23.2	42.5
TK7454	INT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,696.75	804.77	6,103.43	-	7.3	22,613	23,870	23.2	30.5
TK7455	EXT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,696.75	754.99	4,392.87	-	6.4	32,818	18,630	25.7	32.1
TK7456	EXT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,696.75	754.99	4,392.87	-	6.4	32,818	18,630	25.7	32.1
TK7501	CR	Light Cycle Oil	15,157.0	75,400.5	45.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	45.3
TK7502	CR	Light Cycle Oil	15,157.0	75,400.5	45.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	45.3
TK7503	CR	Light Cycle Oil	15,157.0	75,400.5	45.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	45.3
TK7504	CR	Light Cycle Oil	15,157.0	75,400.5	45.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	45.3
TK7505	CR	Light Cycle Oil	33,799.3	163,266.1	98.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	98.5
TK7506	CR	Light Cycle Oil	15,447.4	137,205.0	76.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	76.3
TK7507	EXT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	15,113.92	1,868.11	17,016.83	-	17.0	69,424	108,748	89.1	106.1
TK7508	EXT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	15,113.92	1,868.11	7,010.76	-	12.0	69,424	108,748	89.1	101.1
TK7509	EXT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	16,323.87	1,868.11	7,572.01	-	12.9	69,603	123,862	96.7	109.6
TK7510	EXT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	22,240.17	2,748.93	16,560.30	-	20.8	102,157	264,526	183.3	204.1
TK7511	EXT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	24,020.62	2,748.93	21,971.92	-	24.4	102,421	311,774	207.1	231.5
TK7512	EXT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	24,020.62	2,748.93	17,886.05	-	22.3	102,421	311,774	207.1	229.4
TK7513	EXT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	24,020.62	2,748.93	7,078.93	-	16.9	102,421	311,774	207.1	224.0
TK7514	EXT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	24,020.62	2,748.93	21,971.92	-	24.4	102,421	311,774	207.1	231.5
TK7515	EXT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	22,240.17	2,748.93	20,343.33	-	22.7	102,157	264,526	183.3	206.0
TK7516	EXT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	24,020.62	2,748.93	11,164.81	-	19.0	102,421	311,774	207.1	226.1
TK7517	EXT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	24,020.62	2,748.93	7,078.93	-	16.9	102,421	293,000	197.7	214.6
TK7521	INT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,589.95	304.73	7,126.30	1,041.34	8.0	4,817	5,085	5.0	13.0
TK7522	INT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,589.95	304.73	7,126.30	1,041.34	8.0	4,817	5,085	5.0	13.0
TK7523	INT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,589.95	304.73	7,126.30	1,041.34	8.0	4,817	5,085	5.0	13.0
TK7524	INT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	304.73	7,126.30	1,041.34	4.2	4,817	5,085	5.0	9.2
TK7525	INT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	304.73	7,126.30	1,041.34	4.2	4,817	5,085	5.0	9.2
TK7526	INT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	304.73	7,126.30	1,041.34	4.2	4,817	5,085	5.0	9.2
TK7528	INT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	15,058.64	796.47	15,062.92	4,427.46	17.7	15,427	23,449	19.4	37.1
TK7541	CR	Light Cycle Oil	8.8	82.1	0.05	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.05
TK7542	CR	Light Cycle Oil	1.2	10.9	0.01	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.01
TK7571	CR	Light Cycle Oil	5.9	54.7	0.03	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.03

#### **B-11 Tanks Annual Potential to Emit**

<u>Description</u>: The facility is designed to store multiple petroleum products, chemicals, wastewater and water in 271 tanks, including external floating roof tanks (EXT), internal floating roof tanks (INT), fixed roof tanks (CR and DR) and open tanks.

Tank VOC emissions has been estimated according to AP-42, Chapter 7 Liquid Storage Tanks equations. For purposes of potential to emit the following assumptions were made:

- (a) All floating roof tanks were modeled as in Gasoline (RVP 13) service, except TK-6816, TK-6838, TK-6839 and TK-7447, which were modeled at the service established by the MARPOL Project since it resulted in a higher PTE.
- (b) All fixed roof tanks were modeled as in Light Cycle Oil service, except TK-6825, TK-7405, TK-7406, TK-7415, TK-7446, which were modeled in service established by the MARPOL Project since it resulted in a higher PTE.
- (c) TK-8501 stores pitch. VOC, CO and PM/PM10/PM2.5 emissions were estimated using AP-42 Chapter 7 equations and Chapter 11.1

- (d) All floating roof tank emissions estimates where limited to a maximum true vapor pressure of 11.1 psia (None routed to a control device per §60.112a)
- (e) No emissions were estimated for open roof tanks, since these tanks are used for water and/or wastewater with no VOC content storage. Emissions from tanks associated with the WWTP are determine as part of the Wastewater Treatment Plant's emissions.
- (f) The tank volume was conservatively used instead of the tank working volume.
- (g) A total of 3 turnovers per week (156 turnovers per year) was assumed for each tank.
- (h) A total of 10 roof landings per year per tank were used as the basis for landings.
- (i) Roof landings were conservatively assumed to be full heel with 3 days in standing idle per event per tank.

Table 1. Tanks Annual Potential to Emit

				CAL FIXED ROOF	TANKS	HORIZO	NTAL FIXED ROC	OF TANKS		FLO	ATING ROOF TA	NKS			ROOF LANDINGS		
			Standing Storage Loss	Working Loss	VOC Annual Emissions	Standing Storage Loss	Working Loss	VOC Annual Emissions	Rim Seal Loss	Withdrawal Loss	Deck Fitting Loss LF	Deck Seam Loss	VOC Annual Emissions	Standing Idle Losses	Filling Losses	VOC Annual Emissions	VOC PTE
			LS	LW	. ,	LS	LW		LR	LWD		LD	. ,	LSL	LFL		. ,
Tank ID	Tank Type	PTE Material Stored	lb/yr	lb/yr	ton/yr	lb/yr	lb/yr	ton/yr	lb/yr	lb/yr	lb/yr	lb/yr	ton/yr	lb/yr	lb/yr	ton/yr	ton/yr
			45.43	45.42	45.43	45.42	45.42	40.42	45.43	45.42	40.42	40.42	45.43	AP-42, Ch. 7.1	AP-42,	40.42	
			AP-42,	AP-42,	AP-42,	AP-42,	AP-42,	AP-42,	AP-42, Ch. 7.1	AP-42,	AP-42,	AP-42,	AP-42,	Eq. 2-13 or 2-	Ch. 7.1,	AP-42,	
			Ch. 7.1,	Ch. 7.1	Ch. 7.1 Eq. 1-1	Ch. 7.1,	Ch. 7.1 Eq. 1-29	Ch. 7.1 Eq. 1-1		Ch. 7.1, Eq. 2-4	Ch. 7.1, Eq. 2-5	Ch. 7.1, Eq. 2-9	Ch. 7.1	16, 2-19 Eq. 2-23 or 2-	Eq. 2-26 or 2-	Ch. 7.1 Eq. 2-10	
			Eq. 1-2	Eq. 1-29	Eq. 1-1	Eq. 1-2	Eq. 1-29	Eq. 1-1	Eq. 2-2	Eq. 2-4	Eq. 2-3	Eq. 2-9	Eq. 2-1	20	27	Eq. 2-10	
			(1)	(2)	(3)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
			(1)	(2)	(3)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(3)	(0)	(7)	(6)	(3)	(10)	(11)	(12)
TK7601	INT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	16,577.61	2,599.94	41,996.44	-	30.6	104,901	110,736	107.8	138.4
TK7602	INT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	15,348.85	2,599.94	38,883.59	-	28.4	73,165	111,210	92.2	120.6
TK7603	INT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	16,577.61	2,599.94	41,996.44	-	30.6	104,901	110,736	107.8	138.4
TK7604	INT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	37,486.56	2,599.94	41,996.44	-	41.0	104,901	110,736	107.8	148.9
TK7605	EXT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	125,611.72	2,168.17	21,063.34	-	74.4	70,503	112,816	91.7	166.1
TK7931	OPEN	WATER	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TK7932	OPEN	PROCESS TANK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TK7933	CR	Light Cycle Oil	245.9	1,595.2	0.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.9
TK7934	CR	Light Cycle Oil	215.1	2,041.3	1.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.1
TK7943	CR	Light Cycle Oil	5.7	53.6	0.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.03
TK7951	OPEN	WASTEWATER	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TK7955	OPEN	WATER	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TK7956	CR	Light Cycle Oil	51.4	466.6	0.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.3
TK7966	CR (with Carbon Canisters)	Light Cycle Oil	576.9	3,876.2	2.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.2
TK7971	OPEN	WASTEWATER	-	_	_	_	-	-	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TK7973	EXT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,457.96	691.38	-	-	4.6	36,064	24,328	30.2	34.8
TK7974	INT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	455.93	52.54	-	-	0.3	614	649	0.6	0.9
TKS-7974	EXT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	88.15	-	-	0.0	10,819	2,594	6.7	6.8
TK7975	EXT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,562.90	176.30	-	-	4.9	18,032	1,452	9.7	14.6
TKS-7975	EXT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	73.46	-	-	0.0	9,016	1,802	5.4	5.4
TK7976	FLAT	Light Cycle Oil	2.0	12.8	0.01	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.01
ТК7977	OPEN	WASTEWATER	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TK7978A	OPEN	WASTEWATER	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TK7978B	OPEN	WASTEWATER	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TK7979A	OPEN	WASTEWATER	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ТК7979В	OPEN	WASTEWATER	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TK7981	OPEN	WASTEWATER	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TK7982	OPEN	CHEMICALS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TK7983	OPEN	WASTEWATER	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TK7984	OPEN	WASTEWATER	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TK7986	FLAT(SUMP?)	Light Cycle Oil	2.7	25.3	0.01	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.01

#### **B-11 Tanks Annual Potential to Emit**

<u>Description</u>: The facility is designed to store multiple petroleum products, chemicals, wastewater and water in 271 tanks, including external floating roof tanks (EXT), internal floating roof tanks (CR and DR) and open tanks.

Tank VOC emissions has been estimated according to AP-42, Chapter 7 Liquid Storage Tanks equations. For purposes of potential to emit the following assumptions were made:

- (a) All floating roof tanks were modeled as in Gasoline (RVP 13) service, except TK-6816, TK-6838, TK-6839 and TK-7447, which were modeled at the service established by the MARPOL Project since it resulted in a higher PTE.
- (b) All fixed roof tanks were modeled as in Light Cycle Oil service, except TK-6825, TK-7405, TK-7406, TK-7415, TK-7446, which were modeled in service established by the MARPOL Project since it resulted in a higher PTE.
- (c) TK-8501 stores pitch. VOC, CO and PM/PM10/PM2.5 emissions were estimated using AP-42 Chapter 7 equations and Chapter 11.1

- (d) All floating roof tank emissions estimates where limited to a maximum true vapor pressure of 11.1 psia (None routed to a control device per §60.112a)
- (e) No emissions were estimated for open roof tanks, since these tanks are used for water and/or wastewater with no VOC content storage. Emissions from tanks associated with the WWTP are determine as part of the Wastewater Treatment Plant's emissions.
- (f) The tank volume was conservatively used instead of the tank working volume.
- (g) A total of 3 turnovers per week (156 turnovers per year) was assumed for each tank.
- (h) A total of 10 roof landings per year per tank were used as the basis for landings.
- (i) Roof landings were conservatively assumed to be full heel with 3 days in standing idle per event per tank.

Table 1. Tanks Annual Potential to Emit

			VERTIC	CAL FIXED ROOF	TANKS	HORIZON	NTAL FIXED ROC	OF TANKS		FLC	ATING ROOF TA	NKS			ROOF LANDINGS	s	
			Standing Storage Loss LS	Working Loss LW	VOC Annual Emissions	Standing Storage Loss LS	Working Loss LW	VOC Annual Emissions	Rim Seal Loss	Withdrawal Loss LWD	Deck Fitting Loss LF	Deck Seam Loss LD	VOC Annual Emissions	Standing Idle Losses LSL	Filling Losses LFL	VOC Annual Emissions	VOC PTE
			lb/yr	lb/yr	ton/yr	lb/yr	lb/yr	ton/yr	lb/yr	lb/yr	lb/yr	lb/yr	ton/yr	lb/yr	lb/yr	ton/yr	ton/yr
Tank ID	Tank Type	PTE Material Stored	AP-42, Ch. 7.1, Eq. 1-2	AP-42, Ch. 7.1 Eq. 1-29	AP-42, Ch. 7.1 Eq. 1-1	AP-42, Ch. 7.1, Eq. 1-2	AP-42, Ch. 7.1 Eq. 1-29	AP-42, Ch. 7.1 Eq. 1-1	AP-42, Ch. 7.1 Eq. 2-2	AP-42, Ch. 7.1, Eq. 2-4	AP-42, Ch. 7.1, Eq. 2-5	AP-42, Ch. 7.1, Eq. 2-9	AP-42, Ch. 7.1 Eq. 2-1	AP-42, Ch. 7.1 Eq. 2-13 or 2- 16, 2-19 Eq. 2-23 or 2- 20	AP-42, Ch. 7.1, Eq. 2-26 or 2-	AP-42, Ch. 7.1 Eq. 2-10	Conyyi
			(1)	(2)	(3)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
TK7987	OPEN	WASTEWATER	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TK7988	OPEN	WASTEWATER	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TK8001	INT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	743.95	27.22	-	-	0.4	172	261	0.2	0.6
TK8002	INT	Gasoline (RVP 13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	743.95	29.04	-	-	0.4	172	261	0.2	0.6
TK8501	DR	PITCH	113.0	1,480.3	0.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.8
TK8502	OPEN	WATER	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TK8503	DR	Light Cycle Oil	26.6	214.3	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.1
TK8505	FLAT	Light Cycle Oil	0.4	3.4	0.002	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.00
TK8508	HFR	Light Cycle Oil	-	-	-	11.3	106.3	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.1
TK8511	CR	Light Cycle Oil	36.6	234.5	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.1
TK8701	CR	Light Cycle Oil	147.4	1,352.6	0.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.8
TKUTT1	CR	Light Cycle Oil	391.5	2,573.5	1.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.5
TKD-290 (frmly D1301)	HFR	Light Cycle Oil	-	-	-	25.6	130.1	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.1
TKD-1609	HFR	Light Cycle Oil	-	-	-	36.2	175.0	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.1
TKD-1610	HFR	Light Cycle Oil	-	-	-	36.2	175.0	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.1

#### **B-11 Tanks Annual Potential to Emit**

<u>Description</u>: The facility is designed to store multiple petroleum products, chemicals, wastewater and water in 271 tanks, including external floating roof tanks (EXT), internal floating roof tanks (CR and DR) and open tanks.

Tank VOC emissions has been estimated according to AP-42, Chapter 7 Liquid Storage Tanks equations. For purposes of potential to emit the following assumptions were made:

- (a) All floating roof tanks were modeled as in Gasoline (RVP 13) service, except TK-6816, TK-6838, TK-6839 and TK-7447, which were modeled at the service established by the MARPOL Project since it resulted in a higher PTE.
- (b) All fixed roof tanks were modeled as in Light Cycle Oil service, except TK-6825, TK-7405, TK-7406, TK-7415, TK-7446, which were modeled in service established by the MARPOL Project since it resulted in a higher PTE.
- (c) TK-8501 stores pitch. VOC, CO and PM/PM10/PM2.5 emissions were estimated using AP-42 Chapter 7 equations and Chapter 11.1

TK-8501 is subject to NSPS subpart Kb, 60.110b. Per STX-TV-003-10, Condition 3.1.10.1 and 2 the VOC shall not exceed 7.3 tpy and is restricted from storing material with a true vapor pressure greater than 0.5 psia.

- (d) All floating roof tank emissions estimates where limited to a maximum true vapor pressure of 11.1 psia (None routed to a control device per §60.112a)
- (e) No emissions were estimated for open roof tanks, since these tanks are used for water and/or wastewater with no VOC content storage. Emissions from tanks associated with the WWTP are determine as part of the Wastewater Treatment Plant's emissions.
- (f) The tank volume was conservatively used instead of the tank working volume.
- (g) A total of 3 turnovers per week (156 turnovers per year) was assumed for each tank.
- (h) A total of 10 roof landings per year per tank were used as the basis for landings.
- (i) Roof landings were conservatively assumed to be full heel with 3 days in standing idle per event per tank.

#### **Table 1. Tanks Annual Potential to Emit**

Tank ID  Tank Type  T				VERTIC	CAL FIXED ROOF	TANKS	HORIZO	NTAL FIXED ROO	OF TANKS		FLC	ATING ROOF TA	INKS			ROOF LANDINGS	5	
Tank Type PTE Material Stored  AP-42,				Storage Loss	Loss		Storage Loss	Loss			Loss	Loss	Loss		Idle Losses	Losses		VOC PTE
AP-42, AP	Tank ID	Tank Tuno	DTE Material Stored	lb/yr	lb/yr	ton/yr	lb/yr	lb/yr	ton/yr	lb/yr	lb/yr	lb/yr	lb/yr	ton/yr	lb/yr	lb/yr	ton/yr	ton/yr
AP-42, AP	Tank ib	тапк туре	PTE Wateriai Stored												AP-42, Ch. 7.1	AD 42		
Ch. 7.1, Ch. 7.1   Ch. 7.1,   Ch. 7.1   Ch. 7.1   Ch. 7.1   Ch. 7.1   Ch. 7.1   Ch. 7.1,   Ch. 7.1   Ch. 7.1,			AP-42,	AP-42,	AP-42,	AP-42,	AP-42,	AP-42,	AP-42,	AP-42,	AP-42,	AP-42,	AP-42,	Eq. 2-13 or 2-	/	AP-42,		
Eq. 1-2   Eq. 1-2   Eq. 1-1   Eq. 1-2   Eq. 1-2   Eq. 2-2   Eq. 2-4   Eq. 2-5   Eq. 2-9   Eq. 2-1   Eq. 2-23 or 2-   27   Eq. 2-10				Ch. 7.1,	Ch. 7.1	Ch. 7.1	Ch. 7.1,	Ch. 7.1	Ch. 7.1	Ch. 7.1	Ch. 7.1,	Ch. 7.1,	Ch. 7.1,	Ch. 7.1	16, 2-19	,	Ch. 7.1	
				Eq. 1-2	Eq. 1-29	Eq. 1-1	Eq. 1-2	Eq. 1-29	Eq. 1-1	Eq. 2-2	Eq. 2-4	Eq. 2-5	Eq. 2-9	Eq. 2-1	· •	27	Eq. 2-10	
20															20			
(1) (2) (3) (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11)				(1)	(2)	(3)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)

- (1) L<sub>s</sub> = Standing Storage Loss per AP-42, Ch. 7.1, Eq. 1-2. Refer to "VFR Tanks Losses" or "HFR Tanks Losses" for detailed calculations
- (2) L<sub>W</sub> = Working Loss per AP-42, Ch. 7.1, Eq. 1-29. Refer to "VFR Tanks Losses" or "HFR Tanks Losses" for detailed calculations
- (3) VOC Annual Emissions sum of standing storage losses and working losses per AP-42, Ch. 7.1, Eq. 1-1

Eq. 1-1 VOC 
$$(ton/yr) = [L_S(lb/yr) + L_W(lb/yr)] \cdot 1 ton/2,000 lb$$

- (4) L<sub>R</sub> = Rim Seal Loss per AP-42, Ch. 7.1, Eq. 2-2. Refer to "IFR & EFR Tanks Losses" for detailed calculations
- (5) L<sub>WD</sub> = Withdrawal Loss per AP-42, Ch. 7.1, Eq. 2-4. Refer to "IFR & EFR TanksLosses" for detailed calculations
- (6) L<sub>F</sub> = Deck Fitting Loss per AP-42, Ch. 7.1, Eq. 2-5. Refer to "IFR & EFR Tanks Losses" for detailed calculations
- (7) L<sub>D</sub> = Deck Seam Loss per AP-42, Ch. 7.1, Eq. 2-9 for IFR tanks only. Refer to "IFR & EFR Tanks Losses" for detailed calculations
- (8) VOC Annual Emissions sum of rim seal losses, withdrawal losses, deck fitting losses and deck seam losses per AP-42, Ch. 7.1, Eq. 2-1

Eq. 2-1 VOC 
$$(ton/yr) = [L_R(lb/yr) + L_{WD}(lb/yr) + L_F(lb/yr) + L_D(lb/yr)] \cdot 1 ton/2,000 lb$$

- (9) L<sub>SL</sub> = Standing Idle Losses per AP-42, Ch. 7.1, Eq. 2-13 or 2-16, 2-19 and Eq. 2-23 or 2-20. Refer to "IFR & EFR Landing Losses" for detailed calculations
- (10) L<sub>FL</sub> = Filling losses for IFR landings and for EFR Drain Dry landings per AP-42, Ch. 7.1, Eq. 2-26 and for EFR roof landings with a liquid heel (partial/full) per Eq. 2-27. Refer to "IFR & EFR Landing Losses" for detailed calculations
- (11) VOC Annual Emissions sum of standing idle losses and filling lossses losses per AP-42, Ch. 7.1, Eq. 2-10

Eq. 2-10 VOC 
$$(ton/yr) = [L_{SL}(lb/yr) + L_{FL}(lb/yr)] \cdot 1 ton/2,000 lb$$

#### (12) Total emissions:

- For Vertical Fixed Roof Tanks and Horizontal Fixed Roof Tanks per AP-42, Ch. 7.1, Eq. 1-1 = sum of standing storage losses and working losses
- For Floating Roof Tanks per AP-42, Ch. 7.1, Eq. 2-1 for nornal operations = sum of rim seal losses, withdrawl losses, deck fitting losses, and deck seam losses. Plus Eq. 2-10 for roof landing losses = Standing idle losses plus filling losses. (15) TK8501 VOC, CO and PM/PM10/PM2.5 emissions calculated according to AP-42, Chapter 7.1 and Chapter 11.1

TK8501	Annual PTE (tpy)
VOC	0.8
СО	0.077
PM	0.078
PM10	0.078
PM2.5	0.078

B-11 Tanks

#### **B-12 Platformer Catalyst Regenerators Vents Annual Potential to Emit**

Table 1. Platformer Regenerators Vents Annual Potential to Emit

Unit	Unit Capacity	Annual	Potential to Emit (	(tpy) <sup>(1),(2)</sup>
Oint	(MBPD)	SO2	со	voc
2 PLAT /2 HYDROBON	25	0.3	2.2	1.1
3 PLAT / 3 HYDROBON	45	0.6	3.9	2.0
4 PLAT / 4 HYDROBON	45	0.6	3.9	2.0

#### Notes:

(1) SO2 and CO PTE (tpy) = Default Emission Factor (lb/hr) \* Unit Capacity (MBPD)/7.5 MBPD \* 8760 hr/yr \* 1 ton/2,000 lb

Example: 2 PLAT/2 HYDROBON SO2 = 0.022 lb/hr \* 25 MBPD/7.5 MBPD \* 8760 hr/yr \* 1 ton/2,000 lb = 0.3 tpy

(2) VOC PTE (tpy) = Default Emission Factor (lb/MBBL) \* Unit Capacity (MBPD) \* 365 days/yr \* 1 ton/2,000 lb

Example: 2 PLAT/2 HYDROBON VOC = 0.24 lb/MBBL \* 25 MBPD \* 365 days/yr \* 1 ton/2,000 lb = 1.1 tpy

#### **Table 2. Default Emission Factors**

SO2	0.022	lb/hr for a 7500 BPD regenerator
со	0.15	lb/hr for a 7500 BPD regenerator
VOC	0.24	lb/10^3 bbl

#### Notes:

- (1) Emission factors for SO2 and CO correspond to emissions from a 7500 BPD regenerator from EPA ICR
- (2) Emission factors for VOC per Table 5-6 of the Emissions Estimation Protocol for Petroleum Refineriers, April 2015

### Limetree Bay Terminals and Refining B-13 Sulfuric Acid Plant (SAP) Annual Potential to Emit

Table 1. Sulfuric Acid Stack Annual Potential to Emit

	STX-TV-003-10		Sulfuric Aci	d Plant Stack	(STK-7802)	
Parameter	Condition	ton/day	lb/ton	ppmvd @ 7% O2	lb/hr	tpy
SAP Production Rate	3.2.18.1	320				
SO2	3.2.18.2 and 3.2.18.3		4.0	375.0	45.8	201.0
NOx (as NO2)	3.2.18.4			200.0	12.2	53.4
H2SO4 and SO3 (as defined by NSPS)	3.2.18.5		0.15		2.0	8.8
Startup	3.2.18.7	the SO2 hou	rly mass emiss	day rolling aver ion limit and th during startup o	e SO2 concent	•

#### **B-14 Coker Steam Vent Annual Potential to Emit**

<u>Description</u>: The Coker converts, via thermal cracking, residual oil (pitch) from #1 VAC and #3 VAC into gas oil for further refining. The residual oil is baked in a coke drum at a hight temperature (935°F). The volatile constituents are directed out the top of the coke drum to a frantionation column. The remaining solid pet coke is deposited i the drum over a porous structure. Once filled, the coke drum is first teamed to further recover volatile hydrocarbons and then it is water-quenced to lower the temperature of the pet coke. Following the water quench the coker steam vent (12-inch vent) depressurizes the coke drum to atmospheric pressure. Emissions are estimated using actual sampling data conducted at the facility in 2008.

Table 1. Coker Vent Annual Potential to Emit

Parameter	Units	SO2	со	PM	PM10	PM2.5	voc
Mass Emissions <sup>(1)</sup>	lb/cycle	2.8	2.0	32.9	32.9	32.9	138.4
Potential to Emit <sup>(2)</sup>	tpy	1.3	0.9	14.8	14.8	14.8	62.4

#### Notes:

- (1) Mass emissions (lb/cycle) from Source Test Report of the Coke Steam Vent, URS 40942073, September 8, 2008.
- VOC and PM adjusted for CD Compliance with 2 psig coker steam vent depressurization standard
- CO Average ppmvd of test report data: Shell, Chevron, Conoco-Phillips, and Exxon-Mobil
- (2) Potential to Emit (tpy) = Mass Emissions (lb/cycle) \* No. Venting Events per Year (cycle/yr) \* 1 ton/2,000 lb Example: CO Potential to Emit = 2.0 lb/cycle \* 902 cycle/yr \* 1 ton/2,000 lb = 0.9 tpy

**Table 2. Vent Characteristics** 

Calendar Year	Coker Charge (MBPD)	Vent Episodes	Vents/MBPD
2009	47.3	746.0	15.8
2010	45.4	696.0	15.3
Title V #3.1.17.7	58.0	902.0	

#### Notes:

(1) Title V, Condition 3.1.17.7: The charge rate to the coker shall not exceed 21,170,000 barrels on a 365 day rolling average Example: Vent Episodes at Title V Coker Charge Rate = 21,170,000 bbl/yr \* 1yr/365 days \* 1 Mbbl/1,000 bbl \* 15.6 vents/MBPD = 902.0 vent episodes

#### B-15 Coker Heaters (H-8501A & B) Air-Steam Decoking Annual Potential to Emit

Table 1. Coker Heaters Air-Steam Decoking Emissions (per heater)

Parameter	Units	NOx	со	voc	PM	PM10	PM2.5	SO2	H2SO4	Lead
Emission Factor <sup>(1)</sup>	lb/ton	22.0	0.5	0.06	10.0	2.30	0.60	228.0	2.06	0.013
Coke Burning and Spalling Emissions per Heater (2),(3),(4)	tpy	0.04	0.001	1.2E-04	4.02	0.005	0.001	0.5	0.004	2.6E-05

#### Notes:

(1) Emission factors for uncontrolled, PC, dry bottom, wall-fired, bituminous coal firing, per AP-42, Chapter 1.1, tables: .1-3 (Pre-NSPS, SOx, NOx, CO), 1.1-4 (PM, PM10), 1.1-6 (PM10, PM2.5), 1.1-19 (TNMOC), 1.1-17 (Lead). Where:

Coke sulfur content = 6.0 %wt (assumed typically 4 to 6% wt)

Coke ash content = 1.0 %wt (assumed, typically < 1% wt)

H2SO4 = 0.343 \* wt%5 0.7% conversion to SO3 and 95% conversion to H2SO4

Unit Conversion = 26.0 MMBtu/ton, unit conversion lb/ton to lb/MMBtu (AP-42, Chapter 1.1, Section 1.1.5)

(2) Decoking Cycles

No. Decoking Cycles per Year 1.0 cycle/yr per heater

Coke Removed per Cycle = 8,000 lb/cycle (worst case 5,000 lbs ± 3,000 lbs, two heaters)

Coke Burned per Cycle = 8,000 lb/cycle Coke Spalled per Cycle = 8,000 lb/cycle

(3) Annual Emissions (ton<sub>pollutant</sub>/yr) = Emission Factor (lb<sub>pollutant</sub>/ton<sub>coke</sub>) \* Coke Burned per Cycle (lb<sub>coke</sub>/cycle) \* 1 ton<sub>pollutant</sub>/2,000 lb<sub>pollutant</sub> \* 1 ton<sub>coke</sub>/2,000 lb<sub>coke</sub> Example: NOx Annual Emissions = 22 lb/ton \* 8,000 lb/cycle \* 1ton/2,000 lb \* 1 ton/2,000 lb = 0.04 tpy

(4) PM annual emissions include coke burning and spalling.

Annual Emissions (ton pollutant/yr) = [Emission Factor (Ibpollutant/toncoke) \* Coke Burned per Cycle (Ibcoke/cycle) \* 1 tonpollutant/2,000 Ibpollutant \* 1 toncoke/2,000 Ibcoke]

+ [ No. Decoking Cycle /yr \* Coke Spalled per Cycle (lb/cycle) \* 1 ton/2,000 lb]

Example: PM Annual Emissions = [10 lb/ton \* 8,000 lb/cycle \* 1ton/2,000 lb \* 1 ton/2,000 lb] + [ 1 cycles/yr \* 8,000 lb/cyle \* 1 ton/2,000 lb] = 4.0 tpy

Table 1. Fugitive Equipment Leak Annual Potential to Emit

11-24		Total Monitored	Total Unmonitored	Annual Potentia	l to Emit (tpy)
Unit	Area	Components Count (All Services)	Components Count (All Services)	voc	Non-VOC
2 CDU	Area 1	2,871	3,677	22.5	0.4
3 CDU / 1 VAC	Area 1	2,399	4,391	22.4	4.6
5 CDU	Area 3	5,552	7,532	40.1	13.2
6 CDU	Area 3	5,924	7,936	44.7	13.2
2 VAC	Area 2	345	3,723	13.4	4.8
3 VAC	Area 4	1,168	5,513	23.3	4.2
1 VIS (2 DU FRAC)	Area 1	1,513	3,433	19.0	2.1
2 VIS	Area 2	1,356	1,573	11.4	2.2
2 DD	Area 2	4,501	3,144	32.3	4.8
3 DD	Area 1	1,975	1,678	14.5	1.9
4 DD	Area 2	3,652	4,508	26.1	8.4
5 DD	Area 2	678	1,932	10.1	2.1
6 DD	Area 4	3,784	4,324	26.7	8.2
7 DD	Area 4	3,715	4,906	28.8	2.7
9 DD	Area 4	674	2,730	15.5	2.0
UT. FRAC.	Area 1	331	798	3.2	1.1
PENEX	Area 1	4,375	1,260	22.6	0.9
2 PLAT/2 HYDROBON	Area 2	3,198	905	17.8	1.5
3 PLAT / 3 HYDROBON	Area 4	4,600	1,998	26.5	2.0
4 PLAT / 4 HYDROBON	Area 4	4,660	1,998	27.8	2.0
LSG	Area 4	6,125	1,336	23.6	- 2.0
2 SULFOLANE		· ·		35.6	
DISULFIDE	Area 3 Area 4	9,115	2,046	0.3	2.6
NAP FRAC.	+			5.8	
	Area 2	1,204	414		1.5
DEISO-HEXANIZER AMINE (3,4,5 & T-931)	Area 3	858	40	7.6	0.5
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Area 3 / FCC Complex	1,358	3,827		24.5
MEROX	Area 3 / FCC Complex	2,385	248	6.6	0.2
1&2 GRU/H2 CON	Area 2 / Area 3	1,134	3,231	17.8	3.2
1&2 LPG TREATER	Area 3	-	1,194	2.0	0.3
3 LPG FRAC	Area 3	- 42 404	970	2.0	1.6
FCC & GASCON	FCC Complex	12,191	8,867	61.8	7.3
DIMERSOL CANADA S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	FCC Complex	5,810	145	20.2	2.6
6 AMINE & SHU	FCC Complex		2,823	-	10.4
ALKY & ACID PLANT	FCC Complex	9,108	1,717	33.4	40.6
LIGHT ENDS TREAT	FCC Complex	2,938	-	15.5	-
MTBE	FCC Complex	3,842	-	12.2	-
TAME	FCC Complex	4,019	-	15.3	-
SELECTIVE HYDRO	FCC Complex	3,907	-	13.8	-
1 BEAVON / 1&2 SRU	West Sulfur Complex	599	-	3.0	-
2 BEAVON / 3&4 SRU	East Sulfur Complex	447	-	2.9	-
SRU	East & West Sulfur Complex	-	1,796	-	43.4
3 SWS	East Sulfur Complex	-	799	-	9.6
4 SWS	East Sulfur Complex	-	796	-	9.1
5 SWS	East Sulfur Complex	-	1,271	-	17.9
6 SWS	6 SWS	217	1,271	1.1	17.9
DELAYED COKER	Coker Complex	14,987	8,211	66.8	0.8
Utilities (Powerhouse and Boilers)	Utility II & III	1,891	1,337	17	-
EAST FUEL GAS SYSTEM	-	943	5,590	19.3	-
WEST FUEL GAS SYSTEM	-	939	5,590	19.1	-
TERMINAL (OFFSITES/RUNDOWNS/XFERS)	Terminal	40,420	30,328	241	-
	TOTAL SITEWIDE	181,708	150,812	1,096	276

Description: fugitive emissions are quantified by the number, type of component and service (gas/vapor, light liquid, heavy liquid). The EPA "Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates" (EPA-453/R-95-017, November 1995) and the TCEQ "Air Permit Technical Guidance for Chemical Sources - Fugitive Guidance" (TCEQ-APDG 6422v2, Emission Estimates" (EPA-453/R-95-017, November 1995) and the TCEQ "Air Permit Technical Guidance for Chemical Sources - Fugitive Guidance" (TCEQ-APDG 6422v2, Revised 06/18), establish specific emission factors based on these variables and for different industrial activities. The TCEQ guidance also provides control efficiencies credits that can be applied to account for the reduction of emissions with the implementation of different LDAR programs. The TCEQ emission factors for refineries (Table II) are used for the emission calculations for all component types except for components in MDEA amine, ammopure and ammonia service, for which the TCEQ SOCMI Average emission factors (Table I) are used. The TCEQ emission factors are identical to the 1995 EPA published emission factors. The emission estimates are based on the assumption that all piping components have the potential to emit at all times (8,760 hr/yr). Limetree LDAR program has a leak definition for refinery pumps of 2,000 ppm VOC and for refinery valves of 500 ppm VOC per Consent Decree ¶109. All equipment is monitored quaterly. This meets the requirements of the 28VHP LDAR program as established in the TCEQ guidance (Table III). Therefore, for monitored components, emissions calculations include a reduction credit based on the TCEQ proposed monitoring control efficiency for the 28 VHP LDAR Program (Table V). Equipment marked with "\text{\text{"} indicate that though it was previously not monitored equipment.}

Unit	Area	Equipment Type	Service	Monitored Components Count	Unmonitored Components Count	Emission Factor (lb/hr/equip)	Monitoring Control Efficiency (28 VHP)	Annual Potential to Emit (tpy)
2 CDU	Area 1	Valves	Gas/Vapor	276	-	0.059	97%	2.1
			Light Liquid	950	-	0.024	97%	3.0
			Heavy Liquid	-	516	0.0005	0%	1.2
			LL (SOCMI)	-	5	0.0089	97%	0.2
		Connectors	Gas/Vapor	8	-	0.00055	30%	0.0
			Light Liquid	1,595	1,566	0.00055	30%	6.5
			Heavy Liquid	-	1,550	0.00055	30%	3.7
			LL (SOCMI)	-	15	0.0005	30%	0.03
		Pressure Relief Valves	Gas/Vapor	33	-	0.35	97%	1.5
		Pressure Relief Valves t	Gas/Vapor	-	10	0.35	97%	0.4
		Compressor seals	Gas/Vapor	-	-	1.399	85%	-
		Pump seals	Light Liquid	9	-	0.251	85%	1.5
			Heavy Liquid	-	10	0.046	0%	2.3
			LL (SOCMI)	-	1	0.0439	85%	0.2
		Open-ended Lines	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			Light Liquid	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	1	0.0038	0%	0.02
		Sampling Connections	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.033	0%	-
			Light Liquid	-	-	0.033	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	3	0.033	0%	0.5
CDU / 1 VAC	Area 1	Valves	Gas/Vapor	437	-	0.059	97%	3.4
			Light Liquid	614	-	0.024	97%	1.9
			Heavy Liquid	-	597	0.0005	0%	1.3
			LL (SOCMI)	-	97	0.0089	1.0	3.8
		Connectors	Gas/Vapor	213	21	0.00055	30%	0.43
			Light Liquid	1,113	1,566	0.00055	30%	5.6
			Heavy Liquid	-	1,793	0.00055	30%	4.3
			LL (SOCMI)	-	291	0.0005	30%	0.64
		Pressure Relief Valves	Gas/Vapor	16	-	0.35	97%	0.7
		Pressure Relief Valves +	Gas/Vapor	-	7	0.35	97%	0.3
		Compressor seals	Gas/Vapor	-	-	1.399	85%	-
		Pump seals	Light Liquid	6	-	0.251	85%	1.0
			Heavy Liquid	-	14	0.046	0%	2.7
			LL (SOCMI)	-	1	0.0439	85%	0.2
		Open-ended Lines	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			Light Liquid		-	0.0051	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid		-	0.0051	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	1	0.0038	0%	0.0
		Sampling Connections	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.033	0%	-
			Light Liquid	_	-	0.033	0%	
	1		0	1				

Description: fugitive emissions are quantified by the number, type of component and service (gas/vapor, light liquid, heavy liquid). The EPA "Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates" (EPA-453/R-95-017, November 1995) and the TCEQ "Air Permit Technical Guidance for Chemical Sources - Fugitive Guidance" (TCEQ-APDG 6422v2, Emission Estimates" (EPA-453/R-95-017, November 1995) and the TCEQ "Air Permit Technical Guidance for Chemical Sources - Fugitive Guidance" (TCEQ-APDG 6422v2, Revised 06/18), establish specific emission factors based on these variables and for different industrial activities. The TCEQ guidance also provides control efficiencies credits that can be applied to account for the reduction of emissions with the implementation of different LDAR programs. The TCEQ emission factors for refineries (Table II) are used for the emission calculations for all component types except for components in MDEA amine, ammopure and ammonia service, for which the TCEQ SOCMI Average emission factors (Table I) are used. The TCEQ emission factors are identical to the 1995 EPA published emission factors. The emission estimates are based on the assumption that all piping components have the potential to emit at all times (8,760 hr/yr). Limetree LDAR program has a leak definition for refinery pumps of 2,000 ppm VOC and for refinery valves of 500 ppm VOC per Consent Decree ¶109. All equipment is monitored quaterly. This meets the requirements of the 28VHP LDAR program as established in the TCEQ guidance (Table III). Therefore, for monitored components, emissions calculations include a reduction credit based on the TCEQ proposed monitoring control efficiency for the 28 VHP LDAR Program (Table V). Equipment marked with "\text{\text{"} indicate that though it was previously not monitored equipment.}

Unit	Area	Equipment Type	Service	Monitored Components Count	Unmonitored Components Count	Emission Factor (lb/hr/equip)	Monitoring Control Efficiency (28 VHP)	Annual Potential to Emit (tpy)
CDU	Area 3	Valves	Gas/Vapor	514	-	0.059	97%	4.0
			Light Liquid	1,695	-	0.024	97%	5.3
			Heavy Liquid	-	1,221	0.0005	0%	2.7
			LL (SOCMI)	-	285	0.0089	1.0	11.3
		Connectors	Gas/Vapor	320	-	0.00055	30%	0.5
			Light Liquid	2,962	1,507	0.00055	30%	8.6
			Heavy Liquid	-	3,635	0.00055	30%	8.8
			LL (SOCMI)	-	855	0.0005	30%	1.87
		Pressure Relief Valves	Gas/Vapor	39	-	0.35	97%	1.8
		Pressure Relief Valves t	Gas/Vapor	-	10	0.35	97%	0.4
		Compressor seals	Gas/Vapor	1	-	1.399	85%	0.9
		Pump seals	Light Liquid	21	-	0.251	85%	3.5
			Heavy Liquid	-	14	0.046	0%	2.8
			LL (SOCMI)	-	1	0.0439	85%	0.2
		Open-ended Lines	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			Light Liquid	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	1	0.0038	0%	0.0
		Sampling Connections	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.033	0%	-
			Light Liquid	-	-	0.033	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	5	0.033	0%	0.7
CDU	Area 3	Valves	Gas/Vapor	403	-	0.059	97%	3.:
			Light Liquid	1,877	-	0.024	97%	5.9
			Heavy Liquid	-	1,307	0.0005	0%	2.5
			LL (SOCMI)	-	285	0.0089	1.0	11.
		Connectors	Gas/Vapor	65	-	0.00055	30%	0.1
			Light Liquid	3,510	1,507	0.00055	30%	9.5
			Heavy Liquid	-	3,953	0.00055	30%	9.
			LL (SOCMI)	-	855	0.0005	30%	1.87
		Pressure Relief Valves	Gas/Vapor	40	-	0.35	97%	1.5
		Pressure Relief Valves +	Gas/Vapor	-	10	0.35	97%	0.4
		Compressor seals	Gas/Vapor	4	-	1.399	85%	3.
		Pump seals	Light Liquid	25	-	0.251	85%	4.1
			Heavy Liquid	_	14	0.046	0%	2.5
			LL (SOCMI)	_	1	0.0439	85%	0.3
		Open-ended Lines	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			Light Liquid		-	0.0051	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid		-	0.0051	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	_	1	0.0038	0%	0.0
		Sampling Connections	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.033	0%	-
			Light Liquid	_	-	0.033	0%	
		1 0 4	1					

Description: fugitive emissions are quantified by the number, type of component and service (gas/vapor, light liquid, heavy liquid). The EPA "Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates" (EPA-453/R-95-017, November 1995) and the TCEQ "Air Permit Technical Guidance for Chemical Sources - Fugitive Guidance" (TCEQ-APDG 6422v2, Emission Estimates" (EPA-453/R-95-017, November 1995) and the TCEQ "Air Permit Technical Guidance for Chemical Sources - Fugitive Guidance" (TCEQ-APDG 6422v2, Revised 06/18), establish specific emission factors based on these variables and for different industrial activities. The TCEQ guidance also provides control efficiencies credits that can be applied to account for the reduction of emissions with the implementation of different LDAR programs. The TCEQ emission factors for refineries (Table II) are used for the emission calculations for all component types except for components in MDEA amine, ammopure and ammonia service, for which the TCEQ SOCMI Average emission factors (Table I) are used. The TCEQ emission factors are identical to the 1995 EPA published emission factors. The emission estimates are based on the assumption that all piping components have the potential to emit at all times (8,760 hr/yr). Limetree LDAR program has a leak definition for refinery pumps of 2,000 ppm VOC and for refinery valves of 500 ppm VOC per Consent Decree ¶109. All equipment is monitored quaterly. This meets the requirements of the 28VHP LDAR program as established in the TCEQ guidance (Table III). Therefore, for monitored components, emissions calculations include a reduction credit based on the TCEQ proposed monitoring control efficiency for the 28 VHP LDAR Program (Table V). Equipment marked with "\text{\text{"} indicate that though it was previously not monitored equipment.}

Unit	Area	Equipment Type	Service	Monitored Components Count	Unmonitored Components Count	Emission Factor (lb/hr/equip)	Monitoring Control Efficiency (28 VHP)	Annual Potential to Emit (tpy)	
2 VAC	Area 2	Valves	Gas/Vapor	341	-	0.059	97%	2.6	
			Light Liquid	-	-	0.024	97%	-	
			Heavy Liquid	-	820	0.0005	0%	1.5	
			LL (SOCMI)	-	101	0.0089	1.0	3.9	
		Connectors	Gas/Vapor	-	21	0.00055	30%	0.0	
			Light Liquid	-	-	0.00055	30%	-	
			Heavy Liquid	-	2,460	0.00055	30%	5.9	
			LL (SOCMI)	-	303	0.0005	30%	0.60	
		Pressure Relief Valves	Gas/Vapor	4	-	0.35	97%	0.2	
		Pressure Relief Valves +	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.35	97%	-	
		Compressor seals	Gas/Vapor	-	-	1.399	85%	-	
		Pump seals	Light Liquid	-	-	0.251	85%	-	
			Heavy Liquid	_	11	0.046	0%	2.:	
			LL (SOCMI)	_	1	0.0439	85%	0.2	
		Open-ended Lines	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.0051	0%	-	
			Light Liquid	_	-	0.0051	0%	-	
			Heavy Liquid	_	-	0.0051	0%		
			LL (SOCMI)	_	1	0.0038	0%	0.0	
		Sampling Connections	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.033	0%	-	
			Light Liquid	_	-	0.033	0%	-	
			Heavy Liquid	_	5	0.033	0%	0.5	
VAC	Area 4	Valves	Gas/Vapor	643	-	0.059	97%	5.0	
			Light Liquid	89	-	0.024	97%	0.3	
			Heavy Liquid	_	1,282	0.0005	0%	2.9	
			LL (SOCMI)	_	87	0.0089	1.0	3.	
		Connectors	Gas/Vapor	246	21	0.00055	30%	0.4	
			Light Liquid	177	-	0.00055	30%	0.3	
			Heavy Liquid	_	3,846	0.00055	30%	9.3	
			LL (SOCMI)	_	261	0.0005	30%	0.5	
		Pressure Relief Valves	Gas/Vapor	9	-	0.35	97%	0.4	
		Pressure Relief Valves t	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.35	97%	-	
		Compressor seals	Gas/Vapor	2	-	1.399	85%	1.8	
		Pump seals	Light Liquid	2	-	0.251	85%	0.3	
			Heavy Liquid	_	10	0.046	0%	1.9	
			LL (SOCMI)	_	1	0.0439	85%	0.3	
		Open-ended Lines	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.0051	0%	-	
			Light Liquid	_	-	0.0051	0%		
			Heavy Liquid	_	-	0.0051	0%	-	
			LL (SOCMI)	_	1	0.0038	0%	0.0	
		Sampling Connections	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.033	0%	-	
		Sumpling connections	Light Liquid	_	_	0.033	0%	_	

Description: fugitive emissions are quantified by the number, type of component and service (gas/vapor, light liquid, heavy liquid). The EPA "Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates" (EPA-453/R-95-017, November 1995) and the TCEQ "Air Permit Technical Guidance for Chemical Sources - Fugitive Guidance" (TCEQ-APDG 6422v2, Emission Estimates" (EPA-453/R-95-017, November 1995) and the TCEQ "Air Permit Technical Guidance for Chemical Sources - Fugitive Guidance" (TCEQ-APDG 6422v2, Revised 06/18), establish specific emission factors based on these variables and for different industrial activities. The TCEQ guidance also provides control efficiencies credits that can be applied to account for the reduction of emissions with the implementation of different LDAR programs. The TCEQ emission factors for refineries (Table II) are used for the emission calculations for all component types except for components in MDEA amine, ammopure and ammonia service, for which the TCEQ SOCMI Average emission factors (Table I) are used. The TCEQ emission factors are identical to the 1995 EPA published emission factors. The emission estimates are based on the assumption that all piping components have the potential to emit at all times (8,760 hr/yr). Limetree LDAR program has a leak definition for refinery pumps of 2,000 ppm VOC and for refinery valves of 500 ppm VOC per Consent Decree ¶109. All equipment is monitored quaterly. This meets the requirements of the 28VHP LDAR program as established in the TCEQ guidance (Table III). Therefore, for monitored components, emissions calculations include a reduction credit based on the TCEQ proposed monitoring control efficiency for the 28 VHP LDAR Program (Table V). Equipment marked with "\text{\text{"} indicate that though it was previously not monitored equipment.}

Unit	Area	Equipment Type	Service	Monitored Components Count	Unmonitored Components Count	Emission Factor (lb/hr/equip)	Monitoring Control Efficiency (28 VHP)	Annual Potential to Emit (tpy)
1 VIS (2 DU FRAC)	Area 1	Valves	Gas/Vapor	394	-	0.059	97%	3.1
			Light Liquid	255	-	0.024	97%	0.8
			Heavy Liquid	-	806	0.0005	0%	1.8
			LL (SOCMI)	-	47	0.0089	1.0	1.8
		Connectors	Gas/Vapor	334	-	0.00055	30%	0.56
			Light Liquid	510	-	0.00055	30%	0.9
			Heavy Liquid	-	2,418	0.00055	30%	5.8
			LL (SOCMI)	-	141	0.0005	30%	0.31
		Pressure Relief Valves	Gas/Vapor	9	-	0.35	97%	0.4
		Pressure Relief Valves t	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.35	97%	-
		Compressor seals	Gas/Vapor	-	-	1.399	85%	-
		Pump seals	Light Liquid	11	-	0.251	85%	1.8
			Heavy Liquid	-	14	0.046	0%	2.9
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0439	85%	-
		Open-ended Lines	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			Light Liquid	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0038	0%	-
		Sampling Connections	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.033	0%	-
			Light Liquid	-	-	0.033	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	7	0.033	0%	1.0
2 VIS	Area 2	Valves	Gas/Vapor	415	-	0.059	97%	3.2
			Light Liquid	302	-	0.024	97%	1.0
			Heavy Liquid	-	334	0.0005	0%	0.7
			LL (SOCMI)	-	49	0.0089	1.0	1.9
		Connectors	Gas/Vapor	26	34	0.00055	30%	0.13
			Light Liquid	596	-	0.00055	30%	1.0
			Heavy Liquid	-	1,002	0.00055	30%	2.4
			LL (SOCMI)	-	147	0.0005	30%	0.32
		Pressure Relief Valves	Gas/Vapor	10	-	0.35	97%	0.5
		Pressure Relief Valves t	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.35	97%	-
		Compressor seals	Gas/Vapor	-	-	1.399	85%	-
		Pump seals	Light Liquid	7	-	0.251	85%	1.2
			Heavy Liquid	-	5	0.046	0%	1.0
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0439	85%	-
		Open-ended Lines	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			Light Liquid	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0038	0%	-
		Sampling Connections	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.033	0%	-
			Light Liquid	-	-	0.033	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	2	0.033	0%	0.3

Description: fugitive emissions are quantified by the number, type of component and service (gas/vapor, light liquid, heavy liquid). The EPA "Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates" (EPA-453/R-95-017, November 1995) and the TCEQ "Air Permit Technical Guidance for Chemical Sources - Fugitive Guidance" (TCEQ-APDG 6422v2, Emission Estimates" (EPA-453/R-95-017, November 1995) and the TCEQ "Air Permit Technical Guidance for Chemical Sources - Fugitive Guidance" (TCEQ-APDG 6422v2, Revised 06/18), establish specific emission factors based on these variables and for different industrial activities. The TCEQ guidance also provides control efficiencies credits that can be applied to account for the reduction of emissions with the implementation of different LDAR programs. The TCEQ emission factors for refineries (Table II) are used for the emission calculations for all component types except for components in MDEA amine, ammopure and ammonia service, for which the TCEQ SOCMI Average emission factors (Table I) are used. The TCEQ emission factors are identical to the 1995 EPA published emission factors. The emission estimates are based on the assumption that all piping components have the potential to emit at all times (8,760 hr/yr). Limetree LDAR program has a leak definition for refinery pumps of 2,000 ppm VOC and for refinery valves of 500 ppm VOC per Consent Decree ¶109. All equipment is monitored quaterly. This meets the requirements of the 28VHP LDAR program as established in the TCEQ guidance (Table III). Therefore, for monitored components, emissions calculations include a reduction credit based on the TCEQ proposed monitoring control efficiency for the 28 VHP LDAR Program (Table V). Equipment marked with "\text{\text{"} indicate that though it was previously not monitored equipment.}

Unit	Area	Equipment Type	Service	Monitored Components Count	Unmonitored Components Count	Emission Factor (lb/hr/equip)	Monitoring Control Efficiency (28 VHP)	Annual Potential to Emit (tpy)
2 DD	Area 2	Valves	Gas/Vapor	1,082	-	0.059	97%	8.4
			Light Liquid	814	-	0.024	97%	2.6
			Heavy Liquid	-	676	0.0005	0%	1.5
			LL (SOCMI)	-	106	0.0089	97%	4.1
		Connectors	Gas/Vapor	1,284	-	0.00055	30%	2.17
			Light Liquid	1,276	-	0.00055	30%	2.2
			Heavy Liquid	-	2,028	0.00055	30%	4.9
			LL (SOCMI)	-	318	0.0005	30%	0.7
		Pressure Relief Valves	Gas/Vapor	33	-	0.35	97%	1.5
		Pressure Relief Valves t	Gas/Vapor	-	3	0.35	97%	0.3
		Compressor seals	Gas/Vapor	6	-	1.399	85%	5.5
		Pump seals	Light Liquid	6	-	0.251	85%	1.0
			Heavy Liquid	-	9	0.046	0%	1.8
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0439	85%	-
		Open-ended Lines	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			Light Liquid	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0038	0%	-
		Sampling Connections	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.033	0%	-
			Light Liquid	-	-	0.033	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	5	0.033	0%	0.7
DD	Area 1	Valves	Gas/Vapor	334	-	0.059	97%	2.0
			Light Liquid	588	-	0.024	97%	1.9
			Heavy Liquid	-	378	0.0005	0%	0.8
			LL (SOCMI)	-	41	0.0089	97%	1.6
		Connectors	Gas/Vapor	55	-	0.00055	30%	0.09
			Light Liquid	977	-	0.00055	30%	1.6
			Heavy Liquid	-	1,134	0.00055	30%	2.
			LL (SOCMI)	-	123	0.0005	30%	0.3
		Pressure Relief Valves	Gas/Vapor	11	-	0.35	97%	0.5
		Pressure Relief Valves +	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.35	97%	-
		Compressor seals	Gas/Vapor	3	-	1.399	85%	2.8
		Pump seals	Light Liquid	7	-	0.251	85%	1.3
			Heavy Liquid	-	1	0.046	0%	0.3
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0439	85%	-
		Open-ended Lines	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			Light Liquid	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0038	0%	-
		Sampling Connections	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.033	0%	-
		-	Light Liquid	-	-	0.033	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid		1	0.033	0%	0.

Description: fugitive emissions are quantified by the number, type of component and service (gas/vapor, light liquid, heavy liquid). The EPA "Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates" (EPA-453/R-95-017, November 1995) and the TCEQ "Air Permit Technical Guidance for Chemical Sources - Fugitive Guidance" (TCEQ-APDG 6422v2, Emission Estimates" (EPA-453/R-95-017, November 1995) and the TCEQ "Air Permit Technical Guidance for Chemical Sources - Fugitive Guidance" (TCEQ-APDG 6422v2, Revised 06/18), establish specific emission factors based on these variables and for different industrial activities. The TCEQ guidance also provides control efficiencies credits that can be applied to account for the reduction of emissions with the implementation of different LDAR programs. The TCEQ emission factors for refineries (Table II) are used for the emission calculations for all component types except for components in MDEA amine, ammopure and ammonia service, for which the TCEQ SOCMI Average emission factors (Table I) are used. The TCEQ emission factors are identical to the 1995 EPA published emission factors. The emission estimates are based on the assumption that all piping components have the potential to emit at all times (8,760 hr/yr). Limetree LDAR program has a leak definition for refinery pumps of 2,000 ppm VOC and for refinery valves of 500 ppm VOC per Consent Decree ¶109. All equipment is monitored quaterly. This meets the requirements of the 28VHP LDAR program as established in the TCEQ guidance (Table III). Therefore, for monitored components, emissions calculations include a reduction credit based on the TCEQ proposed monitoring control efficiency for the 28 VHP LDAR Program (Table V). Equipment marked with "\text{" indicate that though it was previously not monitored equipment.}

Unit	Area	Equipment Type	Service	Monitored Components Count	Unmonitored Components Count	Emission Factor (lb/hr/equip)	Monitoring Control Efficiency (28 VHP)	Annual Potential to Emit (tpy)
DD	Area 2	Valves	Gas/Vapor	1,177	-	0.059	97%	9.1
			Light Liquid	279	-	0.024	97%	0.9
			Heavy Liquid	-	791	0.0005	0%	1.8
			LL (SOCMI)	-	173	0.0089	97%	6.7
			HL (SOCMI)	-	162	0.0005	0%	0.4
		Connectors	Gas/Vapor	1,651	-	0.00055	30%	2.78
			Light Liquid	510	-	0.00055	30%	0.9
			Heavy Liquid	-	2,373	0.00055	30%	5.3
			LL (SOCMI)	-	519	0.0005	30%	1.:
			HL (SOCMI)	-	486	0.00007	30%	0.:
		Pressure Relief Valves	Gas/Vapor	30	-	0.35	97%	1.4
		Pressure Relief Valves +	Gas/Vapor	-	2	0.35	97%	0.1
		Compressor seals	Gas/Vapor	3	-	1.399	85%	2.8
		Pump seals	Light Liquid	2	-	0.251	85%	0.3
			Heavy Liquid	-	1	0.046	0%	0.
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0439	85%	-
		Open-ended Lines	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			Light Liquid	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0038	0%	-
		Sampling Connections	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.033	0%	-
			Light Liquid	-	-	0.033	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	1	0.033	0%	0.:
DD	Area 2	Valves	Gas/Vapor	255	-	0.059	97%	2.0
			Light Liquid	149	-	0.024	97%	0.
			Heavy Liquid	-	436	0.0005	0%	1.0
			LL (SOCMI)	-	46	0.0089	97%	1.8
		Connectors	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.00055	30%	-
			Light Liquid	261	-	0.00055	30%	0.
			Heavy Liquid	-	1,308	0.00055	30%	3.3
			LL (SOCMI)	-	138	0.0005	30%	0.
		Pressure Relief Valves	Gas/Vapor	9	-	0.35	97%	0.
		Pressure Relief Valves +	Gas/Vapor	-	2	0.35	97%	0.:
		Compressor seals	Gas/Vapor	2	-	1.399	85%	1.3
		Pump seals	Light Liquid	2	-	0.251	85%	0.3
			Heavy Liquid	-	1	0.046	0%	0.
			LL (SOCMI)	_	-	0.0439	85%	-
		Open-ended Lines	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
		,	Light Liquid		-	0.0051	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid		-	0.0051	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	_	-	0.0038	0%	-
		Sampling Connections	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.033	0%	-
		, , ,	Light Liquid		-	0.033	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid		1	0.033	0%	0.

Description: fugitive emissions are quantified by the number, type of component and service (gas/vapor, light liquid, heavy liquid). The EPA "Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates" (EPA-453/R-95-017, November 1995) and the TCEQ "Air Permit Technical Guidance for Chemical Sources - Fugitive Guidance" (TCEQ-APDG 6422v2, Emission Estimates" (EPA-453/R-95-017, November 1995) and the TCEQ "Air Permit Technical Guidance for Chemical Sources - Fugitive Guidance" (TCEQ-APDG 6422v2, Revised 06/18), establish specific emission factors based on these variables and for different industrial activities. The TCEQ guidance also provides control efficiencies credits that can be applied to account for the reduction of emissions with the implementation of different LDAR programs. The TCEQ emission factors for refineries (Table II) are used for the emission calculations for all component types except for components in MDEA amine, ammopure and ammonia service, for which the TCEQ SOCMI Average emission factors (Table I) are used. The TCEQ emission factors are identical to the 1995 EPA published emission factors. The emission estimates are based on the assumption that all piping components have the potential to emit at all times (8,760 hr/yr). Limetree LDAR program has a leak definition for refinery pumps of 2,000 ppm VOC and for refinery valves of 500 ppm VOC per Consent Decree ¶109. All equipment is monitored quaterly. This meets the requirements of the 28VHP LDAR program as established in the TCEQ guidance (Table III). Therefore, for monitored components, emissions calculations include a reduction credit based on the TCEQ proposed monitoring control efficiency for the 28 VHP LDAR Program (Table V). Equipment marked with "\text{" indicate that though it was previously not monitored equipment.}

Unit	Area	Equipment Type	Service	Monitored Components Count	Unmonitored Components Count	Emission Factor (lb/hr/equip)	Monitoring Control Efficiency (28 VHP)	Annual Potential to Emit (tpy)
5 DD	Area 4	Valves	Gas/Vapor	1,264	-	0.059	97%	9.8
			Light Liquid	319	-	0.024	97%	1.0
			Heavy Liquid	-	781	0.0005	0%	1.7
			LL (SOCMI)	-	171	0.0089	97%	6.7
			HL (SOCMI)	-	128	0.0005	0%	0.3
		Connectors	Gas/Vapor	1,545	-	0.00055	30%	2.61
			Light Liquid	623	-	0.00055	30%	1.1
			Heavy Liquid	-	2,343	0.00055	30%	5.6
			LL (SOCMI)	-	513	0.0005	30%	1.1
			HL (SOCMI)	-	384	0.00007	30%	0.1
		Pressure Relief Valves	Gas/Vapor	28	-	0.35	97%	1.3
		Pressure Relief Valves +	Gas/Vapor	-	2	0.35	97%	0.1
		Compressor seals	Gas/Vapor	3	-	1.399	85%	2.8
		Pump seals	Light Liquid	2	-	0.251	85%	0.3
			Heavy Liquid	_	1	0.046	0%	0.3
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0439	85%	-
		Open-ended Lines	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			Light Liquid	_	-	0.0051	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid	_	-	0.0051	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	_	-	0.0038	0%	-
		Sampling Connections	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.033	0%	-
		' -	Light Liquid	_	-	0.033	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid	_	1	0.033	0%	0.1
' DD	Area 4	Valves	Gas/Vapor	1,191	-	0.059	97%	9.2
			Light Liquid	277	-	0.024	97%	0.9
			Heavy Liquid	_	946	0.0005	0%	2.1
			LL (SOCMI)	_	43	0.0089	97%	1.7
			HL (SOCMI)	_	235	0.0005	0%	0.5
		Connectors	Gas/Vapor	1,676	-	0.00055	30%	2.83
			Light Liquid	540	-	0.00055	30%	0.9
			Heavy Liquid	_	2,838	0.00055	30%	6.8
			LL (SOCMI)	_	129	0.0005	30%	0.3
			HL (SOCMI)	_	705	0.00007	30%	0.2
		Pressure Relief Valves	Gas/Vapor	25	-	0.35	97%	1.1
		Pressure Relief Valves +	Gas/Vapor	-	2	0.35	97%	0.1
		Compressor seals	Gas/Vapor	3	-	1.399	85%	2.8
		Pump seals	Light Liquid	3	-	0.251	85%	0.5
		. amp scals	Heavy Liquid		6	0.046	0%	1.2
			LL (SOCMI)		-	0.0439	85%	-
		Open-ended Lines	Gas/Vapor	_	-	0.0051	0%	
		Spen ended times	Light Liquid			0.0051	0%	
			Heavy Liquid		-	0.0051	0%	_
			LL (SOCMI)		-	0.0031	0%	_
		Sampling Connections	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.033	0%	
		Jamping Connections	Gas/ vapoi	- 1	-	0.033	070	
			Light Liquid		_	0.033	0%	_

Description: fugitive emissions are quantified by the number, type of component and service (gas/vapor, light liquid, heavy liquid). The EPA "Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates" (EPA-453/R-95-017, November 1995) and the TCEQ "Air Permit Technical Guidance for Chemical Sources - Fugitive Guidance" (TCEQ-APDG 6422v2, Emission Estimates" (EPA-453/R-95-017, November 1995) and the TCEQ "Air Permit Technical Guidance for Chemical Sources - Fugitive Guidance" (TCEQ-APDG 6422v2, Revised 06/18), establish specific emission factors based on these variables and for different industrial activities. The TCEQ guidance also provides control efficiencies credits that can be applied to account for the reduction of emissions with the implementation of different LDAR programs. The TCEQ emission factors for refineries (Table II) are used for the emission calculations for all component types except for components in MDEA amine, ammopure and ammonia service, for which the TCEQ SOCMI Average emission factors (Table I) are used. The TCEQ emission factors are identical to the 1995 EPA published emission factors. The emission estimates are based on the assumption that all piping components have the potential to emit at all times (8,760 hr/yr). Limetree LDAR program has a leak definition for refinery pumps of 2,000 ppm VOC and for refinery valves of 500 ppm VOC per Consent Decree ¶109. All equipment is monitored quaterly. This meets the requirements of the 28VHP LDAR program as established in the TCEQ guidance (Table III). Therefore, for monitored components, emissions calculations include a reduction credit based on the TCEQ proposed monitoring control efficiency for the 28 VHP LDAR Program (Table V). Equipment marked with "\text{\text{"} indicate that though it was previously not monitored equipment.}

Unit	Area	Equipment Type	Service	Monitored Components Count	Unmonitored Components Count	Emission Factor (lb/hr/equip)	Monitoring Control Efficiency (28 VHP)	Annual Potential to Emit (tpy)
DD DD	Area 4	Valves	Gas/Vapor	295	-	0.059	97%	2.3
			Light Liquid	125	-	0.024	97%	0.4
			Heavy Liquid	-	635	0.0005	0%	1.4
			LL (SOCMI)	-	43	0.0089	97%	1.7
		Connectors	Gas/Vapor	8	-	0.00055	30%	0.0
			Light Liquid	236	-	0.00055	30%	0.4
			Heavy Liquid	-	1,905	0.00055	30%	4.0
			LL (SOCMI)	-	129	0.0005	30%	0.3
		Pressure Relief Valves	Gas/Vapor	5	-	0.35	97%	0.2
		Pressure Relief Valves +	Gas/Vapor	-	2	0.35	97%	0.1
		Compressor seals	Gas/Vapor	3	-	1.399	85%	2.8
		Pump seals	Light Liquid	2	-	0.251	85%	0.3
			Heavy Liquid	-	12	0.046	0%	2.4
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0439	85%	-
		Open-ended Lines	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			Light Liquid	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	_	-	0.0038	0%	-
		Sampling Connections	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.033	0%	-
			Light Liquid	-	-	0.033	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	5	0.033	0%	0.5
IT. FRAC.	Area 1	Valves	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.059	97%	-
			Light Liquid	113	-	0.024	97%	0.4
			Heavy Liquid	-	175	0.0005	0%	0.4
			LL (SOCMI)	_	24	0.0089	97%	0.9
		Connectors	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.00055	30%	-
			Light Liquid	213	-	0.00055	30%	0.4
			Heavy Liquid		525	0.00055	30%	1.3
			LL (SOCMI)	_	72	0.0005	30%	0.3
		Pressure Relief Valves	Gas/Vapor	3	-	0.35	97%	0.:
		Pressure Relief Valves +	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.35	97%	-
		Compressor seals	Gas/Vapor	-	-	1.399	85%	-
		Pump seals	Light Liquid	2	-	0.251	85%	0.3
			Heavy Liquid		1	0.046	0%	0.3
			LL (SOCMI)	_	_	0.0439	85%	-
		Open-ended Lines	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
		1	Light Liquid		_	0.0051	0%	
			Heavy Liquid	_	_	0.0051	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)		-	0.0038	0%	_
		Sampling Connections	Gas/Vapor			0.033	0%	
		Sampling Connections	Light Liquid		-	0.033	0%	_
			I - '		- 0 E			0.
			Heavy Liquid	-	0.5	0.033	0%	

Description: fugitive emissions are quantified by the number, type of component and service (gas/vapor, light liquid, heavy liquid). The EPA "Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates" (EPA-453/R-95-017, November 1995) and the TCEQ "Air Permit Technical Guidance for Chemical Sources - Fugitive Guidance" (TCEQ-APDG 6422v2, Emission Estimates" (EPA-453/R-95-017, November 1995) and the TCEQ "Air Permit Technical Guidance for Chemical Sources - Fugitive Guidance" (TCEQ-APDG 6422v2, Revised 06/18), establish specific emission factors based on these variables and for different industrial activities. The TCEQ guidance also provides control efficiencies credits that can be applied to account for the reduction of emissions with the implementation of different LDAR programs. The TCEQ emission factors for refineries (Table II) are used for the emission calculations for all component types except for components in MDEA amine, ammopure and ammonia service, for which the TCEQ SOCMI Average emission factors (Table I) are used. The TCEQ emission factors are identical to the 1995 EPA published emission factors. The emission estimates are based on the assumption that all piping components have the potential to emit at all times (8,760 hr/yr). Limetree LDAR program has a leak definition for refinery pumps of 2,000 ppm VOC and for refinery valves of 500 ppm VOC per Consent Decree ¶109. All equipment is monitored quaterly. This meets the requirements of the 28VHP LDAR program as established in the TCEQ guidance (Table III). Therefore, for monitored components, emissions calculations include a reduction credit based on the TCEQ proposed monitoring control efficiency for the 28 VHP LDAR Program (Table V). Equipment marked with "\text{\text{"} indicate that though it was previously not monitored equipment.}

Unit	Area	Equipment Type	Service	Monitored Components Count	Unmonitored Components Count	Emission Factor (lb/hr/equip)	Monitoring Control Efficiency (28 VHP)	Annual Potential to Emit (tpy)
PENEX	Area 1	Valves	Gas/Vapor	612	-	0.059	97%	4.7
			Light Liquid	1,330	-	0.024	97%	4.2
			Heavy Liquid	-	108	0.0005	0%	0.2
			LL (SOCMI)	-	20	0.0089	97%	0.8
		Connectors	Gas/Vapor	52	-	0.00055	30%	0.0
			Light Liquid	2,331	745	0.00055	30%	5.7
			Heavy Liquid	-	324	0.00055	30%	0.8
			LL (SOCMI)	-	60	0.0005	30%	0.:
		Pressure Relief Valves	Gas/Vapor	36	-	0.35	97%	1.7
		Pressure Relief Valves +	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.35	97%	-
		Compressor seals	Gas/Vapor	3	-	1.399	85%	2.8
		Pump seals	Light Liquid	11	-	0.251	85%	1.8
			Heavy Liquid	-	2	0.046	0%	0.4
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0439	85%	-
		Open-ended Lines	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			Light Liquid	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0038	0%	-
		Sampling Connections	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.033	0%	-
			Light Liquid	-	-	0.033	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	1	0.033	0%	0.:
PLAT/2 HYDROBON	Area 2	Valves	Gas/Vapor	474	-	0.059	97%	3.
			Light Liquid	793	-	0.024	97%	2.5
			Heavy Liquid	-	14	0.0005	0%	0.0
			LL (SOCMI)	-	32	0.0089	97%	1.2
		Connectors	Gas/Vapor	4	-	0.00055	30%	0.03
			Light Liquid	984	720	0.00055	30%	3.4
			Heavy Liquid	-	42	0.00055	30%	0.:
			LL (SOCMI)	-	96	0.0005	30%	0.2
		Pressure Relief Valves	Gas/Vapor	13	-	0.35	97%	0.6
		Pressure Relief Valves +	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.35	97%	-
		Compressor seals	Gas/Vapor	2	-	1.399	85%	1.8
		Pump seals	Light Liquid	13	-	0.251	85%	2.1
			Heavy Liquid	_	1	0.046	0%	0.3
			LL (SOCMI)	_	-	0.0439	85%	-
		Open-ended Lines	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			Light Liquid	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0038	0%	-
		Sampling Connections	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.033	0%	-
			Light Liquid		-	0.033	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid		_	0.033	0%	_

Description: fugitive emissions are quantified by the number, type of component and service (gas/vapor, light liquid, heavy liquid). The EPA "Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates" (EPA-453/R-95-017, November 1995) and the TCEQ "Air Permit Technical Guidance for Chemical Sources - Fugitive Guidance" (TCEQ-APDG 6422v2, Emission Estimates" (EPA-453/R-95-017, November 1995) and the TCEQ "Air Permit Technical Guidance for Chemical Sources - Fugitive Guidance" (TCEQ-APDG 6422v2, Revised 06/18), establish specific emission factors based on these variables and for different industrial activities. The TCEQ guidance also provides control efficiencies credits that can be applied to account for the reduction of emissions with the implementation of different LDAR programs. The TCEQ emission factors for refineries (Table II) are used for the emission calculations for all component types except for components in MDEA amine, ammopure and ammonia service, for which the TCEQ SOCMI Average emission factors (Table I) are used. The TCEQ emission factors are identical to the 1995 EPA published emission factors. The emission estimates are based on the assumption that all piping components have the potential to emit at all times (8,760 hr/yr). Limetree LDAR program has a leak definition for refinery pumps of 2,000 ppm VOC and for refinery valves of 500 ppm VOC per Consent Decree ¶109. All equipment is monitored quaterly. This meets the requirements of the 28VHP LDAR program as established in the TCEQ guidance (Table III). Therefore, for monitored components, emissions calculations include a reduction credit based on the TCEQ proposed monitoring control efficiency for the 28 VHP LDAR Program (Table V). Equipment marked with "\text{\text{"} indicate that though it was previously not monitored equipment.}

Unit	Area	Equipment Type	Service	Monitored Components Count	Unmonitored Components Count	Emission Factor (lb/hr/equip)	Monitoring Control Efficiency (28 VHP)	Annual Potential to Emit (tpy)
UNIFINER	Area 2	Valves	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.059	97%	-
			Light Liquid	309	-	0.024	97%	1.0
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.0005	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0089	97%	-
		Connectors	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.00055	30%	-
			Light Liquid	596	-	0.00055	30%	1.0
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.00055	30%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0005	30%	-
		Pressure Relief Valves	Gas/Vapor	3	-	0.35	97%	0.1
		Pressure Relief Valves +	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.35	97%	-
		Compressor seals	Gas/Vapor	-	-	1.399	85%	-
		Pump seals	Light Liquid	7	-	0.251	85%	1.2
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.046	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0439	85%	-
		Open-ended Lines	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			Light Liquid	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0038	0%	-
		Sampling Connections	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.033	0%	-
			Light Liquid	-	-	0.033	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.033	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.033	0%	-
PLAT / 3 HYDROBON	Area 4	Valves	Gas/Vapor	661	-	0.059	97%	5.1
			Light Liquid	849	-	0.024	97%	2.7
			Heavy Liquid	-	276	0.0005	0%	0.6
			LL (SOCMI)	-	43	0.0089	97%	1.7
		Connectors	Gas/Vapor	24	-	0.00055	30%	0.04
			Light Liquid	1,357	720	0.00055	30%	4.0
			Heavy Liquid	-	828	0.00055	30%	2.0
			LL (SOCMI)	-	129	0.0005	30%	0.3
		Pressure Relief Valves	Gas/Vapor	11	-	0.35	97%	0.5
		Pressure Relief Valves +	Gas/Vapor	-	1	0.35	97%	0.05
		Compressor seals	Gas/Vapor	3	-	1.399	85%	2.8
		Pump seals	Light Liquid	11	-	0.251	85%	1.8
			Heavy Liquid	-	1	0.046	0%	0.2
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0439	85%	-
		Open-ended Lines	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			Light Liquid	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid	_	-	0.0051	0%	
			LL (SOCMI)	_	-	0.0038	0%	-
		Sampling Connections	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.033	0%	-
		. 5	Light Liquid	_	-	0.033	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid			0.033	0%	

Description: fugitive emissions are quantified by the number, type of component and service (gas/vapor, light liquid, heavy liquid). The EPA "Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates" (EPA-453/R-95-017, November 1995) and the TCEQ "Air Permit Technical Guidance for Chemical Sources - Fugitive Guidance" (TCEQ-APDG 6422v2, Emission Estimates" (EPA-453/R-95-017, November 1995) and the TCEQ "Air Permit Technical Guidance for Chemical Sources - Fugitive Guidance" (TCEQ-APDG 6422v2, Revised 06/18), establish specific emission factors based on these variables and for different industrial activities. The TCEQ guidance also provides control efficiencies credits that can be applied to account for the reduction of emissions with the implementation of different LDAR programs. The TCEQ emission factors for refineries (Table II) are used for the emission calculations for all component types except for components in MDEA amine, ammopure and ammonia service, for which the TCEQ SOCMI Average emission factors (Table I) are used. The TCEQ emission factors are identical to the 1995 EPA published emission factors. The emission estimates are based on the assumption that all piping components have the potential to emit at all times (8,760 hr/yr). Limetree LDAR program has a leak definition for refinery pumps of 2,000 ppm VOC and for refinery valves of 500 ppm VOC per Consent Decree ¶109. All equipment is monitored quaterly. This meets the requirements of the 28VHP LDAR program as established in the TCEQ guidance (Table III). Therefore, for monitored components, emissions calculations include a reduction credit based on the TCEQ proposed monitoring control efficiency for the 28 VHP LDAR Program (Table V). Equipment marked with "\text{\text{"} indicate that though it was previously not monitored equipment.}

Unit	Area	Equipment Type	Service	Monitored Components Count	Unmonitored Components Count	Emission Factor (lb/hr/equip)	Monitoring Control Efficiency (28 VHP)	Annual Potential to Emit (tpy)
NAPHTHA UNIFINER	Area 4	Valves	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.059	97%	-
			Light Liquid	578	-	0.024	97%	1.8
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.0005	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0089	97%	-
		Connectors	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.00055	30%	-
			Light Liquid	1,093	-	0.00055	30%	1.8
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.00055	30%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0005	30%	-
		Pressure Relief Valves	Gas/Vapor	5	-	0.35	97%	0.2
		Pressure Relief Valves +	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.35	97%	-
		Compressor seals	Gas/Vapor	2	-	1.399	85%	1.8
		Pump seals	Light Liquid	6	-	0.251	85%	1.0
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.046	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0439	85%	-
		Open-ended Lines	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			Light Liquid	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0038	0%	-
		Sampling Connections	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.033	0%	-
			Light Liquid	-	-	0.033	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.033	0%	-
PLAT / 4 HYDROBON	Area 4	Valves	Gas/Vapor	682	-	0.059	97%	5.3
			Light Liquid	838	-	0.024	97%	2.6
			Heavy Liquid	-	276	0.0005	0%	0.6
			LL (SOCMI)	-	43	0.0089	97%	1.7
		Connectors	Gas/Vapor	38	-	0.00055	30%	0.06
			Light Liquid	1,219	720	0.00055	30%	3.8
			Heavy Liquid	-	828	0.00055	30%	2.0
			LL (SOCMI)	-	129	0.0005	30%	0.3
		Pressure Relief Valves	Gas/Vapor	12	-	0.35	97%	0.6
		Pressure Relief Valves +	Gas/Vapor	-	1	0.35	97%	0.05
		Compressor seals	Gas/Vapor	4	-	1.399	85%	3.7
		Pump seals	Light Liquid	10	-	0.251	85%	1.6
			Heavy Liquid	-	1	0.046	0%	0.2
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0439	85%	-
		Open-ended Lines	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			Light Liquid	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0038	0%	-
		Sampling Connections	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.033	0%	-
		, ,	Light Liquid	_	-	0.033	0%	-
			1	1		0.033	0%	

Description: fugitive emissions are quantified by the number, type of component and service (gas/vapor, light liquid, heavy liquid). The EPA "Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates" (EPA-453/R-95-017, November 1995) and the TCEQ "Air Permit Technical Guidance for Chemical Sources - Fugitive Guidance" (TCEQ-APDG 6422v2, Emission Estimates" (EPA-453/R-95-017, November 1995) and the TCEQ "Air Permit Technical Guidance for Chemical Sources - Fugitive Guidance" (TCEQ-APDG 6422v2, Revised 06/18), establish specific emission factors based on these variables and for different industrial activities. The TCEQ guidance also provides control efficiencies credits that can be applied to account for the reduction of emissions with the implementation of different LDAR programs. The TCEQ emission factors for refineries (Table II) are used for the emission calculations for all component types except for components in MDEA amine, ammopure and ammonia service, for which the TCEQ SOCMI Average emission factors (Table I) are used. The TCEQ emission factors are identical to the 1995 EPA published emission factors. The emission estimates are based on the assumption that all piping components have the potential to emit at all times (8,760 hr/yr). Limetree LDAR program has a leak definition for refinery pumps of 2,000 ppm VOC and for refinery valves of 500 ppm VOC per Consent Decree ¶109. All equipment is monitored quaterly. This meets the requirements of the 28VHP LDAR program as established in the TCEQ guidance (Table III). Therefore, for monitored components, emissions calculations include a reduction credit based on the TCEQ proposed monitoring control efficiency for the 28 VHP LDAR Program (Table V). Equipment marked with "\text{\text{"} indicate that though it was previously not monitored equipment.}

able 2. Fugitive Equipmer  Unit	Area	Equipment Type	Service	Monitored Components Count	Unmonitored Components Count	Emission Factor (lb/hr/equip)	Monitoring Control Efficiency (28 VHP)	Annual Potential to Emit (tpy)
NAPHTHA UNIFINER	Area 4	Valves	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.059	97%	-
			Light Liquid	647	-	0.024	97%	2.0
			Heavy Liquid	-	_	0.0005	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0089	97%	-
		Connectors	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.00055	30%	-
			Light Liquid	1,194	-	0.00055	30%	2.0
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.00055	30%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0005	30%	-
		Pressure Relief Valves	Gas/Vapor	8	-	0.35	97%	0.4
		Pressure Relief Valves +	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.35	97%	-
		Compressor seals	Gas/Vapor	2	-	1.399	85%	1.8
		Pump seals	Light Liquid	6	-	0.251	85%	1.0
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.046	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0439	85%	-
		Open-ended Lines	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			Light Liquid	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	_	0.0038	0%	-
		Sampling Connections	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.033	0%	-
			Light Liquid	-	-	0.033	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.033	0%	-
SG	Area 4	Valves	Gas/Vapor	965	-	0.059	97%	7.5
			Light Liquid	1,244	-	0.024	97%	3.9
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.0005	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0089	97%	-
		Connectors	Gas/Vapor	1,581	-	0.00055	30%	2.67
			Light Liquid	2,304	-	0.00055	30%	3.9
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.00055	30%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0005	30%	-
		Pressure Relief Valves	Gas/Vapor	21	-	0.35	97%	1.0
		Pressure Relief Valves +	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.35	97%	-
		Compressor seals	Gas/Vapor	4	-	1.399	85%	3.7
		Pump seals	Light Liquid	6	-	0.251	85%	1.0
			Heavy Liquid	_	_	0.046	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	_	_	0.0439	85%	-
		Open-ended Lines	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			Light Liquid		-	0.0051	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid	_	_	0.0051	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	_	_	0.0038	0%	-
		Sampling Connections	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.033	0%	-
			Light Liquid		_	0.033	0%	_
		LIGHT LIQUIG	- 1			U/01		

Description: fugitive emissions are quantified by the number, type of component and service (gas/vapor, light liquid, heavy liquid). The EPA "Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates" (EPA-453/R-95-017, November 1995) and the TCEQ "Air Permit Technical Guidance for Chemical Sources - Fugitive Guidance" (TCEQ-APDG 6422v2, Emission Estimates" (EPA-453/R-95-017, November 1995) and the TCEQ "Air Permit Technical Guidance for Chemical Sources - Fugitive Guidance" (TCEQ-APDG 6422v2, Revised 06/18), establish specific emission factors based on these variables and for different industrial activities. The TCEQ guidance also provides control efficiencies credits that can be applied to account for the reduction of emissions with the implementation of different LDAR programs. The TCEQ emission factors for refineries (Table II) are used for the emission calculations for all component types except for components in MDEA amine, ammopure and ammonia service, for which the TCEQ SOCMI Average emission factors (Table I) are used. The TCEQ emission factors are identical to the 1995 EPA published emission factors. The emission estimates are based on the assumption that all piping components have the potential to emit at all times (8,760 hr/yr). Limetree LDAR program has a leak definition for refinery pumps of 2,000 ppm VOC and for refinery valves of 500 ppm VOC per Consent Decree ¶109. All equipment is monitored quaterly. This meets the requirements of the 28VHP LDAR program as established in the TCEQ guidance (Table III). Therefore, for monitored components, emissions calculations include a reduction credit based on the TCEQ proposed monitoring control efficiency for the 28 VHP LDAR Program (Table V). Equipment marked with "\text{\text{"} indicate that though it was previously not monitored equipment.}

Unit	Area	Equipment Type	Service	Monitored Components Count	Unmonitored Components Count	Emission Factor (lb/hr/equip)	Monitoring Control Efficiency (28 VHP)	Annual Potential to Emit (tpy)
SULFOLANE	Area 3	Valves	Gas/Vapor	359	-	0.059	97%	2.8
			Light Liquid	2,478	-	0.024	97%	7.8
			Heavy Liquid	-	66	0.0005	0%	0.3
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0089	97%	-
		Connectors	Gas/Vapor	14	-	0.00055	30%	0.02
			Light Liquid	6,190	1,778	0.00055	30%	14.
			Heavy Liquid	-	198	0.00055	30%	0.5
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0005	30%	-
		Pressure Relief Valves	Gas/Vapor	28	-	0.35	97%	1.3
		Pressure Relief Valves t	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.35	97%	-
		Compressor seals	Gas/Vapor	-	-	1.399	85%	-
		Pump seals	Light Liquid	46	-	0.251	85%	7.6
			Heavy Liquid	-	3	0.046	0%	0.5
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0439	85%	-
		Open-ended Lines	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			Light Liquid	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0038	0%	-
		Sampling Connections	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.033	0%	-
			Light Liquid	-	-	0.033	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	1	0.033	0%	0.2
ISULFIDE	Area 4	Valves	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.059	97%	-
			Light Liquid	-	-	0.024	97%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.0005	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	56	0.0089	97%	2.2
		Connectors	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.00055	30%	-
			Light Liquid	-	121	0.00055	30%	0.3
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.00055	30%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	168	0.0005	30%	0.4
		Pressure Relief Valves	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.35	97%	-
		Pressure Relief Valves +	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.35	97%	-
		Compressor seals	Gas/Vapor	-	-	1.399	85%	-
		Pump seals	Light Liquid	-	-	0.251	85%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.046	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0439	85%	-
		Open-ended Lines	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			Light Liquid	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0038	0%	-
		Sampling Connections	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.033	0%	-
		, , ,	Light Liquid		-	0.033	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid		_	0.033	0%	

Description: fugitive emissions are quantified by the number, type of component and service (gas/vapor, light liquid, heavy liquid). The EPA "Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates" (EPA-453/R-95-017, November 1995) and the TCEQ "Air Permit Technical Guidance for Chemical Sources - Fugitive Guidance" (TCEQ-APDG 6422v2, Emission Estimates" (EPA-453/R-95-017, November 1995) and the TCEQ "Air Permit Technical Guidance for Chemical Sources - Fugitive Guidance" (TCEQ-APDG 6422v2, Revised 06/18), establish specific emission factors based on these variables and for different industrial activities. The TCEQ guidance also provides control efficiencies credits that can be applied to account for the reduction of emissions with the implementation of different LDAR programs. The TCEQ emission factors for refineries (Table II) are used for the emission calculations for all component types except for components in MDEA amine, ammopure and ammonia service, for which the TCEQ SOCMI Average emission factors (Table I) are used. The TCEQ emission factors are identical to the 1995 EPA published emission factors. The emission estimates are based on the assumption that all piping components have the potential to emit at all times (8,760 hr/yr). Limetree LDAR program has a leak definition for refinery pumps of 2,000 ppm VOC and for refinery valves of 500 ppm VOC per Consent Decree ¶109. All equipment is monitored quaterly. This meets the requirements of the 28VHP LDAR program as established in the TCEQ guidance (Table III). Therefore, for monitored components, emissions calculations include a reduction credit based on the TCEQ proposed monitoring control efficiency for the 28 VHP LDAR Program (Table V). Equipment marked with "\text{\text{"} indicate that though it was previously not monitored it is required under current regulation to be monitored, and therefore, for PTE calculations it is captured as monitored equipment.

Unit	Area	Equipment Type	Service	Monitored Components Count	Unmonitored Components Count	Emission Factor (lb/hr/equip)	Monitoring Control Efficiency (28 VHP)	Annual Potential to Emit (tpy)
NAP FRAC.	Area 2	Valves	Gas/Vapor	124	-	0.059	97%	1.0
			Light Liquid	428	-	0.024	97%	1.3
			Heavy Liquid	_	71	0.0005	0%	0.2
			LL (SOCMI)	_	32	0.0089	97%	1.2
		Connectors	Gas/Vapor	6	-	0.00055	30%	0.01
			Light Liquid	632	-	0.00055	30%	1.1
			Heavy Liquid	_	213	0.00055	30%	0.5
			LL (SOCMI)	_	96	0.0005	30%	0.2
		Pressure Relief Valves	Gas/Vapor	8	-	0.35	97%	0.4
		Pressure Relief Valves t	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.35	97%	-
		Compressor seals	Gas/Vapor	-	-	1.399	85%	-
		Pump seals	Light Liquid	6	-	0.251	85%	1.0
			Heavy Liquid		1	0.046	0%	0.3
			LL (SOCMI)	_	_	0.0439	85%	-
		Open-ended Lines	Gas/Vapor	-		0.0051	0%	-
		open ended Emes	Light Liquid		-	0.0051	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid		-	0.0051	0%	_
			LL (SOCMI)		_	0.0038	0%	_
		Sampling Connections	Gas/Vapor	_		0.033	0%	_
		Sampling connections	Light Liquid		-	0.033	0%	_
			Heavy Liquid		1	0.033	0%	0.3
ISO-HEXANIZER	Area 3	Valves	Gas/Vapor	-		0.059	97%	-
	Area 5	valves	Light Liquid	296	_	0.024	97%	0.9
			Heavy Liquid	-		0.0005	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	_	10	0.0089	97%	0.4
		Connectors	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.00055	30%	-
		Connectors	Light Liquid	551		0.00055	30%	0.9
			Heavy Liquid	- 331	-	0.00055	30%	-
			LL (SOCMI)		30	0.0005	30%	0.
		Pressure Relief Valves	Gas/Vapor	1		0.35	97%	0.0
		Pressure Relief Valves +	Gas/Vapor	-		0.35	97%	-
				-	-	1.399	85%	
		Compressor seals	Gas/Vapor Light Liquid	10	-	0.251	85%	1.6
		Pump seals	1 - '			0.046	0%	- 1.0
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.0439	85%	-
		Onen anded line -	LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0439	0%	
		Open-ended Lines	Gas/Vapor	-	-			
			Light Liquid	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0038	0%	-
		Sampling Connections	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.033	0%	-
			Light Liquid	-	-	0.033	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid	- 1	-	0.033	0%	-

Description: fugitive emissions are quantified by the number, type of component and service (gas/vapor, light liquid, heavy liquid). The EPA "Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates" (EPA-453/R-95-017, November 1995) and the TCEQ "Air Permit Technical Guidance for Chemical Sources - Fugitive Guidance" (TCEQ-APDG 6422v2, Emission Estimates" (EPA-453/R-95-017, November 1995) and the TCEQ "Air Permit Technical Guidance for Chemical Sources - Fugitive Guidance" (TCEQ-APDG 6422v2, Revised 06/18), establish specific emission factors based on these variables and for different industrial activities. The TCEQ guidance also provides control efficiencies credits that can be applied to account for the reduction of emissions with the implementation of different LDAR programs. The TCEQ emission factors for refineries (Table II) are used for the emission calculations for all component types except for components in MDEA amine, ammopure and ammonia service, for which the TCEQ SOCMI Average emission factors (Table I) are used. The TCEQ emission factors are identical to the 1995 EPA published emission factors. The emission estimates are based on the assumption that all piping components have the potential to emit at all times (8,760 hr/yr). Limetree LDAR program has a leak definition for refinery pumps of 2,000 ppm VOC and for refinery valves of 500 ppm VOC per Consent Decree ¶109. All equipment is monitored quaterly. This meets the requirements of the 28VHP LDAR program as established in the TCEQ guidance (Table III). Therefore, for monitored components, emissions calculations include a reduction credit based on the TCEQ proposed monitoring control efficiency for the 28 VHP LDAR Program (Table V). Equipment marked with "\text{" indicate that though it was previously not monitored equipment.}

Unit	Area	Equipment Type	Service	Monitored Components Count	Unmonitored Components Count	Emission Factor (lb/hr/equip)	Monitoring Control Efficiency (28 VHP)	Annual Potential to Emit (tpy)
MINE (3,4,5 & T-931)	Area 1 / Area 3	Valves	Gas/Vapor	666	-	0.059	97%	5.2
	·		Light Liquid	57	-	0.024	97%	0.3
			Heavy Liquid	_	_	0.0005	0%	-
			G/V (SOCMI)	_	103	0.0132	97%	6.0
			LL (SOCMI)	_	192	0.0089	97%	7.5
			HL (SOCMI)		660	0.0005	0%	1.4
		Connectors	Gas/Vapor	534	-	0.00055	30%	0.90
			Light Liquid	83	_	0.00055	30%	0.:
			Heavy Liquid	_	_	0.00055	30%	
			G/V (SOCMI)	_	309	0.0039	0%	5.
			LL (SOCMI)		576	0.0005	30%	1.3
			HL (SOCMI)		1,980	0.00007	30%	0.6
		Pressure Relief Valves	Gas/Vapor	15	-	0.35	97%	0.7
		Pressure Relief Valves +	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.35	97%	-
			G/V (SOCMI)	-	2	0.2293	97%	2.0
		Compressor seals	Gas/Vapor	-	-	1.399	85%	
		Pump seals	Light Liquid	3	-	0.251	85%	0.5
		Tump scals	Heavy Liquid		_	0.046	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	_	_	0.0439	85%	_
			HL (SOCMI)	_	5	0.019	0%	0.
		Open-ended Lines	Gas/Vapor	-		0.0051	0%	-
		open ended lines	Light Liquid		_	0.0051	0%	_
			Heavy Liquid		_	0.0051	0%	
			LL (SOCMI)			0.0031	0%	_
		Sampling Connections	Gas/Vapor			0.033	0%	-
		Sampling Connections	Light Liquid	- 1	_	0.033	0%	
			Heavy Liquid		_	0.033	0%	_
MEROX	FCC Complex	Valves	Gas/Vapor			0.059	97%	
iENOX	rcc complex	valves	Light Liquid	1,005	_	0.024	97%	3.
			Heavy Liquid	1,005	_	0.0005	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)			0.0089	97%	
			HL (SOCMI)	- 1	62	0.0005	0%	0.
		Connectors	Gas/Vapor	-		0.00055	30%	-
		Connectors	Light Liquid	1,366	_	0.00055	30%	2.:
			Heavy Liquid	1,300	-	0.00055	30%	2
			LL (SOCMI)	- 1	_	0.0005	30%	_
					196	0.00007	30%	0.:
		Pressure Relief Valves	HL (SOCMI) Gas/Vapor	10	186	0.35	97%	0.:
		Pressure Relief Valves +	Gas/Vapor	- 10	-	0.35	97%	-
				-	-	1.399	85%	
		Compressor seals  Pump seals	Gas/Vapor Light Liquid	- 4	-	0.251	85%	0.
		runip seais		4		0.046	0%	0.
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.0439	85%	-
		Open anded Lines	LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0439	0%	
		Open-ended Lines	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.0051	0%	
			Light Liquid	-		0.0051	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.0031	0%	-
		Consuling Consulti	LL (SOCMI)	-	-			
		Sampling Connections	Gas/Vapor			0.033 0.033	0% 0%	-
			Light Liquid	- 1	-		0%	-
			Heavy Liquid	- 1	-	0.033	U%	-

Description: fugitive emissions are quantified by the number, type of component and service (gas/vapor, light liquid, heavy liquid). The EPA "Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates" (EPA-453/R-95-017, November 1995) and the TCEQ "Air Permit Technical Guidance for Chemical Sources - Fugitive Guidance" (TCEQ-APDG 6422v2, Emission Estimates" (EPA-453/R-95-017, November 1995) and the TCEQ "Air Permit Technical Guidance for Chemical Sources - Fugitive Guidance" (TCEQ-APDG 6422v2, Revised 06/18), establish specific emission factors based on these variables and for different industrial activities. The TCEQ guidance also provides control efficiencies credits that can be applied to account for the reduction of emissions with the implementation of different LDAR programs. The TCEQ emission factors for refineries (Table II) are used for the emission calculations for all component types except for components in MDEA amine, ammopure and ammonia service, for which the TCEQ SOCMI Average emission factors (Table I) are used. The TCEQ emission factors are identical to the 1995 EPA published emission factors. The emission estimates are based on the assumption that all piping components have the potential to emit at all times (8,760 hr/yr). Limetree LDAR program has a leak definition for refinery pumps of 2,000 ppm VOC and for refinery valves of 500 ppm VOC per Consent Decree ¶109. All equipment is monitored quaterly. This meets the requirements of the 28VHP LDAR program as established in the TCEQ guidance (Table III). Therefore, for monitored components, emissions calculations include a reduction credit based on the TCEQ proposed monitoring control efficiency for the 28 VHP LDAR Program (Table V). Equipment marked with "\text{" indicate that though it was previously not monitored equipment.}

Unit	Area	Equipment Type	Service	Monitored Components Count	Unmonitored Components Count	Emission Factor (lb/hr/equip)	Monitoring Control Efficiency (28 VHP)	Annual Potential to Emit (tpy)
1&2 GRU/H2 CON	Area 2 / Area 3	Valves	Gas/Vapor	519	-	0.059	97%	4.0
			Light Liquid	246	-	0.024	97%	0.8
			Heavy Liquid	-	293	0.0005	0%	0.7
			LL (SOCMI)	-	58	0.0089	97%	2.3
			HL (SOCMI)	-	188	0.0005	0%	0.4
		Connectors	Gas/Vapor	38	1,075	0.00055	30%	2.65
			Light Liquid	307	-	0.00055	30%	0.5
			Heavy Liquid	-	879	0.00055	30%	2.3
			LL (SOCMI)	-	174	0.0005	30%	0.4
			HL (SOCMI)	-	564	0.00007	30%	0.3
		Pressure Relief Valves	Gas/Vapor	12	-	0.35	97%	0.6
		Pressure Relief Valves +	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.35	97%	-
		Compressor seals	Gas/Vapor	6	-	1.399	85%	5.5
		Pump seals	Light Liquid	6	-	0.251	85%	1.0
			Heavy Liquid	_	_	0.046	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	_	_	0.0439	85%	-
		Open-ended Lines	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
		- For	Light Liquid	_	_	0.0051	0%	_
			Heavy Liquid	_	_	0.0051	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	_	_	0.0038	0%	_
		Sampling Connections	Gas/Vapor	_		0.033	0%	
		Sumpling connections	Light Liquid	_	_	0.033	0%	_
			Heavy Liquid		_	0.033	0%	_
&2 LPG TREATER	Area 3	Valves	Gas/Vapor			0.059	97%	
QZ EI O INEATEN	Aled 5	vaives	Light Liquid		_	0.024	97%	
			Heavy Liquid	-		0.0005	0%	
				-		0.0089	97%	_
			LL (SOCMI)			0.0005	0%	0.2
		6	HL (SOCMI)		92	0.00055	30%	1.99
		Connectors	Gas/Vapor	-	826		30%	1.5
			Light Liquid	-	-	0.00055 0.00055	30%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.00055	30%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-			
			HL (SOCMI)	-	276	0.00007	30%	0.1
		Pressure Relief Valves	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.35	97%	-
		Pressure Relief Valves t	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.35	97%	-
		Compressor seals	Gas/Vapor	-	-	1.399	85%	-
		Pump seals	Light Liquid	-	-	0.251	85%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.046	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0439	85%	-
		Open-ended Lines	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			Light Liquid	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0038	0%	-
		Sampling Connections	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.033	0%	-
			Light Liquid	-	-	0.033	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.033	0%	-

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Unit	Area	Equipment Type	Service	Monitored Components Count	Unmonitored Components Count	Emission Factor (lb/hr/equip)	Monitoring Control Efficiency (28 VHP)	Annual Potential to Emit (tpy)
3 LPG FRAC	Area 3	Valves	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.059	97%	-
			Light Liquid	-	-	0.024	97%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.0005	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	36	0.0089	97%	1.4
		Connectors	Gas/Vapor	-	826	0.00055	30%	1.99
			Light Liquid	-	-	0.00055	30%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.00055	30%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	108	0.0005	30%	0.2
		Pressure Relief Valves	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.35	97%	-
		Pressure Relief Valves +	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.35	97%	-
		Compressor seals	Gas/Vapor	-	-	1.399	85%	-
		Pump seals	Light Liquid	-	-	0.251	85%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.046	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0439	85%	-
		Open-ended Lines	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			Light Liquid	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0038	0%	-
		Sampling Connections	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.033	0%	-
		' -	Light Liquid	-	-	0.033	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.033	0%	-
CC & GASCON	FCC Complex	Valves	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.059	97%	-
			Light Liquid	4,854	-	0.024	97%	15.3
			Heavy Liquid	-	1,587	0.0005	0%	3.5
			G/V (SOCMI)	_	9	0.0132	97%	0.5
			LL (SOCMI)	_	138	0.0089	97%	5.4
		Connectors	Gas/Vapor	2	-	0.00055	30%	0.00
			Light Liquid	7,230	1,923	0.00055	30%	16.8
			Heavy Liquid		4,761	0.00055	30%	11.5
			G/V (SOCMI)	_	27	0.0039	0%	0.9
			LL (SOCMI)	_	414	0.0005	30%	0.9
		Pressure Relief Valves	Gas/Vapor	52	-	0.35	97%	2.4
		Pressure Relief Valves t	Gas/Vapor	-	2	0.35	97%	0.09
		Compressor seals	Gas/Vapor	3	-	1.399	85%	2.8
		Pump seals	Light Liquid	50	-	0.251	85%	8.3
			Heavy Liquid	-	5	0.046	0%	1.0
			LL (SOCMI)	_	-	0.0439	85%	-
		Open-ended Lines	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
		,	Light Liquid		-	0.0051	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid		-	0.0051	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	_	-	0.0038	0%	-
		Sampling Connections	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.033	0%	-
			Light Liquid		_	0.033	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid		1	0.033	0%	0.:

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Unit	Area	Equipment Type	Service	Monitored Components Count	Unmonitored Components Count	Emission Factor (lb/hr/equip)	Monitoring Control Efficiency (28 VHP)	Annual Potential to Emit (tpy)
IMERSOL	FCC Complex	Valves	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.059	97%	-
			Light Liquid	2,396	-	0.024	97%	7.0
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.0005	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	35	0.0089	1.0	1.4
		Connectors	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.00055	30%	-
			Light Liquid	3,348	-	0.00055	30%	5.
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.00055	30%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	105	0.0005	30%	0.
		Pressure Relief Valves	Gas/Vapor	33	-	0.35	97%	1.
		Pressure Relief Valves +	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.35	97%	-
		Compressor seals	Gas/Vapor	-	-	1.399	85%	-
		Pump seals	Light Liquid	33	-	0.251	85%	5.
		·	Heavy Liquid	_	-	0.046	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	_	5	0.0439	85%	1.
		Open-ended Lines	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			Light Liquid	_	_	0.0051	0%	
			Heavy Liquid	_	_	0.0051	0%	
			LL (SOCMI)	_	_	0.0038	0%	
		Sampling Connections	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.033	0%	-
			Light Liquid	_	_	0.033	0%	
			Heavy Liquid	_	_	0.033	0%	-
AMINE & SHU	FCC Complex	Valves	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.059	97%	-
			Light Liquid	_	_	0.024	97%	-
			Heavy Liquid	_	_	0.0005	0%	-
			G/V (SOCMI)	_	30	0.0132	97%	1
			LL (SOCMI)	_	92	0.0089	97%	3
			HL (SOCMI)	_	583	0.0005	0%	1
		Connectors	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.00055	30%	-
			Light Liquid	_	_	0.00055	30%	-
			Heavy Liquid	_	_	0.00055	30%	
			G/V (SOCMI)	_	90	0.0039	0%	1
			LL (SOCMI)	_	276	0.0005	30%	0
			HL (SOCMI)	_	1,749	0.00007	30%	0
		Pressure Relief Valves	Gas/Vapor	_	-	0.35	97%	-
		Tressure Rener varies	G/V (SOCMI)	_	1	0.2293	97%	1
		Pressure Relief Valves t	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.35	97%	
		Compressor seals	Gas/Vapor		_	1.399	85%	
		Pump seals	Light Liquid	_	_	0.251	85%	-
		T dirip scals	Heavy Liquid	_	_	0.046	0%	
			LL (SOCMI)	_	_	0.0439	85%	
			HL (SOCMI)		2	0.019	0%	0
		Open-ended Lines	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
		open ended tines	Light Liquid		_	0.0051	0%	_
			Heavy Liquid		-	0.0051	0%	_
			LL (SOCMI)		-	0.0031	0%	
		Sampling Connections		-	-	0.033	0%	
		Sampling Connections	Gas/Vapor Light Liquid		-	0.033	0%	
	1	1	LIGHT LIQUID	- 1	-	0.033	U%	-

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Unit	Area	Equipment Type	Service	Monitored Components Count	Unmonitored Components Count	Emission Factor (lb/hr/equip)	Monitoring Control Efficiency (28 VHP)	Annual Potential to Emit (tpy)
ALKY & ACID PLANT	FCC Complex	Valves	Gas/Vapor	218	-	0.059	97%	1.7
			Light Liquid	4,154	-	0.024	97%	13.1
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.0005	0%	-
			G/V (SOCMI)	-	372	0.0132	97%	21.5
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0089	97%	-
		Connectors	Gas/Vapor	309	-	0.00055	30%	0.52
			Light Liquid	4,339	229	0.00055	30%	7.9
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.00055	30%	-
			G/V (SOCMI)	-	1,116	0.0039	0%	19.1
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0005	30%	-
		Pressure Relief Valves	Gas/Vapor	49	-	0.35	97%	2.3
		Pressure Relief Valves +	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.35	97%	-
		Compressor seals	Gas/Vapor	2	-	1.399	85%	1.8
		Pump seals	Light Liquid	37	-	0.251	85%	6.1
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.046	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0439	85%	-
		Open-ended Lines	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			Light Liquid	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0038	0%	-
		Sampling Connections	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.033	0%	-
			Light Liquid	-	-	0.033	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.033	0%	-
IGHT ENDS TREAT	FCC Complex	Valves	Gas/Vapor	678	-	0.059	97%	5.3
			Light Liquid	1,567	-	0.024	97%	4.9
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.0005	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0089	97%	-
		Connectors	Gas/Vapor	254	-	0.00055	30%	0.43
			Light Liquid	400	-	0.00055	30%	0.7
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.00055	30%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0005	30%	-
		Pressure Relief Valves	Gas/Vapor	19	-	0.35	97%	0.9
		Pressure Relief Valves +	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.35	97%	-
		Compressor seals	Gas/Vapor	-	-	1.399	85%	-
		Pump seals	Light Liquid	20	-	0.251	85%	3.3
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.046	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0439	85%	-
		Open-ended Lines	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			Light Liquid	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0038	0%	-
		Sampling Connections	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.033	0%	-
			Light Liquid	-	-	0.033	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid		_	0.033	0%	_

Description: fugitive emissions are quantified by the number, type of component and service (gas/vapor, light liquid, heavy liquid). The EPA "Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates" (EPA-453/R-95-017, November 1995) and the TCEQ "Air Permit Technical Guidance for Chemical Sources - Fugitive Guidance" (TCEQ-APDG 6422v2, Emission Estimates" (EPA-453/R-95-017, November 1995) and the TCEQ "Air Permit Technical Guidance for Chemical Sources - Fugitive Guidance" (TCEQ-APDG 6422v2, Revised 06/18), establish specific emission factors based on these variables and for different industrial activities. The TCEQ guidance also provides control efficiencies credits that can be applied to account for the reduction of emissions with the implementation of different LDAR programs. The TCEQ emission factors for refineries (Table II) are used for the emission calculations for all component types except for components in MDEA amine, ammopure and ammonia service, for which the TCEQ SOCMI Average emission factors (Table I) are used. The TCEQ emission factors are identical to the 1995 EPA published emission factors. The emission estimates are based on the assumption that all piping components have the potential to emit at all times (8,760 hr/yr). Limetree LDAR program has a leak definition for refinery pumps of 2,000 ppm VOC and for refinery valves of 500 ppm VOC per Consent Decree ¶109. All equipment is monitored quaterly. This meets the requirements of the 28VHP LDAR program as established in the TCEQ guidance (Table III). Therefore, for monitored components, emissions calculations include a reduction credit based on the TCEQ proposed monitoring control efficiency for the 28 VHP LDAR Program (Table V). Equipment marked with "\text{\text{"} indicate that though it was previously not monitored it is required under current regulation to be monitored, and therefore, for PTE calculations it is captured as monitored equipment.

Unit	Area	Equipment Type	Service	Monitored Components Count	Unmonitored Components Count	Emission Factor (lb/hr/equip)	Monitoring Control Efficiency (28 VHP)	Annual Potential to Emit (tpy)
ИТВЕ	FCC Complex	Valves	Gas/Vapor	157	-	0.059	97%	1.2
			Light Liquid	1,130	-	0.024	97%	3.6
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.0005	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0089	97%	-
		Connectors	Gas/Vapor	327	-	0.00055	30%	0.5
			Light Liquid	2,195	-	0.00055	30%	3.7
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.00055	30%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0005	30%	-
		Pressure Relief Valves	Gas/Vapor	19	-	0.35	97%	0.9
		Pressure Relief Valves t	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.35	97%	-
		Compressor seals	Gas/Vapor	-	-	1.399	85%	-
		Pump seals	Light Liquid	14	-	0.251	85%	2.3
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.046	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0439	85%	-
		Open-ended Lines	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			Light Liquid	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0038	0%	-
		Sampling Connections	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.033	0%	-
			Light Liquid	-	-	0.033	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.033	0%	-
AME	FCC Complex	Valves	Gas/Vapor	221	-	0.059	97%	1.7
			Light Liquid	1,491	-	0.024	97%	4.7
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.0005	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0089	97%	-
		Connectors	Gas/Vapor	329	-	0.00055	30%	0.55
			Light Liquid	1,930	-	0.00055	30%	3.3
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.00055	30%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0005	30%	-
		Pressure Relief Valves	Gas/Vapor	24	-	0.35	97%	1.3
		Pressure Relief Valves +	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.35	97%	-
		Compressor seals	Gas/Vapor	-	-	1.399	85%	-
		Pump seals	Light Liquid	24	-	0.251	85%	4.0
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.046	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0439	85%	-
		Open-ended Lines	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			Light Liquid	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid		-	0.0051	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0038	0%	-
						0.033		
	Sampling Connections	Gas/Vapor	- 1	-	0.033	0%	-	
		Sampling Connections	Gas/Vapor Light Liquid	-		0.033	0%	-

Description: fugitive emissions are quantified by the number, type of component and service (gas/vapor, light liquid, heavy liquid). The EPA "Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates" (EPA-453/R-95-017, November 1995) and the TCEQ "Air Permit Technical Guidance for Chemical Sources - Fugitive Guidance" (TCEQ-APDG 6422v2, Emission Estimates" (EPA-453/R-95-017, November 1995) and the TCEQ "Air Permit Technical Guidance for Chemical Sources - Fugitive Guidance" (TCEQ-APDG 6422v2, Revised 06/18), establish specific emission factors based on these variables and for different industrial activities. The TCEQ guidance also provides control efficiencies credits that can be applied to account for the reduction of emissions with the implementation of different LDAR programs. The TCEQ emission factors for refineries (Table II) are used for the emission calculations for all component types except for components in MDEA amine, ammopure and ammonia service, for which the TCEQ SOCMI Average emission factors (Table I) are used. The TCEQ emission factors are identical to the 1995 EPA published emission factors. The emission estimates are based on the assumption that all piping components have the potential to emit at all times (8,760 hr/yr). Limetree LDAR program has a leak definition for refinery pumps of 2,000 ppm VOC and for refinery valves of 500 ppm VOC per Consent Decree ¶109. All equipment is monitored quaterly. This meets the requirements of the 28VHP LDAR program as established in the TCEQ guidance (Table III). Therefore, for monitored components, emissions calculations include a reduction credit based on the TCEQ proposed monitoring control efficiency for the 28 VHP LDAR Program (Table V). Equipment marked with "\text{\text{"} indicate that though it was previously not monitored equipment.}

Unit	Area	Equipment Type	Service	Monitored Components Count	Unmonitored Components Count	Emission Factor (lb/hr/equip)	Monitoring Control Efficiency (28 VHP)	Annual Potential to Emit (tpy)
SELECTIVE HYDRO	FCC Complex	Valves	Gas/Vapor	278	-	0.059	97%	2.2
			Light Liquid	1,353	-	0.024	97%	4.3
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.0005	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0089	97%	-
		Connectors	Gas/Vapor	516	-	0.00055	30%	0.87
			Light Liquid	1,720	-	0.00055	30%	2.9
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.00055	30%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0005	30%	-
		Pressure Relief Valves	Gas/Vapor	25	-	0.35	97%	1.1
		Pressure Relief Valves t	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.35	97%	-
		Compressor seals	Gas/Vapor	-	-	1.399	85%	-
		Pump seals	Light Liquid	15	-	0.251	85%	2.5
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.046	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0439	85%	-
		Open-ended Lines G	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			Light Liquid	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0038	0%	-
		Sampling Connections	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.033	0%	-
			Light Liquid	-	-	0.033	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.033	0%	-
BEAVON / 1&2 SRU	West Sulfur Complex	Valves	Gas/Vapor	310	-	0.059	97%	2.4
			Light Liquid	-	-	0.024	97%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.0005	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0089	97%	-
		Connectors	Gas/Vapor	286	-	0.00055	30%	0.48
			Light Liquid	-	-	0.00055	30%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.00055	30%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0005	30%	-
		Pressure Relief Valves	Gas/Vapor	3	-	0.35	97%	0.1
		Pressure Relief Valves +	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.35	97%	
		Compressor seals	Gas/Vapor	-	-	1.399	85%	-
		Pump seals	Light Liquid	-	-	0.251	85%	-
			Heavy Liquid	_	-	0.046	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0439	85%	-
		Open-ended Lines	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			Light Liquid	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0038	0%	-
		Sampling Connections	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.033	0%	-
		, ,	Light Liquid		-	0.033	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid		_	0.033	0%	

Description: fugitive emissions are quantified by the number, type of component and service (gas/vapor, light liquid, heavy liquid). The EPA "Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates" (EPA-453/R-95-017, November 1995) and the TCEQ "Air Permit Technical Guidance for Chemical Sources - Fugitive Guidance" (TCEQ-APDG 6422v2, Emission Estimates" (EPA-453/R-95-017, November 1995) and the TCEQ "Air Permit Technical Guidance for Chemical Sources - Fugitive Guidance" (TCEQ-APDG 6422v2, Revised 06/18), establish specific emission factors based on these variables and for different industrial activities. The TCEQ guidance also provides control efficiencies credits that can be applied to account for the reduction of emissions with the implementation of different LDAR programs. The TCEQ emission factors for refineries (Table II) are used for the emission calculations for all component types except for components in MDEA amine, ammopure and ammonia service, for which the TCEQ SOCMI Average emission factors (Table I) are used. The TCEQ emission factors are identical to the 1995 EPA published emission factors. The emission estimates are based on the assumption that all piping components have the potential to emit at all times (8,760 hr/yr). Limetree LDAR program has a leak definition for refinery pumps of 2,000 ppm VOC and for refinery valves of 500 ppm VOC per Consent Decree ¶109. All equipment is monitored quaterly. This meets the requirements of the 28VHP LDAR program as established in the TCEQ guidance (Table III). Therefore, for monitored components, emissions calculations include a reduction credit based on the TCEQ proposed monitoring control efficiency for the 28 VHP LDAR Program (Table V). Equipment marked with "\text{" indicate that though it was previously not monitored equipment.}

2 BEAVON / 3&4 SRU  East Sulfur Complex  Valves  Gas/Vapor Light Liquid 0.0024 Heavy Liquid 0.0005 LL (SOCMI) 0.0005 Light Liquid 0.0005 LL (SOCMI) 0.0005 Light Liquid 0.0005 Light Liquid 0.0005 Light Liquid 0.0005 Light Liquid 0.0005 LIGH Liquid 0.0005 LL (SOCMI) 0.0005 Pressure Relief Valves Gas/Vapor 2 - 0.35 Pressure Relief Valves + Gas/Vapor 0.35 Compressor seals Gas/Vapor 0.35 Compressor seals Light Liquid 0.005 Heavy Liquid 0.251 Heavy Liquid 0.0439 Open-ended Lines Gas/Vapor 0.0439 LI (SOCMI) 0.0439 LI (SOCMI) 0.0051 Heavy Liquid 0.0051 Heavy Liquid 0.0051 Heavy Liquid 0.0051 Heavy Liquid 0.0051 Heavy Liquid 0.0051 Heavy Liquid 0.0051 Heavy Liquid 0.0051 LL (SOCMI) 0.0051 Heavy Liquid 0.0051 LL (SOCMI) 0.0051 LL (SOCMI) 0.0051	97% 97% 0% 97%	2.6
Heavy Liquid   -   -   0.0005     LL (SOCMI)   -   -   0.0089     Connectors   Gas/Vapor   104   -   0.00055     Light Liquid   -   -   0.00055     Heavy Liquid   -   -   0.00055     Heavy Liquid   -   -   0.00055     LL (SOCMI)   -   -   0.0005     Pressure Relief Valves   Gas/Vapor   2   -   0.35     Pressure Relief Valves   Gas/Vapor   -   -   0.35     Compressor seals   Gas/Vapor   -   -   0.35     Compressor seals   Light Liquid   -   -   0.251     Heavy Liquid   -   -   0.048     LL (SOCMI)   -   -   0.0439     Open-ended Lines   Gas/Vapor   -   -   0.0051     Light Liquid   -   -   0.0051     Light Liquid   -   -   0.0051     Leavy Liquid   -   -   0.0051     Light Liquid   -   -   0.0051     Leavy Liquid   -   -   0.0051     LL (SOCMI)   -   0.00	0%	
LL (SOCMI)   -   -   0.0089		-
Connectors  Gas/Vapor Light Liquid 0.00055 Heavy Liquid 0.00055 LL (SOCMI) 0.0005 Pressure Relief Valves Gas/Vapor 2 - 0.35 Pressure Relief Valves 1 Gas/Vapor 0.35 Compressor seals Gas/Vapor 1.399 Pump seals Light Liquid 1.299 Pump seals Light Liquid 0.0439 LL (SOCMI) 0.00439 Open-ended Lines Gas/Vapor 0.0051 Light Liquid 0.0051 Light Liquid 0.0051 Light Liquid 0.0051 Light Liquid 0.0051 Light Liquid 0.0051 Light Liquid 0.0051 Light Liquid 0.0051 Light Liquid 0.0051 Light Liquid 0.0051 Light Liquid 0.0051 Light Liquid 0.0051 Light Liquid 0.0051	97%	-
Light Liquid 0.00055 Heavy Liquid 0.00055 LL (SOCMI) 0.0005  Pressure Relief Valves Gas/Vapor 2 - 0.35  Pressure Relief Valves Gas/Vapor 0.35  Compressor seals Gas/Vapor 1.399  Pump seals Light Liquid 0.251 Heavy Liquid 0.0439  Open-ended Lines Gas/Vapor 0.0051 Light Liquid 0.0051 Heavy Liquid 0.0051 Light Liquid 0.0051 Heavy Liquid 0.0051 Light Liquid 0.0051 Light Liquid 0.0051 Light Liquid 0.0051 Light Liquid 0.0051 Light Liquid 0.0051	3,70	-
Heavy Liquid   -   -   0.00055     LL (SOCMI)   -   -   0.0005     Pressure Relief Valves   Gas/Vapor   2   -   0.35     Pressure Relief Valves   Gas/Vapor   -   -   0.35     Compressor seals   Gas/Vapor   -   -   1.399     Pump seals   Light Liquid   -   -   0.045     Heavy Liquid   -   -   0.0439     Open-ended Lines   Gas/Vapor   -   -   0.0051     Light Liquid   -   -   0.0051     LL (SOCMI)   -   -   0.0038	30%	0.18
LL (SOCMI)	30%	-
Pressure Relief Valves         Gas/Vapor         2         -         0.35           Pressure Relief Valves †         Gas/Vapor         -         -         0.35           Compressor seals         Gas/Vapor         -         -         1.399           Pump seals         Light Liquid         -         -         0.251           Heavy Liquid         -         -         0.046           LL (SOCMI)         -         -         0.0439           Open-ended Lines         Gas/Vapor         -         -         0.0051           Light Liquid         -         -         0.0051           Heavy Liquid         -         -         0.0051           LL (SOCMI)         -         -         0.0038	30%	-
Pressure Relief Valves 1 Gas/Vapor 0.35  Compressor seals Gas/Vapor 1.399  Pump seals Light Liquid 0.0251  Heavy Liquid 0.046  LL (SOCMI) 0.0439  Open-ended Lines Gas/Vapor 0.0051  Light Liquid 0.0051  Heavy Liquid 0.0051  Light Liquid 0.0051  Light Liquid 0.0051  LL (SOCMI) 0.0038	30%	-
Pressure Relief Valves †         Gas/Vapor         -         -         0.35           Compressor seals         Gas/Vapor         -         -         1.399           Pump seals         Light Liquid         -         -         0.251           Heavy Liquid         -         -         0.046           LL (SOCMI)         -         -         0.0439           Open-ended Lines         Gas/Vapor         -         -         0.0051           Light Liquid         -         -         0.0051           Heavy Liquid         -         -         0.0051           LL (SOCMI)         -         -         0.0038	97%	0.1
Compressor seals         Gas/Vapor         -         -         1.399           Pump seals         Light Liquid         -         -         0.251           Heavy Liquid         -         -         0.046           LL (SOCMI)         -         -         0.0439           Open-ended Lines         Gas/Vapor         -         -         0.0051           Light Liquid         -         -         0.0051           Heavy Liquid         -         -         0.0051           LL (SOCMI)         -         -         0.0038	97%	-
Pump seals Light Liquid 0.251 Heavy Liquid 0.046 LL (SOCMI) 0.0439  Open-ended Lines Gas/Vapor 0.0051 Light Liquid 0.0051 Heavy Liquid 0.0051 LL (SOCMI) - 0.0051 LL (SOCMI) 0.0038	85%	-
Heavy Liquid   -   -   0.046     LL (SOCMI)   -   -   0.0439     Open-ended Lines   Gas/Vapor   -   -   0.0051     Light Liquid   -   -   0.0051     Heavy Liquid   -   -   0.0051     LL (SOCMI)   -   -   0.0038	85%	-
LL (SOCMI) 0.0439	0%	
Open-ended Lines         Gas/Vapor         -         -         0.0051           Light Liquid         -         -         0.0051           Heavy Liquid         -         -         0.0051           LL (SOCMI)         -         -         0.0038	85%	
Light Liquid     -     -     0.0051       Heavy Liquid     -     -     0.0051       LL (SOCMI)     -     -     0.0038	0%	-
Heavy Liquid	0%	
LL (SOCMI) 0.0038	0%	
	0%	-
Sampling Connections Gas/Vapor 0.033	0%	-
Light Liquid 0.033	0%	-
Heavy Liquid 0.033	0%	
RU East & West Sulfur Complex Valves Gas/Vapor 0.059	97%	-
Light Liquid 0.024	97%	-
Heavy Liquid 0.0005	0%	-
G/V (SOCMI) - 362 0.0132	97%	20.9
LL (SOCMI) - 87 0.0089	97%	3.4
Connectors Gas/Vapor 0.00055	30%	-
Light Liquid 0.00055	30%	-
	30%	-
G/V(SOCMI) - 1,086 0.0039	0%	18.6
LL (SOCMI) - 261 0.0005	30%	0.6
Pressure Relief Valves Gas/Vapor 0.35	97%	-
Pressure Relief Valves t Gas/Vapor 0.35	97%	-
Compressor seals Gas/Vapor 1.399	85%	-
Pump seals Light Liquid 0.251	85%	-
Heavy Liquid 0.046	0%	
LL (SOCMI) 0.0439	85%	-
Open-ended Lines Gas/Vapor 0.0051	0%	-
Light Liquid 0.0051	0%	
Heavy Liquid 0.0051	0%	-
LL (SOCMI) - 0.0038	0%	
Sampling Connections Gas/Vapor 0.033		-
Light Liquid 0.033	0%	
Heavy Liquid 0.033	0% 0%	_

Description: fugitive emissions are quantified by the number, type of component and service (gas/vapor, light liquid, heavy liquid). The EPA "Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates" (EPA-453/R-95-017, November 1995) and the TCEQ "Air Permit Technical Guidance for Chemical Sources - Fugitive Guidance" (TCEQ-APDG 6422v2, Emission Estimates" (EPA-453/R-95-017, November 1995) and the TCEQ "Air Permit Technical Guidance for Chemical Sources - Fugitive Guidance" (TCEQ-APDG 6422v2, Revised 06/18), establish specific emission factors based on these variables and for different industrial activities. The TCEQ guidance also provides control efficiencies credits that can be applied to account for the reduction of emissions with the implementation of different LDAR programs. The TCEQ emission factors for refineries (Table II) are used for the emission calculations for all component types except for components in MDEA amine, ammopure and ammonia service, for which the TCEQ SOCMI Average emission factors (Table I) are used. The TCEQ emission factors are identical to the 1995 EPA published emission factors. The emission estimates are based on the assumption that all piping components have the potential to emit at all times (8,760 hr/yr). Limetree LDAR program has a leak definition for refinery pumps of 2,000 ppm VOC and for refinery valves of 500 ppm VOC per Consent Decree ¶109. All equipment is monitored quaterly. This meets the requirements of the 28VHP LDAR program as established in the TCEQ guidance (Table III). Therefore, for monitored components, emissions calculations include a reduction credit based on the TCEQ proposed monitoring control efficiency for the 28 VHP LDAR Program (Table V). Equipment marked with "\text{\text{"} indicate that though it was previously not monitored equipment.}

Unit	Area	Equipment Type	Service	Monitored Components Count	Unmonitored Components Count	Emission Factor (lb/hr/equip)	Monitoring Control Efficiency (28 VHP)	Annual Potential to Emit (tpy)
3 SWS	East Sulfur Complex	Valves	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.059	97%	-
			Light Liquid	-	-	0.024	97%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.0005	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	199	0.0089	97%	7.8
		Connectors	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.00055	30%	-
			Light Liquid	-	-	0.00055	30%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.00055	30%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	597	0.0005	30%	1.3
		Pressure Relief Valves	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.35	97%	-
		Pressure Relief Valves +	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.35	97%	-
		Compressor seals	Gas/Vapor	-	-	1.399	85%	-
		Pump seals	Light Liquid	-	-	0.251	85%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.046	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	3	0.0439	85%	0.5
		Open-ended Lines	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			Light Liquid	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	_	-	0.0038	0%	-
		Sampling Connections	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.033	0%	-
			Light Liquid	-	-	0.033	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.033	0%	-
SWS	East Sulfur Complex	Valves	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.059	97%	-
			Light Liquid	-	-	0.024	97%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.0005	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	_	199	0.0089	97%	7.
		Connectors	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.00055	30%	-
			Light Liquid	-	-	0.00055	30%	-
			Heavy Liquid	_	-	0.00055	30%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	_	597	0.0005	30%	1.3
		Pressure Relief Valves	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.35	97%	-
		Pressure Relief Valves +	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.35	97%	-
		Compressor seals	Gas/Vapor	-	-	1.399	85%	-
		Pump seals	Light Liquid	-	-	0.251	85%	-
			Heavy Liquid	_	_	0.046	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	_	_	0.0439	85%	-
		Open-ended Lines	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			Light Liquid	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid	_	_	0.0051	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	_	_	0.0038	0%	-
		Sampling Connections	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.033	0%	-
			Light Liquid	_	_	0.033	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid		_	0.033	0%	

Description: fugitive emissions are quantified by the number, type of component and service (gas/vapor, light liquid, heavy liquid). The EPA "Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates" (EPA-453/R-95-017, November 1995) and the TCEQ "Air Permit Technical Guidance for Chemical Sources - Fugitive Guidance" (TCEQ-APDG 6422v2, Emission Estimates" (EPA-453/R-95-017, November 1995) and the TCEQ "Air Permit Technical Guidance for Chemical Sources - Fugitive Guidance" (TCEQ-APDG 6422v2, Revised 06/18), establish specific emission factors based on these variables and for different industrial activities. The TCEQ guidance also provides control efficiencies credits that can be applied to account for the reduction of emissions with the implementation of different LDAR programs. The TCEQ emission factors for refineries (Table II) are used for the emission calculations for all component types except for components in MDEA amine, ammopure and ammonia service, for which the TCEQ SOCMI Average emission factors (Table I) are used. The TCEQ emission factors are identical to the 1995 EPA published emission factors. The emission estimates are based on the assumption that all piping components have the potential to emit at all times (8,760 hr/yr). Limetree LDAR program has a leak definition for refinery pumps of 2,000 ppm VOC and for refinery valves of 500 ppm VOC per Consent Decree ¶109. All equipment is monitored quaterly. This meets the requirements of the 28VHP LDAR program as established in the TCEQ guidance (Table III). Therefore, for monitored components, emissions calculations include a reduction credit based on the TCEQ proposed monitoring control efficiency for the 28 VHP LDAR Program (Table V). Equipment marked with "\text{" indicate that though it was previously not monitored equipment.}

Unit	Area	Equipment Type	Service	Monitored Components Count	Unmonitored Components Count	Emission Factor (lb/hr/equip)	Monitoring Control Efficiency (28 VHP)	Annual Potential to Emit (tpy)
sws	East Sulfur Complex	Valves	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.059	97%	-
			Light Liquid	-	-	0.024	97%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.0005	0%	-
			G/V (SOCMI)	-	46	0.0132	97%	2.
			LL (SOCMI)	-	271	0.0089	97%	10.
		Connectors	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.00055	30%	-
			Light Liquid	-	-	0.00055	30%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.00055	30%	-
			G/V (SOCMI)	-	138	0.0039	0%	2
			LL (SOCMI)	-	813	0.0005	30%	1
		Pressure Relief Valves	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.35	97%	-
		Pressure Relief Valves t	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.35	97%	-
		Compressor seals	Gas/Vapor	-	-	1.399	85%	-
		Pump seals	Light Liquid	-	-	0.251	85%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.046	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	3	0.0439	85%	0
		Open-ended Lines	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			Light Liquid	_	-	0.0051	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid	_	-	0.0051	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0038	0%	-
		Sampling Connections	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.033	0%	-
			Light Liquid	_	_	0.033	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid	_	_	0.033	0%	-
SWS	West Sulfur Complex	Valves	Gas/Vapor	48	-	0.059	97%	0
	·		Light Liquid	28	_	0.024	97%	(
			Heavy Liquid	_	_	0.0005	0%	-
			G/V (SOCMI)	_	46	0.0132	97%	2
			LL (SOCMI)	_	271	0.0089	97%	10
		Connectors	Gas/Vapor	85	-	0.00055	30%	0.
		Commediations	Light Liquid	52	_	0.00055	30%	C
			Heavy Liquid		_	0.00055	30%	_
			G/V (SOCMI)	_	138	0.0039	0%	2
			LL (SOCMI)	_	813	0.0005	30%	1
		Pressure Relief Valves	Gas/Vapor	2		0.35	97%	
		Pressure Relief Valves +	Gas/Vapor	-	_	0.35	97%	
		Compressor seals	Gas/Vapor	-		1.399	85%	
		Pump seals	Light Liquid	2		0.251	85%	0
		r unip seals	Heavy Liquid	2	-	0.046	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)		3	0.0439	85%	C
		Open-ended Lines	Gas/Vapor	-	- 3	0.0051	0%	-
		open-ended Lines	Light Liquid	-	-	0.0051	0%	
			1 - '	-	-	0.0051	0%	
			Heavy Liquid	-		0.0031	0%	-
		Complian Company:	LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0038	0%	
		Sampling Connections	Gas/Vapor	-	-			
			Light Liquid		-	0.033	0%	-

Description: fugitive emissions are quantified by the number, type of component and service (gas/vapor, light liquid, heavy liquid). The EPA "Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates" (EPA-453/R-95-017, November 1995) and the TCEQ "Air Permit Technical Guidance for Chemical Sources - Fugitive Guidance" (TCEQ-APDG 6422v2, Emission Estimates" (EPA-453/R-95-017, November 1995) and the TCEQ "Air Permit Technical Guidance for Chemical Sources - Fugitive Guidance" (TCEQ-APDG 6422v2, Revised 06/18), establish specific emission factors based on these variables and for different industrial activities. The TCEQ guidance also provides control efficiencies credits that can be applied to account for the reduction of emissions with the implementation of different LDAR programs. The TCEQ emission factors for refineries (Table II) are used for the emission calculations for all component types except for components in MDEA amine, ammopure and ammonia service, for which the TCEQ SOCMI Average emission factors (Table I) are used. The TCEQ emission factors are identical to the 1995 EPA published emission factors. The emission estimates are based on the assumption that all piping components have the potential to emit at all times (8,760 hr/yr). Limetree LDAR program has a leak definition for refinery pumps of 2,000 ppm VOC and for refinery valves of 500 ppm VOC per Consent Decree ¶109. All equipment is monitored quaterly. This meets the requirements of the 28VHP LDAR program as established in the TCEQ guidance (Table III). Therefore, for monitored components, emissions calculations include a reduction credit based on the TCEQ proposed monitoring control efficiency for the 28 VHP LDAR Program (Table V). Equipment marked with "\text{\text{"} indicate that though it was previously not monitored equipment.}

Unit	Area	Equipment Type	Service	Monitored Components Count	Unmonitored Components Count	Emission Factor (lb/hr/equip)	Monitoring Control Efficiency (28 VHP)	Annual Potential to Emit (tpy)
DELAYED COKER	Coker Complex	Valves	Gas/Vapor	1,034	-	0.059	97%	8.0
			Light Liquid	4,491	-	0.024	97%	14.2
			Heavy Liquid	-	1,785	0.0005	0%	4.0
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0089	97%	-
			HL (SOCMI)	-	263	0.0005	0%	0.6
		Connectors	Gas/Vapor	1,742	-	0.00055	30%	2.94
			Light Liquid	7,642	-	0.00055	30%	12.9
			Heavy Liquid	-	5,354	0.00055	30%	12.9
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0005	30%	-
			HL (SOCMI)	-	789	0.00007	30%	0.2
		Pressure Relief Valves	Gas/Vapor	47	-	0.35	97%	2.2
		Pressure Relief Valves +	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.35	97%	-
		Compressor seals	Gas/Vapor	1	-	1.399	85%	0.9
		Pump seals	Light Liquid	30	-	0.251	85%	4.9
			Heavy Liquid	-	19	0.046	0%	3.8
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0439	85%	-
		Open-ended Lines	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			Light Liquid	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0038	0%	-
		Sampling Connections	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.033	0%	-
			Light Liquid	-	-	0.033	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	1	0.033	0%	0.1
OILERS: E&W	Utility II & III	Valves	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.059	97%	-
			Light Liquid	-	-	0.024	97%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	120	0.0005	0%	0.3
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0089	97%	-
		Connectors	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.00055	30%	-
			Light Liquid	-	-	0.00055	30%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	360	0.00055	30%	0.9
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0005	30%	-
		Pressure Relief Valves	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.35	97%	-
		Pressure Relief Valves t	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.35	97%	-
		Compressor seals	Gas/Vapor	-	-	1.399	85%	-
		Pump seals	Light Liquid	-	-	0.251	85%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	5	0.046	0%	1.0
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0439	85%	-
		Open-ended Lines	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			Light Liquid	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0038	0%	-
		Sampling Connections	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.033	0%	-
			Light Liquid	-	-	0.033	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid		2	0.033	0%	0.4

Description: fugitive emissions are quantified by the number, type of component and service (gas/vapor, light liquid, heavy liquid). The EPA "Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates" (EPA-453/R-95-017, November 1995) and the TCEQ "Air Permit Technical Guidance for Chemical Sources - Fugitive Guidance" (TCEQ-APDG 6422v2, Emission Estimates" (EPA-453/R-95-017, November 1995) and the TCEQ "Air Permit Technical Guidance for Chemical Sources - Fugitive Guidance" (TCEQ-APDG 6422v2, Revised 06/18), establish specific emission factors based on these variables and for different industrial activities. The TCEQ guidance also provides control efficiencies credits that can be applied to account for the reduction of emissions with the implementation of different LDAR programs. The TCEQ emission factors for refineries (Table II) are used for the emission calculations for all component types except for components in MDEA amine, ammopure and ammonia service, for which the TCEQ SOCMI Average emission factors (Table I) are used. The TCEQ emission factors are identical to the 1995 EPA published emission factors. The emission estimates are based on the assumption that all piping components have the potential to emit at all times (8,760 hr/yr). Limetree LDAR program has a leak definition for refinery pumps of 2,000 ppm VOC and for refinery valves of 500 ppm VOC per Consent Decree ¶109. All equipment is monitored quaterly. This meets the requirements of the 28VHP LDAR program as established in the TCEQ guidance (Table III). Therefore, for monitored components, emissions calculations include a reduction credit based on the TCEQ proposed monitoring control efficiency for the 28 VHP LDAR Program (Table V). Equipment marked with "\text{\text{"} indicate that though it was previously not monitored equipment.}

Unit	Area	Equipment Type	Service	Monitored Components Count	Unmonitored Components Count	Emission Factor (lb/hr/equip)	Monitoring Control Efficiency (28 VHP)	Annual Potential to Emit (tpy)
JTILITIES & GT 1-9	No. 1 & No. 2 POWERHOUSE	Valves	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.059	97%	-
			Light Liquid	-	-	0.024	97%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	211	0.0005	0%	0.5
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0089	97%	-
		Connectors	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.00055	30%	
			Light Liquid	-	-	0.00055	30%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	633	0.00055	30%	1.5
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0005	30%	-
		Pressure Relief Valves	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.35	97%	-
		Pressure Relief Valves +	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.35	97%	-
		Compressor seals	Gas/Vapor	-	-	1.399	85%	-
		Pump seals	Light Liquid	-	-	0.251	85%	-
			Heavy Liquid	_	4	0.046	0%	0.8
			LL (SOCMI)	_	-	0.0439	85%	-
		Open-ended Lines	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			Light Liquid	_	-	0.0051	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid	_	-	0.0051	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	_	-	0.0038	0%	-
		Sampling Connections	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.033	0%	-
			Light Liquid	_	-	0.033	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid	_	2	0.033	0%	0.3
Itility II & No. 1 Powerhouse	Utility II & No. 1 Powerhouse	Valves	Gas/Vapor	368	-	0.059	97%	2.9
	,		Light Liquid	2	-	0.024	97%	0.0
			Heavy Liquid	_	-	0.0005	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	_	_	0.0089	97%	-
		Connectors	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.00055	30%	-
			Light Liquid	_	-	0.00055	30%	
			Heavy Liquid	_	_	0.00055	30%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	_	_	0.0005	30%	-
		Pressure Relief Valves	Gas/Vapor	5	-	0.35	97%	0.2
		Pressure Relief Valves t	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.35	97%	-
		Compressor seals	Gas/Vapor	-	-	1.399	85%	-
		Pump seals	Light Liquid	-	-	0.251	85%	-
			Heavy Liquid	_	_	0.046	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	_	_	0.0439	85%	-
		Open-ended Lines	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			Light Liquid	_	_	0.0051	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid	_	_	0.0051	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)		_	0.0038	0%	_
		Sampling Connections	Gas/Vapor			0.033	0%	-
		Sampling connections	Light Liquid		_	0.033	0%	
	1		Librit Liquiu	1	_	000	0,0	

Description: fugitive emissions are quantified by the number, type of component and service (gas/vapor, light liquid, heavy liquid). The EPA "Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates" (EPA-453/R-95-017, November 1995) and the TCEQ "Air Permit Technical Guidance for Chemical Sources - Fugitive Guidance" (TCEQ-APDG 6422v2, Emission Estimates" (EPA-453/R-95-017, November 1995) and the TCEQ "Air Permit Technical Guidance for Chemical Sources - Fugitive Guidance" (TCEQ-APDG 6422v2, Revised 06/18), establish specific emission factors based on these variables and for different industrial activities. The TCEQ guidance also provides control efficiencies credits that can be applied to account for the reduction of emissions with the implementation of different LDAR programs. The TCEQ emission factors for refineries (Table II) are used for the emission calculations for all component types except for components in MDEA amine, ammopure and ammonia service, for which the TCEQ SOCMI Average emission factors (Table I) are used. The TCEQ emission factors are identical to the 1995 EPA published emission factors. The emission estimates are based on the assumption that all piping components have the potential to emit at all times (8,760 hr/yr). Limetree LDAR program has a leak definition for refinery pumps of 2,000 ppm VOC and for refinery valves of 500 ppm VOC per Consent Decree ¶109. All equipment is monitored quaterly. This meets the requirements of the 28VHP LDAR program as established in the TCEQ guidance (Table III). Therefore, for monitored components, emissions calculations include a reduction credit based on the TCEQ proposed monitoring control efficiency for the 28 VHP LDAR Program (Table V). Equipment marked with "\text{\text{"} indicate that though it was previously not monitored equipment.}

Unit	Area	Equipment Type	Service	Monitored Components Count	Unmonitored Components Count	Emission Factor (lb/hr/equip)	Monitoring Control Efficiency (28 VHP)	Annual Potential to Emit (tpy)
Utility III & No. 2 Powerhouse	Utility III & No. 2 Powerhouse	Valves	Gas/Vapor	900	-	0.059	97%	7.0
			Light Liquid	169	-	0.024	97%	0.5
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.0005	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0089	97%	-
		Connectors	Gas/Vapor	390	-	0.00055	30%	0.66
			Light Liquid	44	-	0.00055	30%	0.1
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.00055	30%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0005	30%	-
		Pressure Relief Valves	Gas/Vapor	13	-	0.35	97%	0.6
		Pressure Relief Valves +	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.35	97%	-
		Compressor seals	Gas/Vapor	-	-	1.399	85%	-
		Pump seals	Light Liquid	-	-	0.251	85%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.046	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0439	85%	-
		Open-ended Lines	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			Light Liquid	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0038	0%	-
		Sampling Connections	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.033	0%	-
			Light Liquid	-	-	0.033	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.033	0%	-
AST FUEL GAS SYSTEM	-	Valves	Gas/Vapor	626	-	0.059	97%	4.9
			Light Liquid	98	-	0.024	97%	0.3
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.0005	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0089	97%	-
		Connectors	Gas/Vapor	174	5,590	0.00055	30%	13.76
			Light Liquid	38	-	0.00055	30%	0.1
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.00055	30%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0005	30%	-
		Pressure Relief Valves	Gas/Vapor	7	-	0.35	97%	0.3
		Pressure Relief Valves +	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.35	97%	
		Compressor seals	Gas/Vapor	-	-	1.399	85%	-
		Pump seals	Light Liquid	-	-	0.251	85%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.046	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0439	85%	-
		Open-ended Lines	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			Light Liquid	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0038	0%	-
		Sampling Connections	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.033	0%	-
			Light Liquid	_	-	0.033	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid		_	0.033	0%	

Description: fugitive emissions are quantified by the number, type of component and service (gas/vapor, light liquid, heavy liquid). The EPA "Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates" (EPA-453/R-95-017, November 1995) and the TCEQ "Air Permit Technical Guidance for Chemical Sources - Fugitive Guidance" (TCEQ-APDG 6422v2, Emission Estimates" (EPA-453/R-95-017, November 1995) and the TCEQ "Air Permit Technical Guidance for Chemical Sources - Fugitive Guidance" (TCEQ-APDG 6422v2, Revised 06/18), establish specific emission factors based on these variables and for different industrial activities. The TCEQ guidance also provides control efficiencies credits that can be applied to account for the reduction of emissions with the implementation of different LDAR programs. The TCEQ emission factors for refineries (Table II) are used for the emission calculations for all component types except for components in MDEA amine, ammopure and ammonia service, for which the TCEQ SOCMI Average emission factors (Table I) are used. The TCEQ emission factors are identical to the 1995 EPA published emission factors. The emission estimates are based on the assumption that all piping components have the potential to emit at all times (8,760 hr/yr). Limetree LDAR program has a leak definition for refinery pumps of 2,000 ppm VOC and for refinery valves of 500 ppm VOC per Consent Decree ¶109. All equipment is monitored quaterly. This meets the requirements of the 28VHP LDAR program as established in the TCEQ guidance (Table III). Therefore, for monitored components, emissions calculations include a reduction credit based on the TCEQ proposed monitoring control efficiency for the 28 VHP LDAR Program (Table V). Equipment marked with "\text{\text{"} indicate that though it was previously not monitored equipment.}

VEST FUEL GAS SYSTEM		Equipment Type	Service	Components Count	Components Count	Emission Factor (lb/hr/equip)	Control Efficiency (28 VHP)	Annual Potential to Emit (tpy)
	-	Valves	Gas/Vapor	579	-	0.059	97%	4.5
			Light Liquid	189	-	0.024	97%	0.6
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.0005	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0089	97%	-
		Connectors	Gas/Vapor	156	5,590	0.00055	30%	13.73
			Light Liquid	8	-	0.00055	30%	0.0
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.00055	30%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0005	30%	-
		Pressure Relief Valves	Gas/Vapor	7	-	0.35	97%	0.3
		Pressure Relief Valves +	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.35	97%	-
		Compressor seals	Gas/Vapor	-	-	1.399	85%	-
		Pump seals	Light Liquid	-	-	0.251	85%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.046	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0439	85%	-
		Open-ended Lines	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			Light Liquid	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0038	0%	-
		Sampling Connections	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.033	0%	-
			Light Liquid	-	-	0.033	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.033	0%	-
ERMINAL	Terminal	Valves	Gas/Vapor	887	-	0.059	97%	6.9
			Light Liquid	13,815	-	0.024	97%	43.6
			Heavy Liquid	-	2,102	0.0005	0%	4.7
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0089	97%	-
		Connectors	Gas/Vapor	1,087	3,841	0.00055	30%	11.09
			Light Liquid	23,690	10,687	0.00055	30%	65.7
			Heavy Liquid	-	6,743	0.00055	30%	16.2
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0005	30%	-
		Pressure Relief Valves	Gas/Vapor	366	-	0.35	97%	16.8
		Pressure Relief Valves +	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.35	97%	-
		Compressor seals	Gas/Vapor	5	-	1.399	85%	4.6
		Pump seals	Light Liquid	181	-	0.251	85%	29.8
			Heavy Liquid	-	68	0.046	0%	13.7
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0439	85%	-
		Open-ended Lines	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			Light Liquid	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid	_	-	0.0051	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	_	-	0.0038	0%	
		Sampling Connections	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.033	0%	-
			Light Liquid	_	-	0.033	0%	
			Heavy Liquid	_	29	0.033	0%	4.2

Description: fugitive emissions are quantified by the number, type of component and service (gas/vapor, light liquid, heavy liquid). The EPA "Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates" (EPA-453/R-95-017, November 1995) and the TCEQ "Air Permit Technical Guidance for Chemical Sources - Fugitive Guidance" (TCEQ-APDG 6422v2, Emission Estimates" (EPA-453/R-95-017, November 1995) and the TCEQ "Air Permit Technical Guidance for Chemical Sources - Fugitive Guidance" (TCEQ-APDG 6422v2, Revised 06/18), establish specific emission factors based on these variables and for different industrial activities. The TCEQ guidance also provides control efficiencies credits that can be applied to account for the reduction of emissions with the implementation of different LDAR programs. The TCEQ emission factors for refineries (Table II) are used for the emission calculations for all component types except for components in MDEA amine, ammopure and ammonia service, for which the TCEQ SOCMI Average emission factors (Table I) are used. The TCEQ emission factors are identical to the 1995 EPA published emission factors. The emission estimates are based on the assumption that all piping components have the potential to emit at all times (8,760 hr/yr). Limetree LDAR program has a leak definition for refinery pumps of 2,000 ppm VOC and for refinery valves of 500 ppm VOC per Consent Decree ¶109. All equipment is monitored quaterly. This meets the requirements of the 28VHP LDAR program as established in the TCEQ guidance (Table III). Therefore, for monitored components, emissions calculations include a reduction credit based on the TCEQ proposed monitoring control efficiency for the 28 VHP LDAR Program (Table V). Equipment marked with "\text{" indicate that though it was previously not monitored equipment.}

Fable 2. Fugitive Equipment l	Area	Equipment Type	Service	Monitored Components Count	Unmonitored Components Count	Emission Factor (lb/hr/equip)	Monitoring Control Efficiency (28 VHP)	Annual Potential to Emit (tpy)
OFFSITES/RUNDOWNS/XFERS	Terminal	Valves	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.059	97%	-
			Light Liquid	-	-	0.024	97%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	1,708	0.0005	0%	3.8
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0089	97%	-
		Connectors	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.00055	30%	-
			Light Liquid	-	-	0.00055	30%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	5,124	0.00055	30%	12.3
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0005	30%	-
		Pressure Relief Valves	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.35	97%	-
		Pressure Relief Valves +	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.35	97%	-
		Compressor seals	Gas/Vapor	-	-	1.399	85%	-
		Pump seals	Light Liquid	-	-	0.251	85%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	17	0.046	0%	3.4
			LL (SOCMI)	-	-	0.0439	85%	-
		Open-ended Lines	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			Light Liquid	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid	-	-	0.0051	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	_	-	0.0038	0%	-
		Sampling Connections	Gas/Vapor	-	-	0.033	0%	-
		, -	Light Liquid	_	-	0.033	0%	-
			Heavy Liquid	_	8	0.033	0%	1.1
MARINE DOCKS	Terminal	Valves	Gas/Vapor	-		0.059	97%	-
			Light Liquid	78		0.024	97%	0.3
			Heavy Liquid	_		0.0005	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)	_		0.0089	97%	-
		Connectors	Gas/Vapor	-		0.00055	30%	-
			Light Liquid	255		0.00055	30%	0.4
			Heavy Liquid			0.00055	30%	_
			LL (SOCMI)	_		0.0005	30%	_
		Pressure Relief Valves	Gas/Vapor	-		0.35	97%	-
		Pressure Relief Valves +	Gas/Vapor	-		0.35	97%	-
		Compressor seals	Gas/Vapor	-		1.399	85%	-
		Pump seals	Light Liquid	6		0.251	85%	1.0
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Heavy Liquid			0.046	0%	_
			LL (SOCMI)	_		0.0439	85%	_
		Open-ended Lines	Gas/Vapor	-		0.0051	0%	-
			Light Liquid	50		0.0051	0%	1.3
			Heavy Liquid	-		0.0051	0%	-
			LL (SOCMI)			0.0038	0%	_
		Sampling Connections	Gas/Vapor			0.033	0%	
		Jamping Connections	Light Liquid			0.033	0%	_
			Heavy Liquid			0.033	0%	_
			ricavy Liquiu			0.033	076	

#### **B-17 Oily Water Collection System Annual Potential to Emit**

Description: emissions from the wastewater collection system drains and junction boxes is quantified using the total counts of sewer cups and junction boxes as recorded in the facility inspection logs. Sewer cups are either equipped with caps/inserts or have cement plugs. Junction boxes can be equipped with a carbon cannister, a breather valve or have gas-tight covers. A general uncontrolled emission factor of 0.07 lb/hr/equipment as published by TCEQ "Air Permit Technical Guidance for Chemical Sources - Fugitive Guidance" (TCEQ-APDG 6422v2, Revised 06/18) for process drains in refineries (Table II) was used in the emission calculations. Estimates are based on the assumption that all process drains and junction boxes were operational 8,760 hr/yr. Process drains equipped with a cement plug have no emissions. Process drains are visually inspected monthly and water traps are refilled as necessary. Junction boxes are inspected quarterly and appropriate measures are conducted if needed to ensure emissions controls. These controls reduce emissions of VOC from both process drains and junction boxes by about 95% in comparison to the emissions that would result in the absence of the control, as published in the "Industrial Wastewater Volatile Organic Compound Emissions - Background Information for BACT/LAER Determinations" EPA-450/3-90-004, January 1990.

Table 1. Oily Water Collection System Annual Potential to Emit

	Sewer C		Junction Boxes		VOC Emissions (tpy)			
Unit	W/ Caps	W/ Cement Plugs	W/ Carbon Canisters	W/ Breather Valves	W/ Gas-Tight Cover	Sewer Cups	Junction Boxes	Total
West Refinery Oily Water	927	104	19	59	29	14.2	1.6	15.9
East Refinery Oily Water	1,563	222	112	110	60	24.0	4.3	28.3
FCC/DCU Oily Water	970	5	-	46	-	14.9	0.7	15.6
Terminal Oily Water	183	51	21	6	60	2.8	1.3	4.1
TOTAL SITEWIDE	3,643	382	152	221	149	55.8	8.0	63.8

Notes:

(1) Calculations as provided in Tables 2 and 3  $\,$ 

Table 2. Process Drains Annual Potential to Emit by Unit

		Sewe	r Cups	Emission	Control	voc
Area	Location	W/ Caps	W/ Cement	Factor	Efficiency	Emissions
		vv/ Caps	Plugs	(lb/hr/equip)	Linciency	(tpy)
Area 1	Tank Field No.3	6	4	0.07	95%	0.09
Area 1	Penex	29	9	0.07	95%	0.44
Area 1	No. 3 Amine Unit	19	4	0.07	95%	0.29
Area 1	2 CDU	73	1	0.07	95%	1.12
Area 1	3 CDU	64	3	0.07	95%	0.98
Area 1	1 VIS (2 DU FRAC)	41	1	0.07	95%	0.63
Area 1	3 DD	24	-	0.07	95%	0.37
Area 2	No. 4 DD / No. 2 NAPHTHA FRAC.	136	46	0.07	95%	2.08
Area 2	5 DD	81	1	0.07	95%	1.24
Area 2	No. 2 VACUUM UNIT	85	4	0.07	95%	1.30
Area 2	No. 2 Visbreaker Unit	69	7	0.07	95%	1.06
Area 2	No. 2 DD / H2 CONSERVATION	64	13	0.07	95%	0.98
Area 2	No. 1 GAS RECOVERY UNIT	31	1	0.07	95%	0.48
Area 2	No. 2 PLATFORMER UNIT	74	3	0.07	95%	1.13
Area 2	PUMP MANIFOLD SOUTH OF No. 2VIS / No. 2 VAC UNIT	15	-	0.07	95%	0.23
Area 3	5 CDU	158	6	0.07	95%	2.42
Area 3	6 CDU	157	3	0.07	95%	2.41
Area 3	2 SULFOLANE	91	31	0.07	95%	1.40
Area 3	2 GRU / 3 LPG FRAC	78	6	0.07	95%	1.20
Area 3	1 LPG / DEISOPENTANIZER	54	4	0.07	95%	0.83

Area 3	No. 4 & 5 AMINE UNITS	45	9	0.07	95%	0.69
Area 4	6 DD	108	26	0.07	95%	1.66
Area 4	7 DD	93	20	0.07	95%	1.43
Area 4	9 DD	62	22	0.07	95%	0.95
Area 4	3 Platformer	117	19	0.07	95%	1.79
Area 4	4 Platformer	122	26	0.07	95%	1.87
Area 4	3 VAC	104	21	0.07	95%	1.59
Area 4	DISULFIDE / NAPTHA FRAC	9	-	0.07	95%	0.14
Area 4	LSG	103	-	0.07	95%	1.58
Area 5	AMINE	30	-	0.07	95%	0.46
Area 5	Alkylation Unit	81	1	0.07	95%	1.24
Area 5	DIMERSOL	108	-	0.07	95%	1.66
Area 5	FCC Unit	206	-	0.07	95%	3.16
Area 5	GAS CON	52	-	0.07	95%	0.80
Area 5	MEROX Unit	112	-	0.07	95%	1.72
Area 5	MTBE	55	1	0.07	95%	0.84
Area 5	TAME UNIT	59	-	0.07	95%	0.90
Area 5	SELECT HYDRO	59	-	0.07	95%	0.90
Area 5	SAR Unit	6	1	0.07	95%	0.09
Area 6	No. 5 SOUR WATER STRIPPER	22	-	0.07	95%	0.34
Area 6	HP / LP FLARES	7	-	0.07	95%	0.11
Area 6	No. 6 SOUR WATER STRIPPER	9	-	0.07	95%	0.14
Area 6	HWWTP	23	-	0.07	95%	0.35
Area 6	EAST FLARE AREA	9	-	0.07	95%	0.14
Area 6	NO .1 WASTE WATER TREATMENT	8	-	0.07	95%	0.12
Area 6	NO. 2 WASTE WATER TREATMENT	6	-	0.07	95%	0.09
Area 6	NESHAP STRIPPER	4	4	0.07	95%	0.06
Area 6	BUNDLE WASH/FLARE	5	7	0.07	95%	0.08
Area 6	EAST API AREA	17	-	0.07	95%	0.26
FCC Complex	GASCON	61	-	0.07	95%	0.94
FCC Complex	FRAC BLOWDOWN	61	2	0.07	95%	0.94
FCC Complex	LPG	13	-	0.07	95%	0.20
FCC Complex	COKER	67	-	0.07	95%	1.03
Utility II & No. 1 Powerhouse	WEST UTILITIES	44	4	0.07	95%	0.67
Utility II & No. 1 Powerhouse	NO. 1 POWERHOUSE	72	3	0.07	95%	1.10
Utility III & No. 2 Powerhouse	East Power Utilities: C-1 Operator	5	5	0.07	95%	0.08
Utility III & No. 2 Powerhouse	East Power Utilities: C-1 Operator (Desal #4)	6	-	0.07	95%	0.09
Utility III & No. 2 Powerhouse	East Power Utilities: C-2 Operator	63	3	0.07	95%	0.97
Utility III & No. 2 Powerhouse	East Power Utilities: C-2 Operator (Powerhouse)	-	9	0.07	95%	-
Utility III & No. 2 Powerhouse	East Power Utilities: C-3 Operator	40	-	0.07	95%	0.61
Utility III & No. 2 Powerhouse	Gas Turbine 13: C-3 Operator	38	1	0.07	95%	0.58

TERMINAL	TRUCK RACK (W of Admin. Building)	3	-	0.07	95%	0.05
TERMINAL	PUMP MANIFOLD WEST OF TANK 6804	3	-	0.07	95%	0.05
TERMINAL	PUMP MANIFOLD SOUTH OF SPHERE 6891	1	-	0.07	95%	0.02
TERMINAL	PUMP MANIFOLD NORTHEAST OF SPHERE 6866	-	4	0.07	95%	-
TERMINAL	PUMP MANIFOLD (south of Tank 7418)	3	-	0.07	95%	0.05
TERMINAL	NO. 1 PUMP MANIFOLD (E of Tank 6821)	20	-	0.07	95%	0.31
TERMINAL	NO. 2 PUMP MANIFOLD (west of Tank 7406)	25	-	0.07	95%	0.38
TERMINAL	NO. 3 PUMP MANIFOLD (west of Tank 7428)	9	2	0.07	95%	0.14
TERMINAL	NO. 4 PUMP MANIFOLD (west of Tank 7426)	3	-	0.07	95%	0.05
TERMINAL	Tank Field No. 1	1	-	0.07	95%	0.02
TERMINAL	TANK FIELD NO.22	1	-	0.07	95%	0.02
TERMINAL	SCPC TANK FIELD	6	15	0.07	95%	0.09
TERMINAL	FILL & CARGO PUMP MANIFOLD TKFLD 59	-	4	0.07	95%	-
TERMINAL	EAST CRUDE PUMP MANIFOLD (east of Tank 7511) TKFLD 59	-	4	0.07	95%	-
TERMINAL	BTX PUMP MANIFOLD (south of #2 DD Unit)	16	11	0.07	95%	0.25
TERMINAL	BTX CARGO	21	7	0.07	95%	0.32
TERMINAL	BTX & AGO CHARGE MANIFOLD (east of Tank 7448)	6	-	0.07	95%	0.09
TERMINAL	NAPHTHA FUEL SUPPLY PUMP MANIFOLD (west of Tank 6836)	2	2	0.07	95%	0.03
TERMINAL	NAPHTHA PUMP MANIFOLD (northeast of Tank 7443)	10	2	0.07	95%	0.15
TERMINAL	CRUDE CHARGE PUMP MANIFOLD (west of TK7403)	12	-	0.07	95%	0.18
TERMINAL	GASOLINE BLENDING	33	-	0.07	95%	0.51
TERMINAL	BLACK OIL MANIFOLD (east of Tank 7415)	8	-	0.07	95%	0.12

Table 3. Junction Boxes Annual Potential to Emit by Unit

			Junction Boxes			Control Effici	ency		voc
Area	Location	W/ Carbon Canisters	W/ Breather Valves	W/ Gas-Tight Cover	Emission Factor (lb/hr/equip)	W/ Carbon Canisters	W/ Breather Valves	W/ Gas- Tight Cover	Emissions (tpy)
Area 1	2 D.U. Product Frac	1	1	3	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.08
Area 1	Penex Unit	2	8	2	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.18
Area 1	No. 2 Crude Unit	3	4	1	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.12
Area 1	No. 3 Crude Unit	1	3	5	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.14
Area 1	No. 3 Distillate Unifiner	-	2	-	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.03
Area 1	No. 3 Amine Unit	-	-	1	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.02
Area 2	No. 2 Platformer Unit	1	6	8	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.23
Area 2	No. 5 DD Unit	3	1	3	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.11
Area 2	No. 2 Distillate Unifiner Unit	1	5	1	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.11
Area 2	No. 1 Gas Recovery Unit	1	7	-	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.12
Area 2	No. 4 DD Unit	1	10	-	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.17
Area 2	No. 2 Naptha Fractionator Unit	2	2	-	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.06
Area 2	No. 2 Visbreaker Unit	2	2	2	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.09
Area 2	No. 2 Vacuum Unit	1	7	2	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.15

Area 3	5 CDU	2	5	7	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.21
Area 3	6 CDU	2	13	6	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.32
Area 3	No. 2 & 3 LPG Treatment Unit	-	2	2	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.06
Area 3	No. 2 Gas Recovery	3	-	-	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.05
Area 3	No. 4 Amine	2	-	-	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.03
Area 3	No. 5 Amine	-	4	-	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.06
Area 3	No. 2 Sulfolane Unit	8	4	-	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.18
Area 4	No. 3 Platforming Unit	7	9	-	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.25
Area 4	No. 3 Vacuum Unit	8	2	2	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.18
Area 4	6 DD	4	3	3	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.15
Area 4	7 DD	5	2	-	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.11
Area 4	No. 4 Platforming Unit	5	9	3	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.26
Area 4	9 DD	5	5	-	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.15
Area 4	LSG	-	8	-	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.12
Area 5	No. 3 Platforming Unit	7	9	-	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.25
Area 5	No. 3 Vacuum Unit	8	2	2	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.18
Area 5	6 DD	4	3	3	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.15
Area 5	7 DD	5	2	-	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.11
Area 5	No. 4 Platforming Unit	5	9	3	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.26
Area 5	9 DD	5	5	-	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.15
Area 5	LSG Unit	-	8	-	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.12
Area 5	Amine	-	5	-	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.08
Area 5	MTBE	-	4	-	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.06
Area 5	TAME	-	2	-	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.03
Area 5	Dimersol	-	8	-	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.12
Area 5	FCC	-	13	-	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.20
Area 5	Merox	-	9	-	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.14
Area 5	Gas Con	-	2	-	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.03
Area 5	Select Hydro	-	3	-	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.05
Area 6	No. 3 & No. 4 Sour Water	1	1	1	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.05
Area 6	No. 3 & No. 4 Sulfur Plant	2	1	1	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.06
Area 6	No. 2 Beavon	1	1	-	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.03
Area 6	No. 5 Sour Water	2	-	-	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.03
Area 6	No. 5, 6, & 7 Flare Area	1	1	1	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.05
Area 6	No. 3 Lagoon	7	2	3	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.18
Area 6	No. 1 & 2 Sulfur Storage Area	-	-	9	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.14
Area 6	No. 1 API	-	-	6	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.09
Area 6	No. 1 Lagoon	2	-	-	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.03
Area 6	No. 2 Lagoon	4	-	3	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.11
Utility II & No. 1 Powerhouse	No. 1 Powerhouse Area	-	1	1	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.03
Utility III & No. 2 Powerhouse	DESAL AREA	3	-	2	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.08
Utility III & No. 2 Powerhouse	No. 2 Powerhouse	1	-	3	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.06
Utility III & No. 2 Powerhouse	Gas Turbine 13	3	-	-	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.05

TERMINAL	Tank Field No. 1	-	-	3	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.05
TERMINAL	Tank Field No. 2	-	-	2	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.03
TERMINAL	Tank Field No. 3	-	-	2	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.03
TERMINAL	Tank Field No. 4	-	-	2	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.03
TERMINAL	Tank Field No. 6	1	-	4	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.08
TERMINAL	Tank Field No. 7	-	-	4	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.06
TERMINAL	Tank Field No. 8	-	-	3	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.05
TERMINAL	Tank Field No. 9	-	-	3	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.05
TERMINAL	Tank Field No. 11	-	-	2	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.03
TERMINAL	Tank Field No. 12	-	-	2	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.03
TERMINAL	Tank Field No. 13	2	-	1	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.05
TERMINAL	Tank Field No. 14	1	-	1	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.03
TERMINAL	Tank Field No. 15	-	-	2	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.03
TERMINAL	Tank Field No.16	-	-	2	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.03
TERMINAL	Tank Field No. 17	2	-	-	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.03
TERMINAL	Tank Field No. 18	-	1	1	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.03
TERMINAL	Tank Field No. 19	-	-	1	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.02
TERMINAL	Tank Field No. 20	1	-	-	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.02
TERMINAL	Tank Field No. 21	1	-	-	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.02
TERMINAL	Tank Field No. 22	1	1	-	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.03
TERMINAL	Tank Field No. 56	-	-	9	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.14
TERMINAL	Tank Field No. 57	-	-	2	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.03
TERMINAL	Tank Field No. 59	4	-	1	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.08
TERMINAL	Tank Field No. 60	6	-	1	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.11
TERMINAL	No. 1 Pump Manifold	1	2	3	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.09
TERMINAL	BTX Pump Manifold	-	-	4	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.06
TERMINAL	BTX Cargo	-	1	-	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.02
TERMINAL	Metering Manifold	-	1	-	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.02
TERMINAL	No. 2 Pump Manifold	-	-	1	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.02
TERMINAL	No. 3 Pump Manifold	1	-	-	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.02
TERMINAL	Propane Truck	-	-	4	0.07	95%	95%	95%	0.06

#### **B-18 Wastewater Treatment Plant Annual Potential to Emit**

<u>Description</u>: wastewater from the base refinery is treated at three API/WEMCO trains. Oil recovered in the API/WEMCO's is returned to for processing. Wastewater from #1 and #2 trains are routed to the West Benzene Stripper and wastewater from #3 train is routed to the East Benzene Stripper. Volatiles are captured by an activated carbon bed that is regenerated onsite. Wastewater is further treated at the advanced wastewater treatment plant (AWWTP) that also receives and treats wastewaters from the FCC Complex. The AWWTP consists of aeration/degas, clarifier and bioslurry tanks.

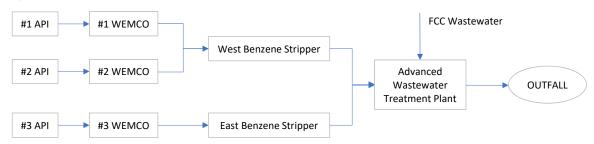


Table 1 - Wastewater Treatment Plant Potential to Emit

Unit	Max. Design Rate (gpm) <sup>(1)</sup>	Emission Factor (lb/10^3 gal) <sup>(2)</sup>	Controls Description	Annual Emission (tpy) <sup>(5)</sup>
#1 API (Unit No. 1660)	3,325	0.2	Floating roof w/seals	175
#1 WEMCO	2,660	0.2	Carbon adsorption system	140
#2 API (Unit No. 1661)	2,698	0.2	Floating roof w/seals	142
#2 WEMCO	2,660	0.2	Carbon adsorption system	140
West Benzene Stripper (3)	1,600		Activated Carbon Bed	7
#3 API (Unit No. 1662)	3,712	0.2	Floating roof w/seals	195
#3 WEMCO	3,660	0.2	Carbon adsorption system	192
East Benzene Stripper (3)	3,200		Activated Carbon Bed	13
AWWTP <sup>(4)</sup>	2,120 MMgal/yr			3.5
			TOTAL VOC	1.007

#### Notes:

- (1) Maximum design rate
- (2) Emission factor for API and WEMCO units per AP-42, Chapter 5.1, Table 5.1-3 Oil/Water controlled
- (3) Benzene strippers based on 2001 Title V application submittal data
- (4) AWWTP limit per Permit to Operate STX-N-Z-08, II.G.
- (5) Annual Emissions (tpy) = Max. Design Rate (gallon/min) \* Emission Factor (lb/10^3 gal) \* 10^3 gal/1,000 gal \* 60 min/hr \* 8760 hr/yr \* 1 ton/2,000 lb Example: #1 API VOC Emissions = 3,325 gal/min \* 0lb/10^3 gal \* 10^3 gal/1,000 gal \* 60 min/hr \* 8760 hr/yr \* 1 ton/2,000 lb = 175 tpy

# Limetree Bay Terminals and Refining B-19 Local Sales Rack and Service Station Annual Potential to Emit

<u>Description</u>: the facility local sales rack serves the St. Croix local market with unleaded gasolines (regular and premium), Jet A, No. 2 Oil and Propane as well as the intraplant fuel consumption with unleaded regular gasoline and No. 2 oil. Tank trucks are loaded at the Local Sales Rack via submerged loading. Gasoline loading emissions are further controlled with a Vapor Recovery Unit (VRU). Intraplant tank trucks are loaded at the Sales Rack to serve gasoline/No. 2 oil firing equipment around the facility.

The fueling for stationary sources fired with gasoline and No. 2 oil is conducted by a tank truck that is filled at the facility service station. The service station also fuels the facility car and truck fleet. The service station is equipped with two underground storage tanks that are submerged filled (USTs D-1625 gasoline and D-1626 No. 2 oil).

Table 1 - Local Sales Rack Potential to Emit

Products	Sales (bbls/yr) <sup>(1)</sup>	Intraplant Consumption (bbls/yr) <sup>(1)</sup>	Effective No. of Loadings (load/yr) <sup>(1)</sup>	S Factor <sup>(2)</sup>	TVP <sup>(3)</sup> (psia)	M (lb/lbmole) <sup>(4)</sup>	T (°F) <sup>(5)</sup>	T (°R)	Loading Losses (lb/10^3 gal) <sup>(6)</sup>	Loading Losses (lb/load) <sup>(7)</sup>	Annual VOC Emissions (tpy) <sup>(8)</sup>
Unleaded Regular Gasoline	647,739	23,960							0.3		4.1
Unleaded Premium Gasoline	128,349	-							0.3		0.8
Jet A	121,841	-		0.5	0.0156	130.0	87.3	547.0	0.02		0.06
No. 2 Oil	216,507	64,325		0.5	0.0128	130.0	87.3	547.0	0.02		0.14
Propane	114,669	1,047	750							3.29	1.2
										TOTAL	6.3

#### Notes:

- (1) Sales, intraplant fuel consumption and effective number of propane loadings for 550 mbpd refinery
- (2) Saturation factor for submerged loading of a clean tank truck, per AP-42, Chapter 5.2, Table 5.2-5
- (3) True Vapor Pressure calculated by the Environmental Department
- (4) Molecular Weight per AP-42, Chapter 7.1
- (5) Average daily maximum temperature in St. Croix as measured by Cottage Meteorological Station 2009-2010

 $T (^{\circ}R) = T (^{\circ}F) + 459.67$ 

(6) Loading Losses (lb/10<sup>3</sup> gal):

- Gasoline loading losses VOC ≤ 35 mg/L per STX-TV-003-10, §3.1.6.1.2
- Jet A and No. 2 Oil Loading Losses (lb/10^3 gal) = 12.46 \* SPM/T per AP-42, Chapter 5.2, Equation 1.

Example: Jet A Uncontrolled Loading Losses = 12.46 \* 0.5 \* 0.0156 \* 130 / 547 = 0.02 lb/10^3 gal

- (7) Propane loading losses = 3.29 lb/load (site data, volume propane remaining in the loading lines after loading has been completed)
- (8) Annual VOC Emissions (tpy) = Rack Total (bbls/yr) \* Loading Losses (lb/10^3 gal) \* 10^3 gal/1,000 gal \* 42 gal/bbl \* 1 ton/2,000 lb

Example: Unleaded Regular Gasoline VOC Emissions = 671,699 bbl/yr \* 0.3 lb/10^3 gal \* 10^3 gal/1,000 gal \* 42 gal/bl \* 1 ton/2,000 lb = 4.1 tpy

Annual VOC Emissions (tpy) = Effective No. Loadings (load/yr) \* Loading Losses (lb/load) \* 1 ton/2,000 lb

Example: Propane VOC Emissions = 750 load/yr \* 3.3 lb/load \* 1 ton/2,000 lb = 1.2 tpy

# Limetree Bay Terminals and Refining B-19 Local Sales Rack and Service Station Annual Potential to Emit

Table 2 - Service Station Fueling Potential to Emit

	Intraplant C	onsumption	Loading	Losses	Annual VOC
Activity	Unleaded Regular	No. 2 Oil	Unleaded Regular	No. 2 Oil	Emissions (tpy) <sup>(3)</sup>
	Gasoline		Gasoline		
Submerged filling USTs	23,960	64,325	7.3		13.5
UST breathing and emptying			1.0		1.9
Vehicle refueling displacement losses (uncontrolled)			11.0	1.5	7.6
Spillage			0.7		1.3
TOTAL					24.3

#### Notes:

(1) Intraplant fuel consumption for 550 mbpd refinery

(2) Loading Losses per AP-42, Chapter 5.2, Table 5.2-7 defaults except for No. 2 Oil vehicle refueling, which is calculated using Equation 6:

 $E_R (mg/L) = 264.2 * (-5.909 - 0.0949 * \Delta T + 0.0884 * T_D + 0.485 * RVP)$ 

 $E_R$  (lb/10<sup>3</sup> gal) =  $E_R$  (mg/L) \* 1 lb/453.59 g \* 3.7854 L/gal

Difference bewtween temperature of the fuel in vehicle tank and  $% \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) \left(  

temperature of dispensed fuel,  $\Delta T = \frac{12.0}{1}$ 

Temperature of dispensed fuel, T<sub>D</sub> = 87.3 °F average ambient temperature

°F

Reid Vapor Pressure, RVP = 0.023 psia No. 2 oil default

(3) Annual VOC Emissions = Intraplant Consumption (bbl/yr) \* Loading Losses (lb/10^3 gal) \* 10^3 gal/1,000 gal \* 42 gal/bbl \* 1 ton/2,000 lb

Example: Submerged Filling USTs VOC Emissions = (23,960 + 64,325) \* 7.3 \* 10^3 gal/1,000 gal \* 42 gal/bbl \* 1 ton/2,000 lb = 13.5 tpy

Example: Vehicle Refueling Displacement Losses VOC Emissions = (23,960 \* 11.0 + 64,325 \* 1.5) \* 10^3 gal/1,000 gal \* 42 gal/bbl \* 1 ton/2,000 lb = 7.6 tpy

#### Limetree Bay Terminals and Refining B-20 Marine Loading Annual Potential to Emit

<u>Description</u>: the facility is designed to load, unload and conduct ship to ship transfers of multiple petroleum products at the Docks, this flexibility is key to ensure proper operation of the facility. All ship loading is submerged filling. The Docks include 11 docks and an SPM.

**Table 1 - Marine Loading Annual Emissions** 

Product Loaded	Loading Rate (bbls/yr) <sup>(1)</sup> Saturation Fa		Factor <sup>(2)</sup>	Liquid True Vapor Pressure (psia) <sup>(3)</sup>	Vapors Molecular Weight (lb/lbmole) <sup>(3)</sup>	Temperature of Bulk Liquid (°R) <sup>(3)</sup>	Loading		Uncontro Pote to Emit	ntial	Control Efficiency (%) <sup>(6)</sup>	Annual Potential to Emit (tpy) <sup>(7),(8)</sup>		
	Barges	Ships	Barges	Ships	(þsia)	(ib/ibiliole)	( N)	Barges	Ships	Barges	Ships	(70)	voc	H2S
Crude Oils	-	127,100,000			5.8	68.2	540.0	0.8	0.8	-	1,898	-	1,898	2.4
Gasoline/Gasoline Blendstocks	150,000	9,850,000						3.4	1.8	10.7	372	-	383	-
Gasoline/Gasoline Blendstocks	-	69,000,000						3.4	1.8	-	2,608	-	2,608	-
Platformate	-	219,687	0.5	0.2	2.2	105.0	540.0	2.6	1.1	-	4.9	-	4.9	-
MTBE	-	121,213	0.5	0.2	7.4	85.0	540.0	7.2	2.9	-	7.4	-	7.4	-
Methanol	-	46,549	0.5	0.2	2.7	32.0	540.0	1.0	0.4	-	0.4	-	0.4	-
Toluene	-	2,215,177	0.5	0.2	0.6	92.0	540.0	0.6	0.3	-	11.9	-	12	-
Xylene	-	2,026,556	0.5	0.2	0.2	106.0	540.0	0.2	0.1	-	4.2	-	4	-
Jet A + DERD	-	25,642,771						0.013	0.005	-	2.7	-	2.7	-
Kerosene	-	967,292						0.013	0.005	-	0.1	-	0.1	-
No. 2 Oils	2,081,877	55,318,762						0.012	0.005	0.5	5.8	-	6.3	-
Light Cycle Oil	-	1,027,604	0.5	0.2	0.03	130.0	540.0	0.04	0.02	-	0.39	-	0.39	-
CATFEED	-	6,506,467	0.5	0.2	0.0001	190.0	540.0	0.0002	0.0001	-	0.01	-	0.01	0.003
SVGO (VGO, HAGO)	-	20,687,215	0.5	0.2	0.0001	190.0	540.0	0.0002	0.0001	-	0.03	-	0.03	0.01
Slurry	-	865,127	0.5	0.2	0.0001	190.0	540.0	0.0002	0.0001	-	0.001	-	0.001	0.0004
No. 6 Oils	1,251,411	18,795,208						0.00009	0.00004	0.002	0.02	-	0.02	0.03
TOTAL	3,483,288	340,389,628								11	4,916		2,000	2.4

#### Notes:

(1) Loading rates established based on 550,000 bpd refinery, except for crude oil and gasoline/gasoline blendstocks which are based on STX-895-AC-PO-18-2 permit limits for these products

(2) Saturation factor, S, per AP-42, Chapter 5.2, Table 5.2-1

(3) Liquid true vapor pressure and vapor molecular weight:

- For crude oils conservative assumption of crude mixture (Boscan US Light Blend) results in higher vapor pressure at bulk liquid temperature
- For refined products based on physical-chemical databases
- For CATFEED, SVGO and Slurry per Annex G "Properties of Heavy Fuel Oil", API MPMS Chapter 19.4: TVP (psia) = exp(10.104 10,475.5 /T (\*R)) Loading temperature assumed to be 80°F

(4) Loading losses (lb/10^3 gal):

- For crude oils per AP-42, Chapter 5.2, Equations 2 and 3

CL = CA + CG

CA = arrival emission factor = 0.3 lb/10^3 per AP-42, Chapter 5.2, Table 2.2-3 for cleaned or gas-freed volatile cargos

CG (lb/1,000 gal) = 1.84\* (0.44\*P - 0.42) \* MG/T

20 (ID/1,000 gai) - 1.04 (0.44 F - 0.42) IVIO/1

G = vapor growth factor = 1.02

Example: Crude Oils CG = 1.84 \* (0.44 \* 5.8 psia - 0.42) \* 68.2 lb/lbmole \* 1.02 / 540.0 R = 0.5 lb/10^3 gal

Example Crude Oils Loading Losses =  $0.33 \text{ lb}/10^3 \text{ gal} + 0.5 \text{ lb}/10^3 \text{ gal} = 0.8 \text{ lb}/10^3 \text{ gal}$ 

- For gasoline/gasoline blendstocks loading losses per AP-42, Chapter 5.2, Table 5.2-2 for typical overall situation
- For Jet A + DERD, Kerosene, No. 2 Oils and No. 6 Oils per AP-42, Chapter 5.2, Table 5.2-6
- -For other refined products per AP-42, Chapter 5.2, Equation 1

LL = 12.46 \* SPM/1

Example: Platformate Loading Losses for Barges = 12.46 \* 0.5 \* 2.2 psia \* 105.0 lb/lbmole / 540.0 R = 2.6 lb/10^3 gal

## Limetree Bay Terminals and Refining B-20 Marine Loading Annual Potential to Emit

(5) Uncontrolled Potential to Emit (tpy) = Loading Rate (bbls/yr) \* 42 gal/bbl \* 10^3 gal/1000 gal \* Loading Losses (lb/10^3gal) \* 1 ton/2,000 lb For crude oils, calculated loading losses are losses of total organic compounds. VOC = 85 % of TOC per AP-42, Chapter 5.2. Example: Uncontrolled Crude Oil VOC PTE from Ships = 127,100,000 bbls/yr \* 42 gal/bbl \* 10^3 gal/1,000 gal \* 0.8 lb/10^3 gal \* 85/100 = 1,898 tpy

(6) [RESERVED]

(7) Per STX-895-AC-PO-18-2, Section III.B.1.(a).ii, total VOC emissions from the Docks shall not exceed 2,000 tpy on a rolling 12-month period until the MVCS is in place

(8) H2S potential emissions calculated based on "Using K Factors to Estimate Quantities of Individual Vapor Species Emitted During the Storage and Transfer of Hydrocarbon Liquids" by Jeffrey Meling, Karen Horne, and Jay Hoover H,S (tpy) = VOC (tpy) \* MR

 $MR = y_{H2S} * 1/P_{VOC} * (M_{H2S} / M_{VOC})$ 

 $MR = ppmv_{H2S}/1,000,000 * (14.7 / TVP) * (M_{H2S} / M_{VOC})$ 

 H2S in Head Space from crude oils =
 1,000
 ppmv

 H2S in Head Space for 6 oils and heavier =
 10
 ppmv

 H2S Molecular Weight =
 34.1
 lb/lbmole

No. 6 Oil, Annex G "Properties of Heavy Fuel Oil", API MPMS Chapter 19.4: TVP (psia) = exp (10.781 - 8,933/(T(F) + 459.7)) and MW = 130 lb/lbmole

## Limetree Bay Terminals and Refining B-20 Marine Loading MVCS Annual Potential to Emit

Table 1 - Thermal Oxidizer H-1612 Annual Emissions Calculation

Parameter	Value	Units	Reference
Loading Loss (L)	2.60	lb/10^3gal	AP-42, Chapter 5.2, Table 5.2-2 Uncleaned ships
Annual Average Throughput	69,000,000	bbl/yr	
Daily Average Throughput	189,041	bbl/day	Total Marine Loading Throughput (bbl/yr) * 1 yr/ 365 days
	7,940	10^3gal/day	gal/day = bbl/day * 42 gal/bbl * 10^3gal/1,000 gal
Uncontrolled VOC Vapors	20,643	lb/day	Uncontrolled VOC (lb/day) = L (lb/10^3 gal) * Throughput (10^3gal/day)
Assuming hydrocarbon portion of vapors a	re 60% C4 36% C5 4% C	6	
C4 volume percent	60%		John Zink
C4 heating value	3,010	Btu/scf	John Zink
C4 molecular weight	58.14	lb/lbmole	John Zink
			40 CFR §60.2 Standard conditions means a temperature of 293 K (68F) and a
	385.3	scf/lbmole	pressure of 101.3 kilopascals (29.92 in Hg).
Enthalpy (C4 contribution)	11,969	Btu/lb	Btu/lb = Btu/scf * vol% C4 * scf/lbmole * 1/MW (lb/lbmole), where vol%C4 = 60% (lb/lbmole) and the scale of
C5 volume percent	36%		John Zink
C5 heating value	3,700	Btu/scf	John Zink
C5 molecular weight	72.17	lb/lbmole	John Zink
			40 CFR §60.2 Standard conditions means a temperature of 293 K (68F) and a
	385.3	scf/lbmole	pressure of 101.3 kilopascals (29.92 in Hg).
Enthalpy (C5 contribution)	7,111	Btu/lb	Btu/lb = Btu/scf * vol% C5 * scf/lbmole * 1/MW (lb/lbmole), where vol%C5 = 36%
C6 volume percent	4%		John Zink
C6 heating value	4,315	Btu/scf	John Zink
C6 molecular weight	86.17	lb/lbmole	John Zink
			40 CFR §60.2 Standard conditions means a temperature of 293 K (68F) and a
	385.3	scf/lbmole	pressure of 101.3 kilopascals (29.92 in Hg).
Enthalpy (C6 contribution)	772	Btu/lb	Btu/lb = Btu/scf * vol% C6 * scf/lbmole * 1/MW (lb/lbmole), where vol%C6 = 4%
Total Hydrocarbon Enthalpy	19,852	Btu/lb	Hydrocarbon Enthalpy = Enthalpy (C4) + Enthalpy (C5) + Enthalpy (C6)
			Hydrocarbon Heat Release (MMBtu/day) = Hydrocarbon Enthalpy (Btu/lb) *
Hydrocarbon Heat Release	409.81	MMBtu/day	Uncontrolled VOC (lb/day) * 1MMBtu/10^6 Btu
Pilot & Assist Heat Release	138.63	MMBtu/day	John Zink Estimated Representation
			Total Heat Release (MMBtu/day) = Hydrocarbon Heat Release (MMBtu/day) +
Total Heat Release Per Day	548.43	MMBtu/day	Pilot & Assit Heat Release (MMBtu/day)
Destruction Removal Efficiency	99.9%	DRE	John Zink Guarantee
Emissions Rate (VOC)	27.38	lb/day	With ASsist Gas + Pilot Gas
Emissions Per Year (VOC)	9,994	lb/yr	lbs/yr = lb/day * 365 days/yr
Emissions Per Year (VOC)	5.0	tpy	tpy = lbs/yr * 1 ton/2,000 lb
Emissions Factor (CO)	0.02	lbs/MMBtu	John Zink NOxStarTM Guarantee
Emissions Rate (CO)	10.97	lbs/day	lb/day = Total Heat Release (MMBtu/day) * Emission Factor (lb/MMBtu)
Emissions Per Year (CO)	4,004	lbs/yr	lbs/yr = lb/day * 365 days/yr
Emissions Per Year (CO)	2.0	tons/yr	tpy = lbs/yr * 1 ton/2,000 lb
Emissions Rate (NOx)	0.015	lbs/MMBtu	John Zink NOxStarTM Guarantee
Emissions Rate (NOx)	8.23	lbs/day	Ib/day = Total Heat Release (MMBtu/day) * Emission Factor (Ib/MMBtu)
Emissions Per Year (NOx)	3,003	lbs/yr	lbs/yr = lb/day * 365 days/yr
Emissions Per Year (NOx)	1.5	tons/yr	tpy = lbs/yr * 1 ton/2,000 lb

## Limetree Bay Terminals and Refining B-20 Marine Loading MVCS Annual Potential to Emit

Table 1 - Thermal Oxidizer H-1612 Annual Emissions Calculation

Parameter	Value	Units	Reference
Pilot & Assist Sulfur Content	0.54	gr/100scf	Propane
Pilot & Assit Heating Content	91.50	MMBtu/10^3gal	Propane
Pilot & Assit Emission Factor (SO2)	0.05	lb/10^3 gal	AP-42 Chapter 1.5 Table 1.5-1: SO2 Emission Factor = 0.1 * S (grains/100scf)
Pilot & Assit Emissions Rate (SO2)	0.001	lb/MMBtu	lb/MMBtu = Emission Factor (lb/10^3gal) / Heating Content (MMBtu/10^3gal)
Sulfur Content Hydrocarbon Vapors	10.00	ppmw	Operations data
Sulfur Content Hydrocarbon Vapors	0.001%		
			SO2 (lb/day) = Uncontrolled Hydrocarbons (lb/day) * DRE (%) * Sulfur Content (%
Emissions per Day (SO2)	0.29	lb/day	+ SO2 Pilot (lb/MMBtu) * MMBtu/day Pilot
Emissions Per Year (SO2)	105.13	lbs/yr	lbs/yr = lb/day * 365 days/yr
Emissions Per Year (SO2)	0.05	tons/yr	tpy = lbs/yr * 1 ton/2,000 lb
Emission Per Year (H2SO4)	0.01	tons/yr	H2SO4 (tpy) = SO2 (tpy) * 10% SO3/SO2 * 100% H2SO4/SO3 * MWH2SO4/MWSC
			AP-42 Chapter 1.5 Table 1.5-1. According to AP 42 Chapter 13.5 "Industrial Flares
Pilot & Assist Emission Factor (PM, PM10, PM2.5)	0.70	lb/10^3 gal	soot for nonsmoling flares = 0 ug/L
Pilot & Assit Emissions Rate (PM, PM10, PM2.5)	0.01	lb/MMBtu	lb/MMBtu = Emission Factor (lb/10^3gal) / Heating Content (MMBtu/10^3gal)
Emissions per Day (PM, PM10, PM2.5)	1.06	lb/day	lb/day = Total Heat Release (MMBtu/day) * Emission Factor (lb/MMBtu)
Emissions Per Year (PM, PM10, PM2.5)	387.09	lbs/yr	lbs/yr = lb/day * 365 days/yr
Emissions Per Year (PM, PM10, PM2.5)	0.2	tons/yr	tpy = lbs/yr * 1 ton/2,000 lb
Pilot & Assist Emission Factor (CO2)	12,500	lb/10^3 gal	AP-42 Chapter 1.5 Table 1.5-1
Pilot & Assit Emissions Rate (CO2)	136.61	lb/MMBtu	lb/MMBtu = Emission Factor (lb/10^3gal) / Heating Content (MMBtu/10^3gal)
Emission per Day (CO2)	18,938	lb/day	lb/day = Total Heat Release (MMBtu/day) * Emission Factor (lb/MMBtu)
Emissions Per Year (CO2)	6,912,397	lbs/yr	lbs/yr = lb/day * 365 days/yr
Emissions Per Year (CO2)	3,456	tons/yr	tpy = lbs/yr * 1 ton/2,000 lb

#### B-21 Sulfur Handling and Storage Annual Potential to Emit

<u>Description</u>: the East and the West Sulfur Recovery Plants (SRP) pelletizers drop the elemental sulfur pellets into each plant stockpile. From these satellite storage areas, the elemental sulfur is trucked to the Docks Sulfur Storage Sulfur. The sulfur is retrieved from the Docks stockpile and loaded into the ship loading conveyor. The conveyor is equipped with rain caps. All three storage areas have partial enclosure to reduce wind erosion of the stockpiles.

Table 1 - Sulfur Handling & Storage Fugitive Particulate Emissions

Activity	Annual	Potential to E (tpy) <sup>(1)</sup>	mit
,	PM	PM10	PM2.5
East SRUs Sulfur Handling	1.7	1.0	0.4
West SRUs Sulfur Handling	1.5	0.8	0.3
Sulfur Storage Handling & Shipping	5.8	3.1	1.0
TOTAL	8.9	4.8	1.7

#### Notes:

(1) Refer to tables 2-4 for detailed calculations

#### Table 2 - East SRUs Sulfur Handling Fugitive Emissions

Activity	Sulfur Handling		rolled Emission (lb/ton) <sup>(2)</sup>	n Factor	Stockpile	Wind Erosion Emission Factor	Controls Description <sup>(4)</sup>	Control Efficiency		Potential to (tpy) <sup>(6),(7)</sup>	o Emit
ŕ	Rate (tpy) <sup>(1)</sup>	PM	PM10	PM2.5	Area (acres) <sup>(3)</sup>	(lb/acre-day) <sup>(4)</sup>		(%) <sup>(5)</sup>	PM	PM10	PM2.5
East SRUs Drop from Conveyor to Stockpile	100,375	0.013	0.006	0.001			None	-	0.66	0.31	0.05
Load from Stockpile into Truck	100,375	0.013	0.006	0.001			None	-	0.66	0.31	0.05
East SRUs Stockpile Wind Erosion					1.1	3.5	Partial enclosure (3 walls 6.5 ft)	50	0.35	0.35	0.35
								TOTAL	1.7	1.0	0.4

#### Notes:

(1) Sales maximum design throughput for the SRUs (East and West) = 550 tpc Example: East Sulfur Handling Rate = 550 ton/day \* 365 day/yr / 2 = 100,375 tpy

(2) Uncontrolled emission factor per AP-42, Chapter 13.2.4, Equation 1 (valid for moisture content range of 0.25 - 4.8 %, silt content range of 0.44 - 19%)

E (lb/ton) = k \* 0.0032 \* (U/5)^1.3 / (M/2)^1.4

AP-42, Chapter 13.2.4-4, particle size multiplier (k):

Example: PM Uncontrolled Emission Factor = 0.74 \* 0.0032 \* (8.8/5)^1.3 / (1.0/2)^1.4 = 0.013 lb/ton

- (3) Site data
- (4) Stockpile wind erosion emission factor per CHEER (Coal Handling Emissions Evaluation Roundtable) Workshop, TNRCC (May 16, 1995) and per EPA-450/3-74-037 Development of Emission Factors for Fugitive Dust Sources (EPA, June 1974)
- (5) Control efficiency per CHEER (Coal Handling Emissions Evaluation Roundtable) Workshop, TNRCC (May 16, 1995):

Control Efficiency

Established wind breaks 50 The stockpile is surrounded by 6.5ft walls around three sides

- (6) Annual Potential to Emit (Drop Points) = Sulfur Production Rate (ton/yr) \* Uncontrolled Emission Factor (lb/ton) \* (1 Control Eff) \* 1 ton/2,000 lb
- Example: PM Emissions from East SRUs Drop from Conveyor to Stockpile = 100,375 ton/yr \* 0.013 lb/ton \* (1 0) \* 1 ton/2,000 lb = 0.66 tpy
- (7) Annual Potential to Emit (Stockpiles) = Stockpile Area (acres) \* Wind Erosion Emission Factor (lb/acre-day) \* 365 days/yr \* (1 Control Eff) \* 1 ton/2,000 lb

Example: PM Emissions from East SRUs Stockpile Wind Erosion = 1.1 acres \* 3.5 lb/acre-day \* 365 days/yr \* (1 - 0.5) \* 1 ton/2,000 lb = 0.35 tpy

#### B-21 Sulfur Handling and Storage Annual Potential to Emit

Table 3 - West SRUs Sulfur Handling Fugitive Emissions

Activity	Sulfur Handling		olled Emission (lb/ton) <sup>(2)</sup>	d Emission Factor		Controls Description <sup>(4)</sup>			Annual Potential to Emi (tpy) <sup>(6),(7)</sup>		
·	Rate (tpy) <sup>(1)</sup>	PM	PM10	PM2.5	Area (acres) <sup>(3)</sup>	(lb/acre-day) <sup>(4)</sup>	,	(%) <sup>(5)</sup>	PM	PM10	PM2.5
West SRUs Drop from Conveyor to Stockpile	100,375	0.013	0.006	0.001			None	-	0.66	0.31	0.05
Load from Stockpile into Truck	100,375	0.013	0.006	0.001			None	-	0.66	0.31	0.05
West SRUs Stockpile Wind Erosion					0.5	3.5	Partial enclosure (3 walls 6.5 ft)	50	0.16	0.16	0.16
								TOTAL	1.5	0.8	0.3

#### Notes:

(1) Sales maximum design throughput for the SRUs (East and West) = 550 tpd Example: West Sulfur Handling Rate = 550 ton/day \* 365 day/yr / 2 = 100,375 tpy

(2) Uncontrolled emission factor per AP-42, Chapter 13.2.4, Equation 1 (valid for moisture content range of 0.25 - 4.8 %, silt content range of 0.44 - 19%)

E (lb/ton) = k \* 0.0032 \* (U/5)^1.3 / (M/2)^1.4

AP-42, Chapter 13.2.4-4, particle size multiplier (k):

k (PM) = 0.74 (AP-42, 13.2.4-4, Aerodynamic Particle Size Multiplier (k) for particle size <  $30 \ \mu m$ )
k (PM10) = 0.35 (AP-42, 13.2.4-4, Aerodynamic Particle Size Multiplier (k) for particle size <  $10 \ \mu m$ )
k (PM2.5) = 0.053 (AP-42, 13.2.4-4, Aerodynamic Particle Size Multiplier (k) for particle size <  $2.5 \ \mu m$ )
U = 8.8 mph. Average wind speed based on 2009 and 2010 data from Cottage Meteorological Station
M = 1.0 % (from product specifications)

Example: PM Uncontrolled Emission Factor = 0.74 \* 0.0032 \* (8.8/5)^1.3 / (1.0/2)^1.4 = 0.013 lb/ton

- (3) Site data
- (4) Stockpile wind erosion emission factor per CHEER (Coal Handling Emissions Evaluation Roundtable) Workshop, TNRCC (May 16, 1995) and per EPA-450/3-74-037 Development of Emission Factors for Fugitive Dust Sources (EPA, June 1974)
- (5) Control efficiency per CHEER (Coal Handling Emissions Evaluation Roundtable) Workshop, TNRCC (May 16, 1995):

#### Control Efficiency

Established wind breaks 50 The stockpile is surrounded by 6.5ft walls around three sides

(6) Annual Potential to Emit (Drop Points) = Sulfur Production Rate (ton/yr) \* Uncontrolled Emission Factor (lb/ton) \* (1 - Control Eff) \* 1 ton/2,000 lb

Example: PM Emissions from West SRUs Drop from Conveyor to Stockpile = 100,375 ton/yr \* 0.013 lb/ton \* (1 - 0) \* 1 ton/2,000 lb = 0.66 tpy

(7) Annual Potential to Emit (Stockpiles) = Stockpile Area (acres) \* Wind Erosion Emission Factor (lb/acre-day) \* 365 days/yr \* (1 - Control Eff) \* 1 ton/2,000 lb

Example: PM Emissions from West SRUs Stockpile Wind Erosion = 0.5 acres \* 3.5 lb/acre-day \* 365 days/yr \* (1 - 0.5) \* 1 ton/2,000 lb = 0.16 tpy

#### B-21 Sulfur Handling and Storage Annual Potential to Emit

Table 4 - Sulfur Storage Handling Fugitive Emissions

Activity	Sulfur Handling Rolt Length Area (lh/ton)(3),(4) Emission F		Wind Erosion Emission Factor	Controls Description <sup>(6)</sup>	Control Efficiency	Annual Potential to Emit (tpy) <sup>(7),(8)</sup>						
·	Rate (tpy) <sup>(1)</sup>	(ft) <sup>(2)</sup>	(acres) <sup>(2)</sup>	PM	PM10	PM2.5	(lb/acre-day) <sup>(5)</sup>	,	(%) <sup>(6)</sup>	PM	PM10	PM2.5
Drop from Truck to Stockpile	200,750			0.013	0.006	0.001		None	-	1.3	0.6	0.1
Load from Stockpile into Conveyor	200,750			0.013	0.006	0.001		None	-	1.3	0.6	0.1
Conveyor Belt	200,750	560		0.024	0.012	0.002		Rain covers	50	1.2	0.6	0.1
Drop from Conveyor Belt into Ship	200,750			0.013	0.006	0.001		None	-	1.3	0.6	0.1
Basin Stockpile Wind Erosion			1.4				3.5	Partial enclosure (3 walls 6.5 ft)	30	0.6	0.6	0.6
					-				TOTAL	5.8	3.1	1.0

#### Notes:

(1) Sales maximum design throughput for the SRUs (East and West) = 550 tpd Example: Basin Sulfur Handling Rate = 550 ton/day \* 365 day/yr = 200,750 tpy

(2) Site data

(3) Uncontrolled emission factor per AP-42, Chapter 13.2.4, Equation 1 (valid for moisture content range of 0.25 - 4.8 %, silt content range of 0.44 - 19%)

E (lb/ton) = k \* 0.0032 \* (U/5)^1.3 / (M/2)^1.4

AP-42, Chapter 13.2.4-4, particle size multiplier (k):

k (PM) = 0.74 (AP-42, 13.2.4-4, Aerodynamic Particle Size Multiplier (k) for particle size < 30 μm)
k (PM10) = 0.35 (AP-42, 13.2.4-4, Aerodynamic Particle Size Multiplier (k) for particle size < 10 μm)
k (PM2.5) = 0.053 (AP-42, 13.2.4-4, Aerodynamic Particle Size Multiplier (k) for particle size < 2.5 μm)
U = 8.8 mph. Average wind speed based on 2009 and 2010 data from Cottage Meteorological Station
M = 1.0 % (from product specifications)

Example: PM Uncontrolled Emission Factor = 0.74 \* 0.0032 \* (8.8/5)^1.3 / (1.0/2)^1.4 = 0.013 lb/ton

(4) Uncontrolled emission factor is estimated using the AP-42 drop point equation ratioed to the conveyor length.

 $E (lb/ton) = k * 0.0032 * (U/5)^1.3 / (M/2)^1.4 * Conveyor Length Ratio$ 

Conveyor Length Ratio = Conveyor Length (ft) / 300 ft

Example: PM Uncontrolled Conveyor Adjusted Emission Factor = 0.74 \* 0.0032 \* (8.8/5)^1.3 / (1.0/2)^1.4 \* 560 ft/300 ft = 0.024 lb/ton

(5) Stockpile wind erosion emission factor per CHEER (Coal Handling Emissions Evaluation Roundtable) Workshop, TNRCC (May 16, 1995) and per EPA-450/3-74-037 Development of Emission Factors for Fugitive Dust Sources (EPA, June 1974)

(6) Control efficiency per CHEER (Coal Handling Emissions Evaluation Roundtable) Workshop, TNRCC (May 16, 1995):

#### Control Efficiency

Rain covers 50 40-50% depends on air gaps between cover edge and belt

Established wind breaks 30 The stockpile is surrounded by 6.5ft walls in two sides and a fence towards the docks

(7) Annual Potential to Emit (Drop Points) = Sulfur Production Rate (ton/yr) \* Uncontrolled Emission Factor (lb/ton) \* (1 - Control Eff) \* 1 ton/2,000 lb

Example: PM Emissions from West SRUs Drop from Conveyor to Stockpile = 200,750 ton/yr \* 0.013 lb/ton \* (1 - 0) \* 1 ton/2,000 lb = 1.31 tpy

(8) Annual Potential to Emit (Stockpiles) = Stockpile Area (acres) \* Wind Erosion Emission Factor (lb/acre-day) \* 365 days/yr \* (1 - Control Eff) \* 1 ton/2,000 lb

Example: PM Emissions from West SRUs Stockpile Wind Erosion = 1.4 acres \* 3.5 lb/acre-day \* 365 days/yr \* (1 - 0.3) \* 1 ton/2,000 lb = 0.63 tpy

#### B-22 Coke Handling and Storage Annual Potential to Emit

Description: The four coke drums operate in pairs. As two drums are filled, the other two are emptied. Solidified coke is cut with a steam lance drilled from the top of the drum and dropped to the below grade pit. Chunks of wet coke drop from the drums into the pit. The pit is below grade and is surrounded by 20 ft concrete walls (4 sides). Coke is transferred from the pit to a concrete pad inside the walled enclosure with a clam shell (or with front-end loaders for up to 12 hr a month for maintenance of the clam shell). The wet coke is crushed in the MC-8601 crusher. The crusher grinds the coke and drops it into the conveyor belt for transfer to the two storage domes located by the Docks. The conveyor belts are fully enclosed, ventilated with fans and no dust collection. The domes are fully enclosed and equipped with dust collectors. From the domes, the reclaiming conveyors feed the Ship Loading Gallery (SL-8601). The radial loading arm SL-8601 is controlled with a dust collector. Coke is transferred to the ship by means of an adjustable chute that helps reducing the drop into the hull of the ship.

Table 1 - Fugitive Particulate Coke Handling & Storage

Activity	Annual Potential to Emit (tpy) <sup>(1)</sup>						
	PM	PM10	PM2.5				
Drop points	1.2	0.5	0.1				
MC-8601 Crusher	1.3	1.3	1.3				
Conveyor Belts	1.1	0.5	0.1				
Domes 1 & 2 Vents	0.1	0.0	0.0				
Radial Loader Vent	0.7	0.7	0.7				
TOTAL	4.4	3.1	2.3				

#### Notes:

(1) Refer to tables 2-4 for detailed calculations

#### B-22 Coke Handling and Storage Annual Potential to Emit

Table 2 - Coke Handling Transfers and Crusher Particulate Emissions

Activity	Uncontrolled Emission Factor (lb/ton) <sup>(1),(2)</sup>			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Max. Operating	Control Description	Control Efficiency	Annual Potential to Emit (tpy) <sup>(6),(7)</sup>			
·	PM	PM10	PM2.5	Rate (tpy)	Hours (hr/yr) <sup>(4)</sup>		(%) <sup>(5)</sup>	PM	PM10	PM2.5	
Wet coke drop from the bottom of the coke drums , (D-8501, D-8502, D-8503, D-8504) to the below grade pit	0.001	0.001	0.0001	1,338,462	8,760	Wet coke (8.1% moisture) Partial enclosure (4 walls)	75	0.24	0.12	0.02	
Wet coke transfer with a clam shell (or front-end loaders) from the concrete pit to the concrete pad	0.001	0.001	0.0001	1,338,462	8,760	Wet coke (8.1% moisture) Partial enclosure (4 walls)	75	0.24	0.12	0.02	
Wet coke transfer with clam shell (or front-end loaders) from the concrete pad to the crusher MC-8601	0.001	0.001	0.0001	1,338,462	8,760	Wet coke (8.1% moisture) Partial enclosure (4 walls)	75	0.24	0.12	0.02	
MC-8601 Crusher	0.02	0.02	0.02	1,338,462	8,760	Completely enclosed except the drop funnel	90	1.3	1.3	1.3	
Coke drop to the ship (following the radial loading arm, refer to Table 3)	0.001	0.001	0.0001	1,338,462	8,760	Reduce fall distance (sock)	50	0.45	0.15	0.03	
							TOTAL	2.5	1.8	1.4	

#### Notes

(1) Uncontrolled emission factor for transfer points per AP-42, Chapter 13.2.4, Equation 1 (valid for moisture content range of 0.25 - 4.8 %, silt content range of 0.44 - 19%):

 $E (lb/ton) = k * 0.0032 * (U/5)^1.3 / (M/2)^1.4$ 

Where:

M = 4.8 % max equation range (refer to Note 6)

Example: PM Uncontrolled Emission Factor = 0.74 \* 0.0032 \* (8.8/5)^1.3 / (4.8/2)^1.4 = 0.001 lb/ton

(2) Uncontrolled emission factor for the Crusher MC-8601 per CHEER (Coal Handling Emissions Evaluation Roundtable) Workshop, TNRCC (May 16, 1995). Recommended emission factor for the primary crusher of coke (0.02 lb/ton) and for the secondary crusher (0.06 lb/ton)

(3) Annual coke handling rate:

	Coker Charge	Coker Charge	Coke Handling	
	(FOEB/yr)	(MBPD)	(tpy)	
Coker		65	1,500,000	1998 design
Coker	21 170 000	58	1 338 462	Title V 3 1 17 7 (black font)

- (4) Coker handling operates 8,760 hr/yr. Front-end loaders operate only during maintenance of the clam shell. Assumed one 12 hr period a month is necessary.
- (5) Control efficiency per CHEER (Coal Handling Emissions Evaluation Roundtable) Workshop, TNRCC (May 16, 1995):

#### Control Efficiency

 Wet material
 50
 Wet material 30 - 50 % depends on surface moisture content, amount of time for water application. The average moisture was measured to be 8.1%wt

 Partial enclosure
 50
 Partial enclosures 30-50% depends on equipment

 Full enclosure
 90
 Ventilated, no dust collection

 Reduce fall distance
 50
 30-50% includes adjustable chutes

Example: Coke Drums Control Efficiency = 1 - [(1 - 0.5) \* (1 - 0.5)] = 75%

(6) Title V Section 3.1.17 Group 17 - Coker Complex

	STX-TV-003-10 Condition	Coke Moisture (%) Equal or Greater	PM (lb/yr)	PM10 (lb/yr)
Coke Drum Drop Operations	3.1.17.10	4.8	900	300
Coke Crusher Drop Operations	3.1.17.11	4.8	900	300
Coke Crusher Operations	3.1.17.14	4.8	9,450	4,500
Coke Drop Operations to the Ship	3.1.17.12	4.8	900	300

(7) Annual Potential to Emit (tpy) = MIN{Title V Limit; Uncontrolled Emission Factor (lb/ton) \* Coke Production Rate (ton/yr) \* (1 - Control Efficiency) \* 1 ton/2,000 lb}

Example: PM Coke Drums Annual Potential to Emit = MIN{ [900lb/yr \* 1 ton/2,000 lb]; [ 0.001 lb/ton \* 1,338,462 ton/yr \* (1 - 0.75) \* 1 ton/2,000 lb ] } = MIN{ [0.45 tpy; 0.24 tpy} = 0.24 tpy

#### B-22 Coke Handling and Storage Annual Potential to Emit

Table 3 - Coke Handling Conveyors Particulate Emissions

Activity	Fan ID	Conveyor Belt	(lb/ton)'-'		Coke Handling Max. Operating			Control Efficiency	Annual Potential to Emit (tpy) <sup>(6)</sup>			
		Length (ft) <sup>(1)</sup>	PM	PM10	PM2.5	Rate (tpy) <sup>(3)</sup>	Hours (hr/yr) <sup>(4)</sup>		(%) <sup>(5)</sup>	PM	PM10	PM2.5
MC-8604 Conveyor	C-8606							Ventilated.				
(DCU to Dome 1)	C-8607	822	0.004	0.002	2 0.0003	1,338,462	8,760	No dust collector	90	0.3	0.1	0.02
·	C-8608	]						No dust collector				1
MC-8606 Conveyor	C-8610	299	0.001	0.001	0.0001	1,338,462	8,760	Ventilated.	90	0.1	0.05	0.01
(DCU to Dome 2)	C-8611	299	0.001	0.001	0.0001	1,338,462	8,760	No dust collector	90	0.1	0.03	0.01
MC-8609 Conveyor	6.0613	259	0.004	0.004	0.0004	4 220 462	8,760	Ventilated.	90	0.1	0.04	0.006
(Dome 1 to Ship Loading)	C-8612	259	0.001	0.001	0.0001	1,338,462	8,760	No dust collector	90	0.1	0.04	0.006
MC-8610 Conveyor	C-8619	243	0.001	0.001	0.0001	1 220 462	8,760	Ventilated.	90	0.1	0.04	0.01
(Dome 2 to Ship Loading)	C-8619	243	0.001	0.001	0.0001	1,338,462	8,760	No dust collector	90	0.1	0.04	0.01
	C-8614											
MC-8611 Conveyor	C-8615	1,308	0.006	0.003	0.0005	1,338,462	8,760	Ventilated.	90	0.4	0.2	0.02
(Domes 1&2 to Ship Loading)	C-8616	1,308	0.006	0.003	0.0005	1,338,462	8,760	No dust collector	90	0.4	0.2	0.03
	C-8617	]										1
CL OCO1 Chin Londing College	C-8621	450	0.003	0.001	0.0003	1 220 462	0.700	Ventilated.	90	0.1	0.1	0.01
SL-8601 Ship Loading Gallery	C-8622	450	0.002	0.001	0.0002	1,338,462	8,760	No dust collector	90	0.1	0.1	0.01
									TOTAL	1.1	0.5	0.1

#### Notes:

(1) Conveyor belt length per engineering drawings

(2) Uncontrolled emission factor is estimated using the AP-42 drop point equation ratioed to the conveyor length. AP-42, Chapter 13.2.4, Equation 1 (valid for moisture content range of 0.25 - 4.8 %, silt content range of 0.44 - 19%) E (lb/ton) = k \* 0.0032 \* (U/5)^1.3 / (M/2)^1.4 \* Conveyor Length Ratio

Conveyor Length Ratio = Conveyor Length (ft) / 300 ft

AP-42, Chapter 13.2.4-4, particle size multiplier (k):

k (PM) = 0.74 (AP-42, 13.2.4-4, Aerodynamic Particle Size Multiplier (k) for particle size < 30 μm)
k (PM10) = 0.35 (AP-42, 13.2.4-4, Aerodynamic Particle Size Multiplier (k) for particle size < 10 μm)
k (PM2.5) = 0.05 (AP-42, 13.2.4-4, Aerodynamic Particle Size Multiplier (k) for particle size < 2.5 μm)
U = 8.83 mph. Average wind speed based on 2009 and 2010 data from Cottage Meteorological Station
M = 4.80 % max equation range (refer to Note 6)

M = 4.80 % max equation range (refer to Note 6)

Example: MC-8604 Conveyor PM Uncontrolled Emission Factor = 0.74 \* 0.0032 \* (8.8/5)^1.3 / (4.8/2)^1.4 \* 822 / 300 = 0.004 lb/ton

(3) Annual coke handling rate:

	Coker Charge	Coker Charge	Coke Handling	
_	(FOEB/yr)	(MBPD)	(tpy)	_
Coker		65	1,500,000	1998 design
Coker	21,170,000	58	1,338,462	Title V, 3.1.17.7 (black font)

(4) Coker handling operates 8,760 hr/yr.

(5) Control efficiency per CHEER (Coal Handling Emissions Evaluation Roundtable) Workshop, TNRCC (May 16, 1995):

Control Efficiency

Full enclosure, ventilated, no dust collector 90+ summary of control efficiencies, page 34

(6) Annual Potential to Emit (tpy) = Uncontrolled Emission Factor (lb/ton) \* Coke Production Rate (ton/yr) \* (1 - Control Efficiency) \* 1 ton/2,000 lb

Example: MC-8604 Conveyor PM Annual Potential to Emit = 0.004 lb/ton \* 1,338,462 ton/yr \* (1 - 0.90) \* 1 ton/2,000 lb = 0.3 tpy

#### B-22 Coke Handling and Storage Annual Potential to Emit

**Table 4 - Coke Handling Vents Particulate Emissions** 

Activity	Fan ID	Flowrate (acfm) <sup>(1)</sup>	Temperature (°F) <sup>(2)</sup>	Dust Collector Flowrate	Dust Collector Efficiency	Annual Potential to Emit (tpy) <sup>(5),(6),(7)</sup>				
		(aciiii)	( ' '	(dscfm) <sup>(3)</sup>	(gr/dscf) <sup>(4)</sup>	PM	PM10	PM2.5		
Dome 1 Vent BLD-8601	F-8601	20,000	87	19,293	0.005	0.05	0.02	0.02		
Dome 2 Vent BLD-8602	F-8602	20,000	87	19,293	0.005	0.05	0.02	0.02		
Radial Loading Arm SL-8601	F-8603	4,000	87	3,859	0.005	0.7	0.7	0.7		
					TOTAL	0.8	0.8	0.8		

#### Notes:

- (1) Exhaust fan specifications
- (2) Maximum annual temperature for 2009-2010
- (3) Flowrate (dscfm) = Flowrate (acfm) \* Standard Temp (°R) / Exhaust Temp (°R) Example: Dome 1 F-8601 = 20,000 acfm \* (68 + 459.67) / (87 + 459.67) = 19,293 dscfm
- (4) LAER limit for dust collection
- (5) Title V Section 3.1.17 Group 17 Coker Complex

	Title V	PM	PM10	
_	ritie v	(lb/yr)	(lb/yr)	
Coke Storage Dome Vents	3.1.17.13	90	30	

(6) Annual Potential to Emit (tpy) = MIN { Title V Limit; Emission Factor (gr/dsfc) \* Dust Collector Flowrate (dscfm) \* 60 min/1hr \* 8,760 hr/yr \* 1 lb/7,000 gr \* 1 ton/2,000 lb} Example: PM Emissions Dome 1 Vent BLD-8601 = MIN { 90 lb/yr \* 1 ton/2,000 lb; 0.005 gr/dscf \* 19,293 dscf/min \* 60 min/hr \* 8,760 hr/yr \* 1 lb/7,000 gr \* 1 ton/2,000 lb } = MIN { 0.05 tpy; 3.62 tpy} = 0.05 tpy

(7) Annual Potential to Emit (tpy) = Emission Factor (gr/dsfc) \* Dust Collector Flowrate (dscfm) \* 60 min/1hr \* 8,760 hr/yr \* 1 lb/7,000 gr \* 1 ton/2,000 lb Example: PM Emissions Radial Loading Arm SL-8601 = 0.005 gr/dscf \* 3,859 dscf/min \* 60 min/hr \* 8,760 hr/yr \* 1 lb/7,000 gr \* 1 ton/2,000 lb = 0.7 tpy

# Limetree Bay Terminals and Refining B-23 FCC Catalyst Handling & Storage Annual Potential to Emit

<u>Description</u>: emissions associated with the FCC catalyst handling include three drop points: load to the hopper, load from the hopper to the reactor and unloading of the reactor. The load to the reactor is partially enclosed, as the reactor only vents on the top. The unloading of the reactor is conducted using a loading sock that reduces the fall distance. alternatively, the unloading of the reactor may occur through a vacuum system on the drum containers or after the catalyst is wetted with steam.

Table 1 - Catalyst Handling Particulate Emissions

Activity	Uncontro	olled Emission ( (lb/ton) <sup>(1)</sup>	Factor	Catalyst Handling Rate	Controls Description			l Potential to (tpy) <sup>(6),(7)</sup>	Emit
Activity	PM	PM10	PM2.5	(tpy) <sup>(2)</sup>	Controls Description	(%) <sup>(5)</sup>	PM	PM10	PM2.5
Catalyst Load to Hopper	0.035	0.016	0.0025	1,491.8	None	-	0.03	0.01	0.002
Catalyst Load to Reactor	0.035	0.016	0.0025	1,491.8	Partial enclosure	50	0.01	0.01	0.001
Catalyst Drop Out of Reactor	0.035	0.016	0.0025	1,565.93	Reduce fall distance or wet material	50	0.01	0.01	0.001
	TOTAL	0.05	0.02	0.004					

#### Notes:

(1) Uncontrolled emission factor for transfer points per AP-42, Chapter 13.2.4, Equation 1 (valid for moisture content range of 0.25 - 4.8 %, silt content range of 0.44 - 19%):

E (lb/ton) = k \* 0.0032 \* (U/5)^1.3 / (M/2)^1.4

Where:

k (PM) = 0.74 (AP-42, 13.2.4-4, Aerodynamic Particle Size Multiplier (k) for particle size < 30 µm)
k (PM10) = 0.35 (AP-42, 13.2.4-4, Aerodynamic Particle Size Multiplier (k) for particle size < 10 µm)
k (PM2.5) = 0.053 (AP-42, 13.2.4-4, Aerodynamic Particle Size Multiplier (k) for particle size < 2.5 µm)
U = 8.8 mph. Average wind speed based on 2009 and 2010 data from Cottage Meteorological Station
M = 0.5 %. Product specifications vary from 0 - 3% for most catalyst. Most are hydroscopic.

Example: PM Uncontrolled Emission Factor = 0.74 \* 0.0032 \* (8.8/5)^1.3 / (0.5/2)^1.4 = 0.035 lb/ton

(2) Catalyst handling rate. For purposes of PTE a 25% increase over 2009/2010 data was applied.

	2009	2010	Max. Rate + 25%
	(lbs)	(lbs)	(lbs)
Catalyst onsite	8,895,096	7,896,557	11,118,870
Catalyst Loaded	2,386,954	1,154,393	2,983,693
Catalyst Shipped	2.505.481	432,533	3.131.851

(3) Control efficiency per CHEER (Coal Handling Emissions Evaluation Roundtable) Workshop, TNRCC (May 16, 1995):

#### Control Efficiency

Partial enclosure 50 Partial encolosures 30-50% depends on equipment

Reduce fall distance 50 30-50% includes adjustable chutes

Wet material 50 Wet material 30 - 50 % depends on surface moisture content, amount of time for water application.

(4) Annual Potential to Emit (tpy) = Catalyst Handling Rate (ton/yr) \* (1 - Control Efficiency) \* 1 ton/2,000 lb

Example: PM Load to Reactor Annual Potential to Emit = 0.035 lb/ton \* 1,492 ton/yr \* (1 - 0.50) \* 1 ton/2,000 lb = 0.01 tpy

## **B-24 Road Dust Annual Potential to Emit**

<u>Description</u>: up to 250 vehicle fleet is used daily at the facility. The quantity of particulate emissions from resuspension of loose material on the road surface due to vheicle travel on dry paved road is estimated using AP-42 Chapter 13.2.

Table 1 - Road Dust Potential to Emit

Parameter	Units	PM	PM10	PM2.5				
Max. Vehicle Miles Travelled <sup>(1)</sup>	miles/day/vehicle		10					
No. Leased/Owned Vehicles <sup>(1)</sup>	vehicle		250					
Max. Fleet VMT per Year <sup>(2)</sup>	VMT/yr		912,500					
Road Surface Silt, sL <sup>(3)</sup>	g/m2		1.1					
Average Weight of Vehicles in Road, W <sup>(1)</sup>	tons		4					
Days with > 0.01 inches rain, P <sup>(4)</sup>	days		154					
Days in Averaging Period, N	days		365					
Particle Size Multiplier, k <sup>(5)</sup>	lb/MVT	lb/MVT 0.011 0.00						
Emission Factor, E <sup>(6)</sup>	lb/VMT	0.044	0.009	0.002				
Annual Emissions <sup>(7)</sup>	tpy	20.1	4.0	1.0				

#### Notes:

- (1) Site data
- (2) Max. Fleet VMT (VMT/yr) = Max. Vehicle Miles Travelled (miles/day/vehicle) \* No. Vehicles (vehicle) \* 365 days/yr Example: Max. Fleet VMT = 10 miles/day/vehicle \* 250 vehicle \* 365 day/yr = 912,500 VMT/yr
- (3) Road Surface Silt for Corn wet mills per AP-42, Chapter 13.2, Table 13.2.1-3
- (4) Average Days with > 0.01 inches rain for 2009 and 2010. Based on meteorological station records
- (5) Particle size multiplier for paved road per AP-42, Chapter 13.2, Table 13.2.1-1 for PM30, PM10 and PM2.5
- (6) Emission factor per AP-42, Chapter 13.2, Equation 2

 $E = k * sL^0.91 * W^1.02 * (1 - P/4N)$ 

Example: PM E =  $0.011 * 1.1^{0.91} * 4^{1.02} * (1 - 154 / (4 * 365)) = 0.044 lb/MVT$ 

(7) Annual Emissions = Max. Fleet VMT/yr \* E (lb/VMT) \* 1 ton/2,000 lb

Example: Annual PM Emissions = 912,500 VMT/yr \* 0.044 lb/MVMT \* 1 ton/2,000 lb = 20.1 tpy

## Limetree Bay Terminals B-25 Painting Annual Potential to Emit

<u>Description</u>: the facility utilizes paint for multiple purposes. The estimated potential to emit is based on usage in years 2009 and 2010 plus a 30%. VOC calculations for paints and thinners were developed for calendar years 2009 and 2010 using the total VOC weight percent in typical paints and thinners used on site times the total usage per site records. For paints, 100% of the VOC content is assumed to be emitted, since approximately 20% of thinners used are mixed with the paint, and the rest (80%) is used for cleaning. Of that 80%, it was assumed that 10% volatilizes during the day before it is shipped out as waste.

Product	2009 (lbs)	2010 (lbs)	Max. Rate CY09 & CY10 + 30% (lbs)	VOC (tpy)
Paint VOC	10,986	17,305	21,631	11
Thinner VOC	23,126	22,230	28,907	4
			TOTAL PTE	15

## Limetree Bay Terminals and Refining B-26 Firefighter Training Potential to Emit

		Gasoline	Firefighting T	raining	Diesel	Firefighting Tr	aining	LPG F	ining	Annual	
Air Pollutant	Emission Factor (lb <sub>pollutant</sub> /lb <sub>fuel</sub> ) <sup>(1)</sup>	Fuel Burned in Training (gal/yr) <sup>(2)</sup>	Fuel Density (lb/gal) <sup>(3)</sup>	Emissions (tpy) <sup>(4)</sup>	Fuel Burned in Training (gal/yr) <sup>(2)</sup>	Fuel Density (lb/gal) <sup>(3)</sup>	Emissions (tpy) <sup>(4)</sup>	Fuel Burned in Training (gal/yr) <sup>(2)</sup>	Fuel Density (lb/gal) <sup>(3)</sup>	Emissions (tpy) <sup>(4)</sup>	Emissions (tpy) <sup>(5)</sup>
SOx	-			-						-	-
NOx	0.0042			0.03			0.03			0.01	0.1
СО	0.56			3.4			3.8			1.7	8.9
PM	0.128	1,950	6.17	0.8	1,950	7.05	0.9	1,300	4.54	0.4	2.0
PM10	0.128			0.8			0.9			0.4	2.0
PM2.5	0.128			0.8			0.9	<del>)</del>		0.4	2.0
VOC	0.32			1.9			2.2			0.9	5.1

#### Notes

- (1) Emission factors for life fire traing (JP-4) per "Calculation Methods for Criteria Air Pollutant Emission Inventories", Brooks Air Force Base, TX, July 1994
- (2) Based in 2009 firefighter trainging records plus 30%
- (3) AP-42, Appendix A. For LPG average of liquid butane and liquid propane density.
- (4) Emissions (tpy) = Emission Factor (lbpollutant/lbfuel) \* Fuel Burned (gal/yr) \* Fuel Density (lb/gal) \* 1 ton/2,000 lb Example: CO Gasoline Firefighting Training Emissions = 0.56 lb/lb \* 1,950 gal/yr \* 6.17 lb/gal \* 1 ton/2000 lb = 3.37 tpy
- (5) Annual Emissions (tpy) = Gasoline Emissions (tpy) + Diesel Emissions (tpy) + LPG Emission (tpy)

Example: CO Annual Emissions = 3.4 tpy + 3.8 tpy + 1.7 tpy = 8.9 tpy

# **Appendix C Baseline Emission Calculations**

Table C-1 Out	illinary or C	Jonnbustio	n Units VOC E	, AL		1	1		1						
Process Unit	Source ID	PAL Unit (Y/N)	Emission Type	Unit Description	Unit Status	Unit Size (MMBtu/hr)	Baseline Fuel Gas or Other Gaseous Fuel 24 mo Throughput (MMBtu/yr)	Baseline Distillate Oil 24 mo Throughput (MMBtu/yr)	BAE Estimation Method	Fuel Gas Emission Factor (lb/MMBtu)	Distillate/6- Oil Emission Factor (lb/MMBtu)	Baseline Period 24 Month Total Emissions (tons)	BAE (tpy	Adjusted BAE (tpy)	Notes
#2 DU Fractionator	H-101	Y	Heater/Boiler	Heater	Existing	146	791,295	43,469	Emission Factor	5.39E-03	5.14E-03	2.25	1.12	1.12	-
#2 DU Fractionator	H-104	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Heater	Existing	108	654,318	40,043	Emission Factor	5.39E-03	5.14E-03	1.87	0.93	0.93	-
#2 CDU	H-401A	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Charge Heater	Existing	171	828,797	257,804	Emission Factor	5.39E-03	5.14E-03	2.90	1.45	1.45	-
#2 CDU	H-401B	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Charge Heater	Existing	171	828,797	257,804	Emission Factor	5.39E-03	5.14E-03	2.90	1.45	1.45	-
#2 CDU	H-401C	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Charge Heater	Existing	171	828,797	257,804	Emission Factor	5.39E-03	5.14E-03	2.90	1.45	1.45	-
#3 DD	C-1500A	Υ	Compressor	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Existing	3	15,104	0	Emission Factor	2.96E-02		0.22	0.11	0.11	-
#3 DD	C-1500B	Υ	Compressor	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Existing	3	15,104	0	Emission Factor	2.96E-02		0.22	0.11	0.11	-
#3 DD	C-1500C	Υ	Compressor	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Existing	3	15,104	0	Emission Factor	2.96E-02		0.22	0.11	0.11	-
Penex	H-200	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Charge Heater	Existing	37	389,579	0	Emission Factor	5.39E-03	5.14E-03	1.05	0.53	0.53	-
Penex	H-201	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Fired Reboiler Heater	Existing	37	395,352	0	Emission Factor	5.39E-03	5.14E-03	1.07	0.53	0.53	-
Penex	H-202	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Hot Oil Heater	Existing	122	874,691	0	Emission Factor	5.39E-03	5.14E-03	2.36	1.18	1.18	-
Penex	C-200A	Υ	Compressor	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Existing	9	75,121	0	Emission Factor	2.96E-02		1.11	0.56	0.56	-
Penex	C-200B	Υ	Compressor	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Existing	9	75,121	0	Emission Factor	2.96E-02		1.11	0.56	0.56	-
Penex	C-200C	Υ	Compressor	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Existing	9	75,121	0	Emission Factor	2.96E-02		1.11	0.56	0.56	-
Utility Fractionation	H-160	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Charge Heater	Existing	135	884,143	0	Emission Factor	5.39E-03	5.14E-03	2.38	1.19	1.19	-
#2 Platformer	H-601	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Stripper Reboiler Heater	Existing	36	221,021	0	Emission Factor	5.39E-03	5.14E-03	0.60	0.30	0.30	-
#2 Platformer	H-604	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Platforming No. 2 Interheater	Existing	37	214,990	0	Emission Factor	5.39E-03	5.14E-03	0.58	0.29	0.29	-
#2 Platformer	H-605	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Platforming No. 3 Interheater	Existing	15	59,776	0	Emission Factor	5.39E-03	5.14E-03	0.16	0.08	0.08	-
#2 DU	H-800A	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Reactor Charge Heater	Existing	43	461,566	0	Emission Factor	5.39E-03	5.14E-03	1.24	0.62	0.62	-
#2 DU	H-800B	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Reactor Charge Heater	Existing	43	441,880	0	Emission Factor	5.39E-03	5.14E-03	1.19	0.60	0.60	-
#2 DU	H-801	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Stripper Heater	Existing	101	803,114	0	Emission Factor	5.39E-03	5.14E-03	2.17	1.08	1.08	-
#4 DD	H-2201A	Y	Heater/Boiler	Reactor Charge Heater	Existing	61	690,666	0	Emission Factor	5.39E-03	5.14E-03	1.86	0.93	0.93	-
#4 DD	H-2201B	Y	Heater/Boiler	Reactor Charge Heater	Existing	61	690,666	0	Emission Factor	5.39E-03	5.14E-03	1.86	0.93	0.93	-
#4 DD	H-2202	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Stripper Reboiler Heater	Existing	119	980,002	0	Emission Factor	5.39E-03	5.14E-03	2.64	1.32	1.32	-
#5 DD	H-2400	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Charge Heater	Existing	33	463,511	0	Emission Factor	5.39E-03	5.14E-03	1.25	0.62	0.62	-
#5 DD	C-2400A	Y	Compressor	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Existing	7	48,723	0	Emission Factor	2.96E-02		0.72	0.36	0.36	-
#5 DD	C-2400B	Y	Compressor	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Existing	7	48,723	0	Emission Factor	2.96E-02		0.72	0.36	0.36	-
Naphtha Fractionation	H-2501	Y	Heater/Boiler	Reboiler Heater	Existing	203	437,565	0	Emission Factor	5.39E-03	5.14E-03	1.18	0.59	0.59	-

Process Unit	Source ID	PAL Unit (Y/N)	Emission Type	Unit Description	Unit Status	Unit Size (MMBtu/hr)	Baseline Fuel Gas or Other Gaseous Fuel 24 mo Throughput (MMBtu/yr)	Baseline Distillate Oil 24 mo Throughput (MMBtu/yr)	BAE Estimation Method	Fuel Gas Emission Factor (lb/MMBtu)	Distillate/6- Oil Emission Factor (lb/MMBtu)	Baseline Period 24 Month Total Emissions (tons)	BAE (tpy	Adjusted BAE (tpy)	Notes
#2 Sulfolane	H-4502	Y	Heater/Boiler	Benzene Column Reboiler Heater	Existing	149	858,943	0	Emission Factor	5.39E-03	5.14E-03	2.32	1.16	1.16	-
#2 Sulfolane	H-4503	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Toluene Column Reboiler Heater	Existing	141	753,962	0	Emission Factor	5.39E-03	5.14E-03	2.03	1.02	1.02	-
#2 Sulfolane	H-4504	Y	Heater/Boiler	Xylene Column Reboiler Heater	Existing	126	607,009	0	Emission Factor	5.39E-03	5.14E-03	1.64	0.82	0.82	-
#2 Sulfolane	H-4505	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Raffinate Splitter Reboiler Heater	Existing	109	470,895	0	Emission Factor	5.39E-03	5.14E-03	1.27	0.63	0.63	-
#5 CDU	H-3101A	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Crude Charge Heater	Existing	381	2,184,815	614,217	Emission Factor	5.39E-03	5.14E-03	7.47	3.73	3.73	-
#5 CDU	H-3101B	Y	Heater/Boiler	Crude Charge Heater	Existing	381	2,436,185	659,430	Emission Factor	5.39E-03	5.14E-03	8.26	4.13	4.13	-
#6 CDU	H-4101A	Y	Heater/Boiler	Crude Charge Heater	Existing	381	2,446,267	516,409	Emission Factor	5.39E-03	5.14E-03	7.92	3.96	3.96	-
#6 CDU	H-4101B	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Crude Charge Heater	Existing	381	2,817,416	557,900	Emission Factor	5.39E-03	5.14E-03	9.03	4.51	4.51	-
#3 Platformer	H-4401	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Charge Heater	Existing	134	1,025,393	0	Emission Factor	5.39E-03	5.14E-03	2.76	1.38	1.38	-
#3 Platformer	H-4402	Y	Heater/Boiler	Fired Reboiler Heater	Existing	128	721,833	0	Emission Factor	5.39E-03	5.14E-03	1.95	0.97	0.97	-
#3 Platformer	H-4451	Y	Heater/Boiler	Charge Heater	Existing	381	2,918,945	0	Emission Factor	5.39E-03	5.14E-03	7.87	3.93	3.93	-
#3 Platformer	H-4452	Y	Heater/Boiler	Intermediate Heater	Existing	248	1,803,863	0	Emission Factor	5.39E-03	5.14E-03	4.86	2.43	2.43	-
#3 Platformer	H-4453	Y	Heater/Boiler	Intermediate Heater	Existing	248	1,338,392	0	Emission Factor	5.39E-03	5.14E-03	3.61	1.80	1.80	-
#3 Platformer #3 Platformer	H-4454 H-4455	Y	Heater/Boiler Heater/Boiler	Intermediate Heater Fired Reboiler Heater	Existing Existing	77 138	518,276 1,076,287	0	Emission Factor Emission Factor	5.39E-03 5.39E-03	5.14E-03 5.14E-03	1.40 2.90	0.70 1.45	0.70 1.45	-
#3 VAC	H-4201	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Prestripper Heater	Existing	253	1,195,811	545,534	Emission Factor	5.39E-03	5.14E-03	4.62	2.31	2.31	_
#3 VAC	H-4202	Y	Heater/Boiler	Vacuum Heater	Existing	245	962,882	553,169	Emission Factor	5.39E-03	5.14E-03	4.02	2.01	2.01	_
#4 Platformer	H-5401	Y	Heater/Boiler	Charge Heater	Existing	134	983,723	0	Emission Factor	5.39E-03	5.14E-03	2.65	1.33	1.33	_
#4 Platformer	H-5402	Y	Heater/Boiler	Fired Reboiler Heater	Existing	128	684,930	0	Emission Factor	5.39E-03	5.14E-03	1.85	0.92	0.92	-
#4 Platformer	H-5451	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Charge Heater	Existing	381	2,059,984	0	Emission Factor	5.39E-03	5.14E-03	5.55	2.78	2.78	-
#4 Platformer	H-5452	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Intermediate Heater	Existing	248	1,843,813	0	Emission Factor	5.39E-03	5.14E-03	4.97	2.49	2.49	-
#4 Platformer	H-5453	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Intermediate Heater	Existing	248	1,356,092	0	Emission Factor	5.39E-03	5.14E-03	3.66	1.83	1.83	-
#4 Platformer	H-5454	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Intermediate Heater	Existing	77	491,861	0	Emission Factor	5.39E-03	5.14E-03	1.33	0.66	0.66	-
#4 Platformer	H-5455	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Fired Reboiler Heater	Existing	138	1,014,968	0	Emission Factor	5.39E-03	5.14E-03	2.74	1.37	1.37	-
#6 DD	H-4601A	Y	Heater/Boiler	Reactor Charge Heater	Existing	61	307,355	0	Emission Factor	5.39E-03	5.14E-03	0.83	0.41	0.41	-
#6 DD	H-4601B	Y	Heater/Boiler	Reactor Charge Heater	Existing	61	306,150	0	Emission Factor	5.39E-03	5.14E-03	0.83	0.41	0.41	-
#6 DD	H-4602	Y	Heater/Boiler	Stripper Reboiler Heater	Existing	119	669,854	0	Emission Factor	5.39E-03	5.14E-03	1.81	0.90	0.90	-
#6 DD	C-4601A	Y	Compressor	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Existing	21	86,488	0	Emission Factor	1.18E-01		5.10	2.55	2.55	-
#6 DD	C-4601B	Y	Compressor	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Existing	21	86,488	0	Emission Factor	1.18E-01		5.10	2.55	2.55	-
#6 DD	C-4601C	Y	Compressor	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Existing	21	86,488	0	Emission Factor	1.18E-01		5.10	2.55	2.55	-

Table C-1 Sur	mmary of C	ombustio	n Units VOC E	SAE			ı		1	1	1			T	
Process Unit	Source ID	PAL Unit (Y/N)	Emission Type	Unit Description	Unit Status	Unit Size (MMBtu/hr)	Baseline Fuel Gas or Other Gaseous Fuel 24 mo Throughput (MMBtu/yr)	Baseline Distillate Oil 24 mo Throughput (MMBtu/yr)	BAE Estimation Method	Fuel Gas Emission Factor (lb/MMBtu)	Distillate/6- Oil Emission Factor (lb/MMBtu)	Baseline Period 24 Month Total Emissions (tons)	BAE (tpy	Adjusted BAE (tpy)	Notes
#7 DD	H-4301A	Y	Heater/Boiler	Reactor Charge Heater	Existing	67	550,826	0	Emission Factor	5.39E-03	5.14E-03	1.49	0.74	0.74	-
#7 DD	H-4301B	Y	Heater/Boiler	Reactor Charge Heater	Existing	67	573,413	0	Emission Factor	5.39E-03	5.14E-03	1.55	0.77	0.77	-
#7 DD	H-4302	Y	Heater/Boiler	Stripper Reboiler Heater	Existing	122	1,053,299	0	Emission Factor	5.39E-03	5.14E-03	2.84	1.42	1.42	-
#9 DD	H-5301A	Y	Heater/Boiler	Reactor Charge Heater	Existing	67	471,591	0	Emission Factor	5.39E-03	5.14E-03	1.27	0.64	0.64	-
#9 DD	H-5301B	Y	Heater/Boiler	Reactor Charge Heater	Existing	67	449,346	0	Emission Factor	5.39E-03	5.14E-03	1.21	0.61	0.61	-
#9 DD	H-5302	Y	Heater/Boiler	Stripper Reboiler Heater	Existing	122	1,257,163	0	Emission Factor	5.39E-03	5.14E-03	3.39	1.69	1.69	-
LSG Unit	H-4901	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Charge Heater	Existing	87	327,668	0	Emission Factor				0.00		
Sulfuric Acid Plant	STK-7801	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Heater Stack	Existing	30	73,671	0	Emission Factor				0.00		
Sulfuric Acid Plant	H-7801	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Process Air Heater	Existing				Emission Factor				0.00		
Sulfuric Acid Plant	H-7802	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Converter Heater	Existing				Emission Factor				0.00		
Sulfuric Acid Plant	R-7801	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Startup Heater	Existing				Emission Factor				0.00		
#1 SRU Incinerator	H-1032	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Tail Gas Incinerator	Existing	7	9,702	0	Emission Factor	5.39E-03	5.14E-03	0.03	0.01	0.01	-
#2 SRU Incinerator	H-1042	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Tail Gas Incinerator	Existing	15	73,434	0	Emission Factor	5.39E-03	5.14E-03	0.20	0.10	0.10	-
#1 Beavon	H-1061	Y	TGTU	Sulfur Recovery Units, Tail gas treatment	Existing	10	0	0				12.22	6.11	6.11	[B]
#2 Beavon	H-4761	Υ	TGTU	Tail Gas Treatment	Existing	10	0	0				27.58	13.79	13.79	[B]
East Incinerator	H-4745	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Tail Gas Incinerator	Existing	55	142,237	0	Emission Factor	5.39E-03	5.14E-03	0.38	0.19	0.19	-
Delayed Coker Unit	H-8501A	Y	Heater/Boiler	Coker process heater 1	Existing	200	2,480,262	0	Emission Factor	2007 Stack Tes	st	0.95	0.47	0.47	-
Delayed Coker	H-8501B	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Coker process heater	Existing	200	2,472,154	0	Emission Factor	2007 Stack Tes	st	0.36	0.18	0.18	-
Utility II	#5 Boiler (B-1155)	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Boiler; Produces Steam	Existing	539	1,765,918	811,841	Emission Factor	5.39E-03	5.14E-03	6.85	3.42	3.42	-
Utility III	#6 Boiler (B-3301)	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Boiler; Produces Steam	Existing	257	1,271,145	480,095	Emission Factor	5.39E-03	5.14E-03	4.66	2.33	2.33	[A]
Utility III	#7 Boiler (B-3302)	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Boiler; Produces Steam	Existing	257	1,133,369	511,268	Emission Factor	5.39E-03	5.14E-03	4.37	2.18	2.18	[A]
Utility III	#8 Boiler (B-3303)	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Boiler; Produces Steam	Existing	512	2,503,750	1,163,089	Emission Factor	5.39E-03	5.14E-03	9.74	4.87	4.87	
Utility III	#9 Boiler (B-3304)	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Boiler; Produces Steam	Existing	512	1,976,231	977,844	Emission Factor	5.39E-03	5.14E-03	7.84	3.92	3.92	-
Utility III	#10 Boiler (B-3701)	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Boiler; Produces Steam	Existing	225	1,532,157	0	Emission Factor	5.39E-03	5.14E-03	4.13	2.07	2.07	-
Powerhouse 2	GT No. 4 (G-3404)	Υ	Gas Turbine	Turbine; Produces Electricity	Existing	317	3,609,299	428,205	Emission Factor	2.10E-03	4.10E-04	3.88	1.94	1.94	-

Process Unit	Source ID	PAL Unit (Y/N)	Emission Type	Unit Description	Unit Status	Unit Size (MMBtu/hr)	Baseline Fuel Gas or Other Gaseous Fuel 24 mo Throughput (MMBtu/yr)	Baseline Distillate Oil 24 mo Throughput (MMBtu/yr)	BAE Estimation Method	Fuel Gas Emission Factor (lb/MMBtu)	Distillate/6- Oil Emission Factor (lb/MMBtu)	Baseline Period 24 Month Total Emissions (tons)	BAE (tpy	Adjusted BAE (tpy)	Notes
Powerhouse 2	GT No. 5 (G-3405)	Υ	Gas Turbine	Turbine; Produces Electricity	Existing	317	3,657,276	201,966	Emission Factor	2.10E-03	4.10E-04	3.88	1.94	1.94	-
Powerhouse 2	GT No. 7 (G-3407)	Υ	Gas Turbine	Turbine; Produces Electricity	Existing	317	3,981,360	474,168	Emission Factor	2.10E-03	4.10E-04	4.28	2.14	2.14	-
Powerhouse 2	GT No. 8 (G-3408)	Υ	Gas Turbine	Turbine; Produces Electricity	Existing	392	1,787,553	506,126	Emission Factor	2.10E-03	4.10E-04	1.98	0.99	0.99	-
Powerhouse 2	GT No. 9 (G-3409)	Υ	Gas Turbine	Turbine; Produces Electricity	Existing	304	4,439,104	280,162	Emission Factor	2.10E-03	4.10E-04	4.72	2.36	2.36	-
Powerhouse 2	GT No. 10 (G- 3410)	Y	Gas Turbine	Turbine; Produces Electricity	Existing	325 (5)	3,551,385	207,405	Emission Factor	2.10E-03	4.10E-04	3.77	1.89	1.89	-
GT No. 13 and	GT No. 13 (G- 3413)	Y	Gas Turbine	Turbine; Produces Electricity	Existing	626	5,968,643	546,683	Emission Factor	2.10E-03	4.10E-04	6.38	3.19	3.19	-
												Total tpy	137.60	137.60	

Notes:

<sup>&</sup>quot;-" indicates no adjustments to the BAE were required.

<sup>[</sup>A] Emissions were downwardly adjusted for fuel oil usage of 35 barrels (bbls) above the combined 800 bbls/day limit for Boilers 6 & 7. Adjustment assumes equal firing rate for Boilers 6 & 7.

<sup>[</sup>B] Emissions based on tail gas flowrates and COS and CS2 composition data.

Process Unit	Source ID	PAL Unit (Y/N)	Emission Type	Unit Description	Unit Status	Emission Calculation Parameter	Baseline Period 24 Month Parameter Total	Units	Emission Factor/Method	Emission Factor Units	Baseline Period 24 Month Total Emission s (tons)	BAE (tpy	Adjusted BAE (tpy)	Notes
#2DU Fractionator	#2 DU Fractionator Process Unit	Y	Fugitive	Process Fugitives & Compressors	Existing	Component Count and Service			AP-42			11.80	11.78	[B]
#2 CDU	#2 CDU Process Unit	Υ	Fugitive	Process Fugitives	Existing	Component Count and Service			AP-42			27.15	12.60	[B]
#3 CDU / 1 VAC	#3 CDU and 1 VAC Process Units	Υ	Fugitive	Process Fugitives	Existing	Component Count and Service			AP-42			23.75	13.68	[B]
#3 DD	#3 DD Process Unit	Υ	Fugitive	Process Fugitives & Compressors	Existing	Component Count and Service			AP-42			23.10	7.41	[B]
Penex	Penex Process Unit	Υ	Fugitive	Process Fugitives & Compressors	Existing	Component Count and Service			AP-42			26.16	9.80	[B]
#3,4,5 Amine	Unit No. 0920	Υ	Fugitive	Process Fugitives & Compressors	Existing	Component Count and Service			AP-42			0.32	0.29	[B]
Utility Fractionation	Utility Fractionation Process Unit	Y	Fugitive	Process Fugitives	Existing	Component Count and Service			AP-42			2.16	2.14	[B]
#2 Platformer	#2 Platformer Process Unit	Υ	Fugitive	Process Fugitives & Co	Existing	Component Count and Service			AP-42			16.87	6.05	[B]
#2 DU	#2 DU Process Unit	Y	Fugitive	Process Fugitives	Existing	Component Count and Service			AP-42			51.18	15.63	[B]
‡2 VAC	#2 VAC Process Unit	Y	Fugitive	Process Fugitives	Existing	Component Count and Service			AP-42			11.24	11.09	[B]
‡2 VIS	#2 VIS Process Unit	Υ	Fugitive	Process Fugitives	Existing	Component Count and Service			AP-42			4.97	4.95	[B]
#4 DD	#4 DD Process Unit	Υ	Fugitive	Process Fugitives & Co	Existing	Component Count and Service			AP-42			29.79	11.39	[B]
#5 DD	#5 DD Process Unit	Y	Fugitive	Process Fugitives & Co	Existing	Component Count and Service			AP-42			19.80	6.65	[B]
Naphtha Fractionat	Naphtha Fractionation Process Unit	Y	Fugitive	Process Fugitives	Existing	Component Count and Service			AP-42			1.65	1.58	[B]
2 Platformer	#2 Plat Vent	Υ	Process	Plat No. 2 Catalyst Regen Vent	Existing	Throughput	4,307	Mbbls	0.0048	lb/Mbbl	0.01	0.01	0.01	-
Hydrogen Concentration Unit	Unit No. 0801	Υ	Fugitive	Hydrogen Recovery	Existing	Component Count and Service			AP-42			42.43	11.15	[B]
#1 Gas Recovery Unit	Unit No. 2300	Υ	Fugitive	Gas Stripper	Existing	Component Count and Service			AP-42			Included with Unit No. 0801	Included with Unit No. 0801	[B]
#2 Sulfolane	#2 Sulfolane Process Unit	Υ	Fugitive	Process Fugitives	Existing	Component Count and Service			AP-42			6.85	6.85	[B]

Process Unit	Source ID	PAL Unit (Y/N)	Emission Type	Unit Description	Unit Status	Emission Calculation Parameter	Baseline Period 24 Month Parameter Total	Units	Emission Factor/Method	Emission Factor Units	Baseline Period 24 Month Total Emission s (tons)	BAE (tpy	Adjusted BAE (tpy)	Notes
#5 CDU	#5 CDU Process Unit	Υ	Fugitive	Process Fugitives & Co	Existing	Component Count and Service			AP-42			42.06	22.11	[B]
#6 CDU	#6 CDU Process Unit	Υ	Fugitive	Process Fugitives & Co	Existing	Component Count and Service			AP-42			36.61	21.98	[B]
#2 Gas Recovery Unit	Unit No. 4850	Υ	Fugitive	Process Fugitives & Compressors	Existing	Component Count and Service			AP-42			Included with Unit No. 0801	Included with Unit No. 0801	[B]
Disulfide Handling	Unit No. 4810	Υ	Fugitive	Process Fugitives & Compressors	Existing	Component Count and Service			AP-42			0.29	0.29	[B]
1&2 LPG Treater	Unit No. 3200	Υ	Fugitive	Process Fugitives & Compressors	Existing	Component Count and Service			AP-42			1.99	1.99	[B]
3 LPG Fractionator	Unit No. 4800	Υ	Fugitive	Process Fugitives & Compressors	Existing	Component Count and Service			AP-42			1.99	1.99	[B]
Light Ends Treater	Unit No. 5800	Υ	Fugitive	Process Fugitives & Compressors	Existing	Component Count and Service			AP-42			1.95	1.61	[B]
#3 Platformer	#3 Platformer Process Unit	Υ	Fugitive	Process Fugitives & Co	Existing	Component Count and Service			AP-42			40.20	12.16	[B]
#3 VAC	#3 VAC Process Unit	Υ	Fugitive	Process Fugitives	Existing	Component Count and Service			AP-42			27.17	16.74	[B]
#4 Platformer	#4 Platformer Process Unit	Υ	Fugitive	Process Fugitives & Co	Existing	Component Count and Service			AP-42			44.52	11.65	[B]
#6 DD	#6 DD Process Unit	Υ	Fugitive	Process Fugitives & Co	Existing	Component Count and Service			AP-42			29.75	11.33	[B]
#7 DD	#7 DD Process Unit	Υ	Fugitive	Process Fugitives & Co	Existing	Component Count and Service			AP-42			32.80	14.35	[B]
#9 DD	#9 DD Process Unit	Υ	Fugitive	Process Fugitives & Co	Existing	Component Count and Service			AP-42			30.48	12.11	[B]
LSG Unit	LSG Unit Process Unit	Υ	Fugitive	Process Fugitives & Co	Existing	Component Count and Service			AP-42			26.90	2.25	[B]
#3 Platformer	#3 Plat Vent	Y	Process	Plat No. 3 Catalyst Regen Vent	Existing	Throughput	24,054	Mbbls	0.0048	lb/Mbbl	0.06	0.03	0.03	-
#4 Platformer	#4 Plat Vent	Y	Process	Plat No. 4 Catalyst Regen Vent	Existing	Throughput	21,864	Mbbls	0.0048	lb/Mbbl	0.05	0.03	0.03	-
Alkylation Unit	Unit No. 7200	Υ	Fugitive	Process Fugitives	Existing	Component Count and Service			AP-42			16.84	4.10	[B]
Dimersol Unit	Unit No. 7300	Y	Fugitive	Process Fugitives	Existing	Component Count and Service			AP-42			3.13	2.76	[B]

Process Unit	Source ID	PAL Unit (Y/N)	Emission Type	Unit Description	Unit Status	Emission Calculation Parameter	Baseline Period 24 Month Parameter Total	Units	Emission Factor/Method	Emission Factor Units	Baseline Period 24 Month Total Emission s (tons)	BAE (tpy	Adjusted BAE (tpy)	Notes
Deiso-Hexanizer	Deiso-Hexanizer Process Unit	Υ	Fugitive	Process Fugitives	Existing	Component Count and Service			AP-42			0.38	0.36	[B]
FCCU	FCCU Process Unit	Υ	Fugitive	Process Fugitives & Compressors	Existing	Component Count and Service			AP-42			47.15	25.39	[B]
FCCU	STK-7051	Υ	wgs	Fluid Catalytic Cracking	Existing	Exhaust Gas Flowrate			9.99	ppm (7% O2)	57.69	28.85	28.85	-
Gas Concentration	Unit No. 7100	Y	Fugitive	Process Fugitives	Existing	Component Count and Service			AP-42			Included with FCCU Process Unit	Included with FCCU Process Unit	[B]
#6 Amine	Unit No. 7450	Υ	Fugitive	Process Fugitives & Compressors	Existing	Component Count and Service			AP-42			0.00	0.00	[B]
#6 Amine SHU	Unit No. 7600	Υ	Fugitive	Process Fugitives & Compressors	Existing	Component Count and Service			AP-42			Included with Unit No. 7450	Included with Unit No. 7450	[B]
#7 Amine Unit	Unit No. 7460	Y	Fugitive	Remove hydrogen sulfide from refinery gas and light hydrocarbons	Existing	Component Count and Service			AP-42			0.00	0.00	[B]
Merox Unit	Unit No. 7500	Υ	Fugitive	Process Fugitives & Compressors	Existing	Component Count and Service			AP-42			0.61	0.58	[B]
Sulfuric Acid Plant	STK-7802	Υ	Process	Process Stack	Existing							0.00	0.00	-
МТВЕ	МТВЕ	Y	Fugitive	Process Fugitives	Existing	Component Count and Service						0.82	0.82	[B]
TAME	TAME	Υ	Fugitive	Process Fugitives	Existing	Component Count and Service						1.48	1.48	[B]
Selective Hydro	Selective Hydro	Υ	Fugitive	Process Fugitives	Existing	Component Count and Service						2.86	2.43	[B]
#1 SRU	Unit No. 1030	Υ	Fugitive	Sulfur Recovery Units	Existing	Component Count and Service			AP-42			0.18	0.17	[B]
#2 SRU	Unit No. 1040	Υ	Fugitive	Sulfur Recovery Units	Existing	Component Count and Service			AP-42			Included with Unit No. 1030	Included with Unit No. 1030	[B]
#3 SRU	Unit No. 4740	Υ	Fugitive	Sulfur Recovery Units	Existing	Component Count and Service			AP-42			1.84	1.43	[B]
#4 SRU	Unit No. 4750	Υ	Fugitive	Sulfur Recovery Units	Existing	Component Count and Service			AP-42			Included with Unit No. 4740	Included with Unit No. 4740	[B]
SRU	SRU	Υ	Fugitive		Existing	Component Count and Service			AP-42			0.00	0.00	[B]
3 SWS	3 SWS	Y	Fugitive		Existing	Component Count and Service			AP-42			0.00	0.00	[B]

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Process Unit	Source ID	PAL Unit (Y/N)	Emission Type	Unit Description	Unit Status	Emission Calculation Parameter	Baseline Period 24 Month Parameter Total	Units	Emission Factor/Method	Emission Factor Units	Baseline Period 24 Month Total Emission s (tons)	BAE (tpy	Adjusted BAE (tpy)	Notes
4 SWS	4 SWS	Υ	Fugitive		Existing	Component Count and Service			AP-42			0.00	0.00	[B]
5 SWS	5 SWS	Υ	Fugitive		Existing	Component Count and Service			AP-42			0.00	0.00	[B]
6 SWS	6 SWS	Y	Fugitive		Existing	Component Count and Service			AP-42			0.01	0.01	[B]
West Refinery Process Drains	Oily Water Collection System	Υ	Fugitive	Process Drain Fugitives	Existing	Component Count and Service			AP-42			15.85	15.85	[B]
East Refinery Process Drains	Oily Water Collection System	Υ	Fugitive	Process Drain Fugitives	Existing	Component Count and Service			AP-42			28.28	28.28	[B]
FCC Complex / Delayed Coker Unit	Oily Water Collection System	Υ	Fugitive	Process Drain Fugitives	Existing	Component Count and Service			AP-42			15.58	15.58	[B]
Terminal	Oily Water Collection System	Υ	Fugitive	Process Drain Fugitives	Existing	Component Count and Service			AP-42			4.14	4.14	[B]
Advanced Wastewater Treatment System	#1 API (Unit No. 1660)	Υ	WWTP	Oil/Water Separator	Existing							43.07	43.07	-
Advanced Wastewater Treatment System	#1 WEMCO	Υ	WWTP	Induced Air Floatation Unit	Existing							42.00	42.00	-
Advanced Wastewater Treatment System	#1 Lagoon	Υ	WWTP	Aerated Lagoon	Existing							0.00	0.00	-
Advanced Wastewater Treatment System	#2 API (Unit No. 1661)	Υ	WWTP	Oil/Water Separator	Existing							31.70	31.70	-
Advanced Wastewater Treatment System	#2 WEMCO	Υ	WWTP	Induced air floatation unit	Existing							31.25	31.25	-
Advanced Wastewater	#2 Lagoon	Υ	WWTP	Aerated lagoon	Existing							0.00	0.00	-
Advanced Wastewater Treatment System	West Benzene Stripper (STK- 3510)	Υ	WWTP	Air Stripper	Existing							1.15	1.15	-
Advanced Wastewater Treatment System	#3 API (Unit No. 1662)	Υ	WWTP	Oil/Water Separator	Existing							91.24	91.24	-
Advanced Wastewater Treatment System	#3 WEMCO	Υ	WWTP	Induced air floatation unit	Existing							89.96	89.96	-
Advanced Wastewater Treatment System	#3 Lagoon	Υ	WWTP	Aerated lagoon	Existing							0.00	0.00	-

Table C-2 Summary of Non-Combustion Units VOC BAE

			n Units VOC	5,12							D P	1		
Process Unit	Source ID	PAL Unit (Y/N)	Emission Type	Unit Description	Unit Status	Emission Calculation Parameter	Baseline Period 24 Month Parameter Total	Units	Emission Factor/Method	Emission Factor Units	Baseline Period 24 Month Total Emission s (tons)	BAE (tpy	Adjusted BAE (tpy)	Notes
Advanced Wastewater Treatment System	East Benzene Stripper (STK- 3530)	Υ	WWTP	Air Stripper	Existing							0.00	0.00	-
Advanced Wastewater Treatment System	#3 & 4 Sour Water Strippers (Unit No. 4720/30	Y	WWTP	Steam Stripper	Existing							0.00	0.00	-
Advanced Wastewater Treatment System	#5 Sour Water Stripper (Unit No. 7400	Υ	WWTP	Steam Stripper	Existing							0.00	0.00	-
Advanced Wastewater Treatment System	#6 Sour Water Stripper	Υ	WWTP	Steam Stripper	Existing							0.00	0.00	-
Advanced Wastewater Treatment System	CPS Oil/Water Separator	Y	WWTP	Oil/Water Separator	Existing							0.00	0.00	-
Refinery Flare System	#2 Flare (H- 1105)	Υ	Flare	Gas burner	Existing	Heat Release	2,093	MMSCF	Molar Composition		363.79	181.89	181.89	-
Refinery Flare System	#3 Flare (H- 1104)	Υ	Flare	Gas burner	Existing	Heat Release	2,053	MMSCF	Molar Composition		356.84	178.42	178.42	-
Refinery Flare System	#5 Flare (H- 3351)	Y	Flare	Gas burner	Existing	Heat Release	1,683	MMSCF	Molar Composition		811.80	405.90	405.90	-
Refinery Flare System	#6 Flare (H- 3352)	Υ	Flare	Gas burner	Existing	Heat Release	739	MMSCF	Molar Composition		458.34	229.17	229.17	-
Refinery Flare System	#7 Flare (H- 3301)	Υ	Flare	Gas burner	Existing	Heat Release	2,206	MMSCF	Molar Composition		1532.64	766.32	766.32	-
Refinery Flare System	LPG Flare (STK 7921)	Y	Flare	Gas burner, steam assisted	Existing	Heat Release	0	MMSCF	Molar Composition		0.00			
Refinery Flare System	FCC Flare (L.P. Flare - STK 7941)	Y	Flare	Gas burner, steam assisted	Existing	Heat Release	1,558	MMSCF	Molar Composition		918.29	459.15	459.15	-
Refinery Flare System	Ground Flare (H.P. Flare - STK 7942)	Y	Flare	Gas burner	Existing	Heat Release	334	MMSCF	Molar Composition		197.01	98.51	98.51	-
Delayed Coker Unit	Delayed Coker Unit Process Unit	Υ	Fugitive	Process Fugitives & Co	Existing	Component Count and Service			AP-42			26.52	25.34	[B]
Delayed Coker Unit	TK-8501	Υ	Tank Fug	Fixed roof storage tank (pitch)	Existing							3.45	3.45	[D]
Coker Complex	TK-8511	Υ	Tank	Tank TK-8511 and recycling system	Existing							0.00	0.00	[D]
Coker Complex	Delayed Coker Steam Vent	Υ	Process	Delayed Coker Steam Vent	Existing	Coker Drum Vent Episodes	1,442	Episodes	178	lbs/episode	128.34	64.17	49.89	[C]
Tank	TK-1071	Υ	Tank	External Floating Roof	Existing							0.66	0.66	[D]
Tank	TK-1151	Υ	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							0.00	0.00	[D]
Tank	TK-1156	Υ	Tank	Internal Floating Roof	Existing							0.00	0.00	[D]
Tank	TK-1157	Υ	Tank	Internal Floating Roof	Existing							0.00	0.00	[D]
Tank	TK-1201	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							0.01	0.01	[D]
Tank Tank	TK-1202 TK-1203	Y	Tank Tank	Fixed Roof Fixed Roof	Existing							0.01 0.01	0.01 0.01	[D] [D]
Tank	TK-1203	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing Existing				1			0.00	0.00	[D]
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Table C-2 Summary of Non-Combustion Units VOC BAE

Process Unit	Source ID	PAL Unit (Y/N)	Emission Type	Unit Description	Unit Status	Emission Calculation Parameter	Baseline Period 24 Month Parameter Total	Units	Emission Factor/Method	Emission Factor Units	Baseline Period 24 Month Total Emission s (tons)	BAE (tpy	Adjusted BAE (tpy)	Notes
Tank	TK-1208	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							0.00	0.00	[D]
Tank	TK-1302	Υ	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							0.00	0.00	[D]
Tank	TK-1626	Υ	Tank	Horizontal	Existing							0.00	0.00	[D]
Tank	TK-1627	Υ	Tank	Horizontal	Existing							0.00	0.00	[D]
Tank	TK-1628	Υ	Tank	Horizontal	Existing							0.00	0.00	[D]
Tank	TK-1629	Υ	Tank	Horizontal	Existing							0.00	0.00	[D]
Tank	TK-1630	Υ	Tank	Horizontal	Existing							0.00	0.00	[D]
Tank	TK-1631	Υ	Tank	Horizontal	Existing							0.00	0.00	[D]
Tank	TK-1632	Υ	Tank	Horizontal	Existing							0.00	0.00	[D]
Tank	TK-1633	Υ	Tank	Horizontal	Existing							0.00	0.00	[D]
Tank	TK-1653	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							0.01	0.01	[D]
Tank	TK-1663	Y	Tank	External Floating Roof	Existing							0.00	0.00	[D]
Tank	TK-2653	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							0.01	0.01	[D]
Tank	TK-2654	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							0.05	0.05	[D]
Tank	TK-3208	Υ	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							0.00	0.00	[D]
Tank	TK-3301	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							0.00	0.00	[D]
Tank	TK-3302	Υ	Tank	Geodesic Dome	Existing							0.00	0.00	[D]
Tank	TK-3304	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							0.73	0.73	[D]
Tank	TK-3306	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							0.42	0.42	[D]
Tank	TK-3384	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							0.00	0.00	[D]
Tank	TK-3385	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							0.34	0.34	[D]
Tank	TK-3386	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							10.42	10.42	[D]
Tank	TK-4501	Y	Tank	Internal Floating Roof	Existing							0.90	0.90	[D]
Tank	TK-4502	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing					1		0.00	0.00	[D]
Tank	TK-4503	Y	Tank	Internal Floating Roof	Existing					1		0.00	0.00	[D]
Tank	TK-4725	Ý	Tank	External Floating Roof	Existing							0.51	0.51	[D]
Tank	TK-4726	Ý	Tank	External Floating Roof	Existing							2.80	2.80	[D]
Tank	TK-6801	Ý	Tank	External Floating Roof	Existing							1.14	1.14	[D]
Tank	TK-6802	Ý	Tank	External Floating Roof	Existing							1.60	1.60	[D]
Tank	TK-6803	Ϋ́	Tank	External Floating	Existing							2.29	2.29	[D]
Tank	TK-6804	Y	Tank	External Floating Roof	Existing					1		3.63	3.63	[D]
Tank	TK-6805	Y	Tank	External Floating Roof	Existing					1		3.00	3.00	[D]
Tank	TK-6806	Y	Tank	External Floating Roof	Existing					1		3.18	3.18	[D]
Tank	TK-6807	Y	Tank	External Floating Roof	Existing					1		1.31	1.31	[D]
Tank	TK-6808	Y	Tank	External Floating Roof	Existing					1		0.64	0.64	[D]
Tank	TK-6809	Y	Tank	External Floating Roof	Existing					1		4.14	4.14	[D]
Tank	TK-6810	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing					1		0.00	0.00	[D]
Tank	TK-6811	Ý	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing	İ				1		0.03	0.03	[D]
Tank	TK-6812	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing					1		0.02	0.02	[D]
Tank	TK-6813	Ý	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing					1		0.00	0.00	[D]
Tank	TK-6814	Y	Tank	External Floating Roof	Existing	1				1		0.05	0.05	[D]
Tank	TK-6815	Ý	Tank	External Floating Roof	Existing					1		3.39	3.39	[D]
Tank	TK-6816	Y	Tank	External Floating Roof	Existing				<u> </u>	<b>†</b>		2.73	2.73	[D]
Tank	TK-6817	Ý	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							0.06	0.06	[D]
Tank	TK-6818	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing				<u> </u>			0.05	0.05	[D]
Tank	TK-6819	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing				<u> </u>			0.00	0.00	[D]
Tank	TK-6820	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing				1			0.00	0.00	[D]
Tank	TK-6821	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							0.95	0.95	[D]
Tank	TK-6822	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing				<u> </u>	<del>                                     </del>		0.93	0.93	[D]
Tank	TK-6823	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing					<del> </del>		0.00	0.00	[D]
Tank	TK-6824	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing					+		0.00	0.00	[D]
Tank	TK-6825	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing	1			1	<del> </del>		8.38	8.38	[D]
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Table C-2 Summary of Non-Combustion Units VOC BAE

Process Unit	Source ID	PAL Unit (Y/N)	Emission Type	Unit Description	Unit Status	Emission Calculation Parameter	Baseline Period 24 Month Parameter Total	Units	Emission Factor/Method	Emission Factor Units	Baseline Period 24 Month Total Emission s (tons)	BAE (tpy	Adjusted BAE (tpy)	Notes
Tank	TK-6832	Y	Tank	Internal Floating Roof	Existing						5 (15113)	5.83	5.83	[D]
Tank	TK-6833	Y	Tank	External Floating Roof	Existing							2.62	2.62	[D]
Tank	TK-6834	Y	Tank	External Floating Roof	Existing							1.80	1.80	[D]
Tank	TK-6835	Y	Tank	External Floating Roof	Existing							1.76	1.76	[D]
Tank	TK-6836	Y	Tank	External Floating Roof	Existing							4.30	4.30	[D]
Tank	TK-6837	Y	Tank	External Floating Roof	Existing							3.76	3.76	[D]
Tank	TK-6838	Y	Tank	External Floating Roof	Existing							6.39	6.39	[D]
Tank	TK-6839	Y	Tank	External Floating Roof	Existing							8.09	8.09	[D]
Tank	TK-6840	Y	Tank	External Floating Roof	Existing							2.56	2.56	[D]
Tank	TK-6841	Y	Tank	Internal Floating Roof	Existing							4.13	4.13	[D]
Tank	TK-6842	Y	Tank	External Floating Roof	Existing							1.70	1.70	[D]
Tank	TK-6843	Y	Tank	Internal Floating Roof	Existing							1.68	1.68	[D]
Tank	TK-6851	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							0.26	0.26	[D]
Tank	TK-6852	Y	Tank	Internal Floating Roof	Existing							0.11	0.11	[D]
Tank	TK-6853	Ý	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							0.00	0.00	[D]
Tank	TK-6854	Ý	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							0.47	0.47	[D]
Tank	TK-6856	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							0.00	0.00	[D]
Tank	TK-6858	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							0.00	0.00	[D]
Tank	TK-6871	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof with Carbon Canisters	Existing							6.73	6.73	[D]
Tank	TK-6872	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof with Carbon Canisters	Existing							6.13	6.13	[D]
Tank	TK-6873	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							0.00	0.00	[D]
Tank	TK-6874	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof with Carbon Canisters	Existing							10.44	10.44	[D]
Tank	TK-6875	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							0.00	0.00	[D]
Tank	TK-6876	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							0.00	0.00	[D]
Tank	TK-6877	Ý	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							0.01	0.01	[D]
Tank	TK-6881	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							0.00	0.00	[D]
Tank	TK-6883	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							0.09	0.09	[D]
Tank	TK-6884	Y	Tank	Internal Floating Roof	Existing							3.56	3.56	[D]
Tank	TK-6887	Ý	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							0.10	0.10	[D]
Tank	TK-6888	Y	Tank	Internal Floating Roof	Existing							26.50	26.50	[D]
Tank	TK-700	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							0.00	0.00	[D]
Tank	TK-700	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							0.00	0.00	[D]
Tank	TK-701	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							0.00	0.00	[D]
Tank	TK-702	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							0.00	0.00	[D]
Tank	TK-7207	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							0.00	0.00	[D]
Tank	TK-7208	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							0.00	0.00	[D]
Tank	TK-7209	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							0.00	0.00	[D]
Tank	TK-7210	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							0.00	0.00	[D]
Tank	TK-7210	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							0.00	0.00	[D]
Tank	TK-7211	Y	Tank	External Floating Roof	Existing							5.85	5.85	[D]
Tank	TK-7401	Y	Tank	External Floating Roof	Existing							2.77	2.77	[D]
Tank	TK-7403	Y	Tank	External Floating Roof	Existing							19.69	19.69	[D]
Tank	TK-7404	Y	Tank	External Floating Roof	Existing							5.82	5.82	[D]
Tank	TK-7404	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							0.19	0.19	[D]
	TK-7405	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							2.53	2.53	[D]
Tank Tank	TK-7406	Y										2.53	2.53	
Tank Tank		Y	Tank	External Floating Roof	Existing									[D]
Tank	TK-7408		Tank	External Floating Roof	Existing							7.64	7.64	[D]
Tank	TK-7409	Y	Tank	External Floating Roof	Existing				1			16.25	16.25	[D]
Tank	TK-7410	Y	Tank	External Floating Roof	Existing				1			5.00	5.00	[D]
Tank	TK-7411	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing	]						0.00	0.00	[D]

Table C-2 Summary of Non-Combustion Units VOC BAE

Process Unit	Source ID	PAL Unit (Y/N)	Emission Type	Unit Description	Unit Status	Emission Calculation Parameter	Baseline Period 24 Month Parameter Total	Units	Emission Factor/Method	Emission Factor Units	Baseline Period 24 Month Total Emission s (tons)	BAE (tpy	Adjusted BAE (tpy)	Notes
Tank	TK-7412	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							0.00	0.00	[D]
Tank	TK-7413	Υ	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							0.18	0.18	[D]
Tank	TK-7414	Υ	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							0.00	0.00	[D]
Tank	TK-7415	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							2.95	2.95	[D]
Tank	TK-7416	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							0.05	0.05	[D]
Tank	TK-7417	Y	Tank	Internal Floating Roof	Existing							13.25	13.25	[D]
Tank	TK-7418	Y	Tank	Internal Floating Roof	Existing							17.51	17.51	[D]
Tank	TK-7421	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							8.64	8.64	[D]
Tank	TK-7422	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							9.86	9.86	[D]
Tank	TK-7423	Υ	Tank	External Floating Roof	Existing							7.44	7.44	[D]
Tank	TK-7424	Υ	Tank	External Floating Roof	Existing							24.58	24.58	[D]
Tank	TK-7425	Υ	Tank	Internal Floating Roof	Existing							94.38	92.62	[D]
Tank	TK-7426	Υ	Tank	Internal Floating Roof	Existing							117.75	115.97	[D]
Tank	TK-7427	Υ	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing					l i		0.26	0.26	[D]
Tank	TK-7428	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							0.12	0.12	[D]
Tank	TK-7429	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							14.15	14.15	[D]
Tank	TK-7430	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							12.64	12.64	[D]
Tank	TK-7431	Y	Tank	Internal Floating Roof	Existing							0.10	0.10	[D]
Tank	TK-7432	Y	Tank	Internal Floating Roof	Existing							0.07	0.07	[D]
Tank	TK-7433	Y	Tank	Internal Floating Roof	Existing							0.00	0.00	[D]
Tank	TK-7434	Y	Tank	Internal Floating Roof	Existing							0.02	0.02	[D]
Tank	TK-7435	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							5.18	5.18	[D]
Tank	TK-7436	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							5.27	5.27	[D]
Tank	TK-7437	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							4.55	4.55	[D]
Tank	TK-7438	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							3.64	3.64	[D]
Tank	TK-7439	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							0.01	0.01	[D]
Tank	TK-7440	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							0.00	0.00	[D]
Tank	TK-7441	Y	Tank	Internal Floating Roof	Existing							0.76	0.76	[D]
Tank	TK-7443	Y	Tank	External Floating	Existing							32.31	32.31	[D]
Tank	TK-7444	Υ	Tank	External Floating Roof	Existing							13.45	13.45	[D]
Tank	TK-7445	Υ	Tank	External Floating Roof	Existing							13.25	13.25	[D]
Tank	TK-7446	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							32.11	32.11	[D]
Tank	TK-7447	Y	Tank	External Floating Roof	Existing							8.32	7.99	[D]
Tank	TK-7448	Y	Tank	Internal Floating Roof	Existing							8.48	8.48	[D]
Tank	TK-7449	Y	Tank	External Floating Roof	Existing							19.93	19.93	[D]
Tank	TK-7451	Y	Tank	Internal Floating Roof	Existing							0.07	0.07	[D]
Tank	TK-7452	Υ	Tank	Internal Floating Roof	Existing					l i		0.05	0.05	[D]
Tank	TK-7453	Y	Tank	Internal Floating Roof	Existing							0.05	0.05	[D]
Tank	TK-7454	Y	Tank	Internal Floating Roof	Existing							0.03	0.03	[D]
Tank	TK-7455	Y	Tank	External Floating Roof	Existing							0.06	0.06	[D]
Tank	TK-7456	Y	Tank	External Floating Roof	Existing							0.06	0.06	[D]
Tank	TK-7501	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							0.05	0.05	[D]
Tank	TK-7502	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							0.52	0.52	[D]
Tank	TK-7503	Υ	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							7.48	7.48	[D]
Tank	TK-7504	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							0.05	0.05	[D]
Tank	TK-7505	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							0.10	0.10	[D]
Tank	TK-7506	Υ	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing					l i		2.54	2.54	[D]
Tank	TK-7507	Y	Tank	External Floating Roof	Existing							5.76	5.76	[D]
Tank	TK-7508	Y	Tank	External Floating Roof	Existing							2.67	2.67	[D]
Tank	TK-7509	Y	Tank	External Floating Roof	Existing							3.32	3.32	[D]
Tank	TK-7510	Y	Tank	External Floating Roof	Existing							2.20	2.20	[D]
Tank	TK-7511	Y	Tank	External Floating Roof	Existing							5.28	5.28	[D]

Table C-2 Summary of Non-Combustion Units VOC BAE

Process Unit	Source ID	PAL Unit (Y/N)	Emission Type	Unit Description	Unit Status	Emission Calculation Parameter	Baseline Period 24 Month Parameter Total	Units	Emission Factor/Method	Emission Factor Units	Baseline Period 24 Month Total Emission s (tons)	BAE (tpy	Adjusted BAE (tpy)	Notes
Tank	TK-7513	Υ	Tank	External Floating Roof	Existing							2.89	2.89	[D]
Tank	TK-7514	Υ	Tank	External Floating Roof	Existing							4.79	4.79	[D]
Tank	TK-7515	Y	Tank	External Floating Roof	Existing							6.59	6.59	[D]
Tank	TK-7516	Y	Tank	External Floating Roof	Existing							10.94	10.94	[D]
Tank	TK-7517	Y	Tank	External Floating Roof	Existing							4.42	4.42	[D]
Tank	TK-7521	Y	Tank	Internal Floating Roof	Existing							0.13	0.13	[D]
Tank	TK-7522	Y	Tank	Internal Floating Roof	Existing							0.04	0.04	[D]
Tank	TK-7523	Y	Tank	Internal Floating Roof	Existing							0.03	0.03	[D]
Tank	TK-7524	Y	Tank	Internal Floating Roof	Existing							0.05	0.05	[D]
Tank	TK-7525	Υ	Tank	Internal Floating Roof	Existing							0.03	0.03	[D]
Tank	TK-7526	Y	Tank	Internal Floating Roof	Existing							0.04	0.04	[D]
Tank	TK-7528	Y	Tank	Internal Floating Roof	Existing							3.27	3.27	[D]
Tank	TK-7601	Y	Tank	Internal Floating Roof	Existing							0.16	0.16	[D]
Tank	TK-7602	Y	Tank	Internal Floating Roof	Existing							0.07	0.07	[D]
Tank	TK-7603	Y	Tank	Internal Floating Roof	Existing							0.11	0.11	[D]
Tank	TK-7604	Y	Tank	Internal Floating Roof	Existing							0.32	0.32	[D]
Tank	TK-7605	Y	Tank	External Floating Roof	Existing							0.41	0.41	[D]
Tank	TK-7933	Ϋ́	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							0.00	0.00	[D]
Tank	TK-7934	Ϋ́	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							0.00	0.00	[D]
Tank	TK-7974	Ϋ́	Tank	Internal Floating Roof	Existing							0.00	0.00	[D]
Tank	D-1301	Ϋ́	Tank	Horizontal	Existing							0.00	0.00	[D]
Tank	D-1609	Y	Tank	Horizontal	Existing							0.00	0.00	[D]
Tank	D-1610	Y	Tank	Horizontal	Existing							0.00	0.00	[D]
Tank	D-1620	Y	Tank	UST / Horizontal	Existing							0.00	0.00	[D]
Tank	TK-8001	Y	Tank	Internal Floating Roof	Existing							0.00	0.00	[D]
Tank	TK-8002	Y	Tank	Internal Floating Roof	Existing							0.00	0.00	[D]
Tank	PRT1	Y	Tank	Internal Floating Roof	Existing							0.00	0.35	[D]
	PRT2	Y	Tank	Internal Floating Roof								0.66	0.66	[D]
Tank Tank	PRT3	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing Existing							0.00	0.00	[D]
	PRT4	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							0.00	0.00	[D]
Tank	PRT5	Y	Tank									0.00	0.00	[D]
Tank	PRT6	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							0.00	0.00	
Tank	PRT7	Y		Fixed Roof	Existing								0.00	[D] [D]
Tank			Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							0.00		
Tank Tank	TK-6860	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing					<del>                                     </del>		0.00	0.00	[D]
Tank	TK-6859		Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing				-	-				[D]
Tank	S-7974	Y	Tank	External Floating	Existing				-	-		0.00	0.00	[D]
Tank	S-7975	Y	Tank	External Floating Roof	Existing							0.00	0.00	[D]
Tank	UTT1	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							0.00	0.00	[D]
Tank	TK-1118	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							0.00	0.00	[D]
Tank	TK-1204	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							0.02	0.02	[D]
Tank	TK-1205	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							0.00	0.00	[D]
Tank	TK-1600	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							0.00	0.00	[D]
Tank	TK-3201	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							0.00	0.00	[D]
Tank	TK-3202	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							0.00	0.00	[D]
Tank	TK-3204	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							0.00	0.00	[D]
Tank	TK-3208	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							0.00	0.00	[D]
Tank	TK-3209	Υ	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							0.00	0.00	[D]
Tank	TK-7201	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							0.00	0.00	[D]
Tank	TK-7301	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							0.00	0.00	[D]
Tank	TK-7302	Υ	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							0.00	0.00	[D]
Tank	TK-7542	Υ	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							0.00	0.00	[D]
Tank	TK-7571	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							0.00	0.00	[D]
Tank	TK-7943	Y	Tank	Fixed Roof	Existing							0.00	0.00	[D]

Table C-2 Summary of Non-Combustion Units VOC BAE

Process Unit	Source ID	PAL Unit (Y/N)	Emission Type	Unit Description	Unit Status	Emission Calculation Parameter	Baseline Period 24 Month Parameter Total	Units	Emission Factor/Method	Emission Factor Units	Baseline Period 24 Month Total Emission s (tons)	BAE (tpy	Adjusted BAE (tpy)	Notes
Tank	D-290	Y	Tank	Horizontal	Existing							0.00	0.00	[D]
Marine Loading (Docks 1 thru 9 and Dry Cargo Dock)	Unit No. 1600	Y	Fugitive	Ship loading and unloading	Existing	Gasoline Shipments	101,049,359	bbls	AP-42		3,918	1959.07	1921.34	[A1]
Truck loading rack	Unit No. 1651	Υ	Fugitive	Dispense liquid and gaseous fuel to tank trucks	Existing	Local Sales and Intraplant Consumption	2,355,102	bbls	AP-42			5.23	5.23	[E]
Fuel pumps	Gasoline Service Station	Υ	Fugitive	Dispense gasoline and diesel	Existing	Intraplant Consumption			AP-42		35.49	17.75	17.75	[F]
Terminal	Terminal	Y	Fugitive	Process Fugitives	Existing	Component Count and Service			AP-42			156.22	125.53	[B]
Utilities (Powerhouse and Boilers)	Utilities (Powerhouse and Boilers)	Υ	Fugitive	Process Fugitives	Existing	Component Count and Service			AP-42			7.75	7.27	[B]
East Fuel Gas System	Unit No. 1902	Y	Fugitive	East/West fuel gas system	Existing	Component Count and Service			AP-42			14.23	14.08	[B]
West Fuel Gas System	Unit No. 3303	Υ	Fugitive	East/West fuel gas system	Existing	Component Count and Service			AP-42			14.14	14.00	[B]
Painting	Paint	Υ	Fugitive	Paint	Existing							8.40	8.40	-
Fire Training	Fire Training	Υ	Flare	Fire Training	Existing	Fuel Usage	48,778	lbs	0.32	lb/lb fuel	7.8	3.90	3.90	-
											Total tpy	6,483	6,006	

- [A] [RESERVED]
- [A1] Per Condition B.1(a)(ii) of Marine Loading Project ATC (STX-895-AC-PO-18-2), until the previously constructed MVCS is repaired or replaced, use of the MVCS is not required provided the total VOC emissions do not exceed 2,000 tpy on a 12-month rolling basis. Per 40 CFR 52.21 (aa)(2)(xiii)(c), the BAE must be adjusted downward to exclude any emissions that would have exceeded an emissions limitation with which the source must currently comply. To conservatively address this requirement, emissions in excess of 2,000 tpy for each calendar year were reset to the limit prior to averaging for the BAE.
- [B] Fugitive VOC emissions from equipment leaks based on EPA "Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates" (EPA-453/R-95-017, November 1995) and the TCEQ "Air Permit Technical Guidance for Chemical Sources Fugitive Guidance" (TCEQ-APDG 6422V2, Revised 06/18). A limited number of equipment were reported as not monitored but are currently required to be monitored. Emissions were downwardly adjusted using the applicable reduction credit based on the TCEQ proposed monitoring control efficiency for the 28 VHP LDAR Program.
- [C] VOC BAE from the delayed coker vent were downwardly adjusted to comply with 2 psig depressurization standard in Consent Decree.
- [D] VOC emissions from tanks estimated using the methodology in AP-42, Chapter 7.1. Tanks listed in the application and not listed in this appendix did not contribute VOC emissions during the baseline period.
- [E] Loading losses based on AP-42, Chapter 5.2
- [F] Loading losses based on AP-42, Chapter 5.2
- [G] Emission factors for fire traing (JP-4) per "Calculation Methods for Criteria Air Pollutant Emission Inventories", Brooks Air Force Base, TX, July 1994

<sup>&</sup>quot;-" indicates no adjustments to the BAE were required.

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Source ID	PAL Unit (Y/N)	Emission Type	Unit Description	Unit Status	Unit Size (MMBtu/hr)	Fuel Gas or Other Gaseous Fuel 24 mo Throughput (MMBtu/yr)	Baseline Distillate Oil 24 mo Throughput (MMBtu/yr)	BAE Estimation Method	Other Gaseous Fuel Emission Factor (lb/MMBtu)	Distillate/6- Oil Emission Factor (lb/MMBtu)	Baseline Period 24 Month Total Emission s (tons)	BAE (tpy	Adjusted BAE (tpy)	Notes
H-101	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Heater	Existing	146	791,295	43,469	Emission Factor	8.24E-02	3.38E-02	33.32	16.66	16.66	-
H-104	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Heater	Existing	108	654,318	40,043	Emission Factor	8.24E-02	3.38E-02	27.62	13.81	13.81	-
H-401A	Y	Heater/Boiler	Charge Heater	Existing	171	828,797	257,804	Emission Factor	8.24E-02	3.38E-02	38.48	19.24	19.24	-
H-401B	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Charge Heater	Existing	171	828,797	257,804	Emission Factor	8.24E-02	3.38E-02	38.48	19.24	19.24	-
H-401C	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Charge Heater	Existing	171	828,797	257,804	Emission Factor	8.24E-02	3.38E-02	38.48	19.24	19.24	-
C-1500A	Υ	Compressor	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Existing	3	15,104	0	Emission Factor	3.72E+00		28.09	14.05	14.05	-
C-1500B	Υ	Compressor	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Existing	3	15,104	0	Emission Factor	3.72E+00		28.09	14.05	14.05	-
C-1500C	Y	Compressor	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Existing	3	15,104	0	Emission Factor	3.72E+00		28.09	14.05	14.05	-
H-200	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Charge Heater	Existing	37	389,579	0	Emission Factor	8.24E-02	3.38E-02	16.04	8.02	8.02	-
H-201	Y	Heater/Boiler	Fired Reboiler Heater	Existing	37	395,352	0	Emission Factor	8.24E-02	3.38E-02	16.28	8.14	8.14	-
H-202	Y	Heater/Boiler	Hot Oil Heater	Existing	122	874,691	0	Emission Factor	8.24E-02	3.38E-02	36.02	18.01	18.01	-
C-200A	Y	Compressor	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Existing	9	75,121	0	Emission Factor	1.67E+00		59.34	29.67	29.67	[A]
C-200B	Y	Compressor	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Existing	9	75,121	0	Emission Factor	1.70E+00		63.10	31.55	31.55	[A]
C-200C	Y	Compressor	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Existing	9	75,121	0	Emission Factor	1.03E+00		33.39	16.70	16.70	[A]
H-160	Y	Heater/Boiler	Charge Heater	Existing	135	884,143	0	Emission Factor	8.24E-02	3.38E-02	36.41	18.20	18.20	-
H-601	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Stripper Reboiler Heater	Existing	36	221,021	0	Emission Factor	8.24E-02	3.38E-02	9.10	4.55	4.55	-
H-604	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Platforming No. 2 Interheater	Existing	37	214,990	0	Emission Factor	8.24E-02	3.38E-02	8.85	4.43	4.43	-
H-605	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Platforming No. 3 Interheater	Existing	15	59,776	0	Emission Factor	8.24E-02	3.38E-02	2.46	1.23	1.23	-
H-800A	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Reactor Charge Heater	Existing	43	461,566	0	Emission Factor	8.24E-02	3.38E-02	19.01	9.50	9.50	-
H-800B	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Reactor Charge Heater	Existing	43	441,880	0	Emission Factor	8.24E-02	3.38E-02	18.20	9.10	9.10	-
H-801	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Stripper Heater	Existing	101	803,114	0	Emission Factor	8.24E-02	3.38E-02	33.07	16.53	16.53	-
H-2201A	Y	Heater/Boiler	Reactor Charge Heater	Existing	61	690,666	0	Emission Factor	8.24E-02	3.38E-02	28.44	14.22	14.22	-
H-2201B	Y	Heater/Boiler	Heater	Existing	61	690,666	0	Emission Factor	8.24E-02	3.38E-02	28.44	14.22	14.22	-
H-2202	Y	Heater/Boiler	Stripper Reboiler Heater	Existing	119	980,002	0	Emission Factor	8.24E-02	3.38E-02	40.35	20.18	20.18	-
H-2400	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Charge Heater	Existing	33	463,511	0	Emission Factor	8.24E-02	3.38E-02	19.09	9.54	9.54	-
C-2400A	Y	Compressor	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Existing	7	48,723	0	Emission Factor	1.39E+00		32.32	16.16	16.16	[A]
C-2400B	Y	Compressor	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Existing	7	48,723	0	Emission Factor	9.45E-01		25.18	12.59	12.59	[A]
H-2501	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Reboiler Heater	Existing	203	437,565	0	Emission Factor	8.24E-02	3.38E-02	18.02	9.01	9.01	-
H-4502	Y	Heater/Boiler	Benzene Column Reboiler Heater	Existing	149	858,943	0	Emission Factor	8.24E-02	3.38E-02	35.37	17.68	17.68	-
H-4503	Y	Heater/Boiler	Toluene Column Reboiler Heater	Existing	141	753,962	0	Emission Factor	8.24E-02	3.38E-02	31.05	15.52	15.52	-
	Source ID  H-101 H-104 H-401A H-401B H-401C C-1500A C-1500B C-1500C H-200 H-201 H-202 C-200A C-200B C-200C H-160 H-601 H-604 H-605 H-800A H-800B H-801 H-2201A H-2201A H-2201A H-2201B H-2202 H-2400 C-2400A C-2400B H-2501 H-4502	Source ID PAL Unit (Y/N)  H-101 Y H-104 Y H-401A Y H-401B Y H-401C Y C-1500A Y C-1500C Y H-200 Y H-201 Y H-202 Y C-200A Y C-200B Y C-200C Y H-160 Y H-601 Y H-604 Y H-605 Y H-800A Y H-800B Y H-2201A Y H-2201A Y H-2201A Y H-2201A Y H-2201A Y H-2201A Y H-200A Y H-800A Y H-800A Y H-800B Y H-2201A Y	Residence   Resi	H-101 Y Heater/Boiler Heater H-401A Y Heater/Boiler Charge Heater H-401B Y Heater/Boiler Charge Heater H-401C Y Heater/Boiler Charge Heater C-1500A Y Compressor Reciprocating Gas Compressor C-1500B Y Compressor Reciprocating Gas Compressor C-1500C Y Compressor Reciprocating Gas Compressor H-200 Y Heater/Boiler Fired Reboiler Heater H-201 Y Heater/Boiler Fired Reboiler Heater H-202 Y Heater/Boiler Fired Reboiler Heater H-203 Y Compressor Reciprocating Gas Compressor C-200A Y Compressor Reciprocating Gas Compressor C-200B Y Compressor Reciprocating Gas Compressor C-200C Y Compressor Reciprocating Gas Compressor H-601 Y Heater/Boiler Reciprocating Gas Compressor H-604 Y Heater/Boiler Charge Heater H-605 Y Heater/Boiler Platforming No. 2 Interheater H-800A Y Heater/Boiler Reactor Charge Heater H-800B Y Heater/Boiler Reactor Charge Heater H-800B Y Heater/Boiler Reactor Charge Heater H-801 Y Heater/Boiler Reactor Charge Heater H-801 Y Heater/Boiler Reactor Charge Heater H-2201A Y Heater/Boiler Reactor Charge Heater H-2201B Y Heater/Boiler Reactor Charge Heater H-2201B Y Heater/Boiler Reactor Charge Heater H-2201B Y Heater/Boiler Reactor Charge Heater H-2201B Y Heater/Boiler Reactor Charge Heater H-2201B Y Heater/Boiler Reactor Charge Heater H-2201B Y Heater/Boiler Recactor Charge Heater H-2400 Y Heater/Boiler Recactor Charge Heater H-2400 Y Heater/Boiler Recactor Charge Heater H-2400 Y Heater/Boiler Recactor Charge Heater H-2400 Y Heater/Boiler Recactor Charge Heater H-2400 Y Heater/Boiler Recactor Charge Heater H-2400 Y Heater/Boiler Recactor Charge Heater H-2400 Y Heater/Boiler Recactor Charge Heater H-2400 Y Heater/Boiler Recactor Charge Heater H-2400 Y Heater/Boiler Recactor Charge Heater H-2400 Y Heater/Boiler Recactor Charge Heater H-2400 Y Heater/Boiler Recactor Charge Heater H-2400 Heater/Boiler Recactor Charge Heater H-2400 Y Heater/Boiler Recactor Charge Heater H-2400 Heater/Boiler Recactor Charge Heater H-2400 Heater/Boiler Recactor Charge Heater H-2400 Heater/Boiler Recactor Charge Heater H-2400 Heater/Bo	Source ID   PAL Unit (Y/N)   Emission Type   Unit Description   Unit Status	H-101	Nource ID   PAL Unit (Y/N)   Emission Type   Unit Description   Unit Status   Unit Size (MMBtu/hr)   Emission Type   Unit Description   Unit Status   Unit Size (MMBtu/hr)   Emission Type   Unit Description   Unit Status   Unit Size (MMBtu/hr)   Emission Type   Unit Description   Unit Status   Unit Size (MMBtu/hr)   Emission Type   Unit Description   Unit Status   Unit Size (MMBtu/hr)   Emission Type   Unit Description   Unit Status   Unit Size (MMBtu/hr)   Emission Type   Unit Description   Unit Status   Unit Size (MMBtu/hr)   Emission Type   Unit Description   Unit Status   Unit Size (MMBtu/hr)   Emission Type   Unit Description   Unit Status   Unit Size (MMBtu/hr)   Emission Type   Unit Description   Unit Status   Unit Size (MMBtu/hr)   Unit Siz	PAL Unit (Y/N)	Nource   December   Pal Unit   Nource ID   PAL Unit   Nource ID   PAL Unit   Emission Type   Unit Description   Unit Status   Nource   Date   PAL Unit   Emission Type   Unit Description   Unit Status   Unit Sta	Notice   Pal. Unit   Emission Type   Unit Description   Unit Status   PAL Unit   PAL Unit   Emission Type   Unit Description   Unit State				
Process Unit	Source ID	PAL Unit (Y/N)	Emission Type	Unit Description	Unit Status	Unit Size (MMBtu/hr)	Baseline Fuel Gas or Other Gaseous Fuel 24 mo Throughput (MMBtu/yr)	Baseline Distillate Oil 24 mo Throughput (MMBtu/yr)	BAE Estimation Method	Fuel Gas or Other Gaseous Fuel Emission Factor (lb/MMBtu)	Distillate/6- Oil Emission Factor (lb/MMBtu)	Baseline Period 24 Month Total Emission s (tons)	BAE (tpy	Adjusted BAE (tpy)
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#2 Sulfolane	H-4504	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Xylene Column Reboiler Heater	Existing	126	607,009	0	Emission Factor	8.24E-02	3.38E-02	24.99	12.50	12.50
#2 Sulfolane	H-4505	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Raffinate Splitter Reboiler Heater	Existing	109	470,895	0	Emission Factor	8.24E-02	3.38E-02	19.39	9.69	9.69
#5 CDU	H-3101A	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Crude Charge Heater	Existing	381	2,184,815	614,217	Emission Factor	8.24E-02	3.38E-02	100.34	50.17	50.17
#5 CDU	H-3101B	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Crude Charge Heater	Existing	381	2,436,185	659,430	Emission Factor	8.24E-02	3.38E-02	111.45	55.73	55.73
#6 CDU	H-4101A	Y	Heater/Boiler	Crude Charge Heater	Existing	381	2,446,267	516,409	Emission Factor	8.24E-02	3.38E-02	109.45	54.73	54.73
#6 CDU	H-4101B	Y	Heater/Boiler	Crude Charge Heater	Existing	381	2,817,416	557,900	Emission Factor	8.24E-02	3.38E-02	125.44	62.72	62.72
#3 Platformer	H-4401	Y	Heater/Boiler	Charge Heater	Existing	134	1,025,393	0	Emission Factor	8.24E-02	3.38E-02	42.22	21.11	21.11
#3 Platformer	H-4402	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Fired Reboiler Heater	Existing	128	721,833	0	Emission Factor	8.24E-02	3.38E-02	29.72	14.86	14.86
#3 Platformer	H-4451	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Charge Heater	Existing	381	2,918,945	0	Emission Factor	8.24E-02	3.38E-02	120.19	60.10	60.10
#3 Platformer	H-4452	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Intermediate Heater	Existing	248	1,803,863	0	Emission Factor	8.24E-02	3.38E-02	74.28	37.14	37.14
#3 Platformer	H-4453	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Intermediate Heater	Existing	248	1,338,392	0	Emission Factor	8.24E-02		55.11	27.56	27.56
#3 Platformer	H-4454	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Intermediate Heater	Existing	77	518,276	0	Emission Factor	8.24E-02	3.38E-02	21.34	10.67	10.67
#3 Platformer	H-4455	Y	Heater/Boiler	Fired Reboiler Heater	Existing	138	1,076,287	0	Emission Factor	8.24E-02	3.38E-02	44.32	22.16	22.16
#3 VAC	H-4201	Y	Heater/Boiler	Prestripper Heater	Existing	253	1,195,811	545,534	Emission Factor	8.24E-02	3.38E-02	58.45	29.23	29.23
#3 VAC	H-4202	Y	Heater/Boiler	Vacuum Heater	Existing	245	962,882	553,169	Emission Factor	8.24E-02	3.38E-02	48.99	24.50	24.50
#4 Platformer	H-5401	Y	Heater/Boiler	Charge Heater	Existing	134	983,723	0	Emission Factor	8.24E-02	3.38E-02	40.51	20.25	20.25
#4 Platformer	H-5402	Y	Heater/Boiler	Fired Reboiler Heater	Existing	128	684,930	0	Emission Factor	8.24E-02	3.38E-02	28.20	14.10	14.10
#4 Platformer	H-5451	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Charge Heater	Existing	381	2,059,984	0	Emission Factor	8.24E-02	3.38E-02	84.82	42.41	42.41
#4 Platformer	H-5452	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Intermediate Heater	Existing	248	1,843,813	0	Emission Factor	8.24E-02	3.38E-02	75.92	37.96	37.96
#4 Platformer	H-5453	Y	Heater/Boiler	Intermediate Heater	Existing	248	1,356,092	0	Emission Factor	8.24E-02	3.38E-02	55.84	27.92	27.92
#4 Platformer	H-5454	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Intermediate Heater	Existing	77	491,861	0	Emission Factor	8.24E-02	3.38E-02	20.25	10.13	10.13
#4 Platformer	H-5455	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Fired Reboiler Heater	Existing	138	1,014,968	0	Emission Factor	8.24E-02	3.38E-02	41.79	20.90	20.90
#6 DD	H-4601A	Y	Heater/Boiler	Reactor Charge Heater	Existing	61	307,355	0	Emission Factor	8.24E-02	3.38E-02	12.66	6.33	6.33
#6 DD	H-4601B	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Reactor Charge Heater	Existing	61	306,150	0	Emission Factor	8.24E-02	3.38E-02	12.61	6.30	6.30
#6 DD	H-4602	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Stripper Reboiler Heater	Existing	119	669,854	0	Emission Factor	8.24E-02	3.38E-02	27.58	13.79	13.79
#6 DD	C-4601A	Υ	Compressor	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Existing	21	86,488	0	Emission Factor	5.57E-01		24.09	12.04	12.04
#6 DD	C-4601B	Υ	Compressor	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Existing	21	86,488	0	Emission Factor	5.57E-01		24.09	12.04	12.04
#6 DD	C-4601C	Υ	Compressor	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Existing	21	86,488	0	Emission Factor	5.57E-01		24.09	12.04	12.04
#7 DD	H-4301A	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Reactor Charge Heater	Existing	67	550,826	0	Emission Factor	8.24E-02	3.38E-02	22.68	11.34	11.34
#7 DD	H-4301B	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Reactor Charge Heater	Existing	67	573,413	0	Emission Factor	8.24E-02	3.38E-02	23.61	11.81	11.81
#7 DD	H-4302	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Stripper Reboiler Heater	Existing	122	1,053,299	0	Emission Factor	8.24E-02	3.38E-02	43.37	21.69	21.69
#9 DD	H-5301A	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Reactor Charge Heater	Existing	67	471,591	0	Emission Factor	8.24E-02	3.38E-02	19.42	9.71	9.71
#9 DD	H-5301B	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Reactor Charge Heater	Existing	67	449,346	0	Emission Factor	8.24E-02	3.38E-02	18.50	9.25	9.25
#9 DD	H-5302	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Stripper Reboiler Heater	Existing	122	1,257,163	0	Emission Factor	8.24E-02	3.38E-02	51.77	25.88	25.88
LSG Unit	H-4901	Y	Heater/Boiler	Charge Heater	Existing	87	327,668	0	Emission Factor				0.00	0.00
Sulfuric Acid Plant	STK-7801	Y	Heater/Boiler	Heater Stack	Existing	30	73,671	0	Emission Factor			0.005794	0.0029	0.0029
Sulfuric Acid Plant	H-7801	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Process Air Heater	Existing				Emission Factor				0.00	

Process Unit	Source ID	PAL Unit (Y/N)	Emission Type	Unit Description	Unit Status	Unit Size (MMBtu/hr)	Baseline Fuel Gas or Other Gaseous Fuel 24 mo Throughput (MMBtu/yr)	Baseline Distillate Oil 24 mo Throughput (MMBtu/yr)	Estimation Method	Fuel Gas or Other Gaseous Fuel Emission Factor (lb/MMBtu)	Distillate/6- Oil Emission Factor (lb/MMBtu)	Baseline Period 24 Month Total Emission s (tons)	BAE (tpy	Adjusted BAE (tpy)	Notes
Sulfuric Acid Plant	H-7802	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Converter Heater	Existing				Emission Factor				0.00		
Sulfuric Acid Plant	R-7801	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Startup Heater	Existing				Emission Factor				0.00		
#1 SRU Incinerator	H-1032	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Tail Gas Incinerator	Existing	7	9,702	0	Emission Factor	8.24E-02	3.38E-02	0.40	0.20	0.20	-
#2 SRU Incinerator	H-1042	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Tail Gas Incinerator	Existing	15	73,434	0	Emission Factor	8.24E-02	3.38E-02	3.02	1.51	1.51	-
#1 Beavon	H-1061	Y	TGTU	Sulfur Recovery Units, Tail gas treatment	Existing	10			Emission Factor				60.65	60.65	-
#2 Beavon	H-4761	Υ	TGTU	Tail Gas Treatment	Existing	10			Emission Factor				41.13	41.13	-
East Incinerator	H-4745	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Tail Gas Incinerator	Existing	55	142,237	0	Emission Factor	8.24E-02	3.38E-02	5.86	2.93	2.93	-
Delayed Coker Unit	H-8501A	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Coker process heater 1	Existing	200	2,480,262	0	Emission Factor	2.64E-03		3.27	1.64	1.64	-
Delayed Coker	H-8501B	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Coker process heater	Existing	200	2,472,154	0	Emission Factor	2.50E-03		3.09	1.55	1.55	-
Utility II	#5 Boiler (B- 1155)	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Boiler; Produces Steam	Existing	539	1,765,918	811,841	Emission Factor	8.24E-02	3.38E-02	86.43	43.21	43.21	-
Utility III	#6 Boiler (B- 3301)	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Boiler; Produces Steam	Existing	257	1,271,145	480,095	Emission Factor	8.24E-02	3.38E-02	60.45	30.23	30.22	[D]
Utility III	#7 Boiler (B- 3302)	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Boiler; Produces Steam	Existing	257	1,133,369	511,268	Emission Factor	8.24E-02	3.38E-02	55.30	27.65	27.65	[D]
Utility III	#8 Boiler (B- 3303)	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Boiler; Produces Steam	Existing	512	2,503,750	1,163,089	Emission Factor	8.24E-02	3.38E-02	122.74	61.37	61.37	-
Utility III	#9 Boiler (B- 3304)	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Boiler; Produces Steam	Existing	512	1,976,231	977,844	Emission Factor	8.24E-02	3.38E-02	97.89	48.95	48.95	-
Utility III	#10 Boiler (B- 3701)	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Boiler; Produces Steam	Existing	225	1,532,157	0	Emission Factor			47.26	23.63	23.63	-
Powernouse 2	GT No. 4 (G- 3404)	Υ	Gas Turbine	Turbine; Produces Electricity	Existing	317	3,609,299	428,205	Emission Factor	8.20E-02	3.30E-03	148.69	74.34	74.34	-
Powernouse 2	GT No. 5 (G- 3405)	Υ	Gas Turbine	Turbine; Produces Electricity	Existing	317	3,657,276	201,966	Emission Factor	8.20E-02	3.30E-03	150.28	75.14	75.14	-
Powernouse 2	GT No. 7 (G- 3407)	Υ	Gas Turbine	Turbine; Produces Electricity	Existing	317	3,981,360	474,168	Emission Factor	8.20E-02	3.30E-03	164.02	82.01	82.01	-
Powernouse 2	GT No. 8 (G- 3408)	Υ	Gas Turbine	Turbine; Produces Electricity	Existing	392	1,787,553	506,126	Emission Factor	8.20E-02	3.30E-03	74.12	37.06	37.06	-
Powernouse 2	GT No. 9 (G- 3409)	Υ	Gas Turbine	Turbine; Produces Electricity	Existing	304	4,439,104	280,162	CEMS			30.06	15.03	14.95	[C]
	GT No. 10 (G- 3410)	Υ	Gas Turbine	Turbine; Produces Electricity	Existing	325 (5)	3,551,385	207,405	CEMS			29.98	14.99	14.91	[C]
	GT No. 13 (G- 3413)	Υ	Gas Turbine	Turbine; Produces Electricity	Existing	626	5,968,643	546,683	CEMS			14.86	7.43	7.43	-
		. <u></u>			<u> </u>			<u> </u>				Total tpy	1904.47	1904.32	

<sup>&</sup>quot;-" indicates no adjustments to the BAE were required.

<sup>[</sup>A] Emission factor presented is an average of 2009 and 2010 factors derived from quarterly tests. See Table C-xx Combustion Unit Emission Factors for specific information.

<sup>[</sup>B] Conservatively assumed zero contribution to the BAE used to set the proposed PAL.

<sup>[</sup>C] GT9 and GT10 are subject to CO concentration limits of 206.5 ppm when firing gas and 242 ppm when firing oil. The available mass emission rates were conservativley adjusted to address exceedances of these limits. The highest n mass emissions rates were identified for each quarter, where n is equal to the hours of exceedance in that quarter, and set to have zero contribution of the BAE used to set the proposed PAL.

<sup>[</sup>D] Emissions were downwardly adjusted for fuel oil usage of 35 barrels (bbls) above the combined 800 bbls/day limit for Boilers 6 & 7. Adjustment assumes equal firing rate for Boilers 6 & 7.

Table C-4 Summary of Non-Combustion Units CO BAE

Process Unit	Source ID	PAL Unit (Y/N)	Emission Type	Unit Description	Unit Status	Emission Calculation Parameter	Baseline Period 24 Month Parameter Total	Units	Emission Factor/Method	Emission Factor Units	Baseline Period 24 Month Total Emissions (tons)	BAE (tpy	Adjusted BAE (tpy)	Notes
#2 Platformer	#2 Plat Vent	Υ	Process	Plat No. 2 Catalyst Regen Vent	Existing	Operation	4,135	hrs	0.15	lb/hr	0.31	0.16	0.16	-
#3 Platformer	#3 Plat Vent	Υ	Process	Plat No. 3 Catalyst Regen Vent	Existing	Operation	12,829	hrs	0.15	lb/hr	0.96	0.48	0.48	-
#4 Platformer	#4 Plat Vent	Υ	Process	Plat No. 4 Catalyst Regen Vent	Existing	Operation	11,661	hrs	0.15	lb/hr	0.87	0.44	0.44	-
FCCU	STK-7051	Υ	WGS	Fluid Catalytic Cracking	Existing				CEMS			127.35	126.59	[A]
Sulfuric Acid Plant	STK-7802	Υ	Process	Process Stack	Existing							0.00	0.00	[B]
Refinery Flare System	#2 Flare (H- 1105)	Υ	Flare	Gas burner	Existing	Heat Release	3,163,635	MMBtu	0.34	lb/MMBtu	544	272.15	272.15	-
Refinery Flare System	#3 Flare (H- 1104)	Υ	Flare	Gas burner	Existing	Heat Release	1,574,064	MMBtu	0.34	lb/MMBtu	271	135.41	135.41	-
Refinery Flare System	#5 Flare (H- 3351)	Υ	Flare	Gas burner	Existing	Heat Release	2,291,870	MMBtu	0.34	lb/MMBtu	394	197.16	197.16	-
Refinery Flare System	#6 Flare (H- 3352)	Υ	Flare	Gas burner	Existing	Heat Release	1,134,206	MMBtu	0.34	lb/MMBtu	195	97.57	97.57	-
	#7 Flare (H- 3301)	Υ	Flare	Gas burner	Existing	Heat Release	3,730,347	MMBtu	0.34	lb/MMBtu	642	320.90	320.90	-
Refinery Flare System	LPG Flare (STK 7921)	Y	Flare	Gas burner, steam assisted	Existing	Heat Release	0	MMBtu	0.34	lb/MMBtu	0	0.00	0.00	-
System	FCC Flare (L.P. Flare - STK 7941)	Υ	Flare	Gas burner, steam assisted	Existing	Heat Release	2,541,561	MMBtu	0.34	lb/MMBtu	437	218.64	218.64	-
Refinery Flare System	Ground Flare (H.P. Flare - STK 7942)	Υ	Flare	Gas burner	Existing	Heat Release	451,355	MMBtu	0.34	lb/MMBtu	78	38.83	38.83	-
Delayed Coker Unit	TK-8501	Y	Tank Fug	Fixed roof storage tank (pitch)	Existing				AP-42			0.04	0.04	[D]
Coker Complex	Delayed Coker Steam Vent	Υ	Process	Delayed Coker Steam Vent	Existing	Coker Drum Vent Episodes	1,442	Episodes	2	lbs/episode	1.4	0.72	0.72	-
Fire Training	Fire Training	Υ	Flare	Fire Training	Existing	Fuel Usage	48,778	lbs	0.56	lb/lb fuel	13.66 Total tpy	6.83 1417	6.83 1416	[C]

<sup>&</sup>quot;-" indicates no adjustments to the BAE were required.

<sup>[</sup>A] CO BAE for the FCCU was adjusted for 3 hours of exceedance of the 500 ppm/432 ppm concentration limit.

<sup>[</sup>B] Sulfuric Acid Plant process stack is not a source of CO emissions

<sup>[</sup>C] Emission factors for fire traing (JP-4) per "Calculation Methods for Criteria Air Pollutant Emission Inventories", Brooks Air Force Base, TX, July 1994

<sup>[</sup>D] Emissions based on AP-42 Chapter 11.1.2.5. CO emissions can be estimated by multiplying the THC emissions by the TANKS program by 0.097.

Process Unit	Source ID	PAL Unit (Y/N)	Emission Type	Unit Description	Unit Status	Unit Size (MMBtu/hr)	Baseline Fuel Gas or Other Gaseous Fuel 24 mo Throughput (MMBtu/yr)	Baseline Distillate Oil 24 mo Throughput (MMBtu/yr)	BAE Estimation Method	Fuel Gas or Other Gaseous Fuel Emission Factor (lb/MMBtu)	Distillate/6- Oil Emission Factor (lb/MMBtu)	Baseline Period 24 Month Total Emissions (tons)	BAE (tpy	Adjusted BAE (tpy)	Notes
#2 DU Fractionator	H-101	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Heater	Existing	146	791,295	43,469	Emission Factor	2.75E-01	3.18E-01	115.51	57.76	57.76	-
#2 DU Fractionator	H-104	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Heater	Existing	108	654,318	40,043	Emission Factor	2.75E-01	3.18E-01	96.17	48.08	48.08	-
#2 CDU	H-401A	Y	Heater/Boiler	Charge Heater	Existing	171	828,797	257,804	Emission Factor	2.75E-01	3.18E-01	154.69	77.35	77.35	-
#2 CDU	H-401B	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Charge Heater	Existing	171	828,797	257,804	Emission Factor	2.75E-01	3.18E-01	154.69	77.35	77.35	-
#2 CDU	H-401C	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Charge Heater	Existing	171	828,797	257,804	Emission Factor	2.75E-01	3.18E-01	154.69	77.35	77.35	-
#3 DD	C-1500A	Υ	Compressor	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Existing	3	15,104	0	Emission Factor	2.27E+00		17.14	8.57	8.57	-
#3 DD	C-1500B	Υ	Compressor	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Existing	3	15,104	0	Emission Factor	2.27E+00		17.14	8.57	8.57	-
#3 DD	C-1500C	Υ	Compressor	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Existing	3	15,104	0	Emission Factor	2.27E+00		17.14	8.57	8.57	-
Penex	H-200	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Charge Heater	Existing	37	389,579	0	Emission Factor	1.91E-01		37.20	18.60	18.60	-
Penex	H-201	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Fired Reboiler Heater	Existing	37	395,352	0	Emission Factor	1.50E-01		29.65	14.83	14.83	-
Penex	H-202	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Hot Oil Heater	Existing	122	874,691	0	Emission Factor	2.75E-01	3.18E-01	120.06	60.03	60.03	-
Penex	C-200A	Υ	Compressor	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Existing	9	75,121	0	Emission Factor	1.55E-01		7.77	3.88	3.88	[A]
Penex	C-200B	Υ	Compressor	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Existing	9	75,121	0	Emission Factor	1.15E-01		3.76	1.88	1.88	[A]
Penex	C-200C	Υ	Compressor	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Existing	9	75,121	0	Emission Factor	8.25E-02		3.69	1.85	1.85	[A]
Utility Fractionation	H-160	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Charge Heater	Existing	135	884,143	0	Emission Factor	2.75E-01	3.18E-01	121.35	60.68	60.68	-
#2 Platformer	H-601	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Stripper Reboiler Heater	Existing	36	221,021	0	Emission Factor	2.75E-01	3.18E-01	30.34	15.17	15.17	-
#2 Platformer	H-604	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Platforming No. 2 Interheater	Existing	37	214,990	0	Emission Factor	2.75E-01	3.18E-01	29.51	14.75	14.75	-
#2 Platformer	H-605	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Platforming No. 3 Interheater	Existing	15	59,776	0	Emission Factor	2.75E-01	3.18E-01	8.20	4.10	4.10	-
#2 DU	H-800A	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Reactor Charge Heater	Existing	43	461,566	0	Emission Factor	2.75E-01	3.18E-01	63.35	31.68	31.68	-
#2 DU	H-800B	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Reactor Charge Heater	Existing	43	441,880	0	Emission Factor	2.75E-01	3.18E-01	60.65	30.33	30.33	-
#2 DU	H-801	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Stripper Heater	Existing	101	803,114	0	Emission Factor	9.40E-02		37.75	18.87	18.87	-
#4 DD	H-2201A	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Reactor Charge Heater	Existing	61	690,666	0	Emission Factor	2.75E-01	3.18E-01	94.80	47.40	47.40	-
#4 DD	H-2201B	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Reactor Charge Heater	Existing	61	690,666	0	Emission Factor	2.75E-01	3.18E-01	94.80	47.40	47.40	-
#4 DD	H-2202	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Stripper Reboiler Heater	Existing	119	980,002	0	Emission Factor	1.32E-01		64.68	32.34	32.34	
#5 DD	H-2400	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Charge Heater	Existing	33	463,511	0	Emission Factor	2.75E-01	3.18E-01	63.62	31.81	31.81	ı
#5 DD	C-2400A	Υ	Compressor	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Existing	7	48,723	0	Emission Factor	3.78E-01		8.34	4.17	4.17	[A]
#5 DD	C-2400B	Υ	Compressor	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Existing	7	48,723	0	Emission Factor	6.50E-02		1.38	0.69	0.69	[A]
Naphtha Fractionation	H-2501	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Reboiler Heater	Existing	203	437,565	0	Emission Factor	8.50E-02		18.60	9.30	9.30	-
#2 Sulfolane	H-4502	Y	Heater/Boiler	Benzene Column Reboiler Heater	Existing	149	858,943	0	Emission Factor	2.75E-01	3.18E-01	117.89	58.95	58.95	-

Process Unit	Summary o	PAL Unit (Y/N)	Emission Type	Unit Description	Unit Status	Unit Size (MMBtu/hr)	Baseline Fuel Gas or Other Gaseous Fuel 24 mo Throughput (MMBtu/yr)	Baseline Distillate Oil 24 mo Throughput (MMBtu/yr)	BAE Estimation Method	Fuel Gas or Other Gaseous Fuel Emission Factor (lb/MMBtu)	Distillate/6- Oil Emission Factor (lb/MMBtu)	Baseline Period 24 Month Total Emissions (tons)	BAE (tpy	Adjusted BAE (tpy)	Notes
#2 Sulfolane	H-4503	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Toluene Column Reboiler Heater	Existing	141	753,962	0	Emission Factor	2.75E-01		103.49	51.74	51.74	-
#2 Sulfolane	H-4504	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Xylene Column Reboiler Heater	Existing	126	607,009	0	Emission Factor	2.75E-01	3.18E-01	83.31	41.66	41.66	-
#2 Sulfolane	H-4505	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Raffinate Splitter Reboiler Heater	Existing	109	470,895	0	Emission Factor	2.75E-01	3.18E-01	64.63	32.32	32.32	-
#5 CDU	H-3101A	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Crude Charge Heater	Existing	381	2,184,815	614,217	Emission Factor	2.75E-01	3.18E-01	397.40	198.70	198.70	i
#5 CDU	H-3101B	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Crude Charge Heater	Existing	381	2,436,185	659,430	Emission Factor	2.75E-01	3.18E-01	439.09	219.54	219.54	-
#6 CDU	H-4101A	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Crude Charge Heater	Existing	381	2,446,267	516,409	Emission Factor	2.75E-01	3.18E-01	417.76	208.88	208.88	-
#6 CDU	H-4101B	Y	Heater/Boiler	Crude Charge Heater	Existing	381	2,817,416	557,900	Emission Factor	2.75E-01	3.18E-01	475.29	237.64	237.64	-
#3 Platformer	H-4401	Y	Heater/Boiler	Charge Heater	Existing	134	1,025,393	0	Emission Factor	1.30E-01		66.65	33.33	33.33	-
#3 Platformer	H-4402	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Fired Reboiler Heater	Existing	128	721,833	0	Emission Factor	2.75E-01	3.18E-01	99.08	49.54	49.54	-
#3 Platformer	H-4451	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Charge Heater	Existing	381	2,918,945	0	Emission Factor	1.52E-01		221.84	110.92	110.92	-
#3 Platformer	H-4452	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Intermediate Heater	Existing	248	1,803,863	0	Emission Factor	1.52E-01		137.09	68.55	68.55	-
#3 Platformer	H-4453	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Intermediate Heater	Existing	248	1,338,392	0	Emission Factor	1.52E-01		101.72	50.86	50.86	1
#3 Platformer	H-4454	Y	Heater/Boiler	Intermediate Heater	Existing	77	518,276	0	Emission Factor	1.52E-01		39.39	19.69	19.69	-
#3 Platformer	H-4455	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Fired Reboiler Heater	Existing	138	1,076,287	0	Emission Factor	9.00E-02		48.43	24.22	24.22	-
#3 VAC	H-4201	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Prestripper Heater	Existing	253	1,195,811	545,534	Emission Factor	2.75E-01	3.18E-01	250.75	125.38	125.38	
#3 VAC	H-4202	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Vacuum Heater	Existing	245	962,882	553,169	Emission Factor	2.75E-01	3.18E-01	219.99	110.00	110.00	ı
#4 Platformer	H-5401	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Charge Heater	Existing	134	983,723	0	Emission Factor	1.23E-01		60.50	30.25	30.25	1
#4 Platformer	H-5402	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Fired Reboiler Heater	Existing	128	684,930	0	Emission Factor	2.75E-01	3.18E-01	94.01	47.01	47.01	1
#4 Platformer	H-5451	Y	Heater/Boiler	Charge Heater	Existing	381	2,059,984	0	Emission Factor	1.42E-01		146.26	73.13	73.13	-
#4 Platformer	H-5452	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Intermediate Heater	Existing	248	1,843,813	0	Emission Factor	1.42E-01		130.91	65.46	65.46	-
#4 Platformer	H-5453	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Intermediate Heater	Existing	248	1,356,092	0	Emission Factor	1.42E-01		96.28	48.14	48.14	-
#4 Platformer	H-5454	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Intermediate Heater	Existing	77	491,861	0	Emission Factor	1.42E-01		34.92	17.46	17.46	-
#4 Platformer	H-5455	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Fired Reboiler Heater	Existing	138	1,014,968	0	Emission Factor	1.19E-01		60.39	30.20	30.20	-
#6 DD	H-4601A	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Reactor Charge Heater	Existing	61	307,355	0	Emission Factor	9.80E-02		15.07	7.53	7.53	-
#6 DD	H-4601B	Y	Heater/Boiler	Reactor Charge Heater	Existing	61	306,150	0	Emission Factor	9.80E-02		15.01	7.50	7.50	-
#6 DD	H-4602	Y	Heater/Boiler	Stripper Reboiler Heater	Existing	119	669,854	0	Emission Factor	1.07E-01		35.84	17.92	17.92	-
#6 DD	C-4601A	Υ	Compressor	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Existing	21	86,488	0	Emission Factor	3.59E+00		155.18	77.59	77.59	-
#6 DD	C-4601B	Υ	Compressor	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Existing	21	86,488	0	Emission Factor	3.46E+00		149.69	74.84	74.84	-

Process Unit	Source ID	PAL Unit (Y/N)	Emission Type	Unit Description	Unit Status	Unit Size (MMBtu/hr)	Baseline Fuel Gas or Other Gaseous Fuel 24 mo Throughput (MMBtu/yr)	Baseline Distillate Oil 24 mo Throughput (MMBtu/yr)	BAE Estimation Method	Fuel Gas or Other Gaseous Fuel Emission Factor (lb/MMBtu)	Distillate/6- Oil Emission Factor (lb/MMBtu)	Baseline Period 24 Month Total Emissions (tons)	BAE (tpy	Adjusted BAE (tpy)	Notes
#6 DD	C-4601C	Υ	Compressor	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Existing	21	86,488	0	Emission Factor	3.24E+00		139.89	69.95	69.95	-
#7 DD	H-4301A	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Reactor Charge Heater	Existing	67	550,826	0	Emission Factor	9.80E-02	3.18E-01	27.00	13.50	13.50	-
#7 DD	H-4301B	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Reactor Charge Heater	Existing	67	573,413	0	Emission Factor	9.80E-02	3.18E-01	28.11	14.05	14.05	-
#7 DD	H-4302	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Stripper Reboiler Heater	Existing	122	1,053,299	0	Emission Factor	1.02E-01		53.72	26.86	26.86	-
#9 DD	H-5301A	Y	Heater/Boiler	Reactor Charge Heater	Existing	67	471,591	0	Emission Factor	9.80E-02	3.18E-01	23.12	11.56	11.56	-
#9 DD	H-5301B	Y	Heater/Boiler	Reactor Charge Heater	Existing	67	449,346	0	Emission Factor	9.80E-02	3.18E-01	22.03	11.01	11.01	-
#9 DD	H-5302	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Stripper Reboiler Heater	Existing	122	1,257,163	0	Emission Factor	1.18E-01	3.18E-01	74.17	37.09	37.09	-
LSG Unit	H-4901	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Charge Heater	Existing	87	327,668	0	Emission Factor				0.00	0.00	[G]
Sulfuric Acid Plant	STK-7801	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Heater Stack	Existing	30	119,284	0	Emission Factor	0.092		5.49	2.74	2.74	-
Sulfuric Acid Plant	H-7801	Y	Heater/Boiler	Process Air Heater	Existing				Emission Factor				0.00		
Sulfuric Acid Plant	H-7802	Y	Heater/Boiler	Converter Heater	Existing				Emission Factor				0.00		
Sulfuric Acid Plant	R-7801	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Startup Heater	Existing				Emission Factor				0.00		
#1 SRU Incinerator	H-1032	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Tail Gas Incinerator	Existing	7	9,702	0	Emission Factor	2.75E-01	3.18E-01	1.33	0.67	0.67	-
#2 SRU Incinerator	H-1042	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Tail Gas Incinerator	Existing	15	73,434	0	Emission Factor	2.75E-01	3.18E-01	10.08	5.04	5.04	-
#1 Beavon	H-1061	Y	TGTU	Sulfur Recovery Units, Tail gas treatment	Existing	10	0	0	Emission Factor				1.98	1.98	-
#2 Beavon	H-4761	Υ	TGTU	Tail Gas Treatment	Existing	10	0	0	Emission Factor				1.97	1.97	-
East Incinerator	H-4745	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Tail Gas Incinerator	Existing	55	142,237	0	Emission Factor	2.75E-01	3.18E-01	19.52	9.76	9.76	-
Delayed Coker Unit	H-8501A	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Coker process heater 1	Existing	200	2,480,262	0	Emission Factor	2.58E-02		32.00	16.00	16.00	-
Delayed Coker	H-8501B	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Coker process heater	Existing	200	2,472,154	0	Emission Factor	2.88E-02		35.64	17.82	17.82	-
Utility II	#5 Boiler (B- 1155)	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Boiler; Produces Steam	Existing	539	1,765,918	811,841	Emission Factor	2.75E-01	3.18E-01	371.29	185.64	149.18	[B]
Utility III	#6 Boiler (B- 3301)	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Boiler; Produces Steam	Existing	257	1,271,145	480,095	Emission Factor	2.75E-01	3.18E-01	250.70	125.35	125.33	[H]
Utility III	#7 Boiler (B- 3302)	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Boiler; Produces Steam	Existing	257	1,133,369	511,268	Emission Factor	2.75E-01	3.18E-01	236.74	118.37	118.35	[H]
Utility III	#8 Boiler (B- 3303)	Y	Heater/Boiler	Boiler; Produces Steam	Existing	512	2,503,750	1,163,089	Emission Factor	2.75E-01	3.18E-01	528.33	264.17	212.42	[B]
Utility III	#9 Boiler (B- 3304)	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Boiler; Produces Steam	Existing	512	1,976,231	977,844	Emission Factor	2.75E-01	3.18E-01	426.51	213.26	172.15	[B]
Utility III	#10 Boiler (B- 3701)	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Boiler; Produces Steam	Existing	225	1,532,157	0	Emission Factor	CEMS	CEMS	24.97	12.49	27.17	[D]
Powerhouse 2	GT No. 4 (G- 3404)	Υ	Gas Turbine	Turbine; Produces Electricity	Existing	317	3,609,299	428,205	Emission Factor	5.18E-01	5.18E-01	1045.71	522.86	522.86	-

Process Unit	Source ID	PAL Unit (Y/N)	Emission Type	Unit Description	Unit Status	Unit Size (MMBtu/hr)	Baseline Fuel Gas or Other Gaseous Fuel 24 mo Throughput (MMBtu/yr)	Baseline Distillate Oil 24 mo Throughput (MMBtu/yr)	BAE Estimation Method	Fuel Gas or Other Gaseous Fuel Emission Factor (Ib/MMBtu)	Distillate/6- Oil Emission Factor (lb/MMBtu)	Baseline Period 24 Month Total Emissions (tons)	BAE (tpy	Adjusted BAE (tpy)	Notes
Powerhouse 2	GT No. 5 (G- 3405)	Υ	Gas Turbine	Turbine; Produces Electricity	Existing	317	3,657,276	201,966	Emission Factor	5.22E-01	5.22E-01	1007.26	503.63	503.63	-
	GT No. 7 (G- 3407)	Υ	Gas Turbine	Turbine; Produces Electricity	Existing	317	3,981,360	474,168	Emission Factor	6.66E-01	6.66E-01	1483.69	741.85	655.15	[C]
	GT No. 8 (G- 3408)	Υ	Gas Turbine	Turbine; Produces Electricity	Existing	392	1,787,553	506,126	Emission Factor	6.25E-01	6.25E-01	716.77	358.39	355.29	[C]
	GT No. 9 (G- 3409)	Υ	Gas Turbine	Turbine; Produces Electricity	Existing	304	4,439,104	280,162	CEMS			158.97	79.49	79.10	[E]
	GT No. 10 (G- 3410)	Υ	Gas Turbine	Turbine; Produces Electricity	Existing	325 (5)	3,551,385	207,405	CEMS			175.91	87.96	87.50	[E]
GT No. 13 and Duct Burner	GT No. 13 (G- 3413)	Y	Gas Turbine	Turbine; Produces Electricity	Existing	626	5,968,643	546,683	CEMS			55.23	27.61	27.24	[E]
•												Total tpy	6,433	6,228	

- [A] Emission factor presented is an average of 2009 and 2010 factors derived from quarterly tests. See Table C-xx Combustion Unit Emission Factors for specific information.
- [B] Adjusted for NSPS Subpart D 60.44(a)(1) and 60.44(a)(2) compliance (0.2lb NOx/MMBtu when firing fuel gas and 0.3 lb NOx/MMBtu when firing distillate/oil)
- [C] Adjusted for NSPS Subpart GG 60.332(a)(2) compliance.
- [D] NOx BAE for Boiler #10 adjusted for 9.2 hours of exceedance of the 0.07lb/MMBTU limit. Conservately subtracted for those hours emissions from firing at the maximum capacity at the highest rate of exceedance (i.e., 0.123 lb/MMBTU)

  GT9 and GT10 are subject to NOx limits of 42 ppm and 57 lb/hr. The available mass emission rates were conservativley adjusted to address exceedances of these limits. The highest n mass emissions rates were identified for each
  [E] quarter, where n is equal to the hours of exceedance in that quarter, and set to have zero contribution of the BAE used to set the proposed PAL.
- FT GT13 is subject to NOx limits of 0.0497 lb/MMBtu when firing gas and 0.761 lb/MMBtu when firing oil. The NOx emissions rates for the time of the exceedance was downwardly adjusted to the appropriate fuel-based limit.
- [G] Conservatively assumed zero contribution to the BAE used to set the proposed PAL.
- [H] Emissions were downwardly adjusted for fuel oil usage of 35 barrels (bbls) above the combined 800 bbls/day limit for Boilers 6 & 7. Adjustment assumes equal firing rate for Boilers 6 & 7.

<sup>&</sup>quot;-" indicates no adjustments to the BAE were required.

#2 Platformer #2 Plat   #3 Platformer #3 Platformer #4 Platformer   FCCU STK-70   Sulfuric Acid Plant   Refinery Flare	at Vent at Vent 7051 7802 are (H-	Y F Y V	Process	Plat No. 2 Catalyst Regen Vent Plat No. 3 Catalyst Regen Vent Plat No. 4 Catalyst Regen Vent	Existing  Existing	Operation	4,135	l	i i		(tons)			
Platformer #3 Plat #4 Platformer #4 Plat   FCCU STK-70: Sulfuric Acid Plant Refinery #2 Flare System #3 Flare System #3 Flare 1105) Refinery #3 Flare System #5 Flare System #5 Flare System #5 Flare System #6 Flare Flare 3351)	re (H-	Y F	Process	Regen Vent Plat No. 4 Catalyst	Existing			hrs	5.33E-04	lb/hr	0.00	0.00	0.00	-
Platformer #4 Plat FCCU STK-70. Sulfuric Acid Plant Refinery Flare 1105) Refinery Flare 1104) Refinery Flare 3351) Refinery Flare 3351) Refinery Flare 3352)	7051 7802 ure (H-	Y V	Process			Operation	12,829	hrs	9.60E-04	lb/hr	0.01	0.00	0.00	-
Sulfuric Acid Plant Refinery Flare System Refinery Flare System Refinery Flare System Refinery Flare System Refinery Flare System Refinery Flare System Refinery Flare System Refinery Flare System Refinery Flare System Refinery Flare System Refinery Flare System Refinery Flare System	7802 are (H-		NGS		Existing	Operation	11,661	hrs	9.60E-04	lb/hr	0.01	0.00	0.00	-
Plant         STR-78           Refinery         #2 Flare           System         1105)           Refinery         #3 Flare           System         1104)           Refinery         #5 Flare           System         3351)           Refinery         #6 Flare           Flare         3352)	ire (H-	Y F		Fluid Catalytic Cracking	Existing				CEMS			88.38	88.38	-
Flare	,		Process	Process Stack	Existing							8.12	8.12	-
Flare #3 Flare System 1104)  Refinery #5 Flare 3351)  Refinery #6 Flare Flare 3352)		Y F	Flare	Gas burner	Existing	Heat Release	3,163,635	MMBtu	6.80E-02	lb/MMBtu	1.08E+02	53.78	53.78	-
Flare 3351)  Refinery Flare 3352)		Y F	-lare	Gas burner	Existing	Heat Release	1,574,064	MMBtu	6.80E-02	lb/MMBtu	5.35E+01	26.76	26.76	-
Flare #6 Flare		Y F	-lare	Gas burner	Existing	Heat Release	2,291,870	MMBtu	6.80E-02	lb/MMBtu	7.79E+01	38.96	38.96	-
		Y F	-lare	Gas burner	Existing	Heat Release	1,134,206	MMBtu	6.80E-02	lb/MMBtu	3.86E+01	19.28	19.28	-
Refinery Flare System #7 Flare 3301)		Y F	-lare	Gas burner	Existing	Heat Release	3,730,347	MMBtu	6.80E-02	lb/MMBtu	1.27E+02	63.42	63.42	-
Refinery Flare System		Y F	Flare	Gas burner, steam assisted	Existing	Heat Release	0	MMBtu	6.80E-02	lb/MMBtu	0.00E+00	0.00	0.00	-
Refinery FCC Flater (L.P. Flater System STK 79-	Flare -	Y F	Flare	Gas burner, steam assisted	Existing	Heat Release	2,541,561	MMBtu	6.80E-02	lb/MMBtu	8.64E+01	43.21	43.21	-
Refinery Ground Flare (H.P. Flance) System STK 79-	Flare -	Y F	-lare	Gas burner	Existing	Heat Release	451,355	MMBtu	6.80E-02	lb/MMBtu	1.53E+01	7.67	7.67	-
Coker Complex Vent		Y F	Process	Delayed Coker Steam Vent	Existing									[A]
Fire Training Fire Tra		Y F	Flare	Fire Training	Existing		48,778	lbs	4.20E-03	lb/lb fuel	1.02E-01 Total tpy	0.051 350	0.051 350	[B]

<sup>&</sup>quot;-" indicates no adjustments to the BAE were required.

<sup>[</sup>A] Delayed coker steam vent is not a source of NOx emissions.

<sup>[</sup>B] Emission factors for fire traing (JP-4) per "Calculation Methods for Criteria Air Pollutant Emission Inventories", Brooks Air Force Base, TX, July 1994

Table C-7 Summary of Combustion Units PM BAE

Table C-7	Summary	OI COIIID	ustion units	FINIDAL											
Process Unit	Source ID	PAL Unit (Y/N)	Emission Type	Unit Description	Unit Status	Unit Size (MMBtu/hr)	Baseline Fuel Gas or Other Gaseous Fuel 24 mo Throughput (MMBtu/yr)	Baseline Distillate/6- Oil 24 mo Throughput (MMBtu/yr)	BAE Estimation Method	Fuel Gas or Other Gaseous Fuel Emission Factor (Ib/MMBtu)	Distillate/6- Oil Emission Factor (lb/MMBtu)	Baseline Period 24 Month Total Emissions (tons)	BAE (tpy	Adjusted BAE (tpy)	Notes
#2 DU Fractionator	H-101	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Heater	Existing	146	791,295	43,469	Emission Factor	1.86E-03	4.46E-02	1.71	0.85	0.85	[D]
#2 DU Fractionator	H-104	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Heater	Existing	108	654,318	40,043	Emission Factor	1.86E-03	4.46E-02	1.50	0.75	0.75	[D]
#2 CDU	H-401A	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Charge Heater	Existing	171	828,797	257,804	Emission Factor	1.86E-03	4.46E-02	6.52	3.27	3.27	[D]
#2 CDU	H-401B	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Charge Heater	Existing	171	828,797	257,804	Emission Factor	1.86E-03	4.46E-02	6.52	3.27	3.27	[D]
#2 CDU	H-401C	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Charge Heater	Existing	171	828,797	257,804	Emission Factor	1.86E-03	4.46E-02	6.52	3.27	3.27	[D]
#3 DD	C-1500A	Υ	Compressor	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Existing	3	15,104	0	Emission Factor	9.50E-03		0.07	0.04	0.04	-
#3 DD	C-1500B	Y	Compressor	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Existing	3	15,104	0	Emission Factor	9.50E-03		0.07	0.04	0.04	-
#3 DD	C-1500C	Y	Compressor	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Existing	3	15,104	0	Emission Factor	9.50E-03		0.07	0.04	0.04	-
Penex	H-200	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Charge Heater	Existing	37	389,579	0	Emission Factor	1.86E-03		0.36	0.18	0.18	-
Penex	H-201	Y	Heater/Boiler	Fired Reboiler Heater	Existing	37	395,352	0	Emission Factor	1.86E-03		0.37	0.18	0.18	-
Penex	H-202	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Hot Oil Heater	Existing	122	874,691	0	Emission Factor	1.86E-03	4.46E-02	0.81	0.41	0.41	-
Penex	C-200A	Y	Compressor	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Existing	9	75,121	0	Emission Factor	9.50E-03		0.36	0.18	0.18	-
Penex	C-200B	Υ	Compressor	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Existing	9	75,121	0	Emission Factor	9.50E-03		0.36	0.18	0.18	-
Penex	C-200C	Υ	Compressor	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Existing	9	75,121	0	Emission Factor	9.50E-03		0.36	0.18	0.18	-
Utility Fractionation	H-160	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Charge Heater	Existing	135	884,143	0	Emission Factor	1.86E-03	4.46E-02	0.82	0.41	0.41	-
#2 Platformer	H-601	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Stripper Reboiler Heater	Existing	36	221,021	0	Emission Factor	1.86E-03	4.46E-02	0.21	0.10	0.10	-
#2 Platformer	H-604	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Platforming No. 2 Interheater	Existing	37	214,990	0	Emission Factor	1.86E-03	4.46E-02	0.20	0.10	0.10	-
#2 Platformer	H-605	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Platforming No. 3 Interheater	Existing	15	59,776	0	Emission Factor	1.86E-03	4.46E-02	0.06	0.03	0.03	-
#2 DU	H-800A	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Reactor Charge Heater	Existing	43	461,566	0	Emission Factor	1.86E-03	4.46E-02	0.43	0.21	0.21	-
#2 DU	H-800B	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Reactor Charge Heater	Existing	43	441,880	0	Emission Factor	1.86E-03	4.46E-02	0.41	0.21	0.21	[D]
#2 DU	H-801	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Stripper Heater	Existing	101	803,114	0	Emission Factor	1.86E-03		0.75	0.37	0.37	[D]
#4 DD	H-2201A	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Reactor Charge Heater	Existing	61	690,666	0	Emission Factor	1.86E-03	4.46E-02	0.64	0.32	0.32	[D]
#4 DD	H-2201B	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Reactor Charge Heater	Existing	61	690,666	0	Emission Factor	1.86E-03	4.46E-02	0.64	0.32	0.32	[D]
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Table C-7 Summary of Combustion Units PM BAE

Table C-1	<u>Julillilai y</u>	OI COIIID	ustion units	) I WI DAL											
Process Unit	Source ID	PAL Unit (Y/N)	Emission Type	Unit Description	Unit Status	Unit Size (MMBtu/hr)	Baseline Fuel Gas or Other Gaseous Fuel 24 mo Throughput (MMBtu/yr)	Baseline Distillate/6- Oil 24 mo Throughput (MMBtu/yr)	BAE Estimation Method	Fuel Gas or Other Gaseous Fuel Emission Factor (Ib/MMBtu)	Distillate/6- Oil Emission Factor (lb/MMBtu)	Baseline Period 24 Month Total Emissions (tons)	BAE (tpy	Adjusted BAE (tpy)	Notes
#4 DD	H-2202	Y	Heater/Boiler	Stripper Reboiler Heater	Existing	119	980,002	0	Emission Factor	1.86E-03		0.91	0.46	0.46	[D]
#5 DD	H-2400	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Charge Heater	Existing	33	463,511	0	Emission Factor	1.86E-03	4.46E-02	0.43	0.22	0.22	[D]
#5 DD	C-2400A	Y	Compressor	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Existing	7	48,723	0	Emission Factor	9.50E-03		0.23	0.12	0.12	-
#5 DD	C-2400B	Y	Compressor	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Existing	7	48,723	0	Emission Factor	9.50E-03		0.23	0.12	0.12	-
Naphtha Fractionation	H-2501	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Reboiler Heater	Existing	203	437,565	0	Emission Factor	1.86E-03		0.41	0.20	0.20	-
#2 Sulfolane	H-4502	Y	Heater/Boiler	Benzene Column Reboiler Heater	Existing	149	858,943	0	Emission Factor	1.86E-03	4.46E-02	0.80	0.40	0.40	-
#2 Sulfolane	H-4503	Y	Heater/Boiler	Column	Existing	141	753,962	0	Emission Factor	1.86E-03		0.70	0.35	0.35	-
#2 Sulfolane	H-4504	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Xylene Column Reboiler Heater	Existing	126	607,009	0	Emission Factor	1.86E-03	4.46E-02	0.57	0.28	0.28	-
#2 Sulfolane	H-4505	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Raffinate Splitter Reboiler Heater	Existing	109	470,895	0	Emission Factor	1.86E-03	4.46E-02	0.44	0.22	0.22	-
#5 CDU	H-3101A	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Crude Charge Heater	Existing	381	2,184,815	614,217	Emission Factor	1.86E-03	4.46E-02	15.72	7.86	7.86	[D]
#5 CDU	H-3101B	Y	Heater/Boiler	Crude Charge Heater	Existing	381	2,436,185	659,430	Emission Factor	1.86E-03	4.46E-02	16.96	8.47	8.47	[D]
#6 CDU	H-4101A	Y	Heater/Boiler	Crude Charge Heater	Existing	381	2,446,267	516,409	Emission Factor	1.86E-03	4.46E-02	13.79	6.87	6.87	[D]
#6 CDU	H-4101B	Y	Heater/Boiler	Crude Charge Heater	Existing	381	2,817,416	557,900	Emission Factor	1.86E-03	4.46E-02	15.06	7.49	7.49	[D]
#3 Platformer	H-4401	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Charge Heater	Existing	134	1,025,393	0	Emission Factor	1.86E-03		0.96	0.48	0.48	-
#3 Platformer	H-4402	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Fired Reboiler Heater	Existing	128	721,833	0	Emission Factor	1.86E-03	4.46E-02	0.67	0.34	0.34	-
#3 Platformer	H-4451	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Charge Heater	Existing	381	2,918,945	0	Emission Factor	1.86E-03		2.72	1.36	1.36	-
#3 Platformer	H-4452	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Intermediate Heater	Existing	248	1,803,863	0	Emission Factor	1.86E-03		1.68	0.84	0.84	-
#3 Platformer	H-4453	Y	Heater/Boiler	Intermediate Heater	Existing	248	1,338,392	0	Emission Factor	1.86E-03		1.25	0.62	0.62	-
#3 Platformer	H-4454	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Intermediate Heater	Existing	77	518,276	0	Emission Factor	1.86E-03		0.48	0.24	0.24	-
#3 Platformer	H-4455	Y	Heater/Boiler	Fired Reboiler Heater	Existing	138	1,076,287	0	Emission Factor	1.86E-03		1.00	0.50	0.50	-
#3 VAC	H-4201	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Prestripper Heater	Existing	253	1,195,811	545,534	Emission Factor	1.86E-03	4.46E-02	13.27	6.65	6.65	[D]
#3 VAC	H-4202	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Vacuum Heater	Existing	245	962,882	553,169	Emission Factor	1.86E-03	4.46E-02	13.22	6.62	6.62	[D]
#4 Platformer	H-5401	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Charge Heater	Existing	134	983,723	0	Emission Factor	1.86E-03		0.92	0.46	0.46	-

Table C-7 Summary of Combustion Units PM BAE

Process Unit		PAL Unit (Y/N)	Emission Type	Unit Description	Unit Status	Unit Size (MMBtu/hr)	Baseline Fuel Gas or Other Gaseous Fuel 24 mo Throughput (MMBtu/yr)	Baseline Distillate/6- Oil 24 mo Throughput (MMBtu/yr)	BAE Estimation Method	Fuel Gas or Other Gaseous Fuel Emission Factor (Ib/MMBtu)	Distillate/6- Oil Emission Factor (lb/MMBtu)	Baseline Period 24 Month Total Emissions (tons)	BAE (tpy	Adjusted BAE (tpy)	Notes
#4 Platformer	H-5402	Y	Heater/Boiler	Fired Reboiler Heater	Existing	128	684,930	0	Emission Factor	1.86E-03	4.46E-02	0.64	0.32	0.32	-
#4 Platformer	H-5451	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Charge Heater	Existing	381	2,059,984	0	Emission Factor	1.86E-03		1.92	0.96	0.96	-
#4 Platformer	H-5452	Y	Heater/Boiler	Intermediate Heater	Existing	248	1,843,813	0	Emission Factor	1.86E-03		1.72	0.86	0.86	-
#4 Platformer	H-5453	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Intermediate Heater	Existing	248	1,356,092	0	Emission Factor	1.86E-03		1.26	0.63	0.63	<del>-</del>
#4 Platformer	H-5454	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Intermediate Heater	Existing	77	491,861	0	Emission Factor	1.86E-03		0.46	0.23	0.23	-
#4 Platformer	H-5455	Y	Heater/Boiler	Fired Reboiler Heater	Existing	138	1,014,968	0	Emission Factor	1.86E-03		0.95	0.47	0.47	-
#6 DD	H-4601A	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Reactor Charge Heater	Existing	61	307,355	0	Emission Factor	1.86E-03		0.29	0.14	0.14	-
#6 DD	H-4601B	Y	Heater/Boiler	Reactor Charge Heater	Existing	61	306,150	0	Emission Factor	1.86E-03		0.29	0.14	0.14	-
#6 DD	H-4602	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Stripper Reboiler Heater	Existing	119	669,854	0	Emission Factor	1.86E-03		0.62	0.31	0.31	-
#6 DD	C-4601A	Υ	Compressor	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Existing	21	86,488	0	Emission Factor	7.71E-05		0.00	0.00	0.00	-
#6 DD	C-4601B	Υ	Compressor	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Existing	21	86,488	0	Emission Factor	7.71E-05		0.00	0.00	0.00	-
#6 DD	C-4601C	Υ	Compressor	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Existing	21	86,488	0	Emission Factor	7.71E-05		0.00	0.00	0.00	-
#7 DD	H-4301A	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Reactor Charge Heater	Existing	67	550,826	0	Emission Factor	1.86E-03	4.46E-02	0.51	0.26	0.26	-
#7 DD	H-4301B	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Reactor Charge Heater	Existing	67	573,413	0	Emission Factor	1.86E-03	4.46E-02	0.53	0.27	0.27	-
#7 DD	H-4302	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Stripper Reboiler Heater	Existing	122	1,053,299	0	Emission Factor	1.86E-03		0.98	0.49	0.49	-
#9 DD	H-5301A	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Reactor Charge Heater	Existing	67	471,591	0	Emission Factor	1.86E-03	4.46E-02	0.44	0.22	0.22	-
#9 DD	H-5301B	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Reactor Charge Heater	Existing	67	449,346	0	Emission Factor	1.86E-03	4.46E-02	0.42	0.21	0.21	-
#9 DD	H-5302	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Stripper Reboiler Heater	Existing	122	1,257,163	0	Emission Factor	1.86E-03	4.46E-02	1.17	0.59	0.59	-
LSG Unit	H-4901	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Charge Heater	Existing	87	327,668	0	Emission Factor	•	_	_	0.00	0.00	[A]
Sulfuric Acid Plant	STK-7801	Y	Heater/Boiler	Heater Stack	Existing	30	119,284	0	Emission Factor	0.011		0.66	0.33	0.33	-
Sulfuric Acid Plant	H-7801	Y	Heater/Boiler	Process Air Heater	Existing				Emission Factor				0.00		
Sulfuric Acid Plant	H-7802	Y	Heater/Boiler	Converter Heater	Existing				Emission Factor				0.00		

Table C-7 Summary of Combustion Units PM BAE

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Process Unit	Source ID	PAL Unit (Y/N)	Emission Type	Unit Description	Unit Status	Unit Size (MMBtu/hr)	Baseline Fuel Gas or Other Gaseous Fuel 24 mo Throughput (MMBtu/yr)	Baseline Distillate/6- Oil 24 mo Throughput (MMBtu/yr)	BAE Estimation Method	Fuel Gas or Other Gaseous Fuel Emission Factor (Ib/MMBtu)	Distillate/6- Oil Emission Factor (lb/MMBtu)	Baseline Period 24 Month Total Emissions (tons)	BAE (tpy	Adjusted BAE (tpy)	Notes
Sulfuric Acid Plant	R-7801	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Startup Heater	Existing				Emission Factor				0.00		
#1 SRU Incinerator	H-1032	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Tail Gas Incinerator	Existing	7	9,702	0	Emission Factor	1.86E-03	4.46E-02	0.01	0.00	0.00	-
#2 SRU Incinerator	H-1042	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Tail Gas Incinerator	Existing	15	73,434	0	Emission Factor	1.86E-03	4.46E-02	0.07	0.03	0.03	-
#1 Beavon	H-1061	Y	TGTU	Sulfur Recovery Units, Tail gas treatment	Existing	10	0	0	Emission Factor				0.00	0.00	[B]
#2 Beavon	H-4761	Υ	TGTU	Tail Gas Treatment	Existing	10	0	0	Emission Factor				0.00	0.00	[B]
East Incinerator	H-4745	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Tail Gas Incinerator	Existing	55	142,237	0	Emission Factor	1.86E-03	4.46E-02	0.13	0.07	0.07	-
Delayed Coker Unit	H-8501A	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Coker process heater 1	Existing	200	2,480,262	0	Emission Factor	7.50E-04		0.93	0.47	0.47	-
Delayed Coker	H-8501B	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Coker process heater	Existing	200	2,472,154	0	Emission Factor	8.33E-04		1.03	0.52	0.52	-
Utility II	#5 Boiler (B-1155)	Y	Heater/Boiler	Boiler; Produces Steam	Existing	539	1,765,918	811,841	Emission Factor	1.86E-03	4.46E-02	19.74	9.86	9.86	[D]
Utility III	#6 Boiler (B-3301)	Y	Heater/Boiler	Boiler; Produces Steam	Existing	257	1,271,145	480,095	Emission Factor	1.86E-03	4.46E-02	11.88	5.95	5.94	[D], [E]
Utility III	#7 Boiler (B-3302)	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Boiler; Produces Steam	Existing	257	1,133,369	511,268	Emission Factor	1.86E-03	4.46E-02	12.45	6.23	6.22	[D], [E]
Utility III	#8 Boiler (B-3303)	Y	Heater/Boiler	Boiler; Produces Steam	Existing	512	2,503,750	1,163,089	Emission Factor	1.86E-03	4.46E-02	28.25	14.22	14.22	[D]
Utility III	#9 Boiler (B-3304)	Y	Heater/Boiler	Boiler; Produces Steam	Existing	512	1,976,231	977,844	Emission Factor	1.86E-03	4.46E-02	23.63	11.88	11.88	[D]
Utility III	#10 Boiler (B-3701)	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Boiler; Produces Steam	Existing	225	1,532,157	0	Emission Factor	1.86E-03	4.46E-02	1.43	0.71	0.71	-
Powerhouse 2	GT No. 4 (G-3404)	Y	Gas Turbine	Turbine; Produces Electricity	Existing	317	3,609,299	428,205	Emission Factor	1.90E-03	4.30E-03	4.35	2.17	2.17	-
Powerhouse 2	GT No. 5 (G-3405)	Y	Gas Turbine	Turbine; Produces Electricity	Existing	317	3,657,276	201,966	Emission Factor	1.90E-03	4.30E-03	3.91	1.95	1.95	-
Powerhouse 2	GT No. 7 (G-3407)	Υ	Gas Turbine	Turbine; Produces Electricity	Existing	317	3,981,360	474,168	Emission Factor	1.90E-03	4.30E-03	4.80	2.40	2.40	-
Powerhouse 2	GT No. 8 (G-3408)	Y	Gas Turbine	Turbine; Produces Electricity	Existing	392	1,787,553	506,126	Emission Factor	1.90E-03	4.30E-03	2.79	1.39	1.39	-

Table C-7 Summary of Combustion Units PM BAE

Process Unit	Source ID	PAL Unit (Y/N)	Emission Type	Unit Description	Unit Status	Unit Size (MMBtu/hr)	Baseline Fuel Gas or Other Gaseous Fuel 24 mo Throughput (MMBtu/yr)	Baseline Distillate/6- Oil 24 mo Throughput (MMBtu/yr)	BAE Estimation Method	Fuel Gas or Other Gaseous Fuel Emission Factor (lb/MMBtu)	Distillate/6- Oil Emission Factor (lb/MMBtu)	Baseline Period 24 Month Total Emissions (tons)		Adjusted BAE (tpy)	Notes
	GT No. 9 (G-3409)	Υ	Gas Turbine	Turbine; Produces Electricity	Existing	304	4,439,104	280,162	Emission Factor	1.90E-03	4.30E-03	4.82	2.41	2.41	
	GT No. 10 (G-3410)	Υ	Gas Turbine	Turbine; Produces Electricity	Existing	325 (5)	3,551,385	207,405	Emission Factor	1.90E-03	4.30E-03	3.82	1.91	1.91	
GT No. 13 and Duct Burner	GT No. 13 (G-3413)	Υ	Gas Turbine	Turbine; Produces Electricity	Existing	626	5,968,643	546,683	Emission Factor	See Note [C]		14.05	7.03	7.03	[C]
GT No. 13 and	H-3413	Y	Heater/Boiler	Duct Burner;	Existing				Emission Factor			Total tpy	141.69	141.68	

Notes:

[C] Values obtained from hourly emissions data. Emission factors for firing scenarios provided below.

Emission	Factors (lk	Gas	w/DB	as w/o D	Oil w/DB
	PM.		0.01	0.0046	0.0129
	PM10		0.0164	0.0082	0.016

<sup>[</sup>D] Distillate/6-Oil emission factor is presented as average for the 2009-2010 period. The emission factor is based on the sulfur content of the oil which varies slightly between 2009 and 2010.

<sup>&</sup>quot;-" indicates no adjustments to the BAE were required.

<sup>[</sup>A] Conservatively assumed zero contribution to the BAE used to set the proposed PAL.

<sup>[</sup>B] Beavons are not a source of particulate emissions

<sup>[</sup>E] Emissions were downwardly adjusted for fuel oil usage of 35 barrels (bbls) above the combined 800 bbls/day limit for Boilers 6 & 7. Adjustment assumes equal firing rate for Boilers 6 & 7.

Table 0-0 Oc		NOII-COIII		ITS PIVI BAE			Dii				Baseline			
Process Unit	Source ID	PAL Unit (Y/N)	Emission Type	Unit Description	Unit Status	Emission Calculation Parameter	Baseline Period 24 Month Parameter Total	Units	Emission Factor/Method	Emission Factor Units	Period 24 Month Total Emissions (tons)	BAE (tpy	Adjusted BAE (tpy)	Notes
#2 Platformer	#2 Plat Vent	Y	Process	Plat No. 2 Catalyst Regen Vent	Existing	Operation	4,135	hrs	0.02	lb/hr	0.04	0.02	0.02	-
#3 Platformer	#3 Plat Vent	Y	Process	Plat No. 3 Catalyst Regen Vent	Existing	Operation	12,829	hrs	0.03	lb/hr	0.22	0.11	0.11	•
#4 Platformer	#4 Plat Vent	Υ	Process	Plat No. 4 Catalyst Regen Vent	Existing	Operation	11,661	hrs	0.03	lb/hr	0.20	0.10	0.10	-
FCCU	STK-7051	Υ	wgs	Fluid Catalytic Cracking	Existing	Coke Burn	1,125,834	Mlbs	3.40E-02	lb/Mlbs Coke Burn	19.14	9.57	9.57	-
FCCU Catalyst	FCCU Catalyst	Υ	Fugitive PM	Fluid Catalytic Cracking	Existing	Cat Load	23,271,014	lbs	0.04542	lb/ton material load	0.07	0.03	0.03	[A]
Sulfuric Acid Plant	STK-7802	Υ	Process	Process Stack	Existing							0.00	0.00	[B]
# 1 Beavon	Beavon CT #1	Υ	Fugitive PM	Beavon CT #1	Existing	Throughput	9,084,960,000	Gals	TDS/Drift		284.59	142.30	142.30	[C]
# 2 Beavon	Beavon CT #2	Υ	Fugitive PM	Beavon CT #2	Existing	Throughput	9,081,180,000	Gals	TDS/Drift		222.08	111.04	111.04	[C]
West Sulfur Storage Area	Materials Handling	Υ	Fugitive PM	Materials Handling	Existing	Material transferred	91,127	tons	0.0137	lb/ton material trans	1.88	0.94	0.94	[D]
East Sulfur Storage Area	Materials Handling	Υ	Fugitive PM	Materials Handling	Existing	Material transferred	148,728	tons	0.0137	lb/ton material trans	3.44	1.72	1.72	[D]
Refinery Flare System	#2 Flare (H-1105)	Y	Flare	Gas burner	Existing	Heat Release	3,163,635	MMBtu	1.86E-03	lb/MMBtu	2.95	1.47	1.47	-
Refinery Flare System	#3 Flare (H-1104)	Y	Flare	Gas burner	Existing	Heat Release	1,574,064	MMBtu	1.86E-03	lb/MMBtu	1.47	0.73	0.73	-
Refinery Flare System	#5 Flare (H-3351)	Υ	Flare	Gas burner	Existing	Heat Release	2,291,870	MMBtu	1.86E-03	lb/MMBtu	2.13	1.07	1.07	-
Refinery Flare System	#6 Flare (H-3352)	Υ	Flare	Gas burner	Existing	Heat Release	1,134,206	MMBtu	1.86E-03	lb/MMBtu	1.06	0.53	0.53	-
Refinery Flare System	#7 Flare (H-3301)	Υ	Flare	Gas burner	Existing	Heat Release	3,730,347	MMBtu	1.86E-03	lb/MMBtu	3.47	1.74	1.74	-
Refinery Flare System	LPG Flare (STK 7921)	Y	Flare	Gas burner, steam assisted	Existing	Heat Release	0	MMBtu	1.86E-03	lb/MMBtu	0.00	0.00	0.00	-
Refinery Flare System	FCC Flare (L.P. Flare - STK 7941)	Y	Flare	Gas burner, steam assisted	Existing	Heat Release	2,541,561	MMBtu	1.86E-03	lb/MMBtu	2.37	1.18	1.18	1
Refinery Flare System	Ground Flare (H.P. Flare - STK 7942)	Υ	Flare	Gas burner	Existing	Heat Release	451,355	MMBtu	1.86E-03	lb/MMBtu	0.42	0.21	0.21	-
Delayed Coker Unit	TK-8501	Y	Tank Fug	Fixed roof storage tank (pitch)	Existing				AP-42			0.04	0.04	[1]

Process Unit	Source ID	PAI Unit	Emission Type	Unit Description	Unit Status	Emission Calculation Parameter	Baseline Period 24 Month Parameter Total	Units	Emission Factor/Method	Emission Factor Units	Baseline Period 24 Month Total Emissions (tons)	BAE (tpy	Adjusted BAE (tpy)	Notes
Coker Complex	Coke handling, storage, and loading system	Y	Fugitive PM	Transportation and breaking of solid coke between drums and dock	Existing	Throughput	2,144,901	tons coke			14.55	7.27	7.27	[H]
Coker Complex	Delayed Coker Steam Vent	Υ	Process	Delayed Coker Steam Vent	Existing	Drum Vent Ep	1,442	Episodes	61.6	lbs/episode	44.41	22.21	11.86	[G]
Storage pile and conveyor	Storage pile and conveyor	Υ	Fugitive PM	Sulfur storage and	Existing	Material transferred	212,773	tons	0.0137	lb/ton material trans	6.15	3.08	3.08	[D]
Roads	Roads	Υ	Fugitive PM	Road Traffic	Existing	VMT	1,825,000	Miles	0.046	lb/VMT	42.18	21.09	21.09	[E]
Fire Training	Fire Training	Υ	Flare	Fire Training	Existing	Fuel Usage	48,778	lbs	0.13	lb/lb fuel	3.12	1.56	1.56	[F]
	•		•		Total tpy		•		•			328.01	317.66	

Notes:

[A] FCCU catalyst loading emissions calculated using AP-42 Section 13.2.4.3. Emissions are from hopper loading, reactor loading, and reactor dumping. 50% control efficiency assumed for reactor loading and dumping.

PM	3.54E+06	lbs hopper load		ton	0.04542	lb PM	
Emissions=		baseline	2000	lbs		ton load	
_	3.54E+06	lbs reactor load		ton	0.04542	lb PM	0.5
т -		baseline	2000	lbs		ton load	
	2.94E+06	lbs reactor dum	р	ton	0.04542	lb PM	0.5
т -		baseline	2000	lbs		ton load	

= 1.54E+02 lbs PM

= 7.70E-02 tons PM

- [B] Sulfuric Acid Plant process stack is not a source of PM emissions
- [C] Cooling tower PM emissions calculated using the following equation

PM lbs = (Water throughput) x (8.34 lb/gal) x (Drift Loss Factor) x (Cooling Water TDS) / (1,000,000)

PM tons =PM lbs/2000 lbs per ton

[D] PM emissions calculated using AP-42 Section 13.2.4.3. Emissions from East and West sulfur storage are from drop from conveyor, truck loading, and wind erosion. Emissions from are from truck unloading, conveyor loading ship loading, and wind erosion.

## Example Calc:

West Side	9.11E+04 tons conveyor	0.0137	lb PM
Baseline			
Total PM	baseline		ton load

+ 9.11E+04 truck loading 0.0137 lb PM baseline ton load

+ 1.00 acre 3.5 lb PM West Side acre/day

<sup>&</sup>quot;-" indicates no adjustments to the BAE were required.

- 3.77E+03 lbs PM
- = 1.88 tons PM
- [E] VMT = vehicle miles travelled. Calculation reference: AP-42 Chapter 13.2
- [F] Emission factors for fire traing (JP-4) per "Calculation Methods for Criteria Air Pollutant Emission Inventories", Brooks Air Force Base, TX, July 1994
- [G] PM BAE from the delayed coker vent were downwardly adjusted to comply with 2 psig depressurization standard in Consent Decree.
- [H] Estimates based on AP-42, Chapter 13.2.4, Equation 1. See Appendix B of this application for calculation methodology.
- [I] Estimates based on AP-42, Chapter 11.1. See Appendix B of this application for calculation methodology.

Table C-9 Si	ummary o	Combu	Stion Units	PINITU BAE											
Process Unit	Source ID	PAL Unit (Y/N)	Emission Type	Unit Description	Unit Status	Unit Size (MMBtu/hr)	Baseline Fuel Gas or Other Gaseous Fuel 24 mo Throughput (MMBtu/yr)	Baseline Distillate/6- Oil 24 mo Throughput (MMBtu/yr)	BAE Estimation Method	Fuel Gas or Other Gaseous Fuel Emission Factor (Ib/MMBtu)	Distillate/6- Oil Emission Factor (lb/MMBtu)	Baseline Period 24 Month Total Emissions (tons)	BAE (tpy	Adjusted BAE (tpy)	Notes
#2 DU Fractionator	H-101	Y	Heater/Boiler	Heater	Existing	146	791,295	43,469	Emission Factor	7.45E-03	5.47E-02	4.14	2.06	2.06	[D]
#2 DU Fractionator	H-104	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Heater	Existing	108	654,318	40,043	Emission Factor	7.45E-03	5.47E-02	3.53	1.76	1.76	[D]
#2 CDU	H-401A	Y	Heater/Boiler	Charge Heater	Existing	171	828,797	257,804	Emission Factor	7.45E-03	5.47E-02	10.14	5.08	5.08	[D]
#2 CDU	H-401B	Y	Heater/Boiler	Charge Heater	Existing	171	828,797	257,804	Emission Factor	7.45E-03	5.47E-02	10.14	5.08	5.08	[D]
#2 CDU	H-401C	Y	Heater/Boiler	Charge Heater	Existing	171	828,797	257,804	Emission Factor	7.45E-03	5.47E-02	10.14	5.08	5.08	[D]
#3 DD	C-1500A	Y	Compressor	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Existing	3	15,104	0	Emission Factor	1.94E-02		0.15	0.07	0.07	-
#3 DD	C-1500B	Y	Compressor	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Existing	3	15,104	0	Emission Factor	1.94E-02		0.15	0.07	0.07	-
#3 DD	C-1500C	Y	Compressor	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Existing	3	15,104	0	Emission Factor	1.94E-02		0.15	0.07	0.07	-
Penex	H-200	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Charge Heater	Existing	37	389,579	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03		1.45	0.73	0.73	-
Penex	H-201	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Fired Reboiler Heater	Existing	37	395,352	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03		1.47	0.74	0.74	-
Penex	H-202	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Hot Oil Heater	Existing	122	874,691	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03	5.47E-02	3.26	1.63	1.63	-
Penex	C-200A	Y	Compressor	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Existing	9	75,121	0	Emission Factor	1.94E-02		0.73	0.36	0.36	-
Penex	C-200B	Y	Compressor	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Existing	9	75,121	0	Emission Factor	1.94E-02		0.73	0.36	0.36	-
Penex	C-200C	Y	Compressor	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Existing	9	75,121	0	Emission Factor	1.94E-02		0.73	0.36	0.36	-
Utility Fractionation	H-160	Y	Heater/Boiler	Charge Heater	Existing	135	884,143	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03	5.47E-02	3.29	1.65	1.65	-
#2 Platformer	H-601	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Stripper Reboiler Heater	Existing	36	221,021	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03	5.47E-02	0.82	0.41	0.41	-
#2 Platformer	H-604	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Platforming No. 2 Interheater	Existing	37	214,990	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03	5.47E-02	0.80	0.40	0.40	-
#2 Platformer	H-605	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Platforming No. 3 Interheater	Existing	15	59,776	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03	5.47E-02	0.22	0.11	0.11	-
#2 DU	H-800A	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Reactor Charge Heater	Existing	43	461,566	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03	5.47E-02	1.72	0.86	0.86	-
#2 DU	H-800B	Y	Heater/Boiler	Reactor Charge Heater	Existing	43	441,880	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03	5.47E-02	1.65	0.82	0.82	
#2 DU	H-801	Y	Heater/Boiler	Stripper Heater	Existing	101	803,114	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03		2.99	1.50	1.50	-
#4 DD	H-2201A	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Reactor Charge Heater	Existing	61	690,666	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03	5.47E-02	2.57	1.29	1.29	-
#4 DD	H-2201B	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Reactor Charge Heater	Existing	61	690,666	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03	5.47E-02	2.57	1.29	1.29	-

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Process Unit	Source ID	PAL Unit (Y/N)	Emission Type	Unit Description	Unit Status	Unit Size (MMBtu/hr)	Baseline Fuel Gas or Other Gaseous Fuel 24 mo Throughput (MMBtu/yr)	Baseline Distillate/6- Oil 24 mo Throughput (MMBtu/yr)	BAE Estimation Method	Fuel Gas or Other Gaseous Fuel Emission Factor (Ib/MMBtu)	Distillate/6- Oil Emission Factor (lb/MMBtu)	Baseline Period 24 Month Total Emissions (tons)	BAE (tpy	Adjusted BAE (tpy)	Notes
#4 DD	H-2202	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Stripper Reboiler Heater	Existing	119	980,002	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03		3.65	1.83	1.83	-
#5 DD	H-2400	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Charge Heater	Existing	33	463,511	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03	5.47E-02	1.73	0.86	0.86	-
#5 DD	C-2400A	Y	Compressor	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Existing	7	48,723	0	Emission Factor	1.94E-02		0.47	0.24	0.24	-
#5 DD	C-2400B	Υ	Compressor	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Existing	7	48,723	0	Emission Factor	1.94E-02		0.47	0.24	0.24	-
Naphtha Fractionation	H-2501	Y	Heater/Boiler	Reboiler Heater	Existing	203	437,565	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03		1.63	0.82	0.82	-
#2 Sulfolane	H-4502	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Benzene Column Reboiler Heater	Existing	149	858,943	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03	5.47E-02	3.20	1.60	1.60	-
#2 Sulfolane	H-4503	Y	Heater/Boiler	Toluene Column Reboiler Heater	Existing	141	753,962	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03		2.81	1.40	1.40	-
#2 Sulfolane	H-4504	Y	Heater/Boiler	Xylene Column Reboiler Heater	Existing	126	607,009	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03	5.47E-02	2.26	1.13	1.13	-
#2 Sulfolane	H-4505	Y	Heater/Boiler	Raffinate Splitter Reboiler Heater	Existing	109	470,895	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03	5.47E-02	1.75	0.88	0.88	-
#5 CDU	H-3101A	Y	Heater/Boiler	Crude Charge Heater	Existing	381	2,184,815	614,217	Emission Factor	7.45E-03	5.47E-02	24.94	12.47	12.47	[D]
#5 CDU	H-3101B	Y	Heater/Boiler	Crude Charge Heater	Existing	381	2,436,185	659,430	Emission Factor	7.45E-03	5.47E-02	27.11	13.54	13.54	[D]
#6 CDU	H-4101A	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Crude Charge Heater	Existing	381	2,446,267	516,409	Emission Factor	7.45E-03	5.47E-02	23.24	11.59	11.59	[D]
#6 CDU	H-4101B	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Crude Charge Heater	Existing	381	2,817,416	557,900	Emission Factor	7.45E-03	5.47E-02	25.76	12.84	12.84	[D]
#3 Platformer	H-4401	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Charge Heater	Existing	134	1,025,393	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03		3.82	1.91	1.91	-
#3 Platformer	H-4402	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Fired Reboiler Heater	Existing	128	721,833	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03	5.47E-02	2.69	1.34	1.34	-
#3 Platformer	H-4451	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Charge Heater	Existing	381	2,918,945	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03		10.87	5.44	5.44	-
#3 Platformer	H-4452	Y	Heater/Boiler	Intermediate Heater	Existing	248	1,803,863	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03		6.72	3.36	3.36	-
#3 Platformer	H-4453	Y	Heater/Boiler	Intermediate Heater	Existing	248	1,338,392	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03		4.99	2.49	2.49	-
#3 Platformer	H-4454	Y	Heater/Boiler	Intermediate Heater	Existing	77	518,276	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03		1.93	0.97	0.97	-
#3 Platformer	H-4455	Y	Heater/Boiler	Fired Reboiler Heater	Existing	138	1,076,287	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03		4.01	2.00	2.00	-
#3 VAC	H-4201	Y	Heater/Boiler	Prestripper Heater	Existing	253	1,195,811	545,534	Emission Factor	7.45E-03	5.47E-02	19.38	9.71	9.71	[D]
#3 VAC	H-4202	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Vacuum Heater	Existing	245	962,882	553,169	Emission Factor	7.45E-03	5.47E-02	18.72	9.37	9.37	[D]
#4 Platformer	H-5401	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Charge Heater	Existing	134	983,723	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03		3.66	1.83	1.83	-
#4 Platformer	H-5402	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Fired Reboiler Heater	Existing	128	684,930	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03	5.47E-02	2.55	1.28	1.28	-

Table C-9 S	ummary o	Combus	stion units	PINITU DAE											
Process Unit	Source ID	PAL Unit (Y/N)	Emission Type	Unit Description	Unit Status	Unit Size (MMBtu/hr)	Baseline Fuel Gas or Other Gaseous Fuel 24 mo Throughput (MMBtu/yr)	Baseline Distillate/6- Oil 24 mo Throughput (MMBtu/yr)	BAE Estimation Method	Fuel Gas or Other Gaseous Fuel Emission Factor (Ib/MMBtu)	Distillate/6- Oil Emission Factor (lb/MMBtu)	Baseline Period 24 Month Total Emissions (tons)	BAE (tpy	Adjusted BAE (tpy)	Notes
#4 Platformer	H-5451	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Charge Heater	Existing	381	2,059,984	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03		7.67	3.84	3.84	-
#4 Platformer	H-5452	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Intermediate Heater	Existing	248	1,843,813	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03		6.87	3.43	3.43	-
#4 Platformer	H-5453	Y	Heater/Boiler	Intermediate Heater	Existing	248	1,356,092	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03		5.05	2.53	2.53	-
#4 Platformer	H-5454	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Intermediate Heater	Existing	77	491,861	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03		1.83	0.92	0.92	-
#4 Platformer	H-5455	Y	Heater/Boiler	Fired Reboiler Heater	Existing	138	1,014,968	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03		3.78	1.89	1.89	-
#6 DD	H-4601A	Y	Heater/Boiler	Reactor Charge Heater	Existing	61	307,355	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03		1.15	0.57	0.57	-
#6 DD	H-4601B	Y	Heater/Boiler	Reactor Charge Heater	Existing	61	306,150	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03		1.14	0.57	0.57	-
#6 DD	H-4602	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Stripper Reboiler Heater	Existing	119	669,854	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03		2.50	1.25	1.25	-
#6 DD	C-4601A	Y	Compressor	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Existing	21	86,488	0	Emission Factor	9.99E-03		0.43	0.22	0.22	-
#6 DD	C-4601B	Υ	Compressor	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Existing	21	86,488	0	Emission Factor	9.99E-03		0.43	0.22	0.22	-
#6 DD	C-4601C	Y	Compressor	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Existing	21	86,488	0	Emission Factor	9.99E-03		0.43	0.22	0.22	-
#7 DD	H-4301A	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Reactor Charge Heater	Existing	67	550,826	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03	5.47E-02	2.05	1.03	1.03	-
#7 DD	H-4301B	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Reactor Charge Heater	Existing	67	573,413	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03	5.47E-02	2.14	1.07	1.07	-
#7 DD	H-4302	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Stripper Reboiler Heater	Existing	122	1,053,299	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03		3.92	1.96	1.96	-
#9 DD	H-5301A	Y	Heater/Boiler	Reactor Charge Heater	Existing	67	471,591	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03	5.47E-02	1.76	0.88	0.88	-
#9 DD	H-5301B	Y	Heater/Boiler	Reactor Charge Heater	Existing	67	449,346	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03	5.47E-02	1.67	0.84	0.84	-
#9 DD	H-5302	Y	Heater/Boiler	Stripper Reboiler Heater	Existing	122	1,257,163	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03	5.47E-02	4.68	2.34	2.34	-
LSG Unit	H-4901	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Charge Heater	Existing	87							0.00	0.00	[A]
Sulfuric Acid Plant	STK-7801	Y	Heater/Boiler	Heater Stack	Existing	30	119,284	0	Emission Factor	1.10E-02		0.66	0.33	0.33	
Sulfuric Acid Plant	H-7801	Y	Heater/Boiler	Process Air Heater	Existing				Emission Factor				0.00		
Sulfuric Acid Plant	H-7802	Y	Heater/Boiler	Converter Heater	Existing				Emission Factor				0.00		
Sulfuric Acid Plant	R-7801	Y	Heater/Boiler	Startup Heater	Existing				Emission Factor				0.00		
#1 SRU Incinerator	H-1032	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Tail Gas Incinerator	Existing	7	9,702	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03	5.47E-02	0.04	0.02	0.02	-

Table C-9 Summary of Combustion Units PM10 BAE

Process Unit	Source ID	PAL Unit (Y/N)	Emission Type	Unit Description	Unit Status	Unit Size (MMBtu/hr)	Baseline Fuel Gas or Other Gaseous Fuel 24 mo Throughput (MMBtu/yr)	Baseline Distillate/6- Oil 24 mo Throughput (MMBtu/yr)	BAE Estimation Method	Fuel Gas or Other Gaseous Fuel Emission Factor (lb/MMBtu)	Distillate/6- Oil Emission Factor (lb/MMBtu)	Baseline Period 24 Month Total Emissions (tons)	BAE (tpy	Adjusted BAE (tpy)	Notes
#2 SRU Incinerator	H-1042	Y	Heater/Boiler	Tail Gas Incinerator	Existing	15	73,434	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03	5.47E-02	0.27	0.14	0.14	-
#1 Beavon	H-1061	Υ	TGTU	Sulfur Recovery Units, Tail gas treatment	Existing	10	0	0	Emission Factor				0.00	0.00	[B]
#2 Beavon	H-4761	Y	TGTU	Tail Gas Treatment	Existing	10	0	0	Emission Factor				0.00	0.00	[B]
East Incinerator	H-4745	Y	Heater/Boiler	Tail Gas Incinerator	Existing	55	142,237	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03	5.47E-02	0.53	0.26	0.26	
Delayed Coker Unit	H-8501A	Y	Heater/Boiler	Coker process heater 1	Existing	200	2,480,262	0	Emission Factor	4.70E-03		5.83	2.91	2.91	-
Delayed Coker	H-8501B	Y	Heater/Boiler	Coker process heater	Existing	200	2,472,154	0	Emission Factor	2.25E-03		2.78	1.39	1.39	-
Utility II	#5 Boiler (B-1155)	Y	Heater/Boiler	Boiler; Produces Steam	Existing	539	1,765,918	811,841	Emission Factor	7.45E-03	5.47E-02	28.78	14.39	14.39	[D]
Jtility III	#6 Boiler (B-3301)	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Boiler; Produces Steam	Existing	257	1,271,145	480,095	Emission Factor	7.45E-03	5.47E-02	17.87	8.94	8.94	[D], [E]
Utility III	#7 Boiler (B-3302)	Y	Heater/Boiler	Boiler; Produces Steam	Existing	257	1,133,369	511,268	Emission Factor	7.45E-03	5.47E-02	18.21	9.11	9.10	[D], [E]
Utility III	#8 Boiler (B-3303)	Y	Heater/Boiler	Boiler; Produces Steam	Existing	512	2,503,750	1,163,089	Emission Factor	7.45E-03	5.47E-02	41.14	20.66	20.66	[D]
Utility III	#9 Boiler (B-3304)	Y	Heater/Boiler	Boiler; Produces Steam	Existing	512	1,976,231	977,844	Emission Factor	7.45E-03	5.47E-02	34.11	17.12	17.12	[D]
Utility III	#10 Boiler (B-3701)	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Boiler; Produces Steam	Existing	225	1,532,157	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03	5.47E-02	5.71	2.85	2.85	-
Powerhouse 2	GT No. 4 (G-3404)	Υ	Gas Turbine	Turbine; Produces Electricity	Existing	317	3,609,299	428,205	Emission Factor	6.60E-03	1.20E-02	14.48	7.24	7.24	-
Powerhouse 2	GT No. 5 (G-3405)	Υ	Gas Turbine	Turbine; Produces Electricity	Existing	317	3,657,276	201,966	Emission Factor	6.60E-03	1.20E-02	13.28	6.64	6.64	-
Powerhouse 2	GT No. 7 (G-3407)	Y	Gas Turbine	Turbine; Produces Electricity	Existing	317	3,981,360	474,168	Emission Factor	6.60E-03	1.20E-02	15.98	7.99	7.99	-
Powerhouse 2	GT No. 8 (G-3408)	Y	Gas Turbine	Turbine; Produces Electricity	Existing	392	1,787,553	506,126	Emission Factor	6.60E-03	1.20E-02	8.94	4.47	4.47	-
Powerhouse 2	GT No. 9 (G-3409)	Y	Gas Turbine	Turbine; Produces Electricity	Existing	304	4,439,104	280,162	Emission Factor	6.60E-03	1.20E-02	16.33	8.17	8.17	-
Powerhouse 2	GT No. 10 (G-3410)	Y	Gas Turbine	Turbine; Produces Electricity	Existing	325 (5)	3,551,385	207,405	Emission Factor	6.60E-03	1.20E-02	12.96	6.48	6.48	-
GT No. 13 and Duct Burner	GT No. 13 (G-3413)	Y	Gas Turbine	Turbine; Produces Electricity	Existing	626	5,968,643	546,683	Emission Factor	See Note [C]		22.45	11.22	11.22	[C]

Total tpy 285.01 285.01

Process Unit	Source ID	PAL Unit (Y/N)	Emission Type	Unit Description	Unit Status		24 mo	Baseline Distillate/6- Oil 24 mo Throughput (MMBtu/yr)	BAE Estimation Method	Fuel Gas or Other Gaseous Fuel Emission Factor (Ib/MMBtu)	Distillate/6- Oil Emission Factor (lb/MMBtu)	Baseline Period 24 Month Total Emissions (tons)	BAE (tpy	Adjusted BAE (tpy)		
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- [A] Conservatively assumed zero contribution to the BAE used to set the proposed PAL.
- [B] Beavons are not a source of particulate emissions
- [C] Values obtained from hourly emissions data. Emission factors for firing scenarios provided below.

Emission	Factors (1	Gas	w/DB	as w/o	Oil w/DB
	PM		0.01	0.004	0.0129
	PM10		0.0164	0.008	0.016

- [D] Distillate/6-Oil emission factor is presented as average for the 2009-2010 period. The emission factor is based on the sulfur content of the oil which varies slightly between 2009 and 2010.
- [E] Emissions were downwardly adjusted for fuel oil usage of 35 barrels (bbls) above the combined 800 bbls/day limit for Boilers 6 & 7. Adjustment assumes equal firing rate for Boilers 6 & 7.

<sup>&</sup>quot;-" indicates no adjustments to the BAE were required.

	, , ,		n Units PM10				Baseline				Baseline			
Process Unit	Source ID	PAL Unit (Y/N)	Emission Type	Unit Description	Unit Status	Emission Calculation Parameter	Period 24  Month  Parameter  Total	Units	Emission Factor/Method	Emission Factor Units	Period 24 Month Total Emissions (tons)	BAE (tpy	Adjusted BAE (tpy)	Notes
#2 Platformer	#2 Plat Vent	Υ	Process	Plat No. 2 Catalyst Regen Vent	Existing	Operation	4,135	hrs	0.0190	lb/hr	0.04	0.02	0.02	-
#3 Platformer	#3 Plat Vent	Υ	Process	Plat No. 3 Catalyst Regen Vent	Existing	Operation	12,829	hrs	0.0343	lb/hr	0.22	0.11	0.11	-
#4 Platformer	#4 Plat Vent	Y	Process	Plat No. 4 Catalyst Regen Vent	Existing	Operation	11,661	hrs	0.0343	lb/hr	0.20	0.10	0.10	-
FCCU	STK-7051	Υ	WGS	Fluid Catalytic Cracking	Existing	Coke Burn	1,125,834	Mlbs	0.312	b/Mlbs Coke Burr	175.62	87.81	87.81	
FCCU Catalyst	FCCU Catalyst	Y	Fugitive PM	Fluid Catalytic Cracking	Existing	Cat Load	23,271,014	lbs	0.0454	b/ton material load	0.07	0.03	0.03	[A]
Sulfuric Acid Plant	STK-7802	Y	Process	Process Stack	Existing							0.00	0.00	[B]
# 1 Beavon	Beavon CT #1	Υ	Fugitive PM	Beavon CT #1	Existing	Throughput	9,084,960,000	Gals	TDS/Drift		0.61	0.31	0.31	[C]
# 2 Beavon	Beavon CT #2	Υ	Fugitive PM	Beavon CT #2	Existing	Throughput	9,081,180,000	Gals	TDS/Drift		0.48	0.24	0.24	[C]
West Sulfur Storage Area	Materials Handling	Y	Fugitive PM	Materials Handling	Existing	/laterial transferre	91,127	tons	0.0065	o/ton material tran	1.23	0.61	0.61	[D]
East Sulfur Storage Area	Materials Handling	Y	Fugitive PM	Materials Handling	Existing	/laterial transferre	148,728	tons	0.0065	o/ton material tran	2.37	1.18	1.18	[D]
Refinery Flare System	#2 Flare (H- 1105)	Y	Flare	Gas burner	Existing	Heat Release	3,163,635	MMBtu	0.0075	lb/MMBtu	11.79	5.89	5.89	-
Refinery Flare System	#3 Flare (H- 1104)	Y	Flare	Gas burner	Existing	Heat Release	1,574,064	MMBtu	0.0075	lb/MMBtu	5.86	2.93	2.93	-
Refinery Flare System	#5 Flare (H- 3351)	Y	Flare	Gas burner	Existing	Heat Release	2,291,870	MMBtu	0.0075	lb/MMBtu	8.54	4.27	4.27	-
Refinery Flare System	#6 Flare (H- 3352)	Y	Flare	Gas burner	Existing	Heat Release	1,134,206	MMBtu	0.0075	lb/MMBtu	4.23	2.11	2.11	-
Refinery Flare System	#7 Flare (H- 3301)	Y	Flare	Gas burner	Existing	Heat Release	3,730,347	MMBtu	0.0075	lb/MMBtu	13.90	6.95	6.95	-
Refinery Flare System	LPG Flare (STK 7921)	Y	Flare	Gas burner, steam assisted	Existing	Heat Release	0	MMBtu	0.0075	lb/MMBtu	0.00			
Refinery Flare System	FCC Flare (L.P. Flare - STK 7941)	Y	Flare	Gas burner, steam assisted	Existing	Heat Release	2,541,561	MMBtu	0.0075	lb/MMBtu	9.47	4.73	4.73	-
Refinery Flare System	Ground Flare (H.P. Flare - STK 7942)	Y	Flare	Gas burner	Existing	Heat Release	451,355	MMBtu	0.0075	lb/MMBtu	1.68	0.84	0.84	-
Delayed Coker Unit	TK-8501	Υ	Tank Fug	Fixed roof storage tank (pitch)	Existing							0.04	0.04	[1]
Coker Complex	Coke handling, storage, and loading system	Y	Fugitive PM	Transportation and breaking of solid coke between drums and dock	Existing	Throughput	2,144,901	tons coke			12.56	6.28	6.28	[H]
Coker Complex	Delayed Coker Steam Vent	Y	Process	Delayed Coker Steam Vent	Existing	r Drum Vent Epis	1,442	Episodes	61.6000	lbs/episode	44.41	22.21	11.86	[G]
Storage pile and conveyor	Storage pile and conveyor	Y	Fugitive PM	Sulfur storage and	Existing	Naterial transferre	212,773	tons	0.0065	o/ton material tran	3.85	1.93	1.93	[D]
Roads	Roads	Y	Fugitive PM	Road Traffic	Existing	VMT	1,825,000	Miles	0.0092	lb/VMT	8.44	4.22	4.22	[E]
Fire Training	Fire Training	Υ	Flare	Fire Training	Existing	Fuel Usage	48,778	lbs	0.1280	lb/lb fuel	3.122	1.56	1.56	[F]
											Total (tpy)	154	144	

Process Unit	Source ID	PAL Unit (Y/N)	Emission Type	Unit Description	Unit Status	Emission Calculation Parameter	Baseline Period 24 Month Parameter Total	Units	Emission Factor/Method	Emission Factor Units	Baseline Period 24 Month Total Emissions (tons)	BAE (tpy	Adjusted BAE (tpy)	Notes
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## Notes:

[A] FCCU catalyst loading emissions calculated using AP-42 Section 13.2.4.3. Emissions are from hopper loading, reactor loading, and reactor dumping. 50% control efficiency assumed for reactor loading and dumping. .

PM Emissions=	3.54E+06	lbs hopper load		ton	0.04542	lb PM	1
FIVI EIIIISSIOIIS=		baseline	2000	lbs		ton load	
+	3.54E+06	lbs reactor load		ton	0.04542	lb PM	0.5
•		baseline	2000	lbs		ton load	
+	2.94E+06	lbs reactor dump		ton	0.04542	lb PM	0.5
т.		baseline	2000	lbs		ton load	

= 1.54E+02 lbs PM

= 7.70E-02 tons PM

- [B] Sulfuric Acid Plant process stack is not a source of PM emissions
- [C] Cooling tower PM emissions calculated using the following equation

PM lbs = (Water throughput) x (8.34 lb/gal) x (Drift Loss Factor) x (Cooling Water TDS) / (1,000,000)

PM tons =PM lbs/2000 lbs per ton

PM10 fraction determined to be 0.2% using Reisman & Frisbie wet droplet size distribution methodology in "Calculating Realistic PM10 Emissions from Cooling Towers".

[D] PM emissions calculated using AP-42 Section 13.2.4.3. Emissions from East and West sulfur storage are from drop from conveyor, truck loading, and wind erosion. Emissions from are from truck unloading, conveyor loading ship loading, and wind Example Calc:

9.11E+04	tons conveyor dre	0.0065	lb PM
	baseline		ton load
9.11E+04	truck loading	0.0065	lb PM
	baseline		ton load
1.00	acre	3.5	lb PM
	West Side		acre/day
	9.11E+04	9.11E+04 truck loading baseline	9.11E+04 truck loading 0.0065 baseline 1.00 acre 3.5

= 2.45E+03 lbs PM

= 1.23 tons PM

[E] VMT = vehicle miles travelled. Calculation reference: AP-42 Chapter 13.2

[F] Emission factors for fire traing (JP-4) per "Calculation Methods for Criteria Air Pollutant Emission Inventories", Brooks Air Force Base, TX, July 1994

[G] PM BAE from the delayed coker vent were downwardly adjusted to comply with 2 psig depressurization standard in Consent Decree.

[H] Estimates based on AP-42, Chapter 13.2.4, Equation 1. See Appendix B of this application for calculation methodology.

[I] Estimates based on AP-42, Chapter 13.2.4, Equation 1. See Appendix B of this application for calculation methodology.

<sup>&</sup>quot;-" indicates no adjustments to the BAE were required.

Table C-11 Summary of Combustion Units PM2.5 BAE

Process Unit	Source ID	PAL Unit (Y/N)	Emission Type	Unit Description	Unit Status	Unit Size (MMBtu/hr)	Baseline Fuel Gas or Other Gaseous Fuel 24 mo Throughput (MMBtu/yr)	Baseline Distillate/6- Oil 24 mo Throughput (MMBtu/yr)	BAE Estimation Method	Fuel Gas or Other Gaseous Fuel Emission Factor (lb/MMBtu)	Distillate/6- Oil Emission Factor (lb/MMBtu)	Baseline Period 24 Month Total Emissions (tons)	BAE (tpy	Adjusted BAE (tpy)	Notes
#2 DU Fractionator	H-101	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Heater	Existing	146	791,295	43,469	Emission Factor	7.45E-03	5.47E-02	4.14	2.06	2.06	[D]
#2 DU Fractionator	H-104	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Heater	Existing	108	654,318	40,043	Emission Factor	7.45E-03	5.47E-02	3.53	1.76	1.76	[D]
#2 CDU	H-401A	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Charge Heater	Existing	171	828,797	257,804	Emission Factor	7.45E-03	5.47E-02	10.14	5.08	5.08	[D]
#2 CDU	H-401B	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Charge Heater	Existing	171	828,797	257,804	Emission Factor	7.45E-03	5.47E-02	10.14	5.08	5.08	[D]
#2 CDU	H-401C	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Charge Heater	Existing	171	828,797	257,804	Emission Factor	7.45E-03	5.47E-02	10.14	5.08	5.08	[D]
#3 DD	C-1500A	Y	Compressor	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Existing	3	15,104	0	Emission Factor	1.94E-02		0.15	0.07	0.07	-
#3 DD	C-1500B	Y	Compressor	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Existing	3	15,104	0	Emission Factor	1.94E-02		0.15	0.07	0.07	-
#3 DD	C-1500C	Υ	Compressor	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Existing	3	15,104	0	Emission Factor	1.94E-02		0.15	0.07	0.07	-
Penex	H-200	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Charge Heater	Existing	37	389,579	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03		1.45	0.73	0.73	-
Penex	H-201	Y	Heater/Boiler	Fired Reboiler Heater	Existing	37	395,352	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03		1.47	0.74	0.74	-
Penex	H-202	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Hot Oil Heater	Existing	122	874,691	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03	5.47E-02	3.26	1.63	1.63	-
Penex	C-200A	Υ	Compressor	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Existing	9	75,121	0	Emission Factor	1.94E-02		0.73	0.36	0.36	-
Penex	C-200B	Υ	Compressor	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Existing	9	75,121	0	Emission Factor	1.94E-02		0.73	0.36	0.36	-
Penex	C-200C	Υ	Compressor	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Existing	9	75,121	0	Emission Factor	1.94E-02		0.73	0.36	0.36	-
Utility Fractionation	H-160	Y	Heater/Boiler	Charge Heater	Existing	135	884,143	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03	5.47E-02	3.29	1.65	1.65	-
#2 Platformer	H-601	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Stripper Reboiler Heater	Existing	36	221,021	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03	5.47E-02	0.82	0.41	0.41	-

Table C-11 Summary of Combustion Units PM2.5 BAE

Process Unit	Source ID	PAL Unit (Y/N)	Emission Type	Unit Description	Unit Status	Unit Size (MMBtu/hr)	Baseline Fuel Gas or Other Gaseous Fuel 24 mo Throughput (MMBtu/yr)	Baseline Distillate/6- Oil 24 mo Throughput (MMBtu/yr)	BAE Estimation Method	Fuel Gas or Other Gaseous Fuel Emission Factor (lb/MMBtu)	Distillate/6- Oil Emission Factor (lb/MMBtu)	Baseline Period 24 Month Total Emissions (tons)	BAE (tpy	Adjusted BAE (tpy)	Notes
#2 Platformer	H-604	Y	Heater/Boiler	Platforming No. 2 Interheater	Existing	37	214,990	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03	5.47E-02	0.80	0.40	0.40	-
#2 Platformer	H-605	Y	Heater/Boiler	Platforming No. 3 Interheater	Existing	15	59,776	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03	5.47E-02	0.22	0.11	0.11	-
#2 DU	H-800A	Y	Heater/Boiler	Reactor Charge Heater	Existing	43	461,566	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03	5.47E-02	1.72	0.86	0.86	-
#2 DU	H-800B	Y	Heater/Boiler	Reactor Charge Heater	Existing	43	441,880	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03	5.47E-02	1.65	0.82	0.82	-
#2 DU	H-801	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Stripper Heater	Existing	101	803,114	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03		2.99	1.50	1.50	-
#4 DD	H-2201A	Y	Heater/Boiler	Reactor Charge Heater	Existing	61	690,666	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03	5.47E-02	2.57	1.29	1.29	-
#4 DD	H-2201B	Y	Heater/Boiler	Reactor Charge Heater	Existing	61	690,666	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03	5.47E-02	2.57	1.29	1.29	-
#4 DD	H-2202	Y	Heater/Boiler	Stripper Reboiler Heater	Existing	119	980,002	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03		3.65	1.83	1.83	-
#5 DD	H-2400	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Charge Heater	Existing	33	463,511	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03	5.47E-02	1.73	0.86	0.86	-
#5 DD	C-2400A	Y	Compressor	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Existing	7	48,723	0	Emission Factor	1.94E-02		0.47	0.24	0.24	-
#5 DD	C-2400B	Y	Compressor	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Existing	7	48,723	0	Emission Factor	1.94E-02		0.47	0.24	0.24	-
Naphtha Fractionation	H-2501	Y	Heater/Boiler	Reboiler Heater	Existing	203	437,565	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03		1.63	0.82	0.82	-
#2 Sulfolane	H-4502	Y	Heater/Boiler	Benzene Column Reboiler Heater	Existing	149	858,943	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03	5.47E-02	3.20	1.60	1.60	-
#2 Sulfolane	H-4503	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Toluene Column Reboiler Heater	Existing	141	753,962	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03		2.81	1.40	1.40	-

Table C-11 Summary of Combustion Units PM2.5 BAE

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Process Unit	Source ID	PAL Unit (Y/N)	Emission Type	Unit Description	Unit Status	Unit Size (MMBtu/hr)	Baseline Fuel Gas or Other Gaseous Fuel 24 mo Throughput (MMBtu/yr)	Baseline Distillate/6- Oil 24 mo Throughput (MMBtu/yr)	BAE Estimation Method	Fuel Gas or Other Gaseous Fuel Emission Factor (lb/MMBtu)	Distillate/6- Oil Emission Factor (lb/MMBtu)	Baseline Period 24 Month Total Emissions (tons)	BAE (tpy	Adjusted BAE (tpy)	Notes
#2 Sulfolane	H-4504	Y	Heater/Boiler	Xylene Column Reboiler Heater	Existing	126	607,009	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03	5.47E-02	2.26	1.13	1.13	-
#2 Sulfolane	H-4505	Y	Heater/Boiler	Raffinate Splitter Reboiler Heater	Existing	109	470,895	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03	5.47E-02	1.75	0.88	0.88	•
#5 CDU	H-3101A	Y	Heater/Boiler	Crude Charge Heater	Existing	381	2,184,815	614,217	Emission Factor	7.45E-03	5.47E-02	24.94	12.47	12.47	[D]
#5 CDU	H-3101B	Y	Heater/Boiler	Crude Charge Heater	Existing	381	2,436,185	659,430	Emission Factor	7.45E-03	5.47E-02	27.11	13.54	13.54	[D]
#6 CDU	H-4101A	Y	Heater/Boiler	Crude Charge Heater	Existing	381	2,446,267	516,409	Emission Factor	7.45E-03	5.47E-02	23.24	11.59	11.59	[D]
#6 CDU	H-4101B	Y	Heater/Boiler	Crude Charge Heater	Existing	381	2,817,416	557,900	Emission Factor	7.45E-03	5.47E-02	25.76	12.84	12.84	[D]
#3 Platformer	H-4401	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Charge Heater	Existing	134	1,025,393	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03		3.82	1.91	1.91	-
#3 Platformer	H-4402	Y	Heater/Boiler	Fired Reboiler Heater	Existing	128	721,833	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03	5.47E-02	2.69	1.34	1.34	-
#3 Platformer	H-4451	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Charge Heater	Existing	381	2,918,945	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03		10.87	5.44	5.44	
#3 Platformer	H-4452	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Intermediate Heater	Existing	248	1,803,863	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03		6.72	3.36	3.36	-
#3 Platformer	H-4453	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Intermediate Heater	Existing	248	1,338,392	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03		4.99	2.49	2.49	-
#3 Platformer	H-4454	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Intermediate Heater	Existing	77	518,276	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03		1.93	0.97	0.97	-
#3 Platformer	H-4455	Y	Heater/Boiler	Fired Reboiler Heater	Existing	138	1,076,287	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03		4.01	2.00	2.00	-
#3 VAC	H-4201	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Prestripper Heater	Existing	253	1,195,811	545,534	Emission Factor	7.45E-03	5.47E-02	19.38	9.71	9.71	[D]
#3 VAC	H-4202	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Vacuum Heater	Existing	245	962,882	553,169	Emission Factor	7.45E-03	5.47E-02	18.72	9.37	9.37	[D]
#4 Platformer	H-5401	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Charge Heater	Existing	134	983,723	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03		3.66	1.83	1.83	-

Table C-11 Summary of Combustion Units PM2.5 BAE

Process Unit	Source ID	PAL Unit (Y/N)	Emission Type	Unit Description	Unit Status	Unit Size (MMBtu/hr)	Baseline Fuel Gas or Other Gaseous Fuel 24 mo Throughput (MMBtu/yr)	Baseline Distillate/6- Oil 24 mo Throughput (MMBtu/yr)	BAE Estimation Method	Fuel Gas or Other Gaseous Fuel Emission Factor (lb/MMBtu)	Distillate/6- Oil Emission Factor (lb/MMBtu)	Baseline Period 24 Month Total Emissions (tons)	BAE (tpy	Adjusted BAE (tpy)	Notes
#4 Platformer	H-5402	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Fired Reboiler Heater	Existing	128	684,930	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03	5.47E-02	2.55	1.28	1.28	-
#4 Platformer	H-5451	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Charge Heater	Existing	381	2,059,984	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03		7.67	3.84	3.84	-
#4 Platformer	H-5452	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Intermediate Heater	Existing	248	1,843,813	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03		6.87	3.43	3.43	-
#4 Platformer	H-5453	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Intermediate Heater	Existing	248	1,356,092	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03		5.05	2.53	2.53	-
#4 Platformer	H-5454	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Intermediate Heater	Existing	77	491,861	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03		1.83	0.92	0.92	-
#4 Platformer	H-5455	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Fired Reboiler Heater	Existing	138	1,014,968	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03		3.78	1.89	1.89	-
#6 DD	H-4601A	Y	Heater/Boiler	Reactor Charge Heater	Existing	61	307,355	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03		1.15	0.57	0.57	-
#6 DD	H-4601B	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Reactor Charge Heater	Existing	61	306,150	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03		1.14	0.57	0.57	-
#6 DD	H-4602	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Stripper Reboiler Heater	Existing	119	669,854	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03		2.50	1.25	1.25	-
#6 DD	C-4601A	Y	Compressor	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Existing	21	86,488	0	Emission Factor	9.99E-03		0.43	0.22	0.22	-
#6 DD	C-4601B	Y	Compressor	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Existing	21	86,488	0	Emission Factor	9.99E-03		0.43	0.22	0.22	-
#6 DD	C-4601C	Y	Compressor	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Existing	21	86,488	0	Emission Factor	9.99E-03		0.43	0.22	0.22	-
#7 DD	H-4301A	Y	Heater/Boiler	Reactor Charge Heater	Existing	67	550,826	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03	5.47E-02	2.05	1.03	1.03	-
#7 DD	H-4301B	Y	Heater/Boiler	Reactor Charge Heater	Existing	67	573,413	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03	5.47E-02	2.14	1.07	1.07	-
#7 DD	H-4302	Y	Heater/Boiler	Stripper Reboiler Heater	Existing	122	1,053,299	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03		3.92	1.96	1.96	-

Table C-11 Summary of Combustion Units PM2.5 BAE

Process Unit	Source ID	PAL Unit (Y/N)	Emission Type	Unit Description	Unit Status	Unit Size (MMBtu/hr)	Baseline Fuel Gas or Other Gaseous Fuel 24 mo Throughput (MMBtu/yr)	Baseline Distillate/6- Oil 24 mo Throughput (MMBtu/yr)	BAE Estimation Method	Fuel Gas or Other Gaseous Fuel Emission Factor (lb/MMBtu)	Distillate/6- Oil Emission Factor (lb/MMBtu)	Baseline Period 24 Month Total Emissions (tons)	BAE (tpy	Adjusted BAE (tpy)	Notes
#9 DD	H-5301A	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Reactor Charge Heater	Existing	67	471,591	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03	5.47E-02	1.76	0.88	0.88	-
#9 DD	H-5301B	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Reactor Charge Heater	Existing	67	449,346	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03	5.47E-02	1.67	0.84	0.84	-
#9 DD	H-5302	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Stripper Reboiler Heater	Existing	122	1,257,163	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03	5.47E-02	4.68	2.34	2.34	-
LSG Unit	H-4901	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Charge Heater	Existing	87	327,668	0	Emission Factor				0.00	0.00	[A]
Sulfuric Acid Plant	STK-7801	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Heater Stack	Existing	30	119,284	0	Emission Factor	1.10E-02		0.66	0.33	0.33	-
Sulfuric Acid Plant	H-7801	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Process Air Heater	Existing				Emission Factor				0.00		-
Sulfuric Acid Plant	H-7802	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Converter Heater	Existing				Emission Factor				0.00		-
Sulfuric Acid Plant	R-7801	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Startup Heater	Existing				Emission Factor				0.00		-
#1 SRU Incinerator	H-1032	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Tail Gas Incinerator	Existing	7	9,702	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03	5.47E-02	0.04	0.02	0.02	-
#2 SRU Incinerator	H-1042	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Tail Gas Incinerator	Existing	15	73,434	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03	5.47E-02	0.27	0.14	0.14	-
#1 Beavon	H-1061	Υ	TGTU	Sulfur Recovery Units, Tail gas treatment	Existing	10	0	0	Emission Factor				0.00	0.00	[B]
#2 Beavon	H-4761	Υ	TGTU	Tail Gas Treatment	Existing	10	0	0	Emission Factor				0.00	0.00	[B]
East Incinerator	H-4745	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Tail Gas Incinerator	Existing	55	142,237	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03	5.47E-02	0.53	0.26	0.26	-
Delayed Coker Unit	H-8501A	Y	Heater/Boiler	Coker process heater 1	Existing	200	2,480,262	0	Emission Factor	4.70E-03		5.83	2.91	2.91	-
Delayed Coker	H-8501B	Y	Heater/Boiler	Coker process heater	Existing	200	2,472,154	0	Emission Factor	2.25E-03		2.78	1.39	1.39	-
Utility II	#5 Boiler (B-1155)	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Boiler; Produces Steam	Existing	539	1,765,918	811,841	Emission Factor	7.45E-03	5.47E-02	28.78	14.39	14.39	[D]
Utility III	#6 Boiler (B-3301)	Y	Heater/Boiler	Boiler; Produces Steam	Existing	257	1,271,145	480,095	Emission Factor	7.45E-03	5.47E-02	17.87	8.94	8.94	[D], [E]

Table C-11 Summary of Combustion Units PM2.5 BAE

Process Unit	Source ID	PAL Unit (Y/N)	Emission Type	Unit Description	Unit Status	Unit Size (MMBtu/hr)	Baseline Fuel Gas or Other Gaseous Fuel 24 mo Throughput (MMBtu/yr)	Baseline Distillate/6- Oil 24 mo Throughput (MMBtu/yr)	BAE Estimation Method	Fuel Gas or Other Gaseous Fuel Emission Factor (lb/MMBtu)	Distillate/6- Oil Emission Factor (lb/MMBtu)	Baseline Period 24 Month Total Emissions (tons)	BAE (tpy	Adjusted BAE (tpy)	Notes
Utility III	#7 Boiler (B-3302)	Y	Heater/Boiler	Boiler; Produces Steam	Existing	257	1,133,369	511,268	Emission Factor	7.45E-03	5.47E-02	18.21	9.11	9.10	[D], [E]
Utility III	#8 Boiler (B-3303)	Y	Heater/Boiler	Boiler; Produces Steam	Existing	512	2,503,750	1,163,089	Emission Factor	7.45E-03	5.47E-02	41.14	20.66	20.66	[D]
Utility III	#9 Boiler (B-3304)	Y	Heater/Boiler	Boiler; Produces Steam	Existing	512	1,976,231	977,844	Emission Factor	7.45E-03	5.47E-02	34.11	17.12	17.12	[D]
Utility III	#10 Boiler (B-3701)	Y	Heater/Boiler	Boiler; Produces Steam	Existing	225	1,532,157	0	Emission Factor	7.45E-03	5.47E-02	5.71	2.85	2.85	-
Powerhouse 2	GT No. 4 (G-3404)	Y	Gas Turbine	Turbine; Produces Electricity	Existing	317	3,609,299	428,205	Emission Factor	6.60E-03	1.20E-02	14.48	7.24	7.24	-
Powerhouse 2	GT No. 5 (G-3405)	Y	Gas Turbine	Turbine; Produces Electricity	Existing	317	3,657,276	201,966	Emission Factor	6.60E-03	1.20E-02	13.28	6.64	6.64	-
Powerhouse 2	GT No. 7 (G-3407)	Υ	Gas Turbine	Turbine; Produces Electricity	Existing	317	3,981,360	474,168	Emission Factor	6.60E-03	1.20E-02	15.98	7.99	7.99	-
Powerhouse 2	GT No. 8 (G-3408)	Y	Gas Turbine	Turbine; Produces Electricity	Existing	392	1,787,553	506,126	Emission Factor	6.60E-03	1.20E-02	8.94	4.47	4.47	-
Powerhouse 2	GT No. 9 (G-3409)	Υ	Gas Turbine	Turbine; Produces Electricity	Existing	304	4,439,104	280,162	Emission Factor	6.60E-03	1.20E-02	16.33	8.17	8.17	-
Powerhouse 2	GT No. 10 (G-3410)	Y	Gas Turbine	Turbine; Produces Electricity	Existing	325 (5)	3,551,385	207,405	Emission Factor	6.60E-03	1.20E-02	12.96	6.48	6.48	-
GT No. 13 and Duct Burner	GT No. 13 (G-3413)	Υ	Gas Turbine	Turbine; Produces Electricity	Existing	626	5,968,643	546,683	Emission Factor	See Note [C]	l	22.45	11.22	11.22	[C]
												Total tpy	285.01	285.01	

<sup>[</sup>C] Values obtained from hourly emissions data. Emission factors for firing scenarios provided below.

Emissio	n Factors	Gas	w/DB	as w/o I	Oil w/DB
	PM		0.01	0.0046	0.0129

<sup>&</sup>quot;-" indicates no adjustments to the BAE were required.

<sup>[</sup>A] Conservatively assumed zero contribution to the BAE used to set the proposed PAL.

<sup>[</sup>B] Beavons are not a source of particulate emissions

Table C-11 Summary of Combustion Units PM2.5 BAE

Throughput (MMBtu/yr) Factor (Ib/MMBtu) (Ib/MMBtu) (tons)
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<sup>[</sup>D] Distillate/6-Oil emission factor is presented as average for the 2009-2010 period. The emission factor is based on the sulfur content of the oil which varies slightly between 2009 and 2010.

<sup>[</sup>E] Emissions were downwardly adjusted for fuel oil usage of 35 barrels (bbls) above the combined 800 bbls/day limit for Boilers 6 & 7. Adjustment assumes equal firing rate for Boilers 6 & 7.

Table C-12 Summary of Non-Combustion Units PM2.5 BAE

TUDIO O 12 C	Summary of No	1	l				Baseline				Baseline		1	
Process Unit	Source ID	PAL Unit (Y/N)	Emission Type	Unit Description	Unit Status	Emission Calculation Parameter	Period 24 Month Parameter Total	Units	Emission Factor/Method	Emission Factor Units	Period 24 Month Total Emissions (tons)	BAE (tpy	Adjusted BAE (tpy)	Notes
#2 Platformer	#2 Plat Vent	Y	Process	Plat No. 2 Catalyst Regen Vent	Existing	Operation	4,135	hrs	0.0190	lb/hr	0.039	0.02	0.02	-
#3 Platformer	#3 Plat Vent	Υ	Process	Plat No. 3 Catalyst Regen Vent	Existing	Operation	12,829	hrs	0.0343	lb/hr	0.220	0.11	0.11	-
#4 Platformer	#4 Plat Vent	Y	Process	Plat No. 4 Catalyst Regen Vent	Existing	Operation	11,661	hrs	0.0343	lb/hr	0.200	0.10	0.10	-
FCCU	STK-7051	Y	WGS	Fluid Catalytic Cracking	Existing	Coke Burn	1,125,834	Mlbs	0.3062	lb/Mlb Coke Burn	172.37	86.18	86.18	-
FCCU Catalyst	FCCU Catalyst	Y	Fugitive PM	Fluid Catalytic Cracking	Existing	Cat Load	23,271,014	lbs	0.0454	lb/ton material load	0.07	0.03	0.03	[A]
Sulfuric Acid Plant	STK-7802	Y	Process	Process Stack	Existing							0.00	0.00	[B]
# 1 Beavon	Beavon CT #1	Υ	Fugitive PM	Beavon CT #1	Existing	Throughput	9,084,960,000	Gals	TDS/Drift			0.00	0.00	[C]
# 2 Beavon	Beavon CT #2	Υ	Fugitive PM	Beavon CT #2	Existing	Throughput	9,081,180,000	Gals	TDS/Drift			0.00	0.00	[C]
West Sulfur Storage Area	Materials Handling	Υ	Fugitive PM	Materials Handling	Existing	Material transferred	91,127	tons	0.0010	lb/ton material trans	0.73	0.36	0.36	[D]
East Sulfur Storage Area	Materials Handling	Υ	Fugitive PM	Materials Handling	Existing	Material transferred	148,728	tons	0.0010	lb/ton material trans	1.55	0.78	0.78	[D]
Refinery Flare System	#2 Flare (H- 1105)	Y	Flare	Gas burner	Existing	Heat Release	3,163,635	MMBtu	7.45E-03	lb/MMBtu	11.79	5.89	5.89	-
Refinery Flare System	#3 Flare (H- 1104)	Y	Flare	Gas burner	Existing	Heat Release	1,574,064	MMBtu	7.45E-03	lb/MMBtu	5.86	2.93	2.93	-
Refinery Flare System	#5 Flare (H- 3351)	Y	Flare	Gas burner	Existing	Heat Release	2,291,870	MMBtu	7.45E-03	lb/MMBtu	8.54	4.27	4.27	-
Refinery Flare System	#6 Flare (H- 3352)	Y	Flare	Gas burner	Existing	Heat Release	1,134,206	MMBtu	7.45E-03	lb/MMBtu	4.23	2.11	2.11	-
Refinery Flare System	#7 Flare (H- 3301)	Y	Flare	Gas burner	Existing	Heat Release	3,730,347	MMBtu	7.45E-03	lb/MMBtu	13.90	6.95	6.95	-
Refinery Flare System	LPG Flare (STK 7921)	Y	Flare	Gas burner, steam assisted	Existing	Heat Release	0	MMBtu	7.45E-03	lb/MMBtu	0.00	0.00	0.00	-
Refinery Flare System	FCC Flare (L.P. Flare - STK 7941)	Y	Flare	Gas burner, steam assisted	Existing	Heat Release	2,541,561	MMBtu	7.45E-03	lb/MMBtu	9.47	4.73	4.73	-
Refinery Flare System	Ground Flare (H.P. Flare - STK 7942)	Y	Flare	Gas burner	Existing	Heat Release	451,355	MMBtu	7.45E-03	lb/MMBtu	1.68	0.84	0.84	-
Delayed Coker Unit	TK-8501	Y	Tank Fug	Fixed roof storage tank (pitch)	Existing				AP-42			0.04	0.04	[1]
Coker Complex	Coke handling, storage, and loading system	Y	Fugitive PM	Transportation and breaking of solid coke between drums and dock	Existing	Throughput	2,144,901	tons coke			11.13	5.56	5.56	[H]
Coker Complex	Delayed Coker Steam Vent	Y	Process	Delayed Coker Steam Vent	Existing	ker Drum Vent Episo	1,442	Episodes	61.6	lb/episode	44.41	22.21	11.86	[G]
Storage pile and conveyor	conveyor	Ť	Fugitive PM	Sulfur storage and	Existing	Material transferred	212,773	tons	9.78E-04	lb/ton material trans	2.11	1.05	1.05	[D]
Roads	Roads	Y	Fugitive PM	Road Traffic	Existing	VMT	1,825,000	Miles	0.0023	lb/VMT	2.07	1.04	1.04	[E]
Fire Training	Fire Training	Υ	Flare	Fire Training	Existing	Fuel Usage	48,778	lbs	0.13	lb/lb fuel	3.122	1.56	1.56	[F]
											Total (tpy)	147	136	

Notes:

<sup>&</sup>quot;-" indicates no adjustments to the BAE were required.

<sup>[</sup>A] FCCU catalyst loading emissions calculated using AP-42 Section 13.2.4.3. Emissions are from hopper loading, reactor loading, and reactor dumping. 50% control efficiency assumed for reactor loading and dumping.

Table C-12 Summary of Non-Combustion Units PM2.5 BAE

Process Unit	Source ID	PAL Unit (Y/N)	Emission Type	Unit Description	Unit Status	Emission Calculation Parameter	Baseline Period 24 Month Parameter Total	Units	Emission Factor/Method	Emission Factor Units	Baseline Period 24 Month Total Emissions (tons)	BAE (tpy	Adjusted BAE (tpy)	Notes
			I						1					
	+	3.54E+06	lbs reactor load		ton	0.045421255	Ib PM	0.5						
	•		baseline	2000	lbs		ton load							
									-					
	_	2.94E+06	lbs reactor dump		ton	0.045421255	lb PM	0.5						
	,		baseline	2000	lbs		ton load		]					

= 1.54E+02 lbs PM = 7.70E-02 tons PM

- [B] Sulfuric Acid Plant process stack is not a source of PM emissions
- [C] PM2.5 fraction determined to be zero using Reisman & Frisbie wet droplet size distribution methodology in "Calculating Realistic PM10 Emissions from Cooling Towers".
- [D] PM emissions calculated using AP-42 Section 13.2.4.3. Emissions from East and West sulfur storage are from drop from conveyor, truck loading, and wind erosion. Emissions from are from truck unloading, conveyor loading ship loading, and wind Example Calc:

101				
West Side Baseline Total	9.11E+04	tons conveyor dr	0.0137	lb PM
PM Emissions=		baseline		ton load
· m zmoorono				
_	9.11E+04	truck loading	0.0137	lb PM
т		baseline		ton load
+	1.00	acre	3.5	lb PM
•	·	West Side		acre/day

3.77E+03 lbs PM 1.88 tons PM

[E] VMT = vehicle miles travelled. Calculation reference: AP-42 Chapter 13.2

- [F] Emission factors for fire traing (JP-4) per "Calculation Methods for Criteria Air Pollutant Emission Inventories", Brooks Air Force Base, TX, July 1994
- [G] PM BAE from the delayed coker vent were downwardly adjusted to comply with 2 psig depressurization standard in Consent Decree.
- [H] Estimates based on AP-42, Chapter 13.2.4, Equation 1. See Appendix B of this application for calculation methodology.
- [I] Estimates based on AP-42, Chapter 11.1. See Appendix B of this application for calculation methodology.

Process Unit	Source ID	PAL Unit (Y/N)	Emission Type	Unit Description	Unit Status	Unit Size (MMBtu/hr)	Baseline Fuel Gas or Other Gaseous Fuel 24 mo Throughput (MMBtu/yr)	Baseline Distillate Oil 24 mo Throughput (MMBtu/yr)	BAE Estimation Method	Fuel Gas or Other Gaseous Fuel Emission Factor (lb/MMBtu)	Distillate/6- Oil Emission Factor (lb/MMBtu)	Baseline Period 24 Month Total Emission s (tons)	BAE (tpy	Adjusted BAE (tpy)	Notes
#2 DU Fractionator	H-101	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Heater	Existing	146	791,295	43,469	Emission Factor	5.58E-03	3.90E-01	10.68	5.33	5.19	[A]
#2 DU Fractionator	H-104	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Heater	Existing	108	654,318	40,043	Emission Factor	5.58E-03	3.90E-01	9.63	4.76	4.64	[A]
#2 CDU	H-401A	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Charge Heater	Existing	171	828,797	257,804	Emission Factor	5.58E-03	3.90E-01	52.55	26.73	26.68	[A]
#2 CDU	H-401B	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Charge Heater	Existing	171	828,797	257,804	Emission Factor	5.58E-03	3.90E-01	52.55	26.73	26.68	[A]
#2 CDU	H-401C	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Charge Heater	Existing	171	828,797	257,804	Emission Factor	5.58E-03	3.90E-01	52.55	26.73	26.68	[A]
#3 DD	C-1500A	Υ	Compressor	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Existing	3	15,104	0	Emission Factor	5.88E-04		4.44E-03	2.22E-03	2.22E-03	-
#3 DD	C-1500B	Y	Compressor	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Existing	3	15,104	0	Emission Factor	5.88E-04		4.44E-03	2.22E-03	2.22E-03	-
#3 DD	C-1500C	Y	Compressor	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Existing	3	15,104	0	Emission Factor	5.88E-04		4.44E-03	2.22E-03	2.22E-03	-
Penex	H-200	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Charge Heater	Existing	37	389,579	0	Emission Factor	5.58E-03		1.09	0.61	0.56	[A]
Penex	H-201	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Fired Reboiler Heater	Existing	37	395,352	0	Emission Factor	5.58E-03		1.10	0.62	0.56	[A]
Penex	H-202	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Hot Oil Heater	Existing	122	874,691	0	Emission Factor	5.58E-03	3.90E-01	2.44	1.48	1.41	[A]
Penex	C-200A	Υ	Compressor	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Existing	9	75,121	0	Emission Factor	5.88E-04		0.02	0.01	0.01	-
Penex	C-200B	Υ	Compressor	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Existing	9	75,121	0	Emission Factor	5.88E-04		0.02	0.01	0.01	-
Penex	C-200C	Υ	Compressor	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Existing	9	75,121	0	Emission Factor	5.88E-04		0.02	0.01	0.01	-
Utility Fractionation	H-160	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Charge Heater	Existing	135	884,143	0	Emission Factor	5.58E-03	3.90E-01	2.46	1.44	1.34	[A]
#2 Platformer	H-601	Y	Heater/Boiler	Stripper Reboiler Heater	Existing	36	221,021	0	Emission Factor	5.58E-03	3.90E-01	0.62	0.32	0.28	[A]
#2 Platformer	H-604	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Platforming No. 2 Interheater	Existing	37	214,990	0	Emission Factor	5.58E-03	3.90E-01	0.60	0.32	0.28	[A]

Table C-13	Summary	oi coi	IIDUSIIOII U	nits SO2 BAI	-	1	Baseline	T		T		ı	ı		
Process Unit	Source ID	PAL Unit (Y/N)	Emission Type	Unit Description	Unit Status	Unit Size (MMBtu/hr)	Fuel Gas or Other Gaseous Fuel 24 mo Throughput (MMBtu/yr)	Baseline Distillate Oil 24 mo Throughput (MMBtu/yr)	BAE Estimation Method	Fuel Gas or Other Gaseous Fuel Emission Factor (Ib/MMBtu)	Distillate/6- Oil Emission Factor (lb/MMBtu)	Baseline Period 24 Month Total Emission s (tons)	BAE (tpy	Adjusted BAE (tpy)	Notes
#2 Platformer	H-605	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Platforming No. 3 Interheater	Existing	15	59,776	0	Emission Factor	5.58E-03	3.90E-01	0.17	0.09	0.08	[A]
#2 DU	H-800A	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Reactor Charge Heater	Existing	43	461,566	0	Emission Factor	5.58E-03	3.90E-01	1.29	0.72	0.66	[A]
#2 DU	H-800B	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Reactor Charge Heater	Existing	43	441,880	0	Emission Factor	5.58E-03	3.90E-01	1.23	0.70	0.64	[A]
#2 DU	H-801	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Stripper Heater	Existing	101	803,114	0	Emission Factor	5.58E-03		2.24	1.34	1.26	[A]
#4 DD	H-2201A	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Reactor Charge Heater	Existing	61	690,666	0	Emission Factor	5.58E-03	3.90E-01	1.93	1.03	0.90	[A]
#4 DD	H-2201B	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Reactor Charge Heater	Existing	61	690,666	0	Emission Factor	5.58E-03	3.90E-01	1.93	1.03	0.90	[A]
#4 DD	H-2202	Y	Heater/Boiler	Stripper Reboiler Heater	Existing	119	980,002	0	Emission Factor	5.58E-03		2.73	1.53	1.38	[A]
#5 DD	H-2400	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Charge Heater	Existing	33	463,511	0	Emission Factor	5.58E-03	3.90E-01	1.29	0.68	0.60	[A]
#5 DD	C-2400A	Υ	Compressor	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Existing	7	48,723	0	Emission Factor	5.88E-04		0.01	0.01	0.01	-
#5 DD	C-2400B	Υ	Compressor	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Existing	7	48,723	0	Emission Factor	5.88E-04		0.01	0.01	0.01	-
Naphtha Fractionation	H-2501	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Reboiler Heater	Existing	203	437,565	0	Emission Factor	5.58E-03		1.22	0.67	0.61	[A]
#2 Sulfolane	H-4502	Y	Heater/Boiler	Benzene Column Reboiler Heater	Existing	149	858,943	0	Emission Factor	1.90E-02	3.90E-01	8.17	4.14	4.09	[A]
#2 Sulfolane	H-4503	Y	Heater/Boiler	Toluene Column Reboiler Heater	Existing	141	753,962	0	Emission Factor	1.90E-02		7.17	3.63	3.58	[A]
#2 Sulfolane	H-4504	Y	Heater/Boiler	Xylene Column Reboiler Heater	Existing	126	607,009	0	Emission Factor	1.90E-02	3.90E-01	5.77	2.92	2.88	[A]
#2 Sulfolane	H-4505	Y	Heater/Boiler	Raffinate Splitter Reboiler Heater	Existing	109	470,895	0	Emission Factor	1.90E-02	3.90E-01	4.48	2.26	2.22	[A]
#5 CDU	H-3101A	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Crude Charge Heater	Existing	381	2,184,815	614,217	Emission Factor	1.90E-02	3.90E-01	140.47	70.30	70.15	[A]

Table 0-13	Summary	OI COI	iibusiioii o	IIIIS SUZ BAI			D	ı	1	1				1	1
Process Unit	Source ID	PAL Unit (Y/N)	Emission Type	Unit Description	Unit Status	Unit Size (MMBtu/hr)	Baseline Fuel Gas or Other Gaseous Fuel 24 mo Throughput (MMBtu/yr)	Baseline Distillate Oil 24 mo Throughput (MMBtu/yr)	BAE Estimation Method	Fuel Gas or Other Gaseous Fuel Emission Factor (Ib/MMBtu)	Distillate/6- Oil Emission Factor (lb/MMBtu)	Baseline Period 24 Month Total Emission s (tons)	BAE (tpy	Adjusted BAE (tpy)	Notes
#5 CDU	H-3101B	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Crude Charge Heater	Existing	381	2,436,185	659,430	Emission Factor	1.90E-02	3.90E-01	151.67	75.73	75.58	[A]
#6 CDU	H-4101A	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Crude Charge Heater	Existing	381	2,446,267	516,409	Emission Factor	1.90E-02	3.90E-01	123.90	61.64	61.47	[A]
#6 CDU	H-4101B	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Crude Charge Heater	Existing	381	2,817,416	557,900	Emission Factor	1.90E-02	3.90E-01	135.51	67.31	67.13	[A]
#3 Platformer	H-4401	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Charge Heater	Existing	134	1,025,393	0	Emission Factor	1.90E-02		9.75	4.95	4.89	[A]
#3 Platformer	H-4402	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Fired Reboiler Heater	Existing	128	721,833	0	Emission Factor	1.90E-02	3.90E-01	6.87	3.47	3.42	[A]
#3 Platformer	H-4451	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Charge Heater	Existing	381	2,918,945	0	Emission Factor	1.90E-02		27.77	14.10	13.93	[A]
#3 Platformer	H-4452	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Intermediate Heater	Existing	248	1,803,863	0	Emission Factor	1.90E-02		17.16	8.71	8.60	[A]
#3 Platformer	H-4453	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Intermediate Heater	Existing	248	1,338,392	0	Emission Factor	1.90E-02		12.73	6.42	6.33	[A]
#3 Platformer	H-4454	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Intermediate Heater	Existing	77	518,276	0	Emission Factor	1.90E-02		4.93	2.50	2.47	[A]
#3 Platformer	H-4455	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Fired Reboiler Heater	Existing	138	1,076,287	0	Emission Factor	1.90E-02		10.24	5.20	5.14	[A]
#3 VAC	H-4201	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Prestripper Heater	Existing	253	1,195,811	545,534	Emission Factor	1.90E-02	3.90E-01	117.68	59.21	59.13	[A]
#3 VAC	H-4202	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Vacuum Heater	Existing	245	962,882	553,169	Emission Factor	1.90E-02	3.90E-01	116.95	58.70	58.62	[A]
#4 Platformer	H-5401	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Charge Heater	Existing	134	983,723	0	Emission Factor	1.90E-02		9.36	4.74	4.68	[A]
#4 Platformer	H-5402	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Fired Reboiler Heater	Existing	128	684,930	0	Emission Factor	1.90E-02	3.90E-01	6.52	3.28	3.23	[A]
#4 Platformer	H-5451	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Charge Heater	Existing	381	2,059,984	0	Emission Factor	1.90E-02		19.60	9.87	9.70	[A]
#4 Platformer	H-5452	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Intermediate Heater	Existing	248	1,843,813	0	Emission Factor	1.90E-02		17.54	8.89	8.77	[A]
#4 Platformer	H-5453	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Intermediate Heater	Existing	248	1,356,092	0	Emission Factor	1.90E-02		12.90	6.50	6.39	[A]
#4 Platformer	H-5454	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Intermediate Heater	Existing	77	491,861	0	Emission Factor	1.90E-02		4.68	2.36	2.33	[A]
#4 Platformer	H-5455	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Fired Reboiler Heater	Existing	138	1,014,968	0	Emission Factor	1.90E-02		9.66	4.89	4.83	[A]
#6 DD	H-4601A	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Reactor Charge Heater	Existing	61	307,355	0	Emission Factor	1.90E-02		2.92	1.48	1.46	[A]
#6 DD	H-4601B	Y	Heater/Boiler	Reactor Charge Heater	Existing	61	306,150	0	Emission Factor	1.90E-02		2.91	1.48	1.46	[A]
#6 DD	H-4602	Y	Heater/Boiler	Stripper Reboiler Heater	Existing	119	669,854	0	Emission Factor	1.90E-02		6.37	3.23	3.19	[A]

Process Unit	Source ID	PAL Unit (Y/N)	Emission Type	Unit Description	Unit Status	Unit Size (MMBtu/hr)	Baseline Fuel Gas or Other Gaseous Fuel 24 mo Throughput (MMBtu/yr)	Baseline Distillate Oil 24 mo Throughput (MMBtu/yr)	BAE Estimation Method	Fuel Gas or Other Gaseous Fuel Emission Factor (lb/MMBtu)	Distillate/6- Oil Emission Factor (lb/MMBtu)	Baseline Period 24 Month Total Emission s (tons)	BAE (tpy	Adjusted BAE (tpy)	Notes
#6 DD	C-4601A	Υ	Compressor	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Existing	21	86,488	0	Emission Factor	5.88E-04		0.03	0.01	0.01	-
#6 DD	C-4601B	Y	Compressor	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Existing	21	86,488	0	Emission Factor	5.88E-04		0.03	0.01	0.01	-
#6 DD	C-4601C	Υ	Compressor	Reciprocating Gas Compressor	Existing	21	86,488	0	Emission Factor	5.88E-04		0.03	0.01	0.01	1
#7 DD	H-4301A	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Reactor Charge Heater	Existing	67	550,826	0	Emission Factor	1.90E-02	3.90E-01	5.24	2.63	2.58	[A]
#7 DD	H-4301B	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Reactor Charge Heater	Existing	67	573,413	0	Emission Factor	1.90E-02	3.90E-01	5.45	2.74	2.69	[A]
#7 DD	H-4302	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Stripper Reboiler Heater	Existing	122	1,053,299	0	Emission Factor	1.90E-02		10.02	5.03	4.94	[A]
#9 DD	H-5301A	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Reactor Charge Heater	Existing	67	471,591	0	Emission Factor	1.90E-02	3.90E-01	4.49	2.27	2.24	[A]
#9 DD	H-5301B	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Reactor Charge Heater	Existing	67	449,346	0	Emission Factor	1.90E-02	3.90E-01	4.27	2.16	2.13	[A]
#9 DD	H-5302	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Stripper Reboiler Heater	Existing	122	1,257,163	0	Emission Factor	1.90E-02	3.90E-01	11.96	6.08	6.02	[A]
LSG Unit	H-4901	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Charge Heater	Existing	87	327,668		Emission Factor				0.00	0.00	[D]
Sulfuric Acid Plant	STK-7801	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Heater Stack	Existing	30	73,671	0	Emission Factor				0.06	0.06	[B]
Sulfuric Acid Plant	H-7801	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Process Air Heater	Existing				Emission Factor						
Sulfuric Acid Plant	H-7802	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Converter Heater	Existing				Emission Factor						
Sulfuric Acid Plant	R-7801	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Startup Heater	Existing				Emission Factor						
#1 SRU Incinerator	H-1032	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Tail Gas Incinerator	Existing	7	9,702	0	Emission Factor	5.58E-03	3.90E-01	0.03	0.29	0.29	[A]
#2 SRU Incinerator	H-1042	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Tail Gas Incinerator	Existing	15	73,434	0	Emission Factor	5.58E-03	3.90E-01	0.20	0.12	0.11	[A]
#1 Beavon	H-1061	Y	TGTU	Sulfur Recovery Units, Tail gas treatment	Existing	10	0	0	Emission Factor						,
#2 Beavon	H-4761	Υ	TGTU	Tail Gas Treatment	Existing	10	0	0	Emission Factor						-

Table C-13	- Julilliai y	01 001	iibustioii o	IIIIS SUZ BAI	_	1	D C	ı	1					1	
Process Unit	Source ID	PAL Unit (Y/N)	Emission Type	Unit Description	Unit Status	Unit Size (MMBtu/hr)	Baseline Fuel Gas or Other Gaseous Fuel 24 mo Throughput (MMBtu/yr)	Baseline Distillate Oil 24 mo Throughput (MMBtu/yr)	BAE Estimation Method	Fuel Gas or Other Gaseous Fuel Emission Factor (Ib/MMBtu)	Distillate/6- Oil Emission Factor (lb/MMBtu)	Baseline Period 24 Month Total Emission s (tons)	BAE (tpy	Adjusted BAE (tpy)	Notes
East Incinerator	H-4745	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Tail Gas Incinerator	Existing	55	142,237	0	Emission Factor	1.90E-02	3.90E-01	1.35	250.39	250.38	[A]
Delayed Coker Unit	H-8501A	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Coker process heater 1	Existing	200	2,480,262	0	CEMS	CEMS			5.36	5.25	[C]
Delayed Coker	H-8501B	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Coker process heater	Existing	200	2,472,154	0	CEMS	CEMS			5.39	5.30	[C]
Utility II	#5 Boiler (B-1155)	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Boiler; Produces Steam	Existing	539	1,765,918	811,841	Emission Factor	5.58E-03	3.90E-01	163.12	81.79	81.55	[A]
Utility III	#6 Boiler (B-3301)	Y	Heater/Boiler	Boiler; Produces Steam	Existing	257	1,271,145	480,095	Emission Factor	1.90E-02	3.90E-01	105.64	53.01	52.92	[A], [F]
Utility III	#7 Boiler (B-3302)	Y	Heater/Boiler	Boiler; Produces Steam	Existing	257	1,133,369	511,268	Emission Factor	1.90E-02	3.90E-01	110.41	55.30	55.21	[A], [F]
Utility III	#8 Boiler (B-3303)	Y	Heater/Boiler	Boiler; Produces Steam	Existing	512	2,503,750	1,163,089	Emission Factor	1.90E-02	3.90E-01	250.46	126.88	126.70	[A]
Utility III	#9 Boiler (B-3304)	Y	Heater/Boiler	Boiler; Produces Steam	Existing	512	1,976,231	977,844	Emission Factor	1.90E-02	3.90E-01	209.34	105.90	105.74	[A]
Utility III	#10 Boiler (B-3701)	Υ	Heater/Boiler	Boiler; Produces Steam	Existing	225	1,532,157	0	Emission Factor	1.90E-02	3.90E-01	14.58	7.37	7.27	[A]
Powerhouse 2	GT No. 4 (G-3404)	Y	Gas Turbine	Turbine; Produces Electricity	Existing	317	3,609,299	428,205	Emission Factor	1.15E-02	2.35E-02	25.80	12.82	12.67	[A]
Powerhouse 2	GT No. 5 (G-3405)	Y	Gas Turbine	Turbine; Produces Electricity	Existing	317	3,657,276	201,966	Emission Factor	1.15E-02	2.35E-02	23.42	12.00	11.85	[A]
Powerhouse 2	GT No. 7 (G-3407)	Y	Gas Turbine	Turbine; Produces Electricity	Existing	317	3,981,360	474,168	Emission Factor	1.15E-02	2.35E-02	28.48	14.20	14.04	[A]
Powerhouse 2	GT No. 8 (G-3408)	Y	Gas Turbine	Turbine; Produces Electricity	Existing	392	1,787,553	506,126	Emission Factor	1.15E-02	2.35E-02	16.23	8.77	8.69	[A]
Powerhouse 2	GT No. 9 (G-3409)	Y	Gas Turbine	Turbine; Produces Electricity	Existing	304	4,439,104	280,162	Emission Factor	1.15E-02	2.35E-02	28.84	14.48	14.29	[A]
Powerhouse 2	GT No. 10 (G-3410)	Υ	Gas Turbine	Turbine; Produces Electricity	Existing	325 (5)	3,551,385	207,405	Emission Factor	1.15E-02	2.35E-02	22.88	11.52	11.38	[A]

Table 0 10	- a	<b>J. J.</b>													
Process Unit	Source ID	PAL Unit (Y/N)	Emission Type	Unit Description	Unit Status	Unit Size (MMBtu/hr)	Throughput	Baseline Distillate Oil 24 mo	BAE Estimation Method	Fuel Gas or Other Gaseous Fuel Emission Factor (lb/MMBtu)	Distillate/6- Oil Emission Factor (Ib/MMBtu)	Month Total	BAE (tpy	Adjusted BAE (tpy)	Notes
GT No. 13 and Duct Burner	GT No. 13 (G-3413)	Y	Gas Turbine	Turbine; Produces Electricity	Existing	626	5,968,643	546,683	CEMS			7.34	3.67	3.67	[E]
												Total tov	1391.10	1385.02	

## Notes:

- "-" indicates no adjustments to the BAE were required.
  The fuel combustion devices serviced by the East and west side fuel gas systems are subject to the subparts J and Ja, respectively. To sausty the requirement to downwardly adjust the BAE to exclude any emissions not in compliance with these subparts, samples measuring greater than 162ppm H2S were removed from the data used to generate the average H2S
- [A] fuel content during the baseline period. Distillate/6-Oil emission factor is presented as average for the 2009-2010 period. The emission factor is based on the sulfur content of the oil which varies slightly between 2009 and 2010.
- The sulfuric acid plant heater stack hourly mass emissions were downwardly adjusted to address exceedances of the 162 ppm fuel H2S content. The highest "n" mass emission rates were identified for each quarter, where "n" is equal to the hours of exceedance in that quarter, and set equal to zero.
- [C] The delayed coker heaters hourly mass emissions were downwardly adjusted to address exceedances of the 162 ppm fuel H2S content. The highest "n" mass emission rates were identified for each quarter, where "n" is equal to the hours of exceedance in that quarter, and set equal to zero.
- [D] Conservatively assumed zero contribution to the BAE used to set the proposed PAL.
- [E] SO2 emissions determined using H2S CEMS.
- [F] Emissions were downwardly adjusted for fuel oil usage of 35 barrels (bbls) above the combined 800 bbls/day limit for Boilers 6 & 7. Adjustment assumes equal firing rate for Boilers 6 & 7.

Table C-14 Summary of NonCombustion Units SO2 BAE

Process Unit	Source ID	PAL Unit (Y/N)	Emission Type	Unit Description	Unit Status	Emission Calculation Parameter	Baseline Period 24 Month Parameter Total	Units	Emission Factor/Method	Emission Factor Units	Baseline Period 24 Month Total Emissions (tons)	BAE (tpy	Adjusted BAE (tpy)	Notes
#2 Platformer	#2 Plat Vent	Υ	Process	Plat No. 2 Catalyst Regen Vent	Existing	Operation	4,135	hrs	0.07	lb/hr	0.15	0.08	0.08	-
#3 Platformer	#3 Plat Vent	Υ	Process	Plat No. 3 Catalyst Regen Vent	Existing	Operation	12,829	hrs	0.132	lb/hr	0.85	0.42	0.42	-
#4 Platformer	#4 Plat Vent	Y	Process	Plat No. 4 Catalyst Regen Vent	Existing	Operation	11,661	hrs	0.132	lb/hr	0.77	0.38	0.38	-
FCCU	STK-7051	Y	WGS	Fluid Catalytic Cracking	Existing				CEMS			27.99	27.99	1
Sulfuric Acid Plant	STK-7802	Υ	Process	Process Stack	Existing				CEMS			73.04	72.78	[B]
Refinery Flare System	#2 Flare (H-1105)	Υ	Flare	Gas burner	Existing	Heat Release	3,163,635	MMBtu	0.0265	lb/MMBtu	41.99	20.99	20.99	-
Refinery Flare System	#3 Flare (H-1104)	Υ	Flare	Gas burner	Existing	Heat Release	1,574,064	MMBtu	0.0265	lb/MMBtu	20.89	10.45	10.45	,
Refinery Flare System	#5 Flare (H-3351)	Υ	Flare	Gas burner	Existing	Heat Release	2,291,870	MMBtu	0.0265	lb/MMBtu	30.42	15.21	15.21	-
Refinery Flare System	#6 Flare (H-3352)	Υ	Flare	Gas burner	Existing	Heat Release	1,134,206	MMBtu	0.0265	lb/MMBtu	15.05	7.53	7.53	-
Refinery Flare System	#7 Flare (H-3301)	Υ	Flare	Gas burner	Existing	Heat Release	3,730,347	MMBtu	0.0265	lb/MMBtu	49.51	24.75	24.75	-
Refinery Flare System	LPG Flare (STK 7921)	Υ	Flare	Gas burner, steam assisted	Existing	Heat Release	0	MMBtu	0.0265	lb/MMBtu	0.00	0.00	0.00	-
Refinery Flare System	FCC Flare (L.P. Flare - STK 7941)	Υ	Flare	Gas burner, steam assisted	Existing	Heat Release	2,541,561	MMBtu	0.0265	lb/MMBtu	33.73	16.87	16.87	-
Refinery Flare System	Ground Flare (H.P. Flare - STK 7942)	Y	Flare	Gas burner	Existing	Heat Release	451,355	MMBtu	0.0265	lb/MMBtu	5.99	3.00	3.00	-

Table C-14 Summary of NonCombustion Units SO2 BAE

Process Unit	Source ID	PAL Unit (Y/N)	Emission Type	Unit Description	Unit Status	Emission Calculation Parameter	Baseline Period 24 Month Parameter Total	Units	Emission Factor/Method	Emission Factor Units	Baseline Period 24 Month Total Emissions (tons)	BAE (tpy	Adjusted BAE (tpy)	Notes
Coker Complex	Delayed Coker Steam Vent	Y	Process	Delayed Coker Steam Vent	Existing	ker Drum Vent Episo	1,442	Episodes	2.8	lb/episode	2.02	1.01	1.01	-
Fire Training	Fire Training	Y	Flare	Fire Training	Existing	Fuel Usage	48,778	lbs	0	lb/lb fuel	0	0	0	[C]

Notes: "-" indicates no adjustments to the BAE were required.

- [A] [Reserved]
- [B] Sulfuric Acid Plant process stack emissions were downwardly adjusted by the exceedances reported to the Division of Environmental Protection, Department of Planning & Natural Resources in 2009 and 2010.
- [C] Emission factors for fire traing (JP-4) per "Calculation Methods for Criteria Air Pollutant Emission Inventories", Brooks Air Force Base, TX, July 1994

Table C-15. Combu					
Unit Type	Fuel Fired	Pollutant	Value	Units	Comment
Heater/Boiler	Fuel Gas	VOC	5.39E-03	lb/MMBtu	AP-42 Table 1.4-2; Footnote a: 1020 Btu/scf conversion
Heater/Boiler	Fuel Gas	CO	8.24E-02	lb/MMBtu	AP-42 Table 1.4-1; Footnote a: 1020 Btu/scf conversion
Heater/Boiler	Fuel Gas	NO <sub>X</sub>	2.75E-01	lb/MMBtu	AP-42 Table 1.4-1; Footnote a: 1020 Btu/scf conversion
Heater/Boiler	Fuel Gas	PM	1.86E-03	lb/MMBtu	AP-42 Table 1.4-2; Footnote a: 1020 Btu/scf conversion
Heater/Boiler	Fuel Gas	PM <sub>10</sub>	7.45E-03	lb/MMBtu	AP-42 Table 1.4-2; Footnote a: 1020 Btu/scf conversion
Heater/Boiler	Fuel Gas	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	7.45E-03	lb/MMBtu	AP-42 Table 1.4-2; Footnote a: 1020 Btu/scf conversion
Heater/Boiler	Fuel Gas	AVG SO <sub>2</sub> EFG	1.90E-02	lb/MMBtu	Based on average S concentration of 112 ppmv in 2009 and 118 in 2010; Footnote a: 1020 Btu/scf conversion
Heater/Boiler	Fuel Gas	AVG SO <sub>2</sub> WFG	5.58E-03	lb/MMBtu	Based on average S concentration of 43 ppmv in 2009 and 24.8 in 2010; Footnote a: 1020 Btu/scf conversion
Heater/Boiler	Fuel Gas<100	VOC	5.39E-03	lb/MMBtu	AP-42 Table 1.4-2; Footnote a: 1020 Btu/scf conversion
Heater/Boiler	Fuel Gas<100	СО	8.24E-02	lb/MMBtu	AP-42 Table 1.4-1; Footnote a: 1020 Btu/scf conversion
Heater/Boiler	Fuel Gas<100	NO <sub>X</sub>	9.80E-02	lb/MMBtu	AP-42 Table 1.4-1; Footnote a: 1020 Btu/scf conversion
Heater/Boiler	Fuel Gas<100	PM	1.86E-03	lb/MMBtu	AP-42 Table 1.4-2; Footnote a: 1020 Btu/scf conversion
Heater/Boiler	Fuel Gas<100	PM <sub>10</sub>	7.45E-03	lb/MMBtu	AP-42 Table 1.4-2; Footnote a: 1020 Btu/scf conversion
Heater/Boiler	Fuel Gas<100	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	7.45E-03	lb/MMBtu	AP-42 Table 1.4-2; Footnote a: 1020 Btu/scf conversion
Heater/Boiler	Fuel Gas<100	AVG SO <sub>2</sub> EFG	1.90E-02	lb/MMBtu	Based on average S concentration of 112 ppmv in 2009 and 118 in 2010; Footnote a: 1020 Btu/scf conversion
Heater/Boiler	Fuel Gas<100	AVG SO <sub>2</sub> WFG	5.58E-03	lb/MMBtu	Based on average S concentration of 43 ppmv in 2009 and 24.8 in 2010; Footnote a: 1020 Btu/scf conversion
Heater/Boiler	Distillate>100	VOC	5.14E-03	lb/MMBtu	AP-42 Table 1.3-3; Assumed average 148 MMBtu/Mgal
Heater/Boiler	Distillate>100	CO	3.38E-02	lb/MMBtu	AP-42 Table 1.3-1; Assumed average 148 MMBtu/Mgal
Heater/Boiler	Distillate>100	NO <sub>X</sub>	3.18E-01	lb/MMBtu	AP-42 Table 1.3-1; Assumed average 148 MMBtu/Mgal
Heater/Boiler	Distillate>100	PM	4.46E-02	lb/MMBtu	AP-42 Table 1.3-1; Based on average fuel oil S concentration of 0.385% in 2009 and 0.35% in 2010; Assumed average 148 MMBtu/Mgal
Heater/Boiler	Distillate>100	PM <sub>10</sub>	5.47E-02	lb/MMBtu	AP-42 Table 1.3-1; Based on average fuel oil S concentration of 0.385% in 2009 and 0.35% in 2010; Assumed average 148 MMBtu/Mgal
Heater/Boiler	Distillate>100	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	5.47E-02	lb/MMBtu	AP-42 Table 1.3-1; Based on average fuel oil S concentration of 0.385% in 2009 and 0.35% in 2010; Assumed average 148 MMBtu/Mgal
Heater/Boiler	Distillate>100	SO <sub>2</sub>	3.90E-01	lb/MMBtu	AP-42 Table 1.3-1; Based on average fuel oil S concentration of 0.385% in 2009 and 0.35% in 2010; Assumed average 148 MMBtu/Mgal
Heater/Boiler	Distillate<100	VOC	5.14E-03	lb/MMBtu	AP-42 Table 1.3-3; Assumed average 148 MMBtu/Mgal
Heater/Boiler	Distillate<100	CO	3.38E-02	lb/MMBtu	AP-42 Table 1.3-1; Assumed average 148 MMBtu/Mgal
Heater/Boiler	Distillate<100	$NO_X$	3.18E-01	lb/MMBtu	AP-42 Table 1.3-1; Assumed average 148 MMBtu/Mgal
Heater/Boiler	Distillate<100	PM	4.46E-02	lb/MMBtu	AP-42 Table 1.3-1; Based on average fuel oil S concentration of 0.385% in 2009 and 0.35% in 2010; Assumed average 148 MMBtu/Mgal
Heater/Boiler	Distillate<100	PM <sub>10</sub>	5.47E-02	lb/MMBtu	AP-42 Table 1.3-1; Based on average fuel oil S concentration of 0.385% in 2009 and 0.35% in 2010; Assumed average 148 MMBtu/Mgal
Heater/Boiler	Distillate<100	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	5.47E-02	lb/MMBtu	AP-42 Table 1.3-1; Based on average fuel oil S concentration of 0.385% in 2009 and 0.35% in 2010; Assumed average 148 MMBtu/Mgal
Heater/Boiler	Distillate<100	SO <sub>2</sub>	3.90E-01	lb/MMBtu	AP-42 Table 1.3-1; Based on average fuel oil S concentration of 0.385% in 2009 and 0.35% in 2010; Assumed average 148 MMBtu/Mgal
Compressor	LPG (Other)	VOC	2.96E-02	lb/MMBtu	AP-42 Table 3.2-3
Compressor	LPG (Other)	СО	3.72E+00	lb/MMBtu	AP-42 Table 3.2-3
Compressor	LPG (Other)	NO <sub>X</sub>	2.27E+00	lb/MMBtu	AP-42 Table 3.2-3
Compressor	LPG (Other)	PM	9.50E-03	lb/MMBtu	AP-42 Table 3.2-3
Compressor	LPG (Other)	PM <sub>10</sub>	1.94E-02	lb/MMBtu	AP-42 Table 3.2-3
Compressor	LPG (Other)	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	1.94E-02	lb/MMBtu	AP-42 Table 3.2-3
Compressor	LPG (Other)	SO <sub>2</sub>	5.88E-04	lb/MMBtu	AP-42 Table 3.2-3
Compressor					
Compressor	LPG (6DD)	VOC	1.18E-01	lb/MMBtu	AP-42 Table 3.2-2
Compressor	LPG (6DD)	CO	5.57E-01	lb/MMBtu	AP-42 Table 3.2-2

Table C-15. Combus	n Factors				
Unit Type	Fuel Fired	Pollutant	Value	Units	Comment
Compressor	LPG (6DD)	$NO_X$	4.08E+00	lb/MMBtu	AP-42 Table 3.2-2
Compressor	LPG (6DD)	PM	7.71E-05	lb/MMBtu	AP-42 Table 3.2-2
Compressor	LPG (6DD)	PM <sub>10</sub>	9.99E-03	lb/MMBtu	AP-42 Table 3.2-2
Compressor	LPG (6DD)	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	9.99E-03	lb/MMBtu	AP-42 Table 3.2-2
Compressor	LPG (6DD)	SO <sub>2</sub>	5.88E-04	lb/MMBtu	AP-42 Table 3.2-2
Gas Turbine	Fuel Gas/LPG	VOC	2.10E-03	lb/MMBtu	AP-42 Table 3.1-2a
Gas Turbine	Fuel Gas/LPG	CO	8.20E-02	lb/MMBtu	AP-42 Table 3.1-1
Gas Turbine	Fuel Gas/LPG	NO <sub>X</sub>	3.20E-01	lb/MMBtu	AP-42 Table 3.1-1
Gas Turbine	Fuel Gas/LPG	PM	1.90E-03	lb/MMBtu	AP-42 Table 3.1-2a
Gas Turbine	Fuel Gas/LPG	PM <sub>10</sub>	6.60E-03	lb/MMBtu	AP-42 Table 3.1-2a
Gas Turbine	Fuel Gas/LPG	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	6.60E-03	lb/MMBtu	AP-42 Table 3.1-2a
Gas Turbine	Fuel Gas/LPG	AVG SO <sub>2</sub> EFG	1.15E-02	lb/MMBtu	AP-42 Table 3.1-2a; Based on average S content of 0.0119% in 2009 and 0.013% in 2010
Gas Turbine	Fuel Gas/LPG	AVG SO <sub>2</sub> WFG	3.39E-03	lb/MMBtu	AP-42 Table 3.1-2a; Based on average S content of 0.0046% in 2009 and 0.0026% in 2010
Gas Turbine	Distillate	VOC	4.10E-04	lb/MMBtu	AP-42 Table 3.1-2a
Gas Turbine	Distillate	CO	3.30E-03	lb/MMBtu	AP-42 Table 3.1-1
Gas Turbine	Distillate	NO <sub>X</sub>	8.80E-01	lb/MMBtu	AP-42 Table 3.1-1
Gas Turbine	Distillate	PM	4.30E-03	lb/MMBtu	AP-42 Table 3.1-2a
Gas Turbine	Distillate	PM <sub>10</sub>	1.20E-02	lb/MMBtu	AP-42 Table 3.1-2a
Gas Turbine	Distillate	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	1.20E-02	lb/MMBtu	AP-42 Table 3.1-2a
Gas Turbine	Distillate	SO <sub>2</sub>	2.35E-02	lb/MMBtu	AP-42 Table 3.1-2a; Based on average oil S concentration of 0.028% in 2009 and 0.018% in 2010
Diesel Pump	Distillate	VOC	3.50E-01	lb/MMBtu	AP-42 Table 3.3-1
Diesel Pump	Distillate	CO	9.50E-01	lb/MMBtu	AP-42 Table 3.3-1
Diesel Pump	Distillate	NO <sub>x</sub>	4.41E+00	lb/MMBtu	AP-42 Table 3.3-1
Diesel Pump	Distillate	PM	3.10E-01	lb/MMBtu	AP-42 Table 3.3-1; All particulate is assumed to be ≤1μm in size.
Diesel Pump	Distillate	PM <sub>10</sub>	3.10E-01	lb/MMBtu	AP-42 Table 3.3-1; All particulate is assumed to be ≤1µm in size.
Diesel Pump	Distillate	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	3.10E-01	lb/MMBtu	AP-42 Table 3.3-1; All particulate is assumed to be ≤1μm in size.
Diesel Pump	Distillate	SO <sub>2</sub>	2.90E-01	lb/MMBtu	AP-42 Table 3.3-1

Specific NOx Emission	Factors				
Emissions Unit	Process Unit	2009 NOx Factor	2010 NOx Factor	Units	Comment
H-200	PENEX	0.191	0.191	lb/MMBtu	Stack Test
H-201	PENEX	0.150	0.150	lb/MMBtu	Stack Test
C-200A	PENEX	0.310	0.000	lb/MMBtu	2009 Gaseous Emissions Test Report 5DD and Penex Compressors- Quarterly Reports
C-200B	PENEX	0.070	0.160	lb/MMBtu	2009 Gaseous Emissions Test Report 5DD and Penex Compressors- Quarterly Reports
C-200C	PENEX	0.130	0.035	lb/MMBtu	2009 Gaseous Emissions Test Report 5DD and Penex Compressors- Quarterly Reports
H-801	2 DD	0.094	0.094	lb/MMBtu	Stack Test
H-2202	4 DD	0.132	0.132	lb/MMBtu	Stack Test
C-2400A	5 DD	0.270	0.487	lb/MMBtu	2009 Gaseous Emissions Test Report 5DD and Penex Compressors- Quarterly Reports
C-2400B	5 DD	0.040	0.090	lb/MMBtu	2009 Gaseous Emissions Test Report 5DD and Penex Compressors- Quarterly Reports
H-2501	NAPH FRAC	0.085	0.085	lb/MMBtu	Stack Test
H-4302	7 DD	0.102	0.102	lb/MMBtu	Stack Test
H-4401	3 PLATFORMER	0.130	0.130	lb/MMBtu	Stack Test
H-4451	3 PLATFORMER	0.152	0.152	lb/MMBtu	Stack Test
H-4452	3 PLATFORMER	0.152	0.152	lb/MMBtu	Stack Test
H-4453	3 PLATFORMER	0.152	0.152	lb/MMBtu	Stack Test
H-4454	3 PLATFORMER	0.152	0.152	lb/MMBtu	Stack Test
H-4455	3 PLATFORMER	0.090	0.090	lb/MMBtu	Stack Test
H-4602	6 DD	0.107	0.107	lb/MMBtu	Stack Test
C-4601A	6 DD	3.589	3.589	lb/MMBtu	Stack Test
C-4601B	6 DD	3.462	3.462	lb/MMBtu	Stack Test
C-4601C	6 DD	3.235	3.235	lb/MMBtu	Stack Test
H-5302	9 DD	0.118	0.118	lb/MMBtu	Stack Test
H-5401	4 PLATFORMER	0.123	0.123	lb/MMBtu	Stack Test
H-5451	4 PLATFORMER	0.142	0.142	lb/MMBtu	Stack Test
H-5452	4 PLATFORMER	0.142	0.142	lb/MMBtu	Stack Test
H-5453	4 PLATFORMER	0.142	0.142	lb/MMBtu	Stack Test
H-5454	4 PLATFORMER	0.142	0.142	lb/MMBtu	Stack Test
H-5455	4 PLATFORMER	0.119	0.119	lb/MMBtu	Stack Test
#8 Boiler (B-3303)		0.227	0.227	lb/MMBtu	Stack Test
#9 Boiler (B-3304)		0.257	0.257	lb/MMBtu	Stack Test
GT No. 4 (G-3404)		0.518	0.518	lb/MMBtu	Stack Test
GT No. 5 (G-3405)		0.522	0.522	lb/MMBtu	Stack Test
GT No. 7 (G-3407)		0.666	0.666	lb/MMBtu	Stack Test
GT No. 8 (G-3408)		0.625	0.625	lb/MMBtu	Stack Test
STK-7801		0.092	0.092	lb/MMBtu	Stack Test
H-8501A	Coker	0.0258	0.0258	lb/MMBtu	August 2007 Test Report for Emissions Characterizations at Hovensa, LLC
H-8501B	Coker	0.0288	0.0288	lb/MMBtu	August 2007 Test Report for Emissions Characterizations at Hovensa, LLC
Specific CO Emission F					
Emissions Unit	Process Unit	2009 CO Factor		Units	Comment
C-200A	PENEX	1.400	1.940	lb/MMBtu	2009 Gaseous Emissions Test Report 5DD and Penex Compressors- Quarterly Reports
C-200B	PENEX	1.650	1.740	lb/MMBtu	2009 Gaseous Emissions Test Report 5DD and Penex Compressors- Quarterly Reports
C-200C	PENEX	0.610	1.448	lb/MMBtu	2009 Gaseous Emissions Test Report 5DD and Penex Compressors- Quarterly Reports
C-2400A	5 DD	1.200	1.580	lb/MMBtu	2009 Gaseous Emissions Test Report 5DD and Penex Compressors- Quarterly Reports
C-2400B	5 DD	1.210	0.680	lb/MMBtu	2009 Gaseous Emissions Test Report 5DD and Penex Compressors- Quarterly Reports
H-8501A	Coker	0.003	0.003	lb/MMBtu	August 2007 Test Report for Emissions Characterizations at Hovensa, LLC

Table C-16. Unit Specific Emission Factors						
Unit Specific NOx Emission Factors						
H-8501B	Coker	0.003	0.003	lb/MMBtu	August 2007 Test Report for Emissions Characterizations at Hovensa, LLC	
Unit Specific PM Emission Factors						
Emissions Unit	Process Unit	2009 PM Factor	2010 PM Factor	Units		
H-8501A	Coker	7.50E-04	7.50E-04	lb/MMBtu	August 2007 Test Report for Emissions Characterizations at Hovensa, LLC	
H-8501B	Coker	8.33E-04	8.33E-04	lb/MMBtu	August 2007 Test Report for Emissions Characterizations at Hovensa, LLC	
FCCU	FCCU	3.40E-02	3.40E-02	lb/Mlb coke burn	February 2007 Stack Test	
Unit Specific PM10/PM2.5 Emission Factors						
Emissions Unit	Process Unit	2009 PM10/PM2.5 Factor	2010 PM10/PM2.5 Factor	Units		
H-8501A	Coker	0.0047	0.0047	lb/MMBtu	August 2007 Test Report for Emissions Characterizations at Hovensa, LLC	
H-8501B	Coker	0.00225	0.00225	lb/MMBtu	August 2007 Test Report for Emissions Characterizations at Hovensa, LLC	
FCCU (PM10)	FCCU	0.312	0.312	lb/Mlb coke burn	February 2007 Stack Test	
FCCU (PM2.5)	FCCU	0.3062	0.3062	lb/Mlb coke burn	February 2007 Stack Test	